# CERTIFICATION OF ENROLLMENT

# SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 1088

Chapter 322, Laws of 2021

67th Legislature 2021 Regular Session

IMPEACHMENT DISCLOSURES

EFFECTIVE DATE: July 25, 2021

Passed by the House April 13, 2021 Yeas 63 Nays 35

# LAURIE JINKINS

# Speaker of the House of Representatives

President of the Senate

Passed by the Senate March 9, 2021 Yeas 46 Nays 3

### DENNY HECK

Approved May 18, 2021 11:47 AM

#### CERTIFICATE

I, Bernard Dean, Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives of the State of Washington, do hereby certify that the attached is **SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 1088** as passed by the House of Representatives and the Senate on the dates hereon set forth.

# BERNARD DEAN

Chief Clerk

FILED

May 18, 2021

JAY INSLEE

Governor of the State of Washington

Secretary of State State of Washington

#### SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 1088

#### AS AMENDED BY THE SENATE

Passed Legislature - 2021 Regular Session

# State of Washington

67th Legislature

2021 Regular Session

By House Civil Rights & Judiciary (originally sponsored by Representatives Lovick, Goodman, Fitzgibbon, J. Johnson, Slatter, Wylie, Ramos, Bateman, Berry, Dolan, Tharinger, Simmons, Ryu, Ramel, Shewmake, Leavitt, Senn, Peterson, Gregerson, Valdez, Callan, Chopp, Duerr, Ormsby, Taylor, Lekanoff, Santos, Macri, Frame, Orwall, Berg, Pollet, and Harris-Talley)

READ FIRST TIME 02/02/21.

- 1 AN ACT Relating to potential impeachment disclosures; and adding
- 2 a new section to chapter 10.93 RCW.

6

7

8

9

1011

12

1314

3 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

from any list of potential impeachment disclosures.

- MEW SECTION. Sec. 1. A new section is added to chapter 10.93
  RCW to read as follows:
  - (1) (a) Each county prosecutor shall develop and adopt a written protocol addressing potential impeachment disclosures pursuant to Brady v. Maryland, 373 U.S. 83 (1963), and subsequent case law. The protocol must provide guidance for: (i) The types of conduct that should be recognized as potentially exculpatory or as creating potential impeachment material; (ii) how information about an officer or officer conduct should be shared and maintained; and (iii) under what circumstances an officer's information or name may be removed
- 15 (b) The protocol shall be developed by the prosecuting attorney 16 with consultation of agencies representing law enforcement officers 17 and local departments that will be impacted by the protocol.
- 18 (c) Subject to amounts appropriated for this purpose, no later 19 than June 30, 2022, the criminal justice training commission shall 20 provide, or contract with an organization that serves prosecuting

1 attorneys in Washington to provide, online training for potential 2 impeachment disclosures.

3

4

5

7

8

1314

1516

17

18

19

2021

22

23

2425

26

2728

29

3031

32

33

3435

36

- (d) Local protocols under this section shall be adopted and in place no later than July 1, 2022. Local protocols must be reviewed every two years to determine whether modifications are needed.
- (2) (a) A law enforcement agency shall report the following information to the prosecuting authority of any jurisdiction in which the officer may testify as a witness:
- 9 (i) Any act by the officer that may be potentially exculpatory to a criminal defendant; and
- 11 (ii) Misconduct that the officer has engaged in that affects his 12 or her credibility.
  - (b) The law enforcement agency shall report the information within 10 days of the discovery of the act under (a)(i) of this subsection or the misconduct under (a)(ii) of this subsection.
  - (3) (a) Prior to hiring any peace officer with previous law enforcement experience, a law enforcement agency must inquire as to whether the officer has ever been subject to potential impeachment disclosure. The agency shall verify the officer's response with the prosecuting authorities in the jurisdictions of the officer's previous employment. Prosecuting authorities shall respond within 10 days of receiving a request from a law enforcement agency for verification. The fact that an officer has been subject to impeachment disclosure is not, in and of itself, a bar to employment. Any prehiring process or hiring decision by an agency does not constitute a personnel action under RCW 10.93.150.
  - (b) Within 10 days of hiring an officer with a prior potential impeachment disclosure, the law enforcement agency shall forward that information to the prosecuting authority of any jurisdiction in which the officer may testify as a witness.
  - (4) An appointed or elected public official, public employee, or public agency as defined in RCW 4.24.470 is immune from civil liability for sharing impeachment information about a peace officer with the peace officer's employer, potential employer, or prosecuting authority unless it is shown that the official, employee, or agency acted with gross negligence or in bad faith.

Passed by the House April 13, 2021. Passed by the Senate March 9, 2021. Approved by the Governor May 18, 2021. Filed in Office of Secretary of State May 18, 2021.

--- END ---