ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL 5172

State of Washington 67th Legislature 2021 Regular Session

By Senate Labor, Commerce & Tribal Affairs (originally sponsored by Senators King, Brown, Fortunato, Honeyford, Muzzall, Schoesler, Short, and Wagoner)

READ FIRST TIME 02/15/21.

AN ACT Relating to the retroactivity of overtime claims in exceptional cases; amending RCW 49.46.130 and 49.46.130; adding a new section to chapter 49.46 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 49.48 RCW; creating a new section; providing an effective date; and providing expiration dates.

6 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

7 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 1. In order to stabilize, strengthen, and 8 protect our state's agricultural workforce and economy, it is the 9 intent of the legislature to pass the laws necessary to protect 10 farmworkers and to provide agricultural employers with certainty and 11 predictability.

12 The legislature intends to address the historical exceptions of 13 agricultural work from overtime standards from both the federal fair 14 labor standards act and the state minimum wage act when they were 15 enacted over 70 years ago. Excluded from the opportunity to earn 16 overtime pay, farmworkers across our state remain among our state's 17 poorest workers. A United States department of labor study in 2016 found that nationally, 30 percent of farmworker families live below 18 the poverty line, almost double the poverty rate of American families 19 20 overall. The state department of health found that the current novel 21 coronavirus pandemic has had a significant and disproportionate

1 impact on farmworkers. The virus' risks to essential farmworkers from 2 potential workplace exposures are compounded by systemic barriers to 3 testing, prevention measures, and medical care.

The legislature also intends to avoid disruptions within the 4 state's vital agricultural sector. While Washington is well known as 5 the national leader in apple production, the state's agricultural 6 sector is incredibly diverse: Over 300 crops are harvested, and a 7 variety of livestock are raised on over 35,000 farms across the 8 state. The robust size of our agricultural sector means our state 9 overall ranks in the top 10 nationally in the size of our farm labor 10 11 force. Agriculture is a cornerstone of our state economy. Uncertainty 12 from recent legal decisions regarding overtime standards are compounding the pandemic's disruptions to the food chain and the 13 safety challenges of operating during a public health crisis. 14

The legislature intends to provide clear overtime standards to 15 16 reduce litigation between parties in this key sector of the state's 17 economy during the challenges and additional costs brought on by the 18 novel coronavirus and to protect the security of our food supply 19 chain. This act's transitional approach is reasonable to achieve the legislature's purpose of increasing the safety of an at risk and 20 essential workforce, increasing the public welfare of low-income 21 22 individuals by removing a historical barrier to their earning 23 potential, and maintaining the food security and economic security provided by a stable agricultural sector. 24

25 Sec. 2. RCW 49.46.130 and 2013 c 207 s 1 are each amended to 26 read as follows:

(1) Except as otherwise provided in this section <u>and section 4 of</u> this act, no employer shall employ any of his or her employees for a workweek longer than forty hours unless such employee receives compensation for his or her employment in excess of the hours above specified at a rate not less than one and one-half times the regular rate at which he or she is employed.

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(2) This section does not apply to:

(a) Any person exempted pursuant to RCW 49.46.010(3). The payment
of compensation or provision of compensatory time off in addition to
a salary shall not be a factor in determining whether a person is
exempted under RCW 49.46.010(3)(c);

38 (b) Employees who request compensating time off in lieu of 39 overtime pay; (c) Any individual employed as a seaman whether or not the seaman
 is employed on a vessel other than an American vessel;

3 (d) Seasonal employees who are employed at concessions and 4 recreational establishments at agricultural fairs, including those 5 seasonal employees employed by agricultural fairs, within the state 6 provided that the period of employment for any seasonal employee at 7 any or all agricultural fairs does not exceed fourteen working days a 8 year;

9 (e) Any individual employed as a motion picture projectionist if 10 that employee is covered by a contract or collective bargaining 11 agreement which regulates hours of work and overtime pay;

(f) An individual employed as a truck or bus driver who is subject to the provisions of the Federal Motor Carrier Act (49 U.S.C. Sec. 3101 et seq. and 49 U.S.C. Sec. 10101 et seq.), if the compensation system under which the truck or bus driver is paid includes overtime pay, reasonably equivalent to that required by this subsection, for working longer than forty hours per week;

(g) ((Any)) Except as otherwise provided in section 4 of this 18 act, any individual employed (i) on a farm, in the employ of any 19 person, in connection with the cultivation of the soil, or 20 in 21 connection with raising or harvesting any agricultural or horticultural commodity, including raising, shearing, feeding, caring 22 23 for, training, and management of livestock, bees, poultry, and furbearing animals and wildlife, or in the employ of the owner or 24 25 tenant or other operator of a farm in connection with the operation, management, conservation, improvement, or maintenance of such farm 26 and its tools and equipment; or (ii) in packing, packaging, grading, 27 28 storing or delivering to storage, or to market or to a carrier for 29 transportation to market, any agricultural or horticultural commodity; or (iii) commercial canning, commercial freezing, or any 30 31 other commercial processing, or with respect to services performed in 32 connection with the cultivation, raising, harvesting, and processing of oysters or in connection with any agricultural or horticultural 33 commodity after its delivery to a terminal market for distribution 34 35 for consumption;

36 (h) Any industry in which federal law provides for an overtime 37 payment based on a workweek other than forty hours. However, the 38 provisions of the federal law regarding overtime payment based on a 39 workweek other than forty hours shall nevertheless apply to employees 40 covered by this section without regard to the existence of actual

1 federal jurisdiction over the industrial activity of the particular 2 employer within this state. For the purposes of this subsection, 3 "industry" means a trade, business, industry, or other activity, or 4 branch, or group thereof, in which individuals are gainfully employed 5 (section 3(h) of the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938, as amended 6 (Public Law 93-259));

7 (i) Any hours worked by an employee of a carrier by air subject 8 to the provisions of subchapter II of the Railway Labor Act (45 9 U.S.C. Sec. 181 et seq.), when such hours are voluntarily worked by 10 the employee pursuant to a shift-trading practice under which the 11 employee has the opportunity in the same or in other workweeks to 12 reduce hours worked by voluntarily offering a shift for trade or 13 reassignment; and

(j) Any individual licensed under chapter 18.85 RCW unless the individual is providing real estate brokerage services under a written contract with a real estate firm which provides that the individual is an employee. For purposes of this subsection (2)(j), "real estate brokerage services" and "real estate firm" mean the same as defined in RCW 18.85.011.

(3) No employer shall be deemed to have violated subsection (1) of this section by employing any employee of a retail or service establishment for a workweek in excess of the applicable workweek specified in subsection (1) of this section if:

(a) The regular rate of pay of the employee is in excess of one
and one-half times the minimum hourly rate required under RCW
49.46.020; and

(b) More than half of the employee's compensation for a representative period, of not less than one month, represents commissions on goods or services.

In determining the proportion of compensation representing commissions, all earnings resulting from the application of a bona fide commission rate is to be deemed commissions on goods or services without regard to whether the computed commissions exceed the draw or quarantee.

(4) No employer of commissioned salespeople primarily engaged in the business of selling automobiles, trucks, recreational vessels, recreational vessel trailers, recreational vehicle trailers, recreational campers, manufactured housing, or farm implements to ultimate purchasers shall violate subsection (1) of this section with

1 respect to such commissioned salespeople if the commissioned 2 salespeople are paid the greater of:

3 (a) Compensation at the hourly rate, which may not be less than 4 the rate required under RCW 49.46.020, for each hour worked up to 5 forty hours per week, and compensation of one and one-half times that 6 hourly rate for all hours worked over forty hours in one week; or

7 (b) A straight commission, a salary plus commission, or a salary 8 plus bonus applied to gross salary.

(5) No public agency shall be deemed to have violated subsection 9 (1) of this section with respect to the employment of any employee in 10 11 fire protection activities or any employee in law enforcement 12 activities (including security personnel in correctional institutions) if: (a) In a work period of twenty-eight consecutive 13 days the employee receives for tours of duty which in the aggregate 14 exceed two hundred forty hours; or (b) in the case of such an 15 employee to whom a work period of at least seven but less than 16 twenty-eight days applies, in his or her work period the employee 17 receives for tours of duty which in the aggregate exceed a number of 18 hours which bears the same ratio to the number of consecutive days in 19 his or her work period as two hundred forty hours bears to twenty-20 21 eight days; compensation at a rate not less than one and one-half times the regular rate at which he or she is employed. 22

23 Sec. 3. RCW 49.46.130 and 2013 c 207 s 1 are each amended to 24 read as follows:

(1) Except as otherwise provided in this section, no employer shall employ any of his or her employees for a workweek longer than forty hours unless such employee receives compensation for his or her employment in excess of the hours above specified at a rate not less than one and one-half times the regular rate at which he or she is employed.

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(2) This section does not apply to:

32 (a) Any person exempted pursuant to RCW 49.46.010(3). The payment 33 of compensation or provision of compensatory time off in addition to 34 a salary shall not be a factor in determining whether a person is 35 exempted under RCW 49.46.010(3)(c);

36 (b) Employees who request compensating time off in lieu of 37 overtime pay;

38 (c) Any individual employed as a seaman whether or not the seaman39 is employed on a vessel other than an American vessel;

1 (d) Seasonal employees who are employed at concessions and 2 recreational establishments at agricultural fairs, including those 3 seasonal employees employed by agricultural fairs, within the state 4 provided that the period of employment for any seasonal employee at 5 any or all agricultural fairs does not exceed fourteen working days a 6 year;

7 (e) Any individual employed as a motion picture projectionist if
8 that employee is covered by a contract or collective bargaining
9 agreement which regulates hours of work and overtime pay;

(f) An individual employed as a truck or bus driver who is subject to the provisions of the Federal Motor Carrier Act (49 U.S.C. Sec. 3101 et seq. and 49 U.S.C. Sec. 10101 et seq.), if the compensation system under which the truck or bus driver is paid includes overtime pay, reasonably equivalent to that required by this subsection, for working longer than forty hours per week;

16 (g) ((Any individual employed (i) on a farm, in the employ of any 17 person, in connection with the cultivation of the soil, or in connection with raising or harvesting any agricultural or 18 horticultural commodity, including raising, shearing, feeding, caring 19 for, training, and management of livestock, bees, poultry, and 20 21 furbearing animals and wildlife, or in the employ of the owner or tenant or other operator of a farm in connection with the operation, 22 23 management, conservation, improvement, or maintenance of such farm 24 and its tools and equipment; or (ii) in packing, packaging, grading, 25 storing or delivering to storage, or to market or to a carrier for transportation to market, any agricultural or horticultural 26 27 commodity; or (iii) commercial canning, commercial freezing, or any 28 other commercial processing, or with respect to services performed in connection with the cultivation, raising, harvesting, and processing 29 30 of oysters or in connection with any agricultural or horticultural 31 commodity after its delivery to a terminal market for distribution for consumption; 32

33 (h)) Any industry in which federal law provides for an overtime 34 payment based on a workweek other than forty hours. However, the provisions of the federal law regarding overtime payment based on a 35 workweek other than forty hours shall nevertheless apply to employees 36 37 covered by this section without regard to the existence of actual federal jurisdiction over the industrial activity of the particular 38 39 employer within this state. For the purposes of this subsection, 40 "industry" means a trade, business, industry, or other activity, or

branch, or group thereof, in which individuals are gainfully employed (section 3(h) of the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938, as amended (Public Law 93-259));

4 (((i))) <u>(h)</u> Any hours worked by an employee of a carrier by air 5 subject to the provisions of subchapter II of the Railway Labor Act 6 (45 U.S.C. Sec. 181 et seq.), when such hours are voluntarily worked 7 by the employee pursuant to a shift-trading practice under which the 8 employee has the opportunity in the same or in other workweeks to 9 reduce hours worked by voluntarily offering a shift for trade or 10 reassignment; and

11 $(((\frac{i})))$ (i) Any individual licensed under chapter 18.85 RCW 12 unless the individual is providing real estate brokerage services 13 under a written contract with a real estate firm which provides that 14 the individual is an employee. For purposes of this subsection (2) 15 $(((\frac{i})))$ (i), "real estate brokerage services" and "real estate firm" 16 mean the same as defined in RCW 18.85.011.

17 (3) No employer shall be deemed to have violated subsection (1) 18 of this section by employing any employee of a retail or service 19 establishment for a workweek in excess of the applicable workweek 20 specified in subsection (1) of this section if:

(a) The regular rate of pay of the employee is in excess of one
 and one-half times the minimum hourly rate required under RCW
 49.46.020; and

(b) More than half of the employee's compensation for a representative period, of not less than one month, represents commissions on goods or services.

In determining the proportion of compensation representing commissions, all earnings resulting from the application of a bona fide commission rate is to be deemed commissions on goods or services without regard to whether the computed commissions exceed the draw or guarantee.

32 (4) No employer of commissioned salespeople primarily engaged in 33 the business of selling automobiles, trucks, recreational vessels, 34 recreational vessel trailers, recreational vehicle trailers, 35 recreational campers, manufactured housing, or farm implements to 36 ultimate purchasers shall violate subsection (1) of this section with 37 respect to such commissioned salespeople if the commissioned 38 salespeople are paid the greater of:

39 (a) Compensation at the hourly rate, which may not be less than40 the rate required under RCW 49.46.020, for each hour worked up to

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1 forty hours per week, and compensation of one and one-half times that 2 hourly rate for all hours worked over forty hours in one week; or

3 (b) A straight commission, a salary plus commission, or a salary4 plus bonus applied to gross salary.

(5) No public agency shall be deemed to have violated subsection 5 6 (1) of this section with respect to the employment of any employee in 7 fire protection activities or any employee in law enforcement (including security personnel in correctional 8 activities institutions) if: (a) In a work period of twenty-eight consecutive 9 days the employee receives for tours of duty which in the aggregate 10 11 exceed two hundred forty hours; or (b) in the case of such an employee to whom a work period of at least seven but less than 12 twenty-eight days applies, in his or her work period the employee 13 receives for tours of duty which in the aggregate exceed a number of 14 hours which bears the same ratio to the number of consecutive days in 15 16 his or her work period as two hundred forty hours bears to twenty-17 eight days; compensation at a rate not less than one and one-half 18 times the regular rate at which he or she is employed.

19 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 4. A new section is added to chapter 49.46
20 RCW to read as follows:

(1) The overtime requirements of RCW 49.46.130 apply to hours worked by an agricultural employee for an employer engaged in dairy cattle and milk production activities described in code 112120 of the North American industry classification system.

25 (2) Beginning January 1, 2022, any agricultural employee other 26 than employees described in subsection (1) of this section shall not 27 be employed for more than 55 hours in any one workweek unless the 28 agricultural employee receives one and one-half times that 29 agricultural employee's regular rate of pay for all hours worked over 30 55 in any one workweek.

31 (3) Beginning January 1, 2023, any agricultural employee other 32 than employees described in subsection (1) of this section shall not 33 be employed for more than 48 hours in any one workweek unless the 34 agricultural employee receives one and one-half times that 35 agricultural employee's regular rate of pay for all hours worked over 36 48 in any one workweek.

37 (4) Beginning January 1, 2024, any agricultural employee other
 38 than employees described in subsection (1) of this section shall not
 39 be employed for more than 40 hours in any one workweek unless the

1 agricultural employee receives one and one-half times that 2 agricultural employee's regular rate of pay for all hours worked over 3 40 in any one workweek.

(5) For the purposes of this section, "agricultural employee" 4 means any individual employed: (a) On a farm, in the employ of any 5 6 person, in connection with the cultivation of the soil, or in 7 connection with raising or harvesting any agricultural or horticultural commodity, including raising, shearing, feeding, caring 8 for, training, and management of livestock, bees, poultry, and 9 furbearing animals and wildlife, or in the employ of the owner or 10 11 tenant or other operator of a farm in connection with the operation, 12 management, conservation, improvement, or maintenance of such farm and its tools and equipment; (b) in packing, packaging, grading, 13 storing or delivering to storage, or to market or to a carrier for 14 transportation to market, any agricultural or horticultural 15 16 commodity; or (c) commercial canning, commercial freezing, or any 17 other commercial processing, or with respect to services performed in connection with the cultivation, raising, harvesting, and processing 18 19 of oysters or in connection with any agricultural or horticultural 20 commodity after its delivery to a terminal market for distribution 21 for consumption.

(6) The payment of compensation or provision of compensatory time off in addition to a salary required under this section shall not be a factor in determining whether a person is exempt under RCW 49.46.010(3)(c).

26 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 5. A new section is added to chapter 49.48 27 RCW to read as follows:

(1) No damages, statutory or civil penalties, attorneys' fees and costs, or other type of relief may be granted against an employer to an agricultural employee seeking unpaid overtime due to the agricultural employee's historical exclusion from overtime under RCW 49.46.130(2)(g), as it existed on November 4, 2020.

33 (2) This section applies retroactively to claims filed after34 November 5, 2020, and before the effective date of this section.

35 (3) This section does not apply to agricultural employees 36 entitled to backpay or other relief as a result of being a member in 37 the class of plaintiffs in *Martinez-Cuevas v. DeRuyter Bros. Dairy*, 38 196 Wn.2d 506 (2020).

1 (4) (a) For the purposes of this section, "agricultural employee" 2 means any individual employed: (i) On a farm, in the employ of any person, in connection with the cultivation of the soil, or 3 in connection with raising or harvesting any agricultural 4 or horticultural commodity, including raising, shearing, feeding, caring 5 6 for, training, and management of livestock, bees, poultry, and 7 furbearing animals and wildlife, or in the employ of the owner or tenant or other operator of a farm in connection with the operation, 8 management, conservation, improvement, or maintenance of such farm 9 and its tools and equipment; (ii) in packing, packaging, grading, 10 11 storing or delivering to storage, or to market or to a carrier for 12 transportation to market, any agricultural or horticultural commodity; or (iii) in commercial canning, commercial freezing, or 13 14 any other commercial processing, or with respect to services performed in connection with the cultivation, raising, harvesting, 15 16 and processing of oysters or in connection with any agricultural or 17 horticultural commodity after its delivery to a terminal market for 18 distribution for consumption.

(b) For the purposes of this section, "agricultural employee"does not include any employee exempt under RCW 49.46.010(3)(c).

21 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 6. (1) Section 2 of this act expires January 22 1, 2024.

23 (2) Section 4 of this act expires January 1, 2025.

24 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 7. Section 3 of this act takes effect January 25 1, 2024.

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