SENATE BILL 5603

State of Washington 69th Legislature 2025 Regular Session

By Senators Christian, Torres, Goehner, J. Wilson, Fortunato, and Warnick

AN ACT Relating to juvenile access to attorneys when contacted by law enforcement; amending RCW 13.40.740; and adding a new section to chapter 13.40 RCW.

4 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

5 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 1. A new section is added to chapter 13.40 6 RCW to read as follows:

7 (1) This section applies to local jurisdictions with a population 8 greater than 1,000,000 people.

9 (2) Except as provided in subsection (5) of this section, law 10 enforcement shall provide a juvenile with access to an attorney for a 11 consultation, and that consultation shall be in person, before the 12 juvenile waives any constitutional rights if a law enforcement 13 officer:

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(a) Questions a juvenile during a custodial interrogation;

(b) Detains a juvenile based on probable cause of involvement in criminal activity; or

(c) Requests that the juvenile provide consent to an evidentiary search of the juvenile or the juvenile's property, dwellings, or vehicles under the juvenile's control.

20 (3) The consultation required by subsection (2) of this section 21 may not be waived.

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1 (4) The attorney providing the consultation shall be available to 2 respond to the scene of the investigation and able to consult with 3 any juvenile, juvenile victim, or juvenile witness as required in 4 subsection (2) of this section.

5 (5) Law enforcement shall coordinate with facilitating the in-6 person contact required under subsection (2) of this section, and may 7 provide transportation for the attorney as needed to prevent any 8 delay in the investigation of the offense.

9 (6) Statements made by a juvenile after the juvenile is contacted 10 by a law enforcement officer in a manner described under subsection 11 (2) of this section are not admissible in a juvenile offender or 12 adult criminal court proceeding, unless:

(a) The juvenile has been provided with access to an attorney for consultation; and the juvenile provides an express waiver knowingly, intelligently, and voluntarily made by the juvenile after the juvenile has been fully informed of the rights being waived as required under RCW 13.40.140;

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(b) The statement is for impeachment purposes; or

19 (c) The statement was made spontaneously.

20 (7) A law enforcement officer may question a juvenile without 21 following the requirement in subsection (2) of this section if:

(a) The law enforcement officer believes the juvenile is a victim of trafficking as described in RCW 9A.40.100; however, any information obtained from the juvenile by law enforcement pursuant to this subsection cannot be used in any prosecution of that juvenile; or

(b) (i) The law enforcement officer believes that the information sought is necessary to protect an individual's life from an imminent threat;

30 (ii) A delay to allow legal consultation would impede the 31 protection of an individual's life from an imminent threat; and

32 (iii) Questioning by the law enforcement officer is limited to 33 matters reasonably expected to obtain information necessary to 34 protect an individual's life from an imminent threat.

35 (8) After the juvenile has consulted with legal counsel, the 36 juvenile may advise, direct a parent or guardian to advise, or direct 37 legal counsel to advise the law enforcement officer that the juvenile 38 chooses to assert a constitutional right. Any assertion of 39 constitutional rights by the juvenile through legal counsel must be 40 treated by a law enforcement officer as though it came from the

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juvenile. The waiver of any constitutional rights of the juvenile may only be made according to the requirements of RCW 13.40.140.

3 (9) For purposes of this section, the following definitions 4 apply:

5 (a) "Juvenile" means any individual who is under the 6 chronological age of 18 years; and

7 (b) "Law enforcement officer" means any general authority, 8 limited authority, or specially commissioned Washington peace officer 9 or federal peace officer as those terms are defined in RCW 10.93.020, 10 including school resource officers as defined in RCW 28A.320.124 and 11 other public officers who are responsible for enforcement of fire, 12 building, zoning, and life and safety codes.

13 Sec. 2. RCW 13.40.740 and 2021 c 328 s 1 are each amended to 14 read as follows:

(1) <u>This section applies to local jurisdictions with a population</u>
 that is less than 1,000,000 people.

17 (2) Except as provided in subsection (((4))) (5) of this section, 18 law enforcement shall provide a juvenile with access to an attorney 19 for consultation, which may be provided in person, by telephone, or 20 by videoconference, before the juvenile waives any constitutional 21 rights if a law enforcement officer:

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(a) Questions a juvenile during a custodial interrogation;

(b) Detains a juvenile based on probable cause of involvement in criminal activity; or

(c) Requests that the juvenile provide consent to an evidentiary search of the juvenile or the juvenile's property, dwellings, or vehicles under the juvenile's control.

28 (((-2))) (3) The consultation required by subsection ((-1)) (2) 29 of this section may not be waived.

30 (((3))) (4) Statements made by a juvenile after the juvenile is 31 contacted by a law enforcement officer in a manner described under 32 subsection (((1))) (2) of this section are not admissible in a 33 juvenile offender or adult criminal court proceeding, unless:

(a) The juvenile has been provided with access to an attorney for
consultation; and the juvenile provides an express waiver knowingly,
intelligently, and voluntarily made by the juvenile after the
juvenile has been fully informed of the rights being waived as
required under RCW 13.40.140;

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(b) The statement is for impeachment purposes; or

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(c) The statement was made spontaneously.

2 (((++))) (5) A law enforcement officer may question a juvenile 3 without following the requirement in subsection ((++))) (2) of this 4 section if:

5 (a) The law enforcement officer believes the juvenile is a victim 6 of trafficking as defined in RCW 9A.40.100; however, any information 7 obtained from the juvenile by law enforcement pursuant to this 8 subsection cannot be used in any prosecution of that juvenile; or

9 (b)(i) The law enforcement officer believes that the information 10 sought is necessary to protect an individual's life from an imminent 11 threat;

12 (ii) A delay to allow legal consultation would impede the 13 protection of an individual's life from an imminent threat; and

14 (iii) Questioning by the law enforcement officer is limited to 15 matters reasonably expected to obtain information necessary to 16 protect an individual's life from an imminent threat.

17 (((-5))) (6) After the juvenile has consulted with legal counsel, the juvenile may advise, direct a parent or guardian to advise, or 18 19 direct legal counsel to advise the law enforcement officer that the juvenile chooses to assert a constitutional right. Any assertion of 20 21 constitutional rights by the juvenile through legal counsel must be 22 treated by a law enforcement officer as though it came from the juvenile. The waiver of any constitutional rights of the juvenile may 23 24 only be made according to the requirements of RCW 13.40.140.

25 (((-6))) (7) For purposes of this section, the following 26 definitions apply:

27 (a) "Juvenile" means any individual who is under the 28 chronological age of 18 years; and

(b) "Law enforcement officer" means any general authority, limited authority, or specially commissioned Washington peace officer or federal peace officer as those terms are defined in RCW 10.93.020, including school resource officers as defined in RCW 28A.320.124 and other public officers who are responsible for enforcement of fire, building, zoning, and life and safety codes.

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