
SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 1909

State of Washington

54th Legislature

1995 Regular Session

By House Committee on Higher Education (originally sponsored by Representatives Carlson, Jacobsen, Goldsmith, Mulliken, Mason, Mastin, Delvin and Blanton)

Read first time 02/16/95.

1 AN ACT Relating to higher education fiscal matters; amending RCW
2 28B.15.005, 28B.15.025, 28B.15.065, 28B.15.041, 28B.15.066, 28B.15.740,
3 28B.50.095, and 28B.80.360; reenacting and amending RCW 28B.15.031 and
4 28B.15.820; adding new sections to chapter 28B.15 RCW; creating new
5 sections; repealing RCW 28B.15.067, 28B.15.076, 28B.15.202, 28B.15.402,
6 and 28B.15.502; providing effective dates; and declaring an emergency.

7 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

8 **PART 1 - TUITION AND FEES**

9 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 101.** A new section is added to chapter 28B.15
10 RCW to read as follows:

11 The legislature finds that Washington faces a challenge of
12 increasingly daunting proportions as the state attempts to preserve
13 enrollment opportunities for current and future students at the state's
14 colleges and universities. The need to expand access is virtually
15 unquestioned. The state's economy is undergoing a fundamental
16 restructuring from one that was heavily dependent on natural resource-
17 based industries to one that is more dependent on emerging
18 technologies, international trade, and entrepreneurial enterprises.

1 Washington residents need additional education and work force training
2 opportunities to be competitive in this new world. Yet, in the twenty
3 years from the middle 1970's to the middle 1990's, higher education's
4 share of the state budget has declined from about twenty-one percent to
5 about ten and one-half percent of the state general fund. During that
6 same era, enrollments in Washington's public baccalaureate institutions
7 have been strictly controlled, and enrollments in community colleges
8 declined for a time. Currently, Washington ranks second to last
9 nationally in the percentage of its citizens who have an opportunity to
10 attend a public baccalaureate college or university in the state. As
11 the children of the baby boom generation mature, high school graduates
12 will increase fifty percent above the numbers of students graduating in
13 1995. The members of the baby boom echo generation will begin applying
14 to college in about 1997. Their numbers are expected to peak in the
15 year 2010. Failure to provide postsecondary education and training
16 opportunities for the members of the baby boom echo generation may well
17 restrict their future earning power and constrict the state's
18 opportunity to compete in a technologically complex world.

19 The legislature intends to preserve enrollment opportunities for
20 current students and create additional opportunities for future
21 students by restructuring the state's tuition and financial aid
22 systems, working with institutions to decrease the amount of time it
23 takes students to obtain a degree, and removing state laws that impede
24 institutional effectiveness.

25 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 102.** A new section is added to chapter 28B.15
26 RCW to read as follows:

27 (1) Tuition fees for full-time students at the state's institutions
28 of higher education for the 1994-95 academic year, other than the
29 summer term, shall be as provided in each of the tuition categories in
30 this subsection.

31 (a) At the University of Washington and Washington State
32 University:

33 (i) For resident undergraduate students and other resident students
34 not enrolled in first professional, graduate, or law programs, two
35 thousand six hundred fifty-eight dollars;

36 (ii) For nonresident undergraduate students and other nonresident
37 students not enrolled in first professional, graduate, or law programs,
38 seven thousand nine hundred fifty dollars;

1 (iii) For resident graduate and law students not enrolled in first
2 professional programs, four thousand three hundred seventeen dollars;
3 (iv) For nonresident graduate and law students not enrolled in
4 first professional programs, eleven thousand one hundred eighty-seven
5 dollars;
6 (v) For resident students enrolled in first professional programs,
7 seven thousand two hundred nine dollars; and
8 (vi) For nonresident students enrolled in first professional
9 programs, eighteen thousand six hundred eighty-four dollars.

10 (b) At the regional universities and The Evergreen State College:
11 (i) For resident undergraduate students and all other resident
12 students not in graduate programs, one thousand nine hundred sixty-six
13 dollars and fifty cents;
14 (ii) For nonresident undergraduate and all other nonresident
15 students not in graduate programs, seven thousand six hundred eighty-
16 four dollars and fifty cents;
17 (iii) For resident graduate students, three thousand three hundred
18 ten dollars and fifty cents; and
19 (iv) For nonresident graduate students, ten thousand six hundred
20 forty-five dollars and fifty cents.

21 (c) At the community colleges:
22 (i) For resident students, one thousand one hundred sixty-five
23 dollars and fifty cents; and
24 (ii) For nonresident students, four thousand nine hundred sixty-
25 three dollars and fifty cents.

26 (2) The governing boards of the colleges and universities may
27 annually increase tuition fees above the rate charged in the 1994-95
28 academic year subject to the following limitations:
29 (a) For resident undergraduate students and other resident students
30 not in first professional, graduate, or law programs, a maximum of ten
31 percent each academic year;
32 (b) For resident first professional, graduate, and law students, a
33 maximum of twenty percent in each tuition category each academic year;
34 (c) For nonresident students, a maximum of thirty percent in each
35 tuition category each academic year;
36 (d) Any percentage increase in tuition fees adopted for resident
37 graduate or law students shall not exceed the percentage increase
38 adopted that year for nonresident graduate or law students at that
39 institution;

1 (e) Any percentage increase in tuition fees adopted for resident
2 first professional students shall not exceed the percentage increase
3 adopted for nonresident first professional students at that
4 institution;

5 (f) Any percentage increase adopted for undergraduate students and
6 other resident students not in first professional, graduate, or law
7 programs shall not exceed the percentage increase adopted for students
8 in any other tuition category at that institution;

9 (g) Any increases approved by community college governing boards
10 are subject to guidelines adopted by the state board for community and
11 technical colleges. In adopting its guidelines, the board shall
12 consider the special needs of individual colleges within the system as
13 well as the system as a whole. The board may permit tuition fees
14 increases to vary among colleges.

15 (3) As used in this section, "tuition category" means the separate
16 tuition categories established in subsection (1) (a) through (c) of
17 this section.

18 (4) The tuition fees established under this chapter shall not apply
19 to high school students enrolling in community colleges under RCW
20 28A.600.300 through 28A.600.400.

21 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 103.** A new section is added to chapter 28B.15
22 RCW to read as follows:

23 Each state university, regional university, and state college may
24 charge a program fee to students enrolled in up to three degree
25 programs. The amount of the fee may differ for each program. The
26 basis for determining the fee may be: Higher than average costs of
27 offering the program, differential tuition rates charged for that type
28 of program at peer institutions, or other unique characteristics
29 associated with the program.

30 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 104.** A new section is added to chapter 28B.15
31 RCW to read as follows:

32 It is the policy of the state of Washington that each state
33 university, regional university, and state college, and the community
34 and technical college system as a whole maintain or improve the
35 percentage that resident students comprised of total budgeted full-time
36 equivalent enrollments during the 1994-95 academic year. It is also
37 the policy of the state of Washington that state general fund support

1 for full-time equivalent students be used for resident students and for
2 only those nonresident students who are within the percentage that
3 nonresident students comprised of the budgeted full-time equivalent
4 enrollment at each institution during the 1994-95 academic year.
5 Additional nonresident students may be included above the budgeted
6 enrollment level, at the option of the institution.

7 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 105.** A new section is added to chapter 28B.15
8 RCW to read as follows:

9 (1) As used in this section, "excess credit" means any credit taken
10 by a resident undergraduate student or a resident student who is not
11 enrolled in a first professional, graduate, or law program and who is
12 attending a state university, regional university, or The Evergreen
13 State College, if the student:

14 (a) Does not meet the requirements of (b) and (c) of this
15 subsection but has accumulated more than one hundred fifteen percent of
16 the number of credits required to complete the student's baccalaureate
17 degree program; or

18 (b) Has an associate degree from a community college and has
19 accumulated more than one hundred twenty-five percent of the number of
20 credits required to complete the student's baccalaureate degree
21 program; or

22 (c) Has accumulated more than forty-five quarter credits or their
23 equivalent at a college or university other than a state university,
24 regional university, or state college, each as defined in RCW
25 28B.10.016 and has accumulated more than one hundred twenty-five
26 percent of the number of credits required to complete the student's
27 baccalaureate degree program.

28 (2)(a) Except as provided in (b) of this subsection, state
29 universities, regional universities, and The Evergreen State College
30 may collect a surcharge from any resident undergraduate student who is
31 enrolled for excess credits. The amount of the surcharge may vary by
32 credit or percentage thresholds, or may be based on special
33 circumstances, each as established by the institution.

34 (b) Students who are required to take continuing education credits
35 as a condition of licensure or state law shall be exempted from the
36 excess credits surcharge for any credits taken as a result of the
37 requirements.

1 (c) With the exception of students who are required to take
2 continuing education credits as a condition of licensure or state law,
3 no state general fund support shall be provided at state universities,
4 regional universities, and The Evergreen State College for resident
5 undergraduate students and other resident students not enrolled in
6 first professional, graduate, or law programs if the students have
7 accumulated more than one hundred fifty percent of the number of
8 credits necessary to complete a baccalaureate degree program.

9 **Sec. 106.** RCW 28B.15.005 and 1977 ex.s. c 169 s 33 are each
10 amended to read as follows:

11 (1) "Colleges and universities" for the purposes of this chapter
12 shall mean Central Washington University at Ellensburg, Eastern
13 Washington University at Cheney, Western Washington University at
14 Bellingham, The Evergreen State College in Thurston county, community
15 colleges as are provided for in chapter 28B.50 RCW, the University of
16 Washington, and Washington State University.

17 (2) "State universities" for the purposes of this chapter shall
18 mean the University of Washington and Washington State University.

19 (3) "Regional universities" for the purposes of this chapter shall
20 mean Central Washington University, Eastern Washington University and
21 Western Washington University.

22 (4) "State college" means The Evergreen State College.

23 (5) "First professional program" means a program leading to one of
24 the following degrees: Doctor of medicine, doctor of dental surgery,
25 or doctor of veterinary medicine.

26 **Sec. 107.** RCW 28B.15.025 and 1985 c 390 s 12 are each amended to
27 read as follows:

28 (1) The term "building fees" means the fees charged students
29 registering at the state's colleges and universities, which fees are to
30 be used as follows: At the University of Washington, solely for the
31 purposes provided in RCW 28B.15.210; at Washington State University,
32 solely for the purposes provided in RCW 28B.15.310; at each of the
33 regional universities and at The Evergreen State College, solely for
34 the purposes provided in RCW 28B.35.370; and at the community colleges,
35 for the purposes provided in RCW 28B.50.320, 28B.50.360 and 28B.50.370.

1 (2) The term "building fees" is a renaming of the "general tuition
2 fee," and shall not be construed to affect otherwise moneys pledged to,
3 or used for bond retirement purposes.

4 (3) Beginning with the 1995-96 academic year and thereafter,
5 building fees for each academic year shall be a percentage of total
6 tuition fees. This percentage shall be calculated by the higher
7 education coordinating board and be based on the actual percentage that
8 the building fees are of total tuition fees in each tuition fees
9 category described in section 102(1) of this act for the 1994-95
10 academic year, rounded up to the nearest half percent.

11 **Sec. 108.** RCW 28B.15.031 and 1993 sp.s. c 18 s 6 and 1993 c 379 s
12 201 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

13 The term "operating fees" as used in this chapter shall include the
14 fees, other than building fees, charged all students registering at the
15 state's colleges and universities but shall not include fees surcharges
16 for excess credits under section 105 of this act, program fees under
17 section 103 of this act, or fees for short courses, self-supporting
18 degree credit programs and courses, marine station work, experimental
19 station work, correspondence or extension courses, and individual
20 instruction and student deposits or rentals, disciplinary and library
21 finances, which colleges and universities shall have the right to impose,
22 laboratory, gymnasium, health, and student activity fees, or fees,
23 charges, rentals, and other income derived from any or all revenue
24 producing lands, buildings and facilities of the colleges or
25 universities heretofore or hereafter acquired, constructed or
26 installed, including but not limited to income from rooms, dormitories,
27 dining rooms, hospitals, infirmaries, housing or student activity
28 buildings, vehicular parking facilities, land, or the appurtenances
29 thereon, or such other special fees as may be established by any
30 college or university board of trustees or regents from time to time.
31 All moneys received as operating fees at any institution of higher
32 education shall be deposited in a local account containing only
33 operating fees revenue and related interest(~~(: PROVIDED, That two and~~
34 ~~one half percent of operating fees shall be retained by the~~
35 ~~institutions, except the technical colleges, for the purposes of)),
36 except as provided in RCW 28B.15.820. Local operating fee accounts
37 shall not be subject to appropriation by the legislature or allotment
38 procedures under chapter 43.88 RCW.~~

1 **Sec. 109.** RCW 28B.15.065 and 1977 ex.s. c 322 s 6 are each amended
2 to read as follows:

3 It is the intent of the legislature that needy students not be
4 deprived of access to higher education due to increases in educational
5 costs or consequent increases in tuition and fees. It is the sense of
6 the legislature that state appropriations for student financial aid be
7 adjusted in an amount which together with funds estimated to be
8 available in the form of basic educational opportunity grants as
9 authorized under Section 411 of the federal Higher Education Act of
10 1965 as now or hereafter amended will equal twenty-four percent of any
11 change in revenue estimated to occur as a result of revisions in
12 tuition and fee levels under the provisions of chapter . . . , Laws of
13 1995 (this ((1977 amendatory)) act).

14 **Sec. 110.** RCW 28B.15.041 and 1985 c 390 s 14 are each amended to
15 read as follows:

16 (1) The term "services and activities fees" as used in this chapter
17 is defined to mean fees, other than tuition fees, charged to all
18 students registering at the state's community colleges, regional
19 universities, The Evergreen State College, and state universities.

20 (2) Services and activities fees shall be used as otherwise
21 provided by law or by rule (~~(or regulation)~~) of the board of trustees
22 or regents of each of the state's community colleges, The Evergreen
23 State College, the regional universities, or the state universities for
24 the express purpose of funding student activities and programs of their
25 particular institution.

26 (3) Student activity fees, student use fees, student building use
27 fees, special student fees, or other similar fees charged to all full
28 time students, or to all students, as the case may be, registering at
29 the state's colleges or universities and pledged for the payment of
30 bonds heretofore or hereafter issued for, or other indebtedness
31 incurred to pay, all or part of the cost of acquiring, constructing or
32 installing any lands, buildings, or facilities of the nature described
33 in RCW 28B.10.300 as now or hereafter amended, shall be included within
34 and deemed to be services and activities fees.

35 (4) The governing boards of each of the colleges and universities
36 shall charge to and collect from each student a services and activities
37 fee. Each governing board may increase the existing fee annually,
38 consistent with budgeting procedures set forth in RCW 28B.15.045, by a

1 percentage increase not to exceed the percentage increase in resident
2 undergraduate tuition fees. The percentage increase shall not apply to
3 that portion of the services and activities fee previously committed to
4 the repayment of bonded debt. The services and activities fee
5 committee provided for in RCW 28B.15.045 may initiate a request to the
6 governing board for a fee increase.

7 (5) Services and activities fees consistent with subsection (4) of
8 this section shall be set by the state board for community and
9 technical colleges for summer school students unless the community
10 college charges fees in accordance with RCW 28B.15.515.

11 **Sec. 111.** RCW 28B.15.066 and 1993 c 379 s 205 are each amended to
12 read as follows:

13 It is the intent of the legislature that:

14 In making appropriations from the state's general fund to
15 institutions of higher education, each appropriation shall conform to
16 the following:

17 (1) The appropriation shall be reduced by the amount of operating
18 fees revenue estimated to be collected from students enrolled at the
19 state-funded enrollment level specified in the omnibus biennial
20 operating appropriations act and the estimated interest on operating
21 fees revenue, minus obligations under RCW 28B.15.820 and 43.99I.040,
22 minus any revenue an institution may have raised by increasing tuition
23 fees rates above the rates in section 102(1) of this act, and minus the
24 amount of waived operating fees authorized under RCW 28B.15.910;

25 (2) The appropriation shall not be reduced by the amount of
26 operating fees revenue collected from students enrolled above the
27 state-funded level, but within the over-enrollment limitations,
28 specified in the omnibus biennial operating appropriations act; ~~((and))~~

29 (3) The general fund state appropriation shall not be reduced by
30 the amount of operating fees revenue collected as a result of waiving
31 less operating fees revenue than the amounts authorized under RCW
32 28B.15.910; and

33 (4) The general fund state appropriation shall not be reduced by
34 the amount of operating fees revenue collected as a result of
35 institution governing board decisions to increase tuition fees above
36 the rates charged during the 1994-95 academic year.

1 of gross authorized operating fees revenue for the other institutions
2 of higher education.

3 (2) In addition to the tuition and fee waivers provided in
4 subsection (1) of this section and subject to the provisions of RCW
5 28B.15.455 (~~and~~), 28B.15.460, and 28B.15.910, a total dollar amount
6 of tuition and fee waivers awarded by any state university, regional
7 university, or state college under this chapter, not to exceed one
8 percent, as calculated in subsection (1) of this section, may be used
9 for the purpose of achieving or maintaining gender equity in
10 intercollegiate athletic programs. At any institution that has an
11 underrepresented gender class in intercollegiate athletics, any such
12 waivers shall be awarded:

13 (a) First, to members of the underrepresented gender class who
14 participate in intercollegiate athletics, where such waivers result in
15 saved or displaced money that can be used for athletic programs for the
16 underrepresented gender class. Such saved or displaced money shall be
17 used for programs for the underrepresented gender class; and

18 (b) Second, (i) to nonmembers of the underrepresented gender class
19 who participate in intercollegiate athletics, where such waivers result
20 in saved or displaced money that can be used for athletic programs for
21 members of the underrepresented gender class. Such saved or displaced
22 money shall be used for programs for the underrepresented gender class;
23 or (ii) to members of the underrepresented gender class who participate
24 in intercollegiate athletics, where such waivers do not result in any
25 saved or displaced money that can be used for athletic programs for
26 members of the underrepresented gender class.

27 **Sec. 202.** RCW 28B.15.820 and 1993 c 385 s 1 and 1993 c 173 s 1 are
28 each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

29 (1) Each institution of higher education, except technical
30 colleges, shall deposit a minimum of two and one-half percent of
31 revenues collected from tuition and services and activities fees in an
32 institutional financial aid fund that is hereby created and which shall
33 be held locally. Moneys in the fund shall be used only for the
34 following purposes: (a) To make guaranteed long-term loans to eligible
35 students as provided in subsections (3) through (8) of this section;
36 (b) to make short-term loans as provided in subsection (9) of this
37 section; or (c) to provide financial aid to needy students as provided
38 in subsection (10) of this section.

1 (2) An "eligible student" for the purposes of subsections (3)
2 through (8) and (10) of this section is a student registered for at
3 least six credit hours or the equivalent, who is eligible for resident
4 tuition and fee rates as defined in RCW 28B.15.012 through 28B.15.013,
5 and who is a "needy student" as defined in RCW 28B.10.802.

6 (3) The amount of the guaranteed long-term loans made under this
7 section shall not exceed the demonstrated financial need of the
8 student. Each institution shall establish loan terms and conditions
9 which shall be consistent with the terms of the guaranteed loan program
10 established by 20 U.S. Code Section 1071 et seq., as now or hereafter
11 amended. All loans made shall be guaranteed by the Washington student
12 loan guaranty association or its successor agency. Institutions are
13 hereby granted full authority to operate as an eligible lender under
14 the guaranteed loan program.

15 (4) Before approving a guaranteed long-term loan, each institution
16 shall analyze the ability of the student to repay the loan based on
17 factors which include, but are not limited to, the student's
18 accumulated total education loan burdens and the employment
19 opportunities and average starting salary characteristics of the
20 student's chosen fields of study. The institution shall counsel the
21 student on the advisability of acquiring additional debt, and on the
22 availability of other forms of financial aid.

23 (5) Each institution is responsible for collection of guaranteed
24 long-term loans made under this section and shall exercise due
25 diligence in such collection, maintaining all necessary records to
26 insure that maximum repayments are made. Institutions shall cooperate
27 with other lenders and the Washington student loan guaranty
28 association, or its successor agency, in the coordinated collection of
29 guaranteed loans, and shall assure that the guarantability of the loans
30 is not violated. Collection and servicing of guaranteed long-term
31 loans under this section shall be performed by entities approved for
32 such servicing by the Washington student loan guaranty association or
33 its successor agency: PROVIDED, That institutions be permitted to
34 perform such servicing if specifically recognized to do so by the
35 Washington student loan guaranty association or its successor agency.
36 Collection and servicing of guaranteed long-term loans made by
37 community colleges under subsection (1) of this section shall be
38 coordinated by the state board for community and technical colleges and
39 shall be conducted under procedures adopted by the state board.

1 (6) Receipts from payment of interest or principal or any other
2 subsidies to which institutions as lenders are entitled, that are paid
3 by or on behalf of borrowers of funds under subsections (3) through (8)
4 of this section, shall be deposited in each institution's financial aid
5 fund and shall be used to cover the costs of making the guaranteed
6 long-term loans under this section and maintaining necessary records
7 and making collections under subsection (5) of this section: PROVIDED,
8 That such costs shall not exceed five percent of aggregate outstanding
9 loan principal. Institutions shall maintain accurate records of such
10 costs, and all receipts beyond those necessary to pay such costs, shall
11 be deposited in the institution's financial aid fund.

12 (7) The governing boards of the state universities, the regional
13 universities, and The Evergreen State College, and the state board for
14 community and technical colleges, on behalf of the community colleges,
15 shall each adopt necessary rules and regulations to implement this
16 section.

17 (8) First priority for any guaranteed long-term loans made under
18 this section shall be directed toward students who would not normally
19 have access to educational loans from private financial institutions in
20 Washington state, and maximum use shall be made of secondary markets in
21 the support of loan consolidation.

22 (9) Short-term loans, not to exceed one year, may be made from the
23 institutional financial aid fund to students enrolled in the
24 institution. No such loan shall be made to any student who is known by
25 the institution to be in default or delinquent in the payment of any
26 outstanding student loan. A short-term loan may be made only if the
27 institution has ample evidence that the student has the capability of
28 repaying the loan within the time frame specified by the institution
29 for repayment.

30 (10) Any moneys deposited in the institutional financial aid fund
31 that are not used in making long-term or short-term loans may be used
32 by the institution for locally-administered financial aid programs for
33 needy students, such as need-based institutional employment programs or
34 need-based tuition and fee scholarship or grant programs. These funds
35 shall be used in addition to and not to replace institutional funds
36 that would otherwise support these locally-administered financial aid
37 programs. First priority in the use of these funds shall be given to
38 needy students who have accumulated excessive educational loan burdens.
39 An excessive educational loan burden is a burden that will be difficult

1 to repay given employment opportunities and average starting salaries
2 in the student's chosen fields of study. Second priority in the use of
3 these funds shall be given to needy single parents, to assist these
4 students with their educational expenses, including expenses associated
5 with child care and transportation.

6 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 203.** It is the intent of the legislature to
7 restructure the state's system of financial aid. Funding levels for
8 the state's system of financial aid are subject to available funds.
9 The restructured financial aid system shall be known as college
10 promise. In designing college promise, the higher education
11 coordinating board shall follow these goals:

12 (1) For all need-based financial aid programs under RCW 28B.10.790
13 through 28B.10.824 and chapters 28B.12 and 28B.101 RCW:

14 (a) Through a mix of federal, state, and other resources:

15 (i) Limit the debt of an undergraduate student to no more than one-
16 half of a student's cost of attendance; and

17 (ii) Provide more self-help opportunities than grant aid to middle-
18 income students, and approximately equal amounts of self-help
19 opportunities and grant aid to low-income and lower middle-income
20 students. Self-help opportunities include work-study and loans;

21 (b) In determining eligibility for state financial aid programs,
22 shelter home equity on a family's principal place of residence, and
23 shelter a reasonable portion of savings and farm or business net worth,
24 each insofar as is permissible under state and federal law;

25 (c) Consistent with federal law, simplify the financial aid
26 application process;

27 (d) Strive to preserve a range of educational options for needy
28 students, including choice of institutions and programs;

29 (e) Recognize otherwise unfunded equipment and assistance needed to
30 reasonably accommodate students with disabilities; and

31 (f) Deliver clear and timely information to current and future
32 postsecondary students about the costs of attending college and
33 available financial aid.

34 (2) For the state need grant program under RCW 28B.10.790 through
35 28B.10.824: As funds are available, expand the program to include new
36 populations of resident students in the following priority order,
37 ensuring that undergraduate students with the most demonstrated

1 financial need receive full grants before less needy students receive
2 any grant:

3 (a) Low-income undergraduates;

4 (b) Lower middle-income undergraduates;

5 (c) Middle-income undergraduates; and

6 (d) Resident graduate and professional students, following the
7 income priorities established for undergraduate students.

8 (3) For the state work-study program under chapter 28B.12 RCW:
9 Increase employment opportunities including off-campus job
10 opportunities with off-campus community service employers.

11 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 204.** (1) By January 1, 1997, the higher
12 education coordinating board, in consultation with the house of
13 representatives and senate higher education and fiscal committees, and
14 the institutions of higher education, shall develop a detailed
15 implementation plan for college promise. In preparing the plan, the
16 board shall follow the goals and priorities set forth in section 203 of
17 this act. The plan shall include, but not be limited to:

18 (a) Specific program eligibility measures;

19 (b) Estimates of how many state residents would be eligible for
20 assistance in the state need grant and state work-study programs under
21 the goals adopted in section 203 of this act;

22 (c) Estimates of the costs for each state financial aid program,
23 including the state need grant program under RCW 28B.10.790 through
24 28B.10.824; the state work-study program under chapter 28B.12 RCW; and
25 the educational opportunity grant program under chapter 28B.101 RCW to
26 accommodate any new aid applicants estimated under (b) of this
27 subsection, as offset by nonstate sources of aid.

28 (2) The plan shall be deemed approved on June 30, 1997, unless
29 legislation is enacted to alter the policies set forth in the plan.
30 The board shall also propose to the legislature any changes to the laws
31 governing state financial aid programs that it deems necessary to
32 accomplish the purposes of college promise.

33 **PART 3 - MISCELLANEOUS**

34 **Sec. 301.** RCW 28B.50.095 and 1991 c 238 s 36 are each amended to
35 read as follows:

1 In addition to other powers and duties, the college board may issue
2 rules (~~and regulations~~) permitting a student to register at more than
3 one community and technical college, provided that such student shall
4 pay tuition and fees as if the student were registered at a single
5 college, but not to exceed tuition and fees charged a full-time student
6 as established (~~by RCW 28B.15.502~~) under chapter 28B.15 RCW.

7 **Sec. 302.** RCW 28B.80.360 and 1990 c 33 s 561 are each amended to
8 read as follows:

9 The board shall perform the following administrative
10 responsibilities:

11 (1) Administer the programs set forth in the following statutes:
12 RCW 28A.600.100 through 28A.600.150 (Washington scholars); chapter
13 28B.04 RCW (displaced homemakers); chapter 28B.85 RCW (degree-granting
14 institutions); RCW 28B.10.210 through 28B.10.220 (blind students
15 subsidy); RCW 28B.10.800 through 28B.10.824 (student financial aid
16 program); chapter 28B.12 RCW (work study); (~~RCW 28B.15.067 through~~
17 ~~28B.15.076 (educational costs for establishing tuition and fees)~~) RCW
18 28B.15.070 (educational cost study and data necessary to determine
19 educational costs); RCW 28B.15.543 (tuition waivers for Washington
20 scholars); RCW 28B.15.760 through 28B.15.766 (math and science loans);
21 RCW 28B.80.150 through 28B.80.170 (student exchange compact); RCW
22 28B.80.240 (student aid programs); and RCW 28B.80.210 (federal
23 programs).

24 (2) Study the delegation of the administration of the following:
25 RCW 28B.65.040 through 28B.65.060 (high-technology board); chapter
26 28B.85 RCW (degree-granting institutions); RCW 28B.80.150 through
27 28B.80.170 (student exchange compact programs); RCW 28B.80.200 (state
28 commission for federal law purposes); RCW 28B.80.210 (enumerated
29 federal programs); RCW 28B.80.230 (receipt of federal funds); RCW
30 28B.80.240 (student financial aid programs); RCW 28A.600.120 through
31 28A.600.150 (Washington scholars); RCW 28B.15.543 (Washington
32 scholars); RCW 28B.04.020 through 28B.04.110 (displaced homemakers);
33 RCW 28B.10.215 and 28B.10.220 (blind students); RCW 28B.10.790,
34 28B.10.792, and 28B.10.802 through 28B.10.844 (student financial aid);
35 RCW 28B.12.040 through 28B.12.070 (student work study); RCW 28B.15.100
36 (reciprocity agreement); RCW 28B.15.730 through 28B.15.736 (Oregon
37 reciprocity); RCW 28B.15.750 through 28B.15.754 (Idaho reciprocity);
38 RCW 28B.15.756 and 28B.15.758 (British Columbia reciprocity); and RCW

1 28B.15.760 through 28B.15.764 (math/science loans). The board shall
2 report the results of its study and recommendations to the legislature.

3 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 303.** The following acts or parts of acts are
4 each repealed:

5 (1) RCW 28B.15.067 and 1992 c 231 s 4, 1990 1st ex.s. c 9 s 413,
6 1986 c 42 s 1, 1985 c 390 s 15, 1982 1st ex.s. c 37 s 15, & 1981 c 257
7 s 2;

8 (2) RCW 28B.15.076 and 1989 c 245 s 4;

9 (3) RCW 28B.15.202 and 1993 sp.s. c 18 s 8, 1993 c 379 s 202, 1992
10 c 231 s 7, 1985 c 390 s 19, 1982 1st ex.s. c 37 s 18, & 1981 c 257 s 6;

11 (4) RCW 28B.15.402 and 1993 sp.s. c 18 s 11, 1993 c 379 s 203, 1992
12 c 231 s 10, 1989 c 245 s 1, 1985 c 390 s 24, 1982 1st ex.s. c 37 s 19,
13 & 1981 c 257 s 7; and

14 (5) RCW 28B.15.502 and 1993 sp.s. c 18 s 12, 1993 c 379 s 204, 1992
15 c 231 s 11, 1991 c 353 s 2, 1985 c 390 s 25, 1982 1st ex.s. c 37 s 10,
16 & 1981 c 257 s 8.

17 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 304.** Part headings used in this act do not
18 constitute any part of the law.

19 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 305.** Sections 101 through 112, 201, 202, 204,
20 and 301 through 304 of this act are necessary for the immediate
21 preservation of the public peace, health, or safety, or support of the
22 state government and its existing public institutions, and shall take
23 effect July 1, 1995.

24 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 306.** Section 203 of this act shall take effect
25 July 1, 1997.

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