CERTIFICATION OF ENROLLMENT

ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 1336

Chapter 294, Laws of 2021

(partial veto)

67th Legislature 2021 Regular Session

PUBLIC ENTITIES-RETAIL TELECOMMUNICATIONS SERVICES

EFFECTIVE DATE: July 25, 2021

Passed by the House April 23, 2021 Yeas 65 Nays 32

LAURIE JINKINS

Speaker of the House of Representatives

Passed by the Senate April 11, 2021 Yeas 27 Nays 22

DENNY HECK

President of the Senate

Approved May 13, 2021 11:33 AM with the exception of section 11, which is vetoed.

CERTIFICATE

I, Bernard Dean, Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives of the State of Washington, do hereby certify that the attached is ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 1336 as passed by the House of Representatives and the Senate on the dates hereon set forth.

BERNARD DEAN

Chief Clerk

FILED

May 13, 2021

JAY INSLEE

Governor of the State of Washington

Secretary of State State of Washington

ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 1336

AS AMENDED BY THE SENATE

Passed Legislature - 2021 Regular Session

State of Washington 67th Legislature 2021 Regular Session

By House Community & Economic Development (originally sponsored by Representatives Hansen, Ybarra, Berry, Simmons, Ramel, Valdez, Leavitt, Morgan, Ryu, Peterson, Shewmake, Davis, Ormsby, Gilday, Stonier, Eslick, Pollet, and Harris-Talley)

READ FIRST TIME 02/08/21.

AN ACT Relating to creating and expanding unrestricted authority 1 2 for public entities to provide telecommunications services to end 3 users; amending RCW 54.16.005, 54.16.330, 54.16.425, 53.08.005, 53.08.370, and 43.155.070; adding a new section to chapter 54.16 RCW; 4 adding a new section to chapter 35.27 RCW; adding a new section to 5 chapter 35.23 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 36.01 RCW; adding 6 7 a new section to chapter 53.08 RCW; creating a new section; and 8 repealing RCW 54.16.420.

9 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

10 Sec. 1. RCW 54.16.005 and 2000 c 81 s 2 are each amended to read 11 as follows:

12 The definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter 13 unless the context clearly requires otherwise.

14 (1) <u>"Broadband infrastructure" means networks of deployed</u> 15 <u>telecommunications equipment and technologies necessary to provide</u> 16 <u>high-speed internet access and other advanced telecommunications</u> 17 <u>services.</u>

18 <u>(2)</u> "Commission" means the Washington utilities and 19 transportation commission.

20 (((2))) <u>(3) "District commission" means the governing board of a</u> 21 public utility district. <u>(4) "Retail telecommunications services" means the sale, lease,</u>
 <u>license, or indivisible right of use of telecommunications services</u>
 <u>or telecommunications facilities directly to end users.</u>

4 <u>(5)</u> "Telecommunications" has the same meaning as ((that 5 contained)) defined in RCW 80.04.010.

6 (((3))) <u>(6)</u> "Telecommunications facilities" means lines, 7 conduits, ducts, poles, wires, cables, crossarms, receivers, 8 transmitters, instruments, machines, appliances, instrumentalities 9 and all devices, real estate, easements, apparatus, property, and 10 routes used, operated, owned, or controlled by any entity to 11 facilitate the provision of telecommunications services.

12 (((4))) (7) "Wholesale telecommunications services" means the 13 provision of telecommunications services or <u>telecommunications</u> 14 facilities for resale ((by)) <u>to</u> an entity ((authorized to provide)) 15 <u>that provides retail</u> telecommunications services ((to the general 16 <u>public and internet service providers</u>)).

17 Sec. 2. RCW 54.16.330 and 2019 c 365 s 9 are each amended to 18 read as follows:

(1) ((((a))) A public utility district in existence on June 8, 20 2000, may construct, purchase, acquire, develop, finance, lease, 21 license, handle, provide, add to, contract for, interconnect, alter, 22 improve, repair, operate, and maintain any telecommunications 23 facilities within or without the district's limits for the following 24 purposes:

25

(((i))) <u>(a)</u> For the district's internal telecommunications needs;

26 (((ii) For the provision of wholesale telecommunications services 27 within the district and by contract with another public utility 28 district.

29 (b) Except as provided in subsection (8) of this section, nothing 30 in this section shall be construed to authorize public utility 31 districts to provide telecommunications services to end users)) (b) 32 For the provision of wholesale telecommunications services as 33 follows:

34 (i) Within the district and by contract with another public 35 utility district;

36 <u>(ii) Within an area in an adjoining county that is already</u> 37 provided electrical services by the district; or

38 <u>(iii) Within an adjoining county that does not have a public</u> 39 utility district providing electrical or telecommunications services

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headquartered within the county's boundaries, but only if the district providing telecommunications services is not authorized to provide electrical services; or

4 (c) For the provision of retail telecommunications services as
5 <u>authorized in this section</u>.

(2) A public utility district providing wholesale or retail 6 telecommunications services shall ensure that rates, terms, and 7 conditions for such services are not unduly or unreasonably 8 discriminatory or preferential. Rates, terms, and conditions are 9 discriminatory or preferential when a public utility district 10 11 offering rates, terms, and conditions to an entity for wholesale or retail telecommunications services does not offer substantially 12 similar rates, terms, and conditions to all other entities seeking 13 substantially similar services. 14

15 (3) A public utility district providing wholesale or retail 16 telecommunications services shall not be required to, but may, 17 establish a separate utility system or function for such purpose. In 18 either case, a public utility district providing wholesale or retail 19 telecommunications services shall separately account for any revenues expenditures for those services according to standards 20 and 21 established by the state auditor pursuant to its authority in chapter 22 43.09 RCW and consistent with the provisions of this title. Any 23 revenues received from the provision of wholesale or retail telecommunications services must be dedicated to costs incurred to 24 25 build and maintain any telecommunications facilities constructed, 26 installed, or acquired to provide such services, including payments on debt issued to finance such services, until such time as any bonds 27 28 or other financing instruments executed after June 8, 2000, and used to finance such telecommunications facilities are discharged or 29 30 retired.

31 (4) When a public utility district provides wholesale or retail telecommunications services, all telecommunications services rendered 32 to the district for the district's internal telecommunications needs 33 shall be allocated or charged at its true and full value. A public 34 utility district may not charge its nontelecommunications operations 35 rates that are preferential or discriminatory compared to those it 36 charges entities purchasing wholesale or retail telecommunications 37 services. 38

(5) If a person or entity receiving retail telecommunicationsservices from a public utility district under this section has a

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1 complaint regarding the reasonableness of the rates, terms, 2 conditions, or services provided, the person or entity may file a 3 complaint with the district commission.

4 (6) A public utility district shall not exercise powers of 5 eminent domain to acquire telecommunications facilities or 6 contractual rights held by any other person or entity to 7 telecommunications facilities.

8 (7) Except as otherwise specifically provided, a public utility 9 district may exercise any of the powers granted to it under this 10 title and other applicable laws in carrying out the powers authorized 11 under this section. Nothing in chapter 81, Laws of 2000 limits any 12 existing authority of a public utility district under this title.

(((8)(a) If an internet service provider operating on 13 telecommunications facilities of a public utility district that 14 15 provides wholesale telecommunications services but does not provide retail telecommunications services, ceases to provide access to the 16 17 internet to its end-use customers, and no other retail service providers are willing to provide service, the public utility district 18 may provide retail telecommunications services to the end-use 19 customers of the defunct internet service provider in order for end-20 21 use customers to maintain access to the internet until a replacement internet service provider is, or providers are, in operation. 22

(b) Within thirty days of an internet service provider ceasing to provide access to the internet, the public utility district must initiate a process to find a replacement internet service provider or providers to resume providing access to the internet using telecommunications facilities of a public utility district.

(c) For a maximum period of five months, following initiation of the process begun in (b) of this section, or, if earlier than five months, until a replacement internet service provider is, or providers are, in operation, the district commission may establish a rate for providing access to the internet and charge customers to cover expenses necessary to provide access to the internet.

34 (9) The tax treatment of the retail telecommunications services 35 provided by a public utility district to the end-use customers during 36 the period specified in subsection (8) of this section must be the 37 same as if those retail telecommunications services were provided by 38 the defunct internet service provider.))

39(8) A public utility district may provide retail40telecommunications services or telecommunications facilities within

the district's limits or without the district's limits by contract with another public utility district, any political subdivision of the state authorized to provide retail telecommunications services in the state, or with any federally recognized tribe located in the

5 <u>state of Washington.</u>

6 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 3. A new section is added to chapter 54.16 7 RCW to read as follows:

8 (1) Before providing retail telecommunications services, a public 9 utility district must report to its governing body and to the state 10 broadband office the following about the area to be served by the 11 public utility district:

(a) An assessment of the current availability of broadband
 infrastructure and its adequacy to provide high-speed internet access
 and other advanced telecommunications services to end users;

(b) The location of where retail telecommunications services will be provided;

17 (c) Evidence relating to the unserved nature of the community in 18 which retail telecommunications services will be provided;

(d) Expected costs of providing retail telecommunicationsservices to customers to be served by the public utility district;

(e) Evidence that proposed telecommunications infrastructure will be capable of scaling to greater download and upload speeds to meet state broadband goals under RCW 43.330.536;

24 (f) Sources of funding for the project that will supplement any 25 grant or loan awards; and

26 (g) A strategic plan to maintain long-term operation of the 27 infrastructure, and the expected installation charges and monthly 28 costs for end users.

29 (2) The state broadband office must post a review of the proposed 30 project on their website.

31 (3) For the purposes of this section, "unserved" means an area of 32 Washington in which households and businesses lack access to 33 broadband service at a minimum 100 megabits per second download speed 34 and at a minimum 20 megabits per second upload speed.

35 Sec. 4. RCW 54.16.425 and 2018 c 186 s 3 are each amended to 36 read as follows:

37 (1) Property owned by a public utility district that is exempt 38 from property tax under RCW 84.36.010 is subject to an annual payment

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1 in lieu of property taxes if the property consists of a broadband 2 ((network)) <u>infrastructure</u> used in providing retail ((internet 3 service)) <u>telecommunications services</u>.

4 (2)(a) The amount of the payment must be determined jointly and
5 in good faith negotiation between the public utility district that
6 owns the property and the county or counties in which the property is
7 located.

(b) The amount agreed upon may not exceed the property tax amount 8 that would be owed on the property comprising the broadband 9 ((network)) <u>infrastructure</u> used in providing retail ((internet 10 service)) telecommunications services as calculated by the department 11 12 of revenue. The public utility district must provide information necessary for the department of revenue to make the required 13 valuation under this subsection. The department of revenue must 14 provide the amount of property tax that would be owed on the property 15 16 to the county or counties in which the broadband ((network)) 17 infrastructure is located on an annual basis.

(c) If the public utility district and a county cannot agree on 18 the amount of the payment in lieu of taxes, either party may invoke 19 binding arbitration by providing written notice to the other party. 20 In the event that the amount of payment in lieu of taxes is submitted 21 22 to binding arbitration, the arbitrators must consider the government services available to the public utility district's broadband 23 ((network)) infrastructure used in providing retail ((internet 24 25 service)) telecommunications services. The public utility district and county must each select one arbitrator, the two of whom must pick 26 a third arbitrator. Costs of the arbitration, including compensation 27 28 for the arbitrators' services, must be borne equally by the parties 29 participating in the arbitration.

30 (3) By April 30th of each year, a public utility district must 31 remit the annual payment to the county treasurer of each county in 32 which the public utility district's broadband ((network)) 33 <u>infrastructure</u> used in providing retail ((internet service)) 34 <u>telecommunications services</u> is located in a form and manner required 35 by the county treasurer.

36 (4) The county must distribute the amounts received under this 37 section to all property taxing districts, including the state, in 38 appropriate tax code areas in the same proportion as it would 39 distribute property taxes from taxable property.

1 (5) By December 1, 2019, and annually thereafter, the department 2 of revenue must submit a report to the appropriate legislative 3 committees detailing the amount of payments made under this section 4 and the amount of property tax that would be owed on the property 5 comprising the broadband ((network)) infrastructure used in providing 6 retail ((internet service)) telecommunications services.

(((6) The definitions in RCW 54.16.420 apply to this section.))

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8 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 5. A new section is added to chapter 35.27 9 RCW to read as follows:

10 (1) A town may construct, purchase, acquire, develop, finance, 11 lease, license, provide, contract for, interconnect, alter, improve, 12 repair, operate, and maintain telecommunications services or 13 telecommunications facilities for the purpose of furnishing the town 14 and its inhabitants with telecommunications services. The town has 15 full authority to regulate and control the use, distribution, and 16 price of the services.

17 (2) (a) Before providing telecommunications services pursuant to 18 subsection (1) of this section, a town must examine and report to its 19 governing body and to the state broadband office the following about 20 the area to be served by the town:

(i) An assessment of the current availability of broadband
 infrastructure and its adequacy to provide high-speed internet access
 and other advanced telecommunications services to end users;

24 (ii) The location of where retail telecommunications services 25 will be provided;

26 (iii) Evidence relating to the unserved nature of the community 27 in which retail telecommunications services will be provided;

28 (iv) Expected costs of providing retail telecommunications 29 services to customers to be served by the town;

30 (v) Evidence that proposed telecommunications infrastructure will 31 be capable of scaling to greater download and upload speeds to meet 32 state broadband goals under RCW 43.330.536;

33 (vi) Sources of funding for the project that will supplement any 34 grant or loan awards; and

35 (vii) A strategic plan to maintain long-term operation of the 36 infrastructure, and the expected installation charges and monthly 37 costs for end users.

38 (b) The state broadband office must post a review of the proposed 39 project on its website.

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(3) For purposes of this section:

2 (a) "Telecommunications" has the same meaning as defined in RCW3 80.04.010.

(b) "Unserved" means an area of Washington in which households
and businesses lack access to broadband service at a minimum 100
megabits per second download speed and at a minimum 20 megabits per
second upload speed.

8 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 6. A new section is added to chapter 35.23 9 RCW to read as follows:

(1) A second-class city may construct, purchase, acquire, 10 develop, finance, lease, license, provide, contract 11 for, 12 interconnect, alter, improve, repair, operate, and maintain telecommunications services or telecommunications facilities for the 13 purpose of furnishing the second-class city and its inhabitants with 14 15 telecommunications services. The second-class city has full authority 16 to regulate and control the use, distribution, and price of the 17 services.

(2) (a) Before providing telecommunications services pursuant to subsection (1) of this section, a second-class city must examine and report to its governing body and to the state broadband office the following about the area to be served by the second-class city:

(i) An assessment of the current availability of broadband
 infrastructure and its adequacy to provide high-speed internet access
 and other advanced telecommunications services to end users;

25 (ii) The location of where retail telecommunications services 26 will be provided;

(iii) Evidence relating to the unserved nature of the communityin which retail telecommunications services will be provided;

29 (iv) Expected costs of providing retail telecommunications 30 services to customers to be served by the second-class city;

31 (v) Evidence that proposed telecommunications infrastructure will 32 be capable of scaling to greater download and upload speeds to meet 33 state broadband goals under RCW 43.330.536;

34 (vi) Sources of funding for the project that will supplement any 35 grant or loan awards; and

36 (vii) A strategic plan to maintain long-term operation of the 37 infrastructure, and the expected installation charges and monthly 38 costs for end users.

(b) The state broadband office must post a review of the proposed
 project on its website.

3 (3) For purposes of this section:

4 (a) "Telecommunications" has the same meaning as defined in RCW 5 80.04.010.

6 (b) "Unserved" means an area of Washington in which households 7 and businesses lack access to broadband service at a minimum 100 8 megabits per second download speed and at a minimum 20 megabits per 9 second upload speed.

10 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 7. A new section is added to chapter 36.01 11 RCW to read as follows:

(1) A county may construct, purchase, acquire, develop, finance, lease, license, provide, contract for, interconnect, alter, improve, repair, operate, and maintain telecommunications services or telecommunications facilities for the purpose of furnishing the county and its inhabitants with telecommunications services. The county has full authority to regulate and control the use, distribution, and price of the services.

(2) (a) Before providing telecommunications services pursuant to subsection (1) of this section, a county must examine and report to its governing body and to the state broadband office the following about the area to be served by the county:

(i) An assessment of the current availability of broadband
 infrastructure and its adequacy to provide high-speed internet access
 and other advanced telecommunications services to end users;

26 (ii) The location of where retail telecommunications services 27 will be provided;

(iii) Evidence relating to the unserved nature of the community in which retail telecommunications services will be provided;

30 (iv) Expected costs of providing retail telecommunications 31 services to customers to be served by the county;

32 (v) Evidence that proposed telecommunications infrastructure will 33 be capable of scaling to greater download and upload speeds to meet 34 state broadband goals under RCW 43.330.536;

35 (vi) Sources of funding for the project that will supplement any 36 grant or loan awards; and

37 (vii) A strategic plan to maintain long-term operation of the 38 infrastructure, and the expected installation charges and monthly 39 costs for end users.

(b) The state broadband office must post a review of the proposed
 project on its website.

3 (3) For purposes of this section:

4 (a) "Telecommunications" has the same meaning as defined in RCW 5 80.04.010.

6 (b) "Unserved" means an area of Washington in which households 7 and businesses lack access to broadband service at a minimum 100 8 megabits per second download speed and at a minimum 20 megabits per 9 second upload speed.

10 Sec. 8. RCW 53.08.005 and 2018 c 169 s 1 are each amended to 11 read as follows:

12 The definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter 13 unless the context clearly requires otherwise.

14 (1) "Commission" means the Washington utilities and 15 transportation commission.

(2) <u>"Retail telecommunications services" means the sale, lease,</u>
 <u>license, or indivisible right of use of telecommunications services</u>
 <u>or telecommunications facilities directly to end users.</u>

19 <u>(3)</u> "Telecommunications" has the same meaning as contained in RCW 20 80.04.010.

(((3))) (4) "Telecommunications facilities" means lines, conduits, ducts, poles, wires, cables, crossarms, receivers, transmitters, instruments, machines, appliances, instrumentalities and all devices, real estate, easements, apparatus, property, and routes used, operated, owned, or controlled by any entity to facilitate the provision of telecommunications services.

27 (((4))) (5) "Wholesale telecommunications services" means the 28 provision of telecommunications services or <u>telecommunications</u> 29 facilities for resale ((by)) <u>to</u> an entity authorized to provide 30 telecommunications services ((to the general public and internet31 service providers)). Wholesale telecommunications services includes 32 the provision of unlit or dark optical fiber for resale, but not the 33 provision of lit optical fiber.

34 Sec. 9. RCW 53.08.370 and 2019 c 365 s 10 are each amended to 35 read as follows:

(1) A port district in existence on June 8, 2000, may construct,
 purchase, acquire, develop, finance, lease, license, handle, provide,
 add to, contract for, interconnect, alter, improve, repair, operate,

1 and maintain any telecommunications facilities within or without the 2 district's limits for the following purposes:

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(a) For the district's own use; ((and))

(b) For the provision of wholesale telecommunications services
within or without the district's limits((. Nothing in this subsection
shall be construed to authorize port districts to provide
telecommunications services to end users)); or

8 (c) For the provision of retail telecommunications services as 9 authorized by this section.

(2) Except as provided in subsection $\left(\left(\frac{9}{9}\right)\right)$ (8) of this section, 10 a port district providing wholesale or retail telecommunications 11 services under this section shall ensure that rates, terms, and 12 conditions for such services are not unduly or unreasonably 13 discriminatory or preferential. Rates, terms, and conditions are 14 discriminatory or preferential when a port district offering such 15 16 rates, terms, and conditions to an entity for wholesale or retail telecommunications services does not offer substantially similar 17 rates, terms, and conditions to all other entities seeking 18 19 substantially similar services.

(3) When a port district establishes a separate utility function 20 21 for the provision of wholesale or retail telecommunications services, 22 it shall account for any and all revenues and expenditures related to 23 its wholesale or retail telecommunications facilities and services separately from revenues and expenditures related to its internal 24 25 telecommunications operations. Any revenues received from the 26 provision of wholesale or retail telecommunications services must be dedicated to the utility function that includes the provision of 27 28 wholesale or retail telecommunications services for costs incurred to build and maintain the telecommunications facilities until such time 29 as any bonds or other financing instruments executed after June 8, 30 31 2000, and used to finance the telecommunications facilities are 32 discharged or retired.

33 (4) When a port district establishes a separate utility function for the provision of wholesale or retail telecommunications services, 34 all telecommunications services rendered by the separate function to 35 the district for the district's internal telecommunications needs 36 shall be charged at its true and full value. A port district may not 37 38 charge its nontelecommunications operations rates that are 39 preferential or discriminatory compared to those it charges entities 40 purchasing wholesale or retail telecommunications services.

1 (5) A port district shall not exercise powers of eminent domain 2 to acquire telecommunications facilities or contractual rights held 3 by any other person or entity to telecommunications facilities.

4 (6) Except as otherwise specifically provided, a port district
5 may exercise any of the powers granted to it under this title and
6 other applicable laws in carrying out the powers authorized under
7 this section. Nothing in chapter 81, Laws of 2000 limits any existing
8 authority of a port district under this title.

9 (7) ((A port district that has not exercised the authorities provided in this section prior to June 7, 2018, must develop a 10 business case plan before exercising the authorities provided in this 11 12 section. The port district must procure an independent qualified consultant to review the business case plan, including the use of 13 public funds in the provision of wholesale telecommunications 14 services. Any recommendations or adjustments to the business case 15 16 plan made during third-party review must be received and either 17 rejected or accepted by the port commission in an open meeting.

18 (8)) A port district with telecommunications facilities for use 19 in the provision of wholesale <u>or retail</u> telecommunications in 20 accordance with subsection (1)(((b))) of this section may be subject 21 to local leasehold excise taxes under RCW 82.29A.040.

(((9))) <u>(8)</u>(a) A port district under this section may select a telecommunications company to operate all or a portion of the port district's telecommunications facilities.

(b) For the purposes of this section "telecommunications company" means any for-profit entity owned by investors that sells telecommunications services to end users.

(c) Nothing in this subsection (((9))) (8) is intended to limit or otherwise restrict any other authority provided by law.

30 <u>(9) A port district may provide retail telecommunications</u>
31 services within or without the district's limits.

32 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 10. A new section is added to chapter 53.08 33 RCW to read as follows:

(1) Before providing retail telecommunications services, a port district must report to its governing body and to the state broadband office the following about the area to be served by the port district:

(a) An assessment of the current availability of broadband
 infrastructure and its adequacy to provide high-speed internet access
 and other advanced telecommunications services to end users;

4 (b) The location of where retail telecommunications services will5 be provided;

6 (c) Evidence relating to the unserved nature of the community in 7 which retail telecommunications services will be provided;

8 (d) Expected costs of providing retail telecommunications 9 services to customers to be served by the port district;

10 (e) Evidence that proposed telecommunications infrastructure will 11 be capable of scaling to greater download and upload speeds to meet 12 state broadband goals under RCW 43.330.536;

13 (f) Sources of funding for the project that will supplement any 14 grant or loan awards; and

(g) A strategic plan to maintain long-term operation of the infrastructure, and the expected installation charges and monthly costs for end users.

18 (2) The state broadband office must post a review of the proposed 19 project on their website.

(3) For the purposes of this section, "unserved" means an area of Washington in which households and businesses lack access to broadband service at a minimum 100 megabits per second download speed and at a minimum 20 megabits per second upload speed.

24 *Sec. 11. RCW 43.155.070 and 2017 3rd sp.s. c 10 s 9 are each 25 amended to read as follows:

(1) To qualify for financial assistance under this chapter the
 board must determine that a local government meets all of the
 following conditions:

(a) The city or county must be imposing a tax under chapter 82.46
 RCW at a rate of at least one-quarter of one percent;

31 (b) The local government must have developed a capital facility 32 plan; and

33 (c) The local government must be using all local revenue sources 34 which are reasonably available for funding public works, taking into 35 consideration local employment and economic factors.

36 (2) Except where necessary to address a public health need or 37 substantial environmental degradation, or increase access to 38 <u>broadband</u>, a county, city, or town planning under RCW 36.70A.040 may 39 not receive financial assistance under this chapter unless it has

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adopted a comprehensive plan, including a capital facilities plan 1 2 element, and development regulations as required by RCW 36.70A.040. This subsection does not require any county, city, or town planning 3 4 under RCW 36.70A.040 to adopt a comprehensive plan or development regulations before requesting or receiving financial assistance under 5 6 this chapter if such request is made before the expiration of the 7 time periods specified in RCW 36.70A.040. A county, city, or town planning under RCW 36.70A.040 that has not adopted a comprehensive 8 9 plan and development regulations within the time periods specified in RCW 36.70A.040 may apply for and receive financial assistance under 10 11 this chapter if the comprehensive plan and development regulations are adopted as required by RCW 36.70A.040 before executing a 12 contractual agreement for financial assistance with the board. 13

(3) In considering awarding financial assistance for public facilities to special districts requesting funding for a proposed facility located in a county, city, or town planning under RCW 36.70A.040, the board must consider whether the county, city, or town planning under RCW 36.70A.040 in whose planning jurisdiction the proposed facility is located has adopted a comprehensive plan and development regulations as required by RCW 36.70A.040.

21 (4) (a) The board must develop а process to prioritize applications and funding of loans and grants for public works 22 projects submitted by local governments. The board must consider, at 23 24 a minimum and in any order, the following factors in prioritizing 25 projects:

(i) Whether the project is critical in nature and would affect
 the health and safety of many people;

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(ii) The extent to which the project leverages other funds;

29 (iii) The extent to which the project is ready to proceed to 30 construction;

31 (iv) Whether the project is located in an area of high 32 unemployment, compared to the average state unemployment;

33 (v) Whether the project promotes the sustainable use of resources 34 and environmental quality, as applicable;

(vi) Whether the project consolidates or regionalizes systems;

36 (vii) Whether the project encourages economic development through 37 mixed-use and mixed income development consistent with chapter 36.70A 38 RCW;

39 (viii) Whether the system is being well-managed in the present 40 and for long-term sustainability;

(ix) Achieving equitable distribution of funds by geography and
 population;

3 (x) The extent to which the project meets the following state 4 policy objectives:

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(A) Efficient use of state resources;

(B) Preservation and enhancement of health and safety;

(C) Abatement of pollution and protection of the environment;

8 (D) Creation of new, family-wage jobs, and avoidance of shifting 9 existing jobs from one Washington state community to another;

10 (E) Fostering economic development consistent with chapter 36.70A
11 RCW;

12 (F) Efficiency in delivery of goods and services and 13 transportation; and

14 (G) Reduction of the overall cost of public infrastructure;

15 (xi) Whether the applicant sought or is seeking funding for the 16 project from other sources; and

17 (xii) Other criteria that the board considers necessary to
 18 achieve the purposes of this chapter.

(b) Before September 1, 2018, and each year thereafter, the board must develop and submit a report regarding the construction loans and grants to the office of financial management and appropriate fiscal committees of the senate and house of representatives. The report must include:

24 (i) The total number of applications and amount of funding 25 requested for public works projects;

(ii) A list and description of projects approved in the preceding
 fiscal year with project scores against the board's prioritization
 criteria;

(iii) The total amount of loan and grants disbursements made from
 the public works assistance account in the preceding fiscal year;

31 (iv) The total amount of loan repayments in the preceding fiscal 32 year for outstanding loans from the public works assistance account;

(v) The total amount of loan repayments due for outstanding loans
 for each fiscal year over the following ten-year period; and

35 (vi) The total amount of funds obligated and timing of when the 36 funds were obligated in the preceding fiscal year.

37 (c) The maximum amount of funding that the board may provide for
 38 any jurisdiction is ten million dollars per biennium.

39 (5) Existing debt or financial obligations of local governments 40 may not be refinanced under this chapter. Each local government applicant must provide documentation of attempts to secure additional
 local or other sources of funding for each public works project for
 which financial assistance is sought under this chapter.

(6) Before September 1st of each year, the board must develop and
submit to the appropriate fiscal committees of the senate and house
of representatives a description of the loans and grants made under
RCW 43.155.065 and 43.155.068.

8 (7) The board may not sign contracts or otherwise financially 9 obligate funds from the public works assistance account before the 10 legislature has appropriated funds to the board for the purpose of 11 funding public works projects under this chapter.

(8) To qualify for loans, grants, or pledges for solid waste or recycling facilities under this chapter, a city or county must demonstrate that the solid waste or recycling facility is consistent with and necessary to implement the comprehensive solid waste management plan adopted by the city or county under chapter ((70.95)) 70A.205 RCW.

18 (9) After January 1, 2010, any project designed to address the 19 effects of stormwater or wastewater on Puget Sound may be funded 20 under this section only if the project is not in conflict with the 21 action agenda developed by the Puget Sound partnership under RCW 22 90.71.310.

(10) For projects involving repair, replacement, or improvement of a wastewater treatment plant or other public works facility for which an investment grade efficiency audit is reasonably obtainable, the public works board must require as a contract condition that the project sponsor undertake an investment grade efficiency audit. The project sponsor may finance the costs of the audit as part of its public works assistance account program loan or grant.

30 (11) The board must implement policies and procedures designed to 31 maximize local government consideration of other funds to finance 32 local infrastructure.

33 (12) The relevant sections of the Washington Administrative Code 34 must be amended by January 1, 2022, in accordance with the provisions 35 of this section.

*Sec. 11 was vetoed. See message at end of chapter.

36 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 12. This act may be known and cited as the 37 public broadband act.

1 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 13. RCW 54.16.420 (Retail internet service—

2 Definitions—Authority—Requirements) and 2018 c 186 s 1 are each

3 repealed.

Passed by the House April 23, 2021. Passed by the Senate April 11, 2021. Approved by the Governor May 13, 2021, with the exception of certain items that were vetoed.

Filed in Office of Secretary of State May 13, 2021.

Note: Governor's explanation of partial veto is as follows:

"I am returning herewith, without my approval as to Section 11, Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1336 entitled:

"AN ACT Relating to creating and expanding unrestricted authority for public entities to provide telecommunications services to end users."

Section 11 of this bill would allow local governments that are out of compliance with the Growth Management Act (GMA) to access funding distributed by the Public Works Board (Board) for broadband infrastructure. This language is almost identical to section 4 of 2SSB 5368 (encouraging rural economic development), but the language in this bill also requires an update to the Washington Administrative Code. Current law prohibits any funding distributed by the Board to go to a GMA noncompliant jurisdiction unless that funding is necessary to address a public health need or substantial environmental degradation. The new exception in Section 11 does not rise to the same level of urgency established in current law. In addition, an underpinning of the GMA has been that noncompliant jurisdictions are unable to access various forms of infrastructure funding. Broadband is critical infrastructure comparable to roads, bridges, and water systems, and should be treated the same before the Board.

For these reasons I have vetoed Section 11 of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1336.

With the exception of Section 11, Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1336 is approved."

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