## CERTIFICATION OF ENROLLMENT

## SENATE BILL 5694

Chapter 254, Laws of 2022

67th Legislature 2022 Regular Session

## DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS—AGREEMENTS WITH INDIAN TRIBES

EFFECTIVE DATE: June 9, 2022

Passed by the Senate February 2, 2022 CERTIFICATE Yeas 47 Nays 0 I, Sarah Bannister, Secretary of the Senate of the State of DENNY HECK Washington, do hereby certify that the attached is **SENATE BILL 5694** as President of the Senate passed by the Senate and the House of Representatives on the dates hereon set forth. Passed by the House March 1, 2022 Yeas 95 Nays 0 SARAH BANNISTER Secretary

Speaker of the House of Representatives

Approved March 31, 2022 12:35 PM

LAURIE JINKINS

FILED

April 1, 2022

Secretary of State JAY INSLEE State of Washington

Governor of the State of Washington

## SENATE BILL 5694

Passed Legislature - 2022 Regular Session

State of Washington 67th Legislature 2022 Regular Session

By Senators Stanford, Robinson, and C. Wilson

Prefiled 01/06/22. Read first time 01/10/22. Referred to Committee on Human Services, Reentry & Rehabilitation.

- AN ACT Relating to recognizing Indian tribes as among the governmental entities with which the department of corrections may enter into agreements on matters to include the housing of inmates convicted in tribal court; amending RCW 72.09.015, 72.09.050, 72.68.080, 72.68.090, and 72.68.100; and creating a new section.
- 6 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. The legislature recognizes that many federally recognized Indian tribes in Washington exercise felony criminal jurisdiction, yet none operate or have access to a prison
- 10 facility. Tribal defendants sentenced to greater than one year in
- 11 custody must serve their time in local jail facilities ill-equipped
- 12 to house inmates for long sentences. This act will authorize the
- 13 Washington state department of corrections to negotiate agreements
- 14 with Indian tribes that will provide a public safety benefit to all
- 15 residents of Washington by allowing tribal court inmates to serve
- 16 their felony sentences in an appropriate facility with access to
- 17 rehabilitative services.
- 18 **Sec. 2.** RCW 72.09.015 and 2020 c 319 s 2 are each amended to
- 19 read as follows:
- The definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter.

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(1) "Adult basic education" means education or instruction designed to achieve general competence of skills in reading, writing, and oral communication, including English as a second language and preparation and testing services for obtaining a high school diploma or a high school equivalency certificate as provided in RCW 28B.50.536.

- (2) "Base level of correctional services" means the minimum level of field services the department of corrections is required by statute to provide for the supervision and monitoring of offenders.
- (3) "Civil judgment for assault" means a civil judgment for monetary damages awarded to a correctional officer or department employee entered by a court of competent jurisdiction against an inmate that is based on, or arises from, injury to the correctional officer or department employee caused by the inmate while the correctional officer or department employee was acting in the course and scope of his or her employment.
- (4) "Community custody" has the same meaning as that provided in RCW 9.94A.030 and also includes community placement and community supervision as defined in RCW 9.94B.020.
- (5) "Contraband" means any object or communication the secretary determines shall not be allowed to be: (a) Brought into; (b) possessed while on the grounds of; or (c) sent from any institution under the control of the secretary.
- (6) "Correctional facility" means a facility or institution operated directly or by contract by the secretary for the purposes of incarcerating adults in total or partial confinement, as defined in RCW 9.94A.030.
  - (7) "County" means a county or combination of counties.
  - (8) "Department" means the department of corrections.
- 30 (9) "Earned early release" means earned release as authorized by 31 RCW 9.94A.729.
  - (10) "Evidence-based" means a program or practice that has had multiple-site random controlled trials across heterogeneous populations demonstrating that the program or practice is effective in reducing recidivism for the population.
- 36 (11) "Extended family visit" means an authorized visit between an 37 inmate and a member of his or her immediate family that occurs in a 38 private visiting unit located at the correctional facility where the 39 inmate is confined.

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1 (12) "Good conduct" means compliance with department rules and 2 policies.

- (13) "Good performance" means successful completion of a program required by the department, including an education, work, or other program.
- (14) "Immediate family" means the inmate's children, stepchildren, grandchildren, great grandchildren, parents, stepparents, grandparents, great grandparents, siblings, aunts, uncles, and a person legally married to or in a state registered domestic partnership with an inmate. "Immediate family" includes the immediate family of an inmate who was adopted as a child or an adult, but does not include an inmate adopted by another inmate.
- (15) "Indigent inmate," "indigent," and "indigency" mean an inmate who has less than a (( $\frac{\text{twenty-five dollar}}{\text{five dollar}}$ )) \$25 balance of disposable income in his or her institutional account on the day a request is made to utilize funds and during the (( $\frac{\text{thirty}}{\text{five dollar}}$ )) 30 days previous to the request.
- (16) "Individual reentry plan" means the plan to prepare an offender for release into the community. It should be developed collaboratively between the department and the offender and based on an assessment of the offender using a standardized and comprehensive tool to identify the offender's risks and needs. The individual reentry plan describes actions that should occur to prepare individual offenders for release from prison or jail, specifies the supervision and services they will experience in the community, and describes an offender's eventual discharge to aftercare upon successful completion of supervision. An individual reentry plan is updated throughout the period of an offender's incarceration and supervision to be relevant to the offender's current needs and risks.
- (17) "Inmate" means a person committed to the custody of the department, including but not limited to persons residing in a correctional institution or facility and persons released from such facility on furlough, work release, or community custody, and persons received from another state, state agency, county, <u>federally recognized tribe</u>, or federal jurisdiction.
- (18) "Labor" means the period of time before a birth during which contractions are of sufficient frequency, intensity, and duration to bring about effacement and progressive dilation of the cervix.
- (19) "Physical restraint" means the use of any bodily force or physical intervention to control an offender or limit an offender's

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- freedom of movement in a way that does not involve a mechanical restraint. Physical restraint does not include momentary periods of minimal physical restriction by direct person-to-person contact, without the aid of mechanical restraint, accomplished with limited force and designed to:
  - (a) Prevent an offender from completing an act that would result in potential bodily harm to self or others or damage property;
  - (b) Remove a disruptive offender who is unwilling to leave the area voluntarily; or
    - (c) Guide an offender from one location to another.
    - (20) "Postpartum recovery" means (a) the entire period a woman or youth is in the hospital, birthing center, or clinic after giving birth and (b) an additional time period, if any, a treating physician determines is necessary for healing after the woman or youth leaves the hospital, birthing center, or clinic.
    - (21) "Privilege" means any goods or services, education or work programs, or earned early release days, the receipt of which are directly linked to an inmate's (a) good conduct; and (b) good performance. Privileges do not include any goods or services the department is required to provide under the state or federal Constitution or under state or federal law.
- 22 (22) "Promising practice" means a practice that presents, based 23 on preliminary information, potential for becoming a research-based 24 or consensus-based practice.
- 25 (23) "Research-based" means a program or practice that has some 26 research demonstrating effectiveness, but that does not yet meet the 27 standard of evidence-based practices.
  - (24) "Restraints" means anything used to control the movement of a person's body or limbs and includes:
    - (a) Physical restraint; or

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- 31 (b) Mechanical device including but not limited to: Metal 32 handcuffs, plastic ties, ankle restraints, leather cuffs, other 33 hospital-type restraints, tasers, or batons.
- 34 (25) "Secretary" means the secretary of corrections or his or her designee.
- 36 (26) "Significant expansion" includes any expansion into a new 37 product line or service to the class I business that results from an 38 increase in benefits provided by the department, including a decrease 39 in labor costs, rent, or utility rates (for water, sewer,

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electricity, and disposal), an increase in work program space, tax advantages, or other overhead costs.

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- (27) "Superintendent" means the superintendent of a correctional facility under the jurisdiction of the Washington state department of corrections, or his or her designee.
- (28) "Transportation" means the conveying, by any means, of an incarcerated pregnant woman or youth from the correctional facility to another location from the moment she leaves the correctional facility to the time of arrival at the other location, and includes the escorting of the pregnant incarcerated woman or youth from the correctional facility to a transport vehicle and from the vehicle to the other location.
- 13 (29) "Unfair competition" means any net competitive advantage
  14 that a business may acquire as a result of a correctional industries
  15 contract, including labor costs, rent, tax advantages, utility rates
  16 (water, sewer, electricity, and disposal), and other overhead costs.
  17 To determine net competitive advantage, the department of corrections
  18 shall review and quantify any expenses unique to operating a for19 profit business inside a prison.
- 20 (30) "Vocational training" or "vocational education" means 21 "vocational education" as defined in RCW 72.62.020.
- 22 (31) "Washington business" means an in-state manufacturer or 23 service provider subject to chapter 82.04 RCW existing on June 10, 24 2004.
- 25 (32) "Work programs" means all classes of correctional industries 26 jobs authorized under RCW 72.09.100.
- 27 **Sec. 3.** RCW 72.09.050 and 2020 c 318 s 5 are each amended to 28 read as follows:

The secretary shall manage the department of corrections and shall be responsible for the administration of adult correctional programs, including but not limited to the operation of all state correctional institutions or facilities used for the confinement of convicted felons. In addition, the secretary shall have broad powers to enter into agreements with any federal agency, any federally recognized tribe, or any other state, or any Washington state agency or local government providing for the operation of any correctional facility or program for persons convicted of felonies or misdemeanors or for juvenile offenders. Such agreements for counties with local law and justice councils shall be required in the local law and

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- 1 justice plan pursuant to RCW 72.09.300. The agreements may provide
- 2 for joint operation or operation by the department of corrections,
- 3 alone, for by any of the other governmental entities, alone. The
- 4 secretary may employ persons to aid in performing the functions and
- 5 duties of the department. The secretary may delegate any of his or
- 6 her functions or duties to department employees, including the
- 7 authority to certify and maintain custody of records and documents on
- 8 file with the department. The secretary is authorized to promulgate
- 9 standards for the department of corrections within appropriation
- 10 levels authorized by the legislature.
- 11 Pursuant to the authority granted in chapter 34.05 RCW, the
- 12 secretary shall adopt rules providing for inmate restitution when
- 13 restitution is determined appropriate as a result of a disciplinary
- 14 action.
- 15 **Sec. 4.** RCW 72.68.080 and 1983 c 255 s 11 are each amended to 16 read as follows:
- 17 All persons sentenced to prison by the authority of the United
- 18 States or of any state or territory of the United States or federally
- 19 <u>recognized tribe</u> may be received by the department and imprisoned in
- 20 a state correctional institution as defined in RCW 72.65.010 in
- 21 accordance with the sentence of the court by which they were tried.
- 22 The prisoners so confined shall be subject in all respects to
- 23 discipline and treatment as though committed under the laws of this
- 24 state.
- 25 **Sec. 5.** RCW 72.68.090 and 1979 c 141 s 288 are each amended to
- 26 read as follows:
- 27 The secretary is authorized to enter into contracts with the
- 28 proper officers or agencies of the United States, federally
- 29 <u>recognized tribes</u>, and of other states and territories of the United
- 30 States relative to the per diem rate to be paid the state of
- 31 Washington for the conditions of the keep of each prisoner.
- 32 **Sec. 6.** RCW 72.68.100 and 1992 c 7 s 58 are each amended to read
- 33 as follows:
- 34 The secretary shall not enter into any contract for the care or
- 35 commitment of any prisoner of the federal government, any federally
- 36 <u>recognized tribe</u>, or any other state unless there is vacant space and
- 37 unused facilities in state correctional facilities.

Passed by the Senate February 2, 2022.
Passed by the House March 1, 2022.
Approved by the Governor March 31, 2022.
Filed in Office of Secretary of State April 1, 2022.

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