Chapter 284-12 WAC

INSURANCE PRODUCERS, TITLE INSURANCE AGENTS, SURPLUS LINE BROKERS, AND ADJUSTERS

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DISPOSITION OF SECTIONS FORMERLY CODIFIED IN THIS CHAPTER
284-12-010 Qualifications of agents of insurers authorized to transact more than one kind of insurance—Exceptions. [Order R 76-6, § 284-12-010, filed 11/10/76; Rule dated 5/1/54, filed 3/22/60.] Repealed by 90-04-060 (Order R 90-1), filed 2/2/90, effective 3/5/90. Statutory Authority: RCW 48.02.060.
284-12-024 Waiver of unauthorized alien insurers' financial requirements. [Statutory Authority: RCW 48.02.060, 80-06-039 (Order R-86-6), § 284-12-024, filed 5/12/80.] Repealed by 81-18-038 (Order R 81-4), filed 8/28/81. Statutory Authority: RCW 48.02.060.
284-12-028 Surplus line brokers' forms to be filed, contract stamp to be used. [Statutory Authority: RCW 48.02.060, 79-11-079 (Order R 79-5), § 284-12-028, filed 10/22/79.] Repealed by 81-18-038 (Order R 81-4), filed 8/28/81. Statutory Authority: RCW 48.02.060.
284-12-090 When general agent may accept applications from non-appointed agents. [Statutory Authority: RCW 48.01-030, 48.02.060(3), 48.14.010 and 48.17.500(3). 94-14-110 (Order R 94-14), § 284-12-090, filed 7/6/94, effective 8/6/94. Statutory Authority: RCW 48.02.060, 48.05.310, 48.30.010 and 48.15.080. 91-23-032 (Order R 91-7), § 284-12-090, filed 11/13/91, effective 1/1/92.] Repealed by 09-02-073 (Matter No. R 2008-06), filed 1/6/09, effective 7/1/09. Statutory Authority: RCW 48.02.060, 48.17.005.
284-12-100 Twisting. [Rule filed 12/1/61, effective 12/1/61.] Repealed by Order R-68-1 (part), filed 4/23/68, effective 10/1/68.

(12/22/10)
(4) Disbursements or withdrawals from a separate account shall be made for the following purposes only, and in the manner stated:

(a) For charges imposed by a bank or other financial institution for operation of the separate account;
(b) For payments of premiums, directly to insurers or other producers entitled thereto;
(c) For payments of return premiums, directly to the insureds or other persons entitled thereto;
(d) For payments of commissions and other funds belonging to the separate account's producer, directly to another account maintained by such producer as an operating or business account; and
(e) For transfer of fiduciary funds, directly to another separate premium account which meets the requirements of this section.

(5)(a) The entire premium received (including a surplus lines premium tax if paid by the insured) must be deposited into the separate account. Such funds shall be paid promptly to the insurer or to another producer entitled thereto, in accordance with the terms of any applicable agreement between the parties.

(b) Return premiums received by a producer and the producer's share of any premiums required to be refunded, must be deposited promptly to the separate account. Such funds shall be paid promptly to the insured or person entitled thereto.

(6)(a) Where a producer receives a premium payment in the form of an instrument, such as a check, which is made payable to an insurer, general agent or surplus line broker, the producer may forward such instrument directly to the payee if that can be done without endorsement or alteration. In such a case, the producer's separate account is not involved because the producer has not "received" any funds.

(b) If the producer receives a premium payment in the form of cash or an instrument requiring endorsement by the producer, such premium must be deposited into the producer's separate account, unless the insurer entitled to such funds has established other procedures by written direction to a producer who is its appointed agent, which procedures:

(i) Recognize that such agent is receiving premiums directly on behalf of the insurer; and
(ii) Direct the producer to give adequate receipts on behalf of the insurer; and
(iii) Require deposit of the proceeds into the insurer's own account or elsewhere as permitted by the insurer's direction.

Thus, for example, an insurer may utilize the services of a licensed insurance producer, acting as a "captive agent," in the sale of its insurance and in the operation of its places of business, and directly receive payments intended for it without such payments being deposited into and accounted for through the licensed insurance producer's separate account. In such cases, for purposes of this rule, the insurer, as distinguished from the insurance producer, is actually "receiving" the funds and is immediately responsible therefor.

(c) When a producer receives premiums in the capacity of a surplus line broker, licensed pursuant to chapter 48.15 RCW, after a binder or other written evidence of insurance has been issued to the insured, subject to the express written direction of the insurer involved, such premiums may be removed from the separate account.

(7) The commissioner recognizes the practical problems of accounting for the small amounts of interest involved spread over a large number of insurers and insureds. Therefore, absent any agreement between the producer and the insured or insurer to the contrary, interest earned on the deposits held in the separate account may be retained by the producer and used to offset bank charges, establish reserves, pay return premiums, or for any of the purposes listed in subsection (2) of this section, or the interest may be removed to the operating account.

(8) A producer shall establish and maintain records and an appropriate accounting system for all premiums and return premiums received by the producer, and shall make such records available for inspection by the commissioner during regular business hours upon demand during the five years immediately after the date of the transaction.

(9) The accounting system used must effectively isolate the separate account from any operating accounts. All record-keeping systems, whether manual or electronic must provide an audit trail so that details underlying the summary data, such as invoices, checks, and statements, may be identified and made available on request. Such a system must provide the means to trace any transaction back to its original source or forward to final entry, such as is accomplished by a conventional double-entry bookkeeping system. When automatic data processing systems are used, a description of the system must be available for review by the commissioner. A balance forward system (as in an ordinary checking account) is not acceptable.

(10)(a) A producer that is a business entity may utilize one separate account for the funds received by its affiliated persons operating under its license, and such affiliated persons may deposit the funds they receive in such capacity directly into the separate account of their firm or corporation.

(b) Funds received by an insurance producer who is employed by and offices with another insurance producer may be deposited into and accounted for through the separate account of the employing insurance producer. This provision does not, however, authorize the insurance producer employee to represent an insurer as to which he or she has no appointment.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 48.02.060 (3)(a) and 48.17.010(5). 11-01-159 (Matter No. R 2010-09), § 284-12-080, filed 12/22/10, effective 1/22/11. Statutory Authority: RCW 48.02.060, 48.30.010, 48.17.480 and 48.17.600. 90-04-042 (Order R 90-2), § 284-12-080, filed 1/31/90, effective 3/3/90. Statutory Authority: RCW 48.02.060 (3)(a) and 48.30.010(2), 88-17-117 (Order R 88-8), § 284-12-080, filed 8/24/88; 87-03-055 (Order R 87-1), § 284-12-080, filed 1/21/87.]

WAC 284-12-095 Unfair practice with respect to use of insurance producer defined. It is an unfair or deceptive practice and an unfair method of competition pursuant to RCW 48.30.010 for an authorized insurer to cancel or refuse to renew any insurance policy because its contract or arrangement with an appointed or a nonappointed insurance producer through whom such policy was written has been terminated.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 48.02.060 (3)(a) and 48.17.010(5). 11-01-159 (Matter No. R 2010-09), § 284-12-095, filed 12/22/10, effective 1/22/11.]

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WAC 284-12-110 Identification of an insurance producer to a prospective insured. It shall be an unfair practice for an insurance producer initiating a sales presentation away from his or her office to fail to inform the prospective purchaser, prior to commencing the sales presentation, that the insurance producer is acting as an insurance producer, and to fail thereafter to inform the prospective purchaser of the full name of the insurance company whose product the insurance producer offers to the buyer. This rule shall apply to all lines of insurance and to all coverage solicited in this state including coverage under a group policy delivered in another state, whether or not membership in the group is also being solicited.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 48.02.060 (3)(a) and 48.17.010(5). 11-01-159 (Order R 93-13), § 284-12-210, filed 12/22/10, effective 1/22/11.]

MANAGING GENERAL AGENTS

WAC 284-12-200 Operating in this state. A managing general agent is "operating in this state" for purposes of the Managing General Agents Act (chapter 48. — RCW, sections 34-42, chapter 462, Laws of 1993) ("the act") section 38(5), chapter 462, Laws of 1993, if he or she does in Washington any act for which a license is required by the act or chapter 48.17, or does in Washington any activities listed in section 35 (3)(a)(i) or (ii), chapter 462, Laws of 1993.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 48.02.060 and 48.17.010(5). 11-01-159 (Order R 93-13), § 284-12-210, filed 12/22/10, effective 1/22/11.


[Statutory Authority: RCW 48.02.060 and 1993 c 462 § 41. 93-19-009 (Order R 93-13), § 284-12-200, filed 9/1/93, effective 10/2/93.]

WAC 284-12-220 Licensed in this state. A person is licensed in this state for purposes of RCW 48.98.010 (1) and (2), if the person holds a resident or nonresident insurance producer's license issued by the commissioner.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 48.02.060 (3)(a) and 48.17.010(5). 11-01-159 (Order R 93-13), § 284-12-220, filed 12/22/10, effective 1/22/11.]

WAC 284-12-230 Notification of appointment. When notifying the commissioner of the appointment of a managing general agent under section 38(5), chapter 462, Laws of 1993, in addition to the information specified there, the insurer shall include the following information about the appointee:

1. Current address;
2. Other addresses in the past five years;
3. What licenses are held, and which states issued them;
4. Whether any license has ever been revoked, suspended, or not renewed, and whether any disciplinary action

has ever been taken or is now being considered by an insurance regulatory official or officer, and if so, give details.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 48.02.060 and 1993 c 462 § 41. 93-19-009 (Order R 93-13), § 284-12-230, filed 9/1/93, effective 10/2/93.]

WAC 284-12-250 Employee. Whether a person is an "employee" of the insurer for purposes of section 35 (3)(b)(i), chapter 462, Laws of 1993, depends on the facts and is not controlled by a mere labelling of the person as an employee in an agreement.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 48.02.060 and 1993 c 462 § 41. 93-19-009 (Order R 93-13), § 284-12-250, filed 9/1/93, effective 10/2/93.]

WAC 284-12-260 Form of financial statements. The independent audited financial statements required by section 38(1), chapter 462, Laws of 1993, shall be in such a form that they clearly show the results of operations, and the assets, liabilities, and equity of the managing general agent, and the income and expense attributable to acting as managing general agent for the insurer. Nothing in the act or this regulation (WAC 284-12-200 through 284-12-260) prevents the insurer from requiring additional information, more detail, or a specified format so long as that specified format at least meets the requirements of this section.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 48.02.060 and 1993 c 462 § 41. 93-19-009 (Order R 93-13), § 284-12-260, filed 9/1/93, effective 10/2/93.]

WAC 284-12-270 Expiration and renewal of appointments. Appointments of managing general agents shall be for two years. They expire unless timely renewed. They expire on the same date that insurance producer appointments for the same insurer expire under WAC 284-17-410.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 48.02.060 (3)(a) and 48.17.010(5). 11-01-159 (Order R 93-13), § 284-12-270, filed 12/22/10, effective 1/22/11.]

WAC 284-12-280 Claim thresholds. The claim threshold under sections 35 (3)(a)(i) and 37 (7)(b)(i) and (v), chapter 462, Laws of 1993, is twenty thousand dollars.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 48.02.060 and 1993 c 462 § 41. 93-19-009 (Order R 93-13), § 284-12-280, filed 9/1/93, effective 10/2/93.]

(12/22/10)