

# FINAL BILL REPORT

## ESHB 1127

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*Synopsis As Enacted*

**Brief Description:** Adding superior court judge positions.

By House Committee on Judiciary (originally sponsored by Representatives Sheldon, Hargrove, Appelwick, Forner, Paris, Vance, Scott, Wineberry, Jacobsen, Chandler, Wood, P. Johnson, Roland, R. Johnson, Haugen, Cantwell, Jones, May, Zellinsky, Brough, Basich, Lisk, Mitchell, Wynne, Miller, Moyer, Brekke and Sprengle).

House Committee on Judiciary  
House Committee on Appropriations  
Senate Committee on Law & Justice  
Senate Committee on Ways & Means

**Background:** The Legislature sets by statute the number of superior court judges in each county. Periodically, the office of the Administrator for the Courts conducts a weighted caseload study to determine the need for additional judges in the various counties.

Retirement system benefits and one-half of the salary of a superior court judge are paid by the state. The other half of the judge's salary and all other costs associated with a judicial position, such as capital and support staff costs, are borne by the county. A statute also requires that the county hire a stenographic court reporter for each superior court judge, although for the last several years new judicial positions have been exempted from this requirement each time they have been created.

**Summary:** The numbers of superior court judges in five counties are increased as follows:

- o King County - from 46 to 58;
- o Grays Harbor County - from two to three;
- o Skagit County - from two to three;
- o Snohomish County - from 11 to 13;
- o Mason County - from one to two.

The 12 new positions in King County may be phased in by the county between July 1, 1991 and July 1, 1995. The new position in Grays Harbor County takes effect January 1, 1992; the new positions in Snohomish County take effect July 1, 1992; and the new positions in Mason County and Skagit County take effect July 1, 1991.

In each county the positions become effective only if the county legislative authority documents its approval of the positions and agrees to pay the county's share of the costs of the new positions.

The new positions, as well as future new positions authorized by the Legislature, are all exempted from the requirement that a stenographic reporter be provided for each judge.

If specific funding for the new judicial positions is not provided for in the state budget, the positions are null and void.

***Votes on Final Passage:***

House	95	0	
Senate	47	0	(Senate amended)
House	96	0	(House concurred)

<b><i>Effective:</i></b>	July 1, 1991	(Sections 1, 3 and 5)
	January 1, 1992	(Section 2)
	July 1, 1992	(Section 4)