CERTIFICATION OF ENROLLMENT

ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL 5079

Chapter 6, Laws of 2019

66th Legislature 2019 Regular Session

NATIVE AMERICANS--VOTING

EFFECTIVE DATE: July 28, 2019

Passed by the Senate March 8, 2019 Yeas 45 Nays 3

KAREN KEISER

President of the Senate

Passed by the House March 5, 2019 Yeas 95 Nays 3

FRANK CHOPP

Speaker of the House of Representatives

Approved March 14, 2019 3:40 PM

CERTIFICATE

I, Brad Hendrickson, Secretary of the Senate of the State of Washington, do hereby certify that the attached is **ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL 5079** as passed by Senate and the House of Representatives on the dates hereon set forth.

BRAD HENDRICKSON

Secretary

FILED

March 15, 2019

JAY INSLEE

Governor of the State of Washington

Secretary of State State of Washington

ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL 5079

AS AMENDED BY THE HOUSE

Passed Legislature - 2019 Regular Session

State of Washington 66th Legislature 2019 Regular Session

By Senate State Government, Tribal Relations & Elections (originally sponsored by Senators McCoy, Billig, Cleveland, Conway, Frockt, Hunt, Kuderer, Saldaña, and Van De Wege)

READ FIRST TIME 02/01/19.

AN ACT Relating to enacting the Native American voting rights act of Washington; amending RCW 29A.08.010, 29A.08.112, 29A.08.123, 29A.08.310, and 29A.40.160; adding a new section to chapter 29A.40 RCW; and adding a new section to chapter 29A.84 RCW.

5 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

6 Sec. 1. RCW 29A.08.010 and 2009 c 369 s 6 are each amended to 7 read as follows:

8 (1) The minimum information provided on a voter registration 9 application that is required in order to place a voter registration 10 applicant on the voter registration rolls includes:

- 11 (a) Name;
- 12 (b) Residential address;
- 13 (c) Date of birth;

14 (d) A signature attesting to the truth of the information 15 provided on the application; and

16 (e) A check or indication in the box confirming the individual is 17 a United States citizen.

18 (2) The residential address provided must identify the actual 19 physical residence of the voter in Washington, as defined in RCW 20 29A.04.151, with detail sufficient to allow the voter to be assigned 21 to the proper precinct and to locate the voter to confirm his or her

1 residence for purposes of verifying qualification to vote under Article VI, section 1 of the state Constitution. A residential 2 address may be either a traditional address or a nontraditional 3 address. A traditional address consists of a street number and name, 4 optional apartment number or unit number, and city or town, as 5 6 assigned by a local government, which serves to identify the parcel or building of residence and the unit if a multiunit residence. A 7 nontraditional address consists of a narrative description of the 8 location of the voter's residence, and may be used when a traditional 9 address has not been assigned or affixed to the voter's residence or 10 when a voter resides on an Indian reservation or Indian lands, 11 12 pursuant to the conditions in RCW 29A.08.112.

(3) All other information supplied is ancillary and not to beused as grounds for not registering an applicant to vote.

15 (4) Modification of the language of the official Washington state 16 voter registration form by the voter will not be accepted and will 17 cause the rejection of the registrant's application.

18 Sec. 2. RCW 29A.08.112 and 2006 c 320 s 3 are each amended to 19 read as follows:

20 <u>(1)</u> No person registering to vote, who meets all the 21 qualifications of a registered voter in the state of Washington, 22 shall be disqualified because he or she lacks a traditional 23 residential address. A voter who lacks a traditional residential 24 address will be registered and assigned to a precinct based on the 25 location provided.

(2) For the purposes of this section, a voter who resides in a 26 27 shelter, park, motor home, marina, <u>unmarked home</u>, or other identifiable location that the voter deems to be his or her residence 28 lacks a traditional address. A voter who registers under this section 29 30 must provide a valid mailing address, and must still meet the 31 requirement in Article VI, section 1 of the state Constitution that 32 he or she live in the area for at least thirty days before the 33 election.

34 (3) A nontraditional residential address may be used when a voter
 35 resides on an Indian reservation or on Indian lands.

36 <u>(4) A federally recognized tribe may designate one or more tribal</u> 37 government buildings to serve as a residential address or mailing 38 address or both for voters living on an Indian reservation or on 39 Indian lands. However, a voter may not use a tribally designated 1 <u>building as the voter's residential address if the building is in a</u> 2 different precinct than where the voter lives.

3 <u>(5)</u> A person who has a traditional residential address <u>and does</u> 4 <u>not reside on an Indian reservation or on Indian lands</u> must use that 5 address for voter registration purposes and is not eligible to 6 register under this section.

7 Sec. 3. RCW 29A.08.123 and 2007 c 157 s 1 are each amended to 8 read as follows:

9 (1) A person who has a valid Washington state driver's license ((or)), state identification card, or tribal identification may 10 11 submit a voter registration application electronically on the secretary of state's web site. A person who has a valid tribal 12 identification card may submit a voter registration electronically on 13 the secretary of state's web site if the secretary of state is able 14 to obtain a copy of the applicant's signature from the federal 15 16 government or the tribal government.

17 (2) The applicant must attest to the truth of the information 18 provided on the application by affirmatively accepting the 19 information as true.

(3) The applicant must affirmatively assent to use of his or her
 driver's license ((or)), state identification card, or tribal
 <u>identification card</u> signature for voter registration purposes.

(4) A voter registration application submitted electronically isotherwise considered a registration by mail.

(5) For each electronic application, the secretary of state must obtain a digital copy of the applicant's driver's license or state identification card signature from the department of licensing <u>or</u> <u>tribal identification issuing authority</u>.

29 (6) The secretary of state may employ additional security 30 measures to ensure the accuracy and integrity of voter registration 31 applications submitted electronically.

32 Sec. 4. RCW 29A.08.310 and 2009 c 369 s 19 are each amended to 33 read as follows:

(1) The governor, in consultation with the secretary of state,
 shall designate agencies to provide voter registration services in
 compliance with federal statutes.

37 (2) <u>A federally recognized tribe may request that the governor</u>
 38 <u>designate one or more state facilities or state-funded facilities or</u>

programs that are located on the lands of the requesting Indian tribe or that are substantially engaged in providing services to Indian tribes, as selected by the tribe, to provide voter registration services. This provision does not alter the state's obligations under the national voter registration act.

6 <u>(3)</u> Each state agency designated shall provide voter registration 7 services for employees and the public within each office of that 8 agency.

9 (((3))) <u>(4)</u> The secretary of state shall design and provide a 10 standard notice informing the public of the availability of voter 11 registration, which notice shall be posted in each state agency where 12 such services are available.

13 (((4))) (5) Each institution of higher education shall put in 14 place an active prompt on its course registration web site, or 15 similar web site that students actively and regularly use, that, if 16 selected, will link the student to the secretary of state's voter 17 registration web site. The prompt must ask the student if he or she 18 wishes to register to vote.

19 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 5. A new section is added to chapter 29A.40
20 RCW to read as follows:

21 (1) The county auditor must prevent overflow of each ballot drop 22 box to allow a voter to deposit his or her ballot securely. Ballots must be removed from a ballot drop box by at least two people, with a 23 24 record kept of the date and time ballots were removed, and the names 25 of people removing them. Ballots from drop boxes must be returned to the counting center in secured transport containers. A copy of the 26 27 record must be placed in the container, and one copy must be 28 transported with the ballots to the counting center, where the seal number must be verified by the county auditor or a designated 29 30 representative. All ballot drop boxes must be secured at 8:00 p.m. on 31 the day of the primary, special election, or general election.

32 (2) The county auditor must establish a minimum of one ballot 33 drop box per fifteen thousand registered voters in the county and a 34 minimum of one ballot drop box in each city, town, and census-35 designated place in the county with a post office.

36 (3) At the request of a federally recognized Indian tribe with a 37 reservation in the county, the county auditor must establish at least 38 one ballot drop box on the Indian reservation on a site selected by 39 the tribe that is accessible to the county auditor by a public road.

1 (4) A federally recognized Indian tribe may designate at least 2 one building as a ballot pickup and collection location at no cost to 3 the tribe. The designated building must be accessible to the county 4 auditor by a public road. The county auditor of the county in which 5 the building is located must collect ballots from that location in 6 compliance with the procedures in subsection (1) of this section.

7 Sec. 6. RCW 29A.40.160 and 2018 c 112 s 4 are each amended to 8 read as follows:

9 (1) Each county auditor shall open a voting center each primary, 10 special election, and general election. The voting center shall be 11 open during business hours during the voting period, which begins 12 eighteen days before, and ends at 8:00 p.m. on the day of, the 13 primary, special election, or general election.

14 (2) Each county auditor shall register voters in person at each15 of the following locations in the county:

16

(a) At the county auditor's office;

17 (b) At the division of elections, if located in a separate city 18 from the county auditor's office; and

(c) For each presidential general election, at a voting center in each city in the county with a population of one hundred thousand or greater, which does not have a voting center as required in (a) or (b) of this subsection. A voting center opened pursuant to this subsection (2) is not required to be open on the Sunday before the presidential election.

(3) Voting centers shall be located in public buildings or buildings that are leased by a public entity including, but not limited to, libraries.

28 (4) Each voting center, and at least one of the other locations designated by the county auditor to allow voters to register in 29 30 pursuant to RCW 29A.08.140(1)(b), must provide voter person 31 registration materials, ballots, provisional ballots, disability access voting units, sample ballots, instructions on how to properly 32 vote the ballot, a ballot drop box, and voters' pamphlets, if a 33 voters' pamphlet has been published. 34

35 (5) Each voting center must be accessible to persons with 36 disabilities. Each state agency and entity of local government shall 37 permit the use of any of its accessible facilities as voting centers 38 when requested by a county auditor.

1 (6) Each voting center must provide at least one voting unit 2 certified by the secretary of state that provides access to 3 individuals who are blind or visually impaired, enabling them to vote 4 with privacy and independence.

5 (7) No person may interfere with a voter attempting to vote in a 6 voting center. Interfering with a voter attempting to vote is a 7 violation of RCW 29A.84.510.

(8) Before opening the voting center, the voting equipment shall 8 be inspected to determine if it has been properly prepared for 9 voting. If the voting equipment is capable of direct tabulation of 10 each voter's choices, the county auditor shall verify that no votes 11 12 have been registered for any issue or office, and that the device has been sealed with a unique numbered seal at the time of final 13 preparation and logic and accuracy testing. A log must be made of all 14 device numbers and seal numbers. 15

16 (9) The county auditor shall require any person desiring to vote 17 at a voting center to either sign a ballot declaration or provide 18 identification.

(a) The signature on the declaration must be compared to the signature on the voter registration record before the ballot may be counted. If the voter registered using a mark, or can no longer sign his or her name, the election officers shall require the voter to be identified by another registered voter.

(b) The identification must be valid photo identification, such 24 25 as а driver's license, state identification card, student identification card, tribal identification card, 26 or employer identification card. A tribal identification card is not required to 27 28 include a residential address or an expiration date to be considered valid under this section. Any individual who desires to vote in 29 person but cannot provide identification shall be issued a 30 31 provisional ballot, which shall be accepted if the signature on the 32 declaration matches the signature on the voter's registration record.

33 (10) Provisional ballots must be accompanied by a declaration and security envelope, as required by RCW 29A.40.091, and space for the 34 voter's name, date of birth, current and former registered address, 35 36 reason for the provisional ballot, and disposition of the provisional ballot. The voter shall vote and return the provisional ballot at the 37 voting center. The voter must be provided information on how to 38 39 ascertain whether the provisional ballot was counted and, if applicable, the reason why the vote was not counted. 40

1 (11) Any voter may take printed or written material into the 2 voting device to assist in casting his or her vote. The voter shall 3 not use this material to electioneer and shall remove it when he or 4 she leaves the voting center.

5 (12) If any voter states that he or she is unable to cast his or 6 her votes due to a disability, the voter may designate a person of 7 his or her choice, or two election officers, to enter the voting 8 booth and record the votes as he or she directs.

9 (13) No voter is entitled to vote more than once at a primary, 10 special election, or general election. If a voter incorrectly marks a 11 ballot, he or she may be issued a replacement ballot.

(14) A voter who has already returned a ballot but requests to vote at a voting center shall be issued a provisional ballot. The canvassing board shall not count the provisional ballot if it finds that the voter has also voted a regular ballot in that primary, special election, or general election.

17 (15) ((The county auditor must prevent overflow of each ballot drop box to allow a voter to deposit his or her ballot securely. 18 19 Ballots must be removed from a ballot drop box by at least two people, with a record kept of the date and time ballots were removed, 20 and the names of people removing them. Ballots from drop boxes must 21 22 be returned to the counting center in secured transport containers. A 23 copy of the record must be placed in the container, and one copy must be transported with the ballots to the counting center, where the 24 25 seal number must be verified by the county auditor or a designated 26 representative. All ballot drop boxes must be secured at 8:00 p.m. on 27 the day of the primary, special election, or general election.

28 (16)) Any voter who is inside or in line at the voting center at 29 8:00 p.m. on the day of the primary, special election, or general 30 election must be allowed to vote.

31 (((17))) (16) For each primary, special election, and general 32 election, the county auditor may provide election services at locations in addition to the voting center. The county auditor has 33 discretion to establish which services will be provided at the 34 additional locations, and which days and hours the locations will be 35 36 open((, except that the county auditor must establish a minimum of one ballot drop box per fifteen thousand registered voters in the 37 county and a minimum of one ballot drop box in each city, town, and 38 39 census-designated place in the county with a post office)).

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 7. A new section is added to chapter 29A.84
 RCW to read as follows:

3 (1) The attorney general may bring a civil action for such 4 declaratory or injunctive relief as is necessary to carry out the 5 provisions of section 5 (3) and (4) of this act in the superior court 6 of the county in which the violation is alleged to have occurred.

7 (2) A person or federally recognized tribal government may bring 8 a civil action for declaratory or injunctive relief with respect to 9 RCW 29A.08.112(3), 29.08.310(2), or section 5 (3) and (4) of this 10 act, in the superior court of the county in which the violation is 11 alleged to have occurred if:

(a) In the case of a violation that occurs more than one hundred twenty days before an election, that person or tribal government provides notice of the violation to the secretary of state, the violation remains, and ninety days or more have passed since the secretary of state has received the written notice;

17 (b) In the case of a violation that occurs one hundred twenty 18 days or fewer before an election, that person or tribal government 19 provides notice of the violation to the secretary of state, the 20 violation remains and twenty days or more have passed since the 21 secretary of state has received the written notice; or

(c) In the case of a violation that occurs thirty days or fewer before an election, without providing notice of the violation to the secretary of state.

> Passed by the Senate March 8, 2019. Passed by the House March 5, 2019. Approved by the Governor March 14, 2019. Filed in Office of Secretary of State March 15, 2019.

> > --- END ---