

2 **ESHB 2876** - S COMM AMD

3 By Committee on Governmental Operations

4

5 Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the  
6 following:

7 "Sec. 1. RCW 42.17.020 and 1991 sp.s. c 18 s 1 are each amended to  
8 read as follows:

9 (1) "Agency" includes all state agencies and all local agencies.  
10 "State agency" includes every state office, department, division,  
11 bureau, board, commission, or other state agency. "Local agency"  
12 includes every county, city, town, municipal corporation, quasi-  
13 municipal corporation, or special purpose district, or any office,  
14 department, division, bureau, board, commission, or agency thereof, or  
15 other local public agency.

16 (2) "Ballot proposition" means any "measure" as defined by RCW  
17 29.01.110, or any initiative, recall, or referendum proposition  
18 proposed to be submitted to the voters of the state or any municipal  
19 corporation, political subdivision, or other voting constituency from  
20 and after the time when the proposition has been initially filed with  
21 the appropriate election officer of that constituency prior to its  
22 circulation for signatures.

23 (3) "Depository" means a bank designated by a candidate or  
24 political committee pursuant to RCW 42.17.050.

25 (4) "Treasurer" and "deputy treasurer" mean the individuals  
26 appointed by a candidate or political committee, pursuant to RCW  
27 42.17.050, to perform the duties specified in that section.

1 (5) "Candidate" means any individual who seeks election to public  
2 office. An individual shall be deemed to seek election when he first:

3 (a) Receives contributions or makes expenditures or reserves space  
4 or facilities with intent to promote his candidacy for office; or

5 (b) Announces publicly or files for office.

6 (6) "Commercial advertiser" means any person who sells the service  
7 of communicating messages or producing printed material for broadcast  
8 or distribution to the general public or segments of the general public  
9 whether through the use of newspapers, magazines, television and radio  
10 stations, billboard companies, direct mail advertising companies,  
11 printing companies, or otherwise.

12 (7) "Commission" means the agency established under RCW 42.17.350.

13 (8) "Compensation" unless the context requires a narrower meaning,  
14 includes payment in any form for real or personal property or services  
15 of any kind: PROVIDED, That for the purpose of compliance with RCW  
16 42.17.241, the term "compensation" shall not include per diem  
17 allowances or other payments made by a governmental entity to reimburse  
18 a public official for expenses incurred while the official is engaged  
19 in the official business of the governmental entity.

20 (9) "Continuing political committee" means a political committee  
21 that is an organization of continuing existence not established in  
22 anticipation of any particular election campaign.

23 (10) "Contribution" includes a loan, gift, deposit, subscription,  
24 forgiveness of indebtedness, donation, advance, pledge, payment,  
25 transfer of funds between political committees, or transfer of anything  
26 of value, including personal and professional services for less than  
27 full consideration, but does not include interest on moneys deposited  
28 in a political committee's account, ordinary home hospitality and the  
29 rendering of personal services of the sort commonly performed by  
30 volunteer campaign workers, or incidental expenses personally incurred

1 by volunteer campaign workers not in excess of fifty dollars personally  
2 paid for by the worker. Volunteer services, for the purposes of this  
3 chapter, means services or labor for which the individual is not  
4 compensated by any person. For the purposes of this chapter,  
5 contributions other than money or its equivalents shall be deemed to  
6 have a money value equivalent to the fair market value of the  
7 contribution. Sums paid for tickets to fund-raising events such as  
8 dinners and parties are contributions; however, the amount of any such  
9 contribution may be reduced for the purpose of complying with the  
10 reporting requirements of this chapter, by the actual cost of  
11 consumables furnished in connection with the purchase of the tickets,  
12 and only the excess over the actual cost of the consumables shall be  
13 deemed a contribution.

14 (11) "Elected official" means any person elected at a general or  
15 special election to any public office, and any person appointed to fill  
16 a vacancy in any such office.

17 (12) "Election" includes any primary, general, or special election  
18 for public office and any election in which a ballot proposition is  
19 submitted to the voters: PROVIDED, That an election in which the  
20 qualifications for voting include other than those requirements set  
21 forth in Article VI, section 1 (Amendment 63) of the Constitution of  
22 the state of Washington shall not be considered an election for  
23 purposes of this chapter.

24 (13) "Election campaign" means any campaign in support of or in  
25 opposition to a candidate for election to public office and any  
26 campaign in support of, or in opposition to, a ballot proposition.

27 (14) "Expenditure" includes a payment, contribution, subscription,  
28 distribution, loan, advance, deposit, or gift of money or anything of  
29 value, and includes a contract, promise, or agreement, whether or not  
30 legally enforceable, to make an expenditure. The term "expenditure"

1 also includes a promise to pay, a payment, or a transfer of anything of  
2 value in exchange for goods, services, property, facilities, or  
3 anything of value for the purpose of assisting, benefiting, or honoring  
4 any public official or candidate, or assisting in furthering or  
5 opposing any election campaign. For the purposes of this chapter,  
6 agreements to make expenditures, contracts, and promises to pay may be  
7 reported as estimated obligations until actual payment is made. The  
8 term "expenditure" shall not include the partial or complete repayment  
9 by a candidate or political committee of the principal of a loan, the  
10 receipt of which loan has been properly reported.

11 (15) "Final report" means the report described as a final report in  
12 RCW 42.17.080(2).

13 (16) "Gift," for the purposes of RCW 42.17.170 and 42.17.2415,  
14 means a rendering of anything of value in return for which reasonable  
15 consideration is not given and received and includes a rendering of  
16 money, property, services, discount, loan forgiveness, payment of  
17 indebtedness, or reimbursements from or payments by persons (other than  
18 the federal government, or the state of Washington or any agency or  
19 political subdivision thereof) for travel or anything else of value.  
20 The term "reasonable consideration" refers to the approximate range of  
21 consideration that exists in transactions not involving donative  
22 intent. However, the value of the gift of partaking in a single hosted  
23 reception shall be determined by dividing the total amount of the cost  
24 of conducting the reception by the total number of persons partaking in  
25 the reception. "Gift" for the purposes of RCW 42.17.170 and 42.17.2415  
26 does not include:

27 (a) A gift, other than a gift of partaking in a hosted reception,  
28 with a value of fifty dollars or less;

29 (b) The gift of partaking in a hosted reception if the value of the  
30 gift is one hundred dollars or less;

1 (c) A contribution that is required to be reported under RCW  
2 42.17.090 or 42.17.243;

3 (d) Informational material that is transferred for the purpose of  
4 informing the recipient about matters pertaining to official business  
5 of the governmental entity of which the recipient is an official or  
6 officer, and that is not intended to confer on that recipient any  
7 commercial, proprietary, financial, economic, or monetary advantage, or  
8 the avoidance of any commercial, proprietary, financial, economic, or  
9 monetary disadvantage;

10 (e) A gift that is not used and that, within thirty days after  
11 receipt, is returned to the donor or delivered to a charitable  
12 organization. However, this exclusion from the definition does not  
13 apply if the recipient of the gift delivers the gift to a charitable  
14 organization and claims the delivery as a charitable contribution for  
15 tax purposes;

16 (f) A gift given under circumstances where it is clear beyond any  
17 doubt that the gift was not made as part of any design to gain or  
18 maintain influence in the governmental entity of which the recipient is  
19 an officer or official or with respect to any legislative matter or  
20 matters of that governmental entity; or

21 (g) A gift given prior to September 29, 1991.

22 (17) "Immediate family" includes the spouse, dependent children,  
23 and other dependent relatives, if living in the household.

24 (18) "Legislation" means bills, resolutions, motions, amendments,  
25 nominations, and other matters pending or proposed in either house of  
26 the state legislature, and includes any other matter that may be the  
27 subject of action by either house or any committee of the legislature  
28 and all bills and resolutions that, having passed both houses, are  
29 pending approval by the governor.

1 (19) "Lobby" and "lobbying" each mean attempting to influence the  
2 passage or defeat of any legislation by the legislature of the state of  
3 Washington, or the adoption or rejection of any rule, standard, rate,  
4 or other legislative enactment of any state agency under the state  
5 Administrative Procedure Act, chapter 34.05 RCW. Neither "lobby" nor  
6 "lobbying" includes an association's or other organization's act of  
7 communicating with the members of that association or organization.

8 (20) "Lobbyist" includes any person who lobbies either in his own  
9 or another's behalf.

10 (21) "Lobbyist's employer" means the person or persons by whom a  
11 lobbyist is employed and all persons by whom he is compensated for  
12 acting as a lobbyist.

13 (22) "Person" includes an individual, partnership, joint venture,  
14 public or private corporation, association, federal, state, or local  
15 governmental entity or agency however constituted, candidate,  
16 committee, political committee, political party, executive committee  
17 thereof, or any other organization or group of persons, however  
18 organized.

19 (23) "Person in interest" means the person who is the subject of a  
20 record or any representative designated by that person, except that if  
21 that person is under a legal disability, the term "person in interest"  
22 means and includes the parent or duly appointed legal representative.

23 (24) "Political advertising" includes any advertising displays,  
24 newspaper ads, billboards, signs, brochures, articles, tabloids,  
25 flyers, letters, radio or television presentations, or other means of  
26 mass communication, used for the purpose of appealing, directly or  
27 indirectly, for votes or for financial or other support in any election  
28 campaign.

29 (25) "Political committee" means any person (except a candidate or  
30 an individual dealing with his own funds or property) having the

1 expectation of receiving contributions or making expenditures in  
2 support of, or opposition to, any candidate or any ballot proposition.

3 (26) "Public office" means any federal, state, county, city, town,  
4 school district, port district, special district, or other state  
5 political subdivision elective office.

6 (27) "Public record" includes any writing containing information  
7 relating to the conduct of government or the performance of any  
8 governmental or proprietary function prepared, owned, used, or retained  
9 by any state or local agency regardless of physical form or  
10 characteristics.

11 (28) "Surplus funds" mean, in the case of a political committee or  
12 candidate, the balance of contributions that remain in the possession  
13 or control of that committee or candidate subsequent to the election  
14 for which the contributions were received, and that are in excess of  
15 the amount necessary to pay remaining debts incurred by the committee  
16 or candidate prior to that election. In the case of a continuing  
17 political committee, "surplus funds" mean those contributions remaining  
18 in the possession or control of the committee that are in excess of the  
19 amount necessary to pay all remaining debts when it makes its final  
20 report under RCW 42.17.065.

21 (29) "Writing" means handwriting, typewriting, printing,  
22 photostating, photographing, and every other means of recording any  
23 form of communication or representation, including, but not limited to,  
24 letters, words, pictures, sounds, or symbols, or combination thereof,  
25 and all papers, maps, magnetic or paper tapes, photographic films and  
26 prints, motion picture, film and video recordings, magnetic or punched  
27 cards, discs, drums, diskettes, sound recordings, and other documents  
28 including existing data compilations from which information may be  
29 obtained or translated.

1 As used in this chapter, the singular shall take the plural and any  
2 gender, the other, as the context requires."

3 "NEW SECTION. **Sec. 2.** A new section is added to chapter 42.17 RCW  
4 under the subchapter heading "public records" to read as follows:

5 The people of this state do not yield their sovereignty to the  
6 agencies that serve them. The people, in delegating authority, do not  
7 give their public servants the right to decide what is good for the  
8 people to know and what is not good for them to know. The people  
9 insist on remaining informed so that they may maintain control over the  
10 instruments that they have created. The public records subdivision of  
11 this chapter shall be liberally construed and its exemptions narrowly  
12 construed to promote this public policy."

13 "**Sec. 3.** RCW 42.17.260 and 1989 c 175 s 36 are each amended to  
14 read as follows:

15 (1) Each agency, in accordance with published rules, shall make  
16 available for public inspection and copying all public records, unless  
17 the record falls within the specific exemptions of subsection ~~((+5))~~  
18 (6) of this section, RCW 42.17.310, 42.17.315, or other statute which  
19 exempts or prohibits disclosure of specific information or records. To  
20 the extent required to prevent an unreasonable invasion of personal  
21 privacy interests protected by RCW 42.17.310 and 42.17.315, an agency  
22 shall delete identifying details in a manner consistent with RCW  
23 42.17.310 and 42.17.315 when it makes available or publishes any public  
24 record; however, in each case, the justification for the deletion shall  
25 be explained fully in writing.

26 (2) For informational purposes, each agency shall publish and  
27 maintain a current list containing every law, other than those listed  
28 in this chapter, that the agency believes exempts or prohibits

1 disclosure of specific information or records of the agency. An  
2 agency's failure to list an exemption shall not affect the efficacy of  
3 any exemption.

4 (3) Each local agency shall maintain and make available for public  
5 inspection and copying a current index providing identifying  
6 information as to the following records issued, adopted, or promulgated  
7 after January 1, 1973:

8 (a) Final opinions, including concurring and dissenting opinions,  
9 as well as orders, made in the adjudication of cases;

10 (b) Those statements of policy and interpretations of policy,  
11 statute, and the Constitution which have been adopted by the agency;

12 (c) Administrative staff manuals and instructions to staff that  
13 affect a member of the public;

14 (d) Planning policies and goals, and interim and final planning  
15 decisions;

16 (e) Factual staff reports and studies, factual consultant's reports  
17 and studies, scientific reports and studies, and any other factual  
18 information derived from tests, studies, reports, or surveys, whether  
19 conducted by public employees or others; and

20 (f) Correspondence, and materials referred to therein, by and with  
21 the agency relating to any regulatory, supervisory, or enforcement  
22 responsibilities of the agency, whereby the agency determines, or  
23 opines upon, or is asked to determine or opine upon, the rights of the  
24 state, the public, a subdivision of state government, or of any private  
25 party.

26 ((+3)) (4) A local agency need not maintain such an index, if to  
27 do so would be unduly burdensome, but it shall in that event:

28 (a) Issue and publish a formal order specifying the reasons why and  
29 the extent to which compliance would unduly burden or interfere with  
30 agency operations; and

1 (b) Make available for public inspection and copying all indexes  
2 maintained for agency use.

3 (~~(4) By July 1, 1990,~~) (5) Each state agency shall, by rule,  
4 establish and implement a system of indexing for the identification and  
5 location of the following records:

6 (a) All records issued before July 1, 1990, for which the agency  
7 has maintained an index;

8 (b) Final orders entered after June 30, 1990, that are issued in  
9 adjudicative proceedings as defined in RCW 34.05.010(1) and that  
10 contain an analysis or decision of substantial importance to the agency  
11 in carrying out its duties;

12 (c) Declaratory orders entered after June 30, 1990, that are issued  
13 pursuant to RCW 34.05.240 and that contain an analysis or decision of  
14 substantial importance to the agency in carrying out its duties;

15 (d) Interpretive statements as defined in RCW 34.05.010(8) that  
16 were entered after June 30, 1990; and

17 (e) Policy statements as defined in RCW 34.05.010(14) that were  
18 entered after June 30, 1990.

19 Rules establishing systems of indexing shall include, but not be  
20 limited to, requirements for the form and content of the index, its  
21 location and availability to the public, and the schedule for revising  
22 or updating the index. State agencies that have maintained indexes for  
23 records issued before July 1, 1990, shall continue to make such indexes  
24 available for public inspection and copying. Information in such  
25 indexes may be incorporated into indexes prepared pursuant to this  
26 subsection. State agencies may satisfy the requirements of this  
27 subsection by making available to the public indexes prepared by other  
28 parties but actually used by the agency in its operations. State  
29 agencies shall make indexes available for public inspection and

1 copying. State agencies may charge a fee to cover the actual costs of  
2 providing individual mailed copies of indexes.

3 ~~((+5+))~~ (6) A public record may be relied on, used, or cited as  
4 precedent by an agency against a party other than an agency and it may  
5 be invoked by the agency for any other purpose only if--

6 (a) It has been indexed in an index available to the public; or

7 (b) Parties affected have timely notice (actual or constructive) of  
8 the terms thereof.

9 ~~((+6+))~~ (7) This chapter shall not be construed as giving authority  
10 to any agency to give, sell or provide access to lists of individuals  
11 requested for commercial purposes, and agencies shall not do so unless  
12 specifically authorized or directed by law: PROVIDED, HOWEVER, That  
13 lists of applicants for professional licenses and of professional  
14 licensees shall be made available to those professional associations or  
15 educational organizations recognized by their professional licensing or  
16 examination board, upon payment of a reasonable charge therefor:  
17 PROVIDED FURTHER, That such recognition may be refused only for a good  
18 cause pursuant to a hearing under the provisions of chapter 34.05 RCW,  
19 the Administrative Procedure Act."

20 "Sec. 4. RCW 42.17.290 and 1975 1st ex.s. c 294 s 16 are each  
21 amended to read as follows:

22 Agencies shall adopt and enforce reasonable rules and regulations,  
23 consonant with the intent of this chapter to provide full public access  
24 to public records, to protect public records from damage or  
25 disorganization, and to prevent excessive interference with other  
26 essential functions of the agency. Such rules and regulations shall  
27 provide for the fullest assistance to inquirers and the most timely  
28 possible action on requests for information. Nothing in this section

1 shall relieve agencies from honoring requests received by mail for  
2 copies of identifiable public records.

3 If a public record request is made at a time when such record  
4 exists but is scheduled for destruction in the near future, the agency  
5 shall retain possession of the record, and may not destroy or erase the  
6 record until the request is resolved."

7 "Sec. 5. RCW 42.17.310 and 1991 c 301 s 13, 1991 c 87 s 13, and  
8 1991 c 23 s 10 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

9 (1) The following are exempt from public inspection and copying:

10 (a) Personal information in any files maintained for students in  
11 public schools, patients or clients of public institutions or public  
12 health agencies, or welfare recipients.

13 (b) Personal information in files maintained for employees,  
14 appointees, or elected officials of any public agency to the extent  
15 that disclosure would violate their right to privacy.

16 (c) Information required of any taxpayer in connection with the  
17 assessment or collection of any tax if the disclosure of the  
18 information to other persons would (i) be prohibited to such persons by  
19 RCW 82.32.330 or (ii) violate the taxpayer's right to privacy or result  
20 in unfair competitive disadvantage to the taxpayer.

21 (d) Specific intelligence information and specific investigative  
22 records compiled by investigative, law enforcement, and penology  
23 agencies, and state agencies vested with the responsibility to  
24 discipline members of any profession, the nondisclosure of which is  
25 essential to effective law enforcement or for the protection of any  
26 person's right to privacy.

27 (e) Information revealing the identity of persons who are witnesses  
28 to or victims of crime or who file complaints with investigative, law  
29 enforcement, or penology agencies, other than the public disclosure

1 commission, if disclosure would endanger any person's life, physical  
2 safety, or property. If at the time ((the)) a complaint is filed the  
3 complainant, victim or witness indicates a desire for disclosure or  
4 nondisclosure, such desire shall govern. However, all complaints filed  
5 with the public disclosure commission about any elected official or  
6 candidate for public office must be made in writing and signed by the  
7 complainant under oath.

8 (f) Test questions, scoring keys, and other examination data used  
9 to administer a license, employment, or academic examination.

10 (g) Except as provided by chapter 8.26 RCW, the contents of real  
11 estate appraisals, made for or by any agency relative to the  
12 acquisition or sale of property, until the project or prospective sale  
13 is abandoned or until such time as all of the property has been  
14 acquired or the property to which the sale appraisal relates is sold,  
15 but in no event shall disclosure be denied for more than three years  
16 after the appraisal.

17 (h) Valuable formulae, designs, drawings, and research data  
18 obtained by any agency within five years of the request for disclosure  
19 when disclosure would produce private gain and public loss.

20 (i) Preliminary drafts, notes, recommendations, and intra-agency  
21 memorandums in which opinions are expressed or policies formulated or  
22 recommended except that a specific record shall not be exempt when  
23 publicly cited by an agency in connection with any agency action.

24 (j) Records which are relevant to a controversy to which an agency  
25 is a party but which records would not be available to another party  
26 under the rules of pretrial discovery for causes pending in the  
27 superior courts.

28 (k) Records, maps, or other information identifying the location of  
29 archaeological sites in order to avoid the looting or depredation of  
30 such sites.

1 (l) Any library record, the primary purpose of which is to maintain  
2 control of library materials, or to gain access to information, which  
3 discloses or could be used to disclose the identity of a library user.

4 (m) Financial information supplied by or on behalf of a person,  
5 firm, or corporation for the purpose of qualifying to submit a bid or  
6 proposal for (a) a ferry system construction or repair contract as  
7 required by RCW 47.60.680 through 47.60.750 or (b) highway construction  
8 or improvement as required by RCW 47.28.070.

9 (n) Railroad company contracts filed prior to July 28, 1991, with  
10 the utilities and transportation commission under RCW 81.34.070, except  
11 that the summaries of the contracts are open to public inspection and  
12 copying as otherwise provided by this chapter.

13 (o) Financial and commercial information and records supplied by  
14 private persons pertaining to export services provided pursuant to  
15 chapter 43.163 RCW and chapter 53.31 RCW.

16 (p) Financial disclosures filed by private vocational schools under  
17 chapter 28C.10 RCW.

18 (q) Records filed with the utilities and transportation commission  
19 or attorney general under RCW 80.04.095 that a court has determined are  
20 confidential under RCW 80.04.095.

21 (r) Financial and commercial information and records supplied by  
22 businesses during application for loans or program services provided by  
23 chapter 43.163 RCW and chapters 43.31, 43.63A, and 43.168 RCW.

24 (s) Membership lists or lists of members or owners of interests of  
25 units in timeshare projects, subdivisions, camping resorts,  
26 condominiums, land developments, or common-interest communities  
27 affiliated with such projects, regulated by the department of  
28 licensing, in the files or possession of the department.

1 (t) All applications for public employment, including the names of  
2 applicants, resumes, and other related materials submitted with respect  
3 to an applicant.

4 (u) The residential addresses and residential telephone numbers of  
5 employees or volunteers of a public agency which are held by the agency  
6 in personnel records, employment or volunteer rosters, or mailing lists  
7 of employees or volunteers.

8 (v) The residential addresses and residential telephone numbers of  
9 the customers of a public utility contained in the records or lists  
10 held by the public utility of which they are customers.

11 (w) Information obtained by the board of pharmacy as provided in  
12 RCW 69.45.090.

13 (x) Information obtained by the board of pharmacy or the department  
14 of health and its representatives as provided in RCW 69.41.044,  
15 69.41.280, and 18.64.420.

16 (y) Financial information, business plans, examination reports, and  
17 any information produced or obtained in evaluating or examining a  
18 business and industrial development corporation organized or seeking  
19 certification under chapter 31.24 RCW.

20 (z) Financial and commercial information supplied to the state  
21 investment board by any person when the information relates to the  
22 investment of public trust or retirement funds and when disclosure  
23 would result in loss to such funds or in private loss to the providers  
24 of this information.

25 (aa) Financial and valuable trade information under RCW 51.36.120.

26 (bb) Client records maintained by an agency that is a domestic  
27 violence program as defined in RCW 70.123.020 or a rape crisis center  
28 as defined in RCW 70.125.030.

29 (cc) Information that identifies a person who, while an agency  
30 employee: (i) Seeks advice, under an informal process established by

1 the employing agency, in order to ascertain his or her rights in  
2 connection with a possible unfair practice under chapter 49.60 RCW  
3 against the person; and (ii) requests his or her identity or any  
4 identifying information not be disclosed.

5 (2) Except for information described in subsection (1)(c)(i) of  
6 this section and confidential income data exempted from public  
7 inspection pursuant to RCW 84.40.020, the exemptions of this section  
8 are inapplicable to the extent that information, the disclosure of  
9 which would violate personal privacy or vital governmental interests,  
10 can be deleted from the specific records sought. No exemption may be  
11 construed to permit the nondisclosure of statistical information not  
12 descriptive of any readily identifiable person or persons.

13 (3) Inspection or copying of any specific records exempt under the  
14 provisions of this section may be permitted if the superior court in  
15 the county in which the record is maintained finds, after a hearing  
16 with notice thereof to every person in interest and the agency, that  
17 the exemption of such records is clearly unnecessary to protect any  
18 individual's right of privacy or any vital governmental function.

19 (4) Agency responses refusing, in whole or in part, inspection of  
20 any public record shall include a statement of the specific exemption  
21 authorizing the withholding of the record (or part) and a brief  
22 explanation of how the exemption applies to the record withheld."

23 "Sec. 6. RCW 42.17.320 and 1975 1st ex.s. c 294 s 18 are each  
24 amended to read as follows:

25 Responses to requests for public records shall be made promptly by  
26 agencies. Within five business days of receiving a public record  
27 request, an agency must respond by either (1) providing the record; (2)  
28 acknowledging that the agency has received the request and providing a  
29 reasonable estimate of the time the agency will require to respond to

1 the request; or (3) denying the public record request. Additional time  
2 required to respond to a request may be based upon the need to clarify  
3 the intent of the request, to locate and assemble the information  
4 requested, to notify third persons or agencies affected by the request,  
5 or to determine whether any of the information requested is exempt and  
6 that a denial should be made as to all or part of the request. In  
7 acknowledging receipt of a public record request that is unclear, an  
8 agency may ask the requestor to clarify what information the requestor  
9 is seeking. If the requestor fails to clarify the request, the agency  
10 need not respond to it. Denials of requests must be accompanied by a  
11 written statement of the specific reasons therefor. Agencies shall  
12 establish mechanisms for the most prompt possible review of decisions  
13 denying inspection, and such review shall be deemed completed at the  
14 end of the second business day following the denial of inspection and  
15 shall constitute final agency action for the purposes of judicial  
16 review."

17       **"Sec. 7.** RCW 42.17.330 and 1975 1st ex.s. c 294 s 19 are each  
18 amended to read as follows:

19       The examination of any specific public record may be enjoined if,  
20 upon motion and affidavit by an agency or its representative or a  
21 person who is named in the record or to whom the record specifically  
22 pertains, the superior court for the county in which the movant resides  
23 or in which the record is maintained, finds that such examination would  
24 clearly not be in the public interest and would substantially and  
25 irreparably damage any person, or would substantially and irreparably  
26 damage vital governmental functions. An agency has the option of  
27 notifying persons named in the record or to whom a record specifically  
28 pertains, that release of a record has been requested. However, this

1 option does not exist where the agency is required by law to provide  
2 such notice."

3 "Sec. 8. RCW 42.17.340 and 1987 c 403 s 5 are each amended to read  
4 as follows:

5 (1) Upon the motion of any person having been denied an opportunity  
6 to inspect or copy a public record by an agency, the superior court in  
7 the county in which a record is maintained may require the responsible  
8 agency to show cause why it has refused to allow inspection or copying  
9 of a specific public record or class of records. The burden of proof  
10 shall be on the agency to establish that refusal to permit public  
11 inspection and copying is in accordance with a statute that exempts or  
12 prohibits disclosure in whole or in part of specific information or  
13 records.

14 (2) Upon the motion of any person who believes that an agency has  
15 not made a reasonable estimate of the time that the agency requires to  
16 respond to a public record request, the superior court in the county in  
17 which a record is maintained may require the responsible agency to show  
18 that the estimate it provided is reasonable. The burden of proof shall  
19 be on the agency to show that the estimate it provided is reasonable.

20 (3) Judicial review of all agency actions taken or challenged under  
21 RCW 42.17.250 through 42.17.320 shall be de novo. Courts shall take  
22 into account the policy of this chapter that free and open examination  
23 of public records is in the public interest, even though such  
24 examination may cause inconvenience or embarrassment to public  
25 officials or others. Courts may examine any record in camera in any  
26 proceeding brought under this section. The court may conduct a hearing  
27 based solely on affidavits.

28 ((+3+)) (4) Any person who prevails against an agency in any action  
29 in the courts seeking the right to inspect or copy any public record or

1 the right to receive a response to a public record request within a  
2 reasonable amount of time shall be awarded all costs, including  
3 reasonable attorney fees, incurred in connection with such legal  
4 action. In addition, it shall be within the discretion of the court to  
5 award such person an amount not less than five dollars and not to  
6 exceed (~~twenty-five~~) one hundred dollars for each day that he was  
7 denied the right to inspect or copy said public record."

8 "NEW SECTION. Sec. 9. A new section is added to chapter 42.17 RCW  
9 under the subchapter heading "public records" to read as follows:

10 The attorney general's office shall publish, and update when  
11 appropriate, a pamphlet, written in plain language, explaining the  
12 provisions of the public records subdivision of this chapter."

13 "NEW SECTION. Sec. 10. A new section is added to chapter 42.17  
14 RCW under the subchapter heading "public records" to read as follows:

15 Whenever a state agency concludes that a public record is exempt  
16 from disclosure and denies a person opportunity to inspect or copy a  
17 public record for that reason, the person may request the attorney  
18 general to review the matter. The attorney general shall provide the  
19 person with his or her written opinion on whether the record is  
20 exempt."

21 "NEW SECTION. Sec. 11. A new section is added to chapter 42.17  
22 RCW under the subchapter heading "public records" to read as follows:

23 No public agency, public official, public employee, or custodian  
24 shall be liable, nor shall a cause of action exist, for any loss or  
25 damage based upon the release of a public record if the public agency,  
26 public official, public employee, or custodian acted in good faith in  
27 attempting to comply with the provisions of this chapter."

1        "NEW SECTION. Sec. 12.        The legislature finds that electronic  
2 data and electronic records pose a number of challenging public  
3 disclosure questions. Included in these challenging questions are how  
4 to provide public access to electronic records while balancing personal  
5 privacy and vital governmental interests; how to best address requests  
6 for electronic records which require agencies to manipulate data; how  
7 to open electronic records to public inspection; how to calculate  
8 charges for data or products from electronic records, particularly if  
9 that data or product is to be used for a commercial purpose; and how  
10 public agencies and employees should handle the personal privacy issues  
11 associated with electronic mail.

12        The legislature finds that there is a large and growing number of  
13 exemptions of records from public disclosure. The legislature finds  
14 that certain types of information are treated inconsistently under  
15 current disclosure laws. The legislature further finds that there may  
16 be opportunities for consolidation of many individual record exemptions  
17 into fewer, broader exemptions. There is a need to thoroughly review  
18 both the content and organization of such exemptions.

19        The legislature recognizes that there is legal uncertainty  
20 regarding the status of investigative records under the open records  
21 law. It is important that clear statutory direction be provided in  
22 this area to ensure reasonable access to such records while protecting  
23 the integrity of the investigatory process and privacy interests.

24        The legislature also finds that certain entities that may have  
25 substantial impacts on public policy are not covered by the open public  
26 meetings act. Such entities include certain boards, councils,  
27 committees, or other groups of similar nomenclature that serve in an  
28 advisory capacity. To ensure that public agencies comply with the  
29 intent of the open public meetings act, it is important for the

1 legislature to determine which categories of such groups should be  
2 covered by the open public meetings act.

3 The legislature shall investigate special meetings and notice  
4 procedures, emergency meetings, executive sessions and matters that may  
5 be properly addressed in an executive session, publication of and  
6 provision to the public a regular meeting agenda, and penalties related  
7 to failure to comply with open meeting violations.

8 Finally, while the open public meetings act authorizes agencies to  
9 use closed executive sessions to consider certain matters specified in  
10 the act, agencies when in closed executive session are required to  
11 restrict their consideration to those matters. The act's provisions  
12 may need to be amended to prevent or deter public agencies from  
13 considering matters in closed executive session that they are not  
14 entitled to consider.

15 The joint select committee on open government shall examine these  
16 five issues and shall report back to the legislature with any  
17 recommendations for statutory changes by January 1, 1993. In examining  
18 these issues, the committee shall provide ample opportunity for input  
19 from all interested parties."

20 **ESHB 2876** - S COMM AMD

21 By Committee on Governmental Operations

22

23 On page 1, line 1 of the title, after "government;" strike the  
24 remainder of the title and insert "amending RCW 42.17.020, 42.17.260,  
25 42.17.290, 42.17.320, 42.17.330, and 42.17.340; reenacting and amending  
26 RCW 42.17.310; adding new sections to chapter 42.17 RCW; and creating  
27 a new section."