

CERTIFICATION OF ENROLLMENT

SENATE BILL 6573

53rd Legislature
1994 Regular Session

Passed by the Senate February 11, 1994
YEAS 43 NAYS 0

President of the Senate

Passed by the House March 4, 1994
YEAS 95 NAYS 0

**Speaker of the
House of Representatives**

Approved

Governor of the State of Washington

CERTIFICATE

I, Marty Brown, Secretary of the Senate of the State of Washington, do hereby certify that the attached is **SENATE BILL 6573** as passed by the Senate and the House of Representatives on the dates hereon set forth.

Secretary

FILED

**Secretary of State
State of Washington**

SENATE BILL 6573

Passed Legislature - 1994 Regular Session

State of Washington 53rd Legislature 1994 Regular Session

By Senators Bauer and Bluechel

Read first time 01/31/94. Referred to Committee on Ways & Means.

1 AN ACT Relating to the impact of taxes on manufacturing; and
2 creating new sections.

3 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

4 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 1.** (1) The legislature finds that:

5 (a) Washington's tax structure as it applies to manufacturers is
6 often cited as a deterrent to economic development;

7 (b) The retail sales tax applies to labor and materials used to
8 construct new manufacturing facilities and to renovate existing
9 facilities. The tax also applies to new and replacement manufacturing
10 equipment and machinery. Because of the broad tax base and because of
11 the high tax rate, the retail sales tax may inhibit the development of
12 new manufacturing businesses and expansion of existing businesses,
13 especially those in capital intensive industries; and

14 (c) The business and occupation tax applies to gross receipts from
15 engaging in business regardless of whether the business is profitable.
16 The tax may be more beneficial to established manufacturers, since it
17 tends to favor high-profit businesses. However, the tax may impose a
18 heavy burden on new manufacturers that may not have reached their

1 maximum level of operating efficiency, have yet to fully develop their
2 markets, and as a result are unprofitable.

3 (2) The intent of this act is to require a study to:

4 (a) Analyze how the current tax structure affects manufacturers;

5 (b) Consider alternative methods of taxing manufacturing
6 investment;

7 (c) Identify the effects of tax incentives for manufacturers; and

8 (d) Recommend to the legislature sales and use tax changes that
9 might result in more equitable taxation of manufacturers while
10 preserving a stable source of revenue for funding public services in
11 the future.

12 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 2.** (1) The department of revenue shall conduct
13 a study of the current state tax structure as it applies to
14 manufacturers. The study shall address but is not limited to the
15 following:

16 (a) What taxes currently apply to manufacturers? What tax
17 incentives are available to manufacturers?

18 (b) How do taxes affect a manufacturer over the various stages of
19 its business cycle? How does the tax treat new manufacturers as
20 compared with established manufacturers?

21 (c) How much does the retail sales tax on construction and
22 acquisition of machinery and equipment add to the cost of capital?

23 (d) How are manufacturers taxed in other states? What tax
24 incentives are available to the manufacturing industry in other states?
25 Does Washington's tax structure place manufacturers at a competitive
26 disadvantage compared with manufacturers in other states?

27 (e) Do tax incentives for manufacturers stimulate economic
28 development? Do tax incentives help overcome disparate treatment
29 between new and established manufacturers? Do tax incentives have an
30 effect in eliminating a competitive disadvantage suffered by in-state
31 as opposed to out-of-state manufacturers?

32 (2) To perform this study, the department shall form an advisory
33 study committee with balanced representation from different segments of
34 government and the manufacturing industries. The advisory committee
35 shall include, but need not be limited to, two members from the house
36 of representatives, two members from the senate, and representatives of
37 both small and large manufacturing businesses. The advisory committee

1 may also include representatives of local government, and tax policy
2 experts from the academic, legal, and business communities.

3 (3) The department of revenue shall provide staff for the purpose
4 of the study.

5 (4) The department of revenue shall present a final report of the
6 findings of the study to the committees of the legislature that deal
7 with revenue matters no later than December 31, 1994.

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