CERTIFICATION OF ENROLLMENT

HOUSE BILL 1425

Chapter 240, Laws of 1995

54th Legislature 1995 Regular Session

LAW ENFORCEMENT PEER COUNSELOR CONFIDENTIALITY

EFFECTIVE DATE: 7/23/95

Passed by the House April 19, 1995 Yeas 97 Nays 0

CLYDE BALLARD

Speaker of the
House of Representatives

Passed by the Senate April 12, 1995 Yeas 47 Nays 0

CERTIFICATE

I, Timothy A. Martin, Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives of the State of Washington, do hereby certify that the attached is **HOUSE BILL 1425** as passed by the House of Representatives and the Senate on the dates hereon set forth.

JOEL PRITCHARD

TIMOTHY A. MARTIN

President of the Senate

Chief Clerk

Approved May 5, 1995

FILED

May 5, 1995 - 10:10 a.m.

MIKE LOWRY

Governor of the State of Washington

Secretary of State State of Washington

HOUSE BILL 1425

AS AMENDED BY THE SENATE

Passed Legislature - 1995 Regular Session

State of Washington 54th Legislature 1995 Regular Session

By Representatives Scott, Padden, Appelwick, Costa, Sheldon, Dickerson, Chappell, Hatfield, Brown and Basich

Read first time 01/25/95. Referred to Committee on Law and Justice.

- 1 AN ACT Relating to privileged communications; and amending RCW 2 5.60.060.
- 3 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:
- 4 **Sec. 1.** RCW 5.60.060 and 1989 c 271 s 301 are each amended to read 5 as follows:
- 6 (1) A husband shall not be examined for or against his wife, without the consent of the wife, nor a wife for or against her husband 7 without the consent of the husband; nor can either during marriage or 8 afterward, be without the consent of the other, examined as to any 9 10 communication made by one to the other during marriage. But this exception shall not apply to a civil action or proceeding by one 11 against the other, nor to a criminal action or proceeding for a crime 12 committed by one against the other, nor to a criminal action or 13 14 proceeding against a spouse if the marriage occurred subsequent to the 15 filing of formal charges against the defendant, nor to a criminal action or proceeding for a crime committed by said husband or wife 16 17 against any child of whom said husband or wife is the parent or guardian, nor to a proceeding under chapter 70.96A or 71.05 RCW: 18 PROVIDED, That the spouse of a person sought to be detained under 19

- 1 chapter 70.96A or 71.05 RCW may not be compelled to testify and shall 2 be so informed by the court prior to being called as a witness.
- 3 (2) An attorney or counselor shall not, without the consent of his 4 or her client, be examined as to any communication made by the client 5 to him or her, or his or her advice given thereon in the course of 6 professional employment.
- 7 (3) A member of the clergy or a priest shall not, without the 8 consent of a person making the confession, be examined as to any 9 confession made to him or her in his or her professional character, in 10 the course of discipline enjoined by the church to which he or she 11 belongs.
- (4) Subject to the limitations under RCW 70.96A.140 or 71.05.250, a physician or surgeon or osteopathic physician or surgeon shall not, without the consent of his or her patient, be examined in a civil action as to any information acquired in attending such patient, which was necessary to enable him or her to prescribe or act for the patient, except as follows:
- 18 (a) In any judicial proceedings regarding a child's injury, 19 neglect, or sexual abuse or the cause thereof; and
- (b) Ninety days after filing an action for personal injuries or wrongful death, the claimant shall be deemed to waive the physician-patient privilege. Waiver of the physician-patient privilege for any one physician or condition constitutes a waiver of the privilege as to all physicians or conditions, subject to such limitations as a court may impose pursuant to court rules.
- 26 (5) A public officer shall not be examined as a witness as to 27 communications made to him or her in official confidence, when the 28 public interest would suffer by the disclosure.
- 29 (6)(a) A peer support group counselor shall not, without consent of 30 the law enforcement officer making the communication, be compelled to testify about any communication made to the counselor by the officer 31 while receiving counseling. The counselor must be designated as such 32 by the sheriff, police chief, or chief of the Washington state patrol, 33 34 prior to the incident that results in counseling. The privilege only applies when the communication was made to the counselor while acting 35 in his or her capacity as a peer support group counselor. The 36 37 privilege does not apply if the counselor was an initial responding officer, a witness, or a party to the incident which prompted the 38

- 1 <u>delivery of peer support group counseling services to the law</u> 2 enforcement officer.
- 3 <u>(b) For purposes of this section, "peer support group counselor"</u> 4 means a:
- (i) Law enforcement officer, or civilian employee of a law enforcement agency, who has received training to provide emotional and moral support and counseling to an officer who needs those services as a result of an incident in which the officer was involved while acting in his or her official capacity; or
- (ii) Nonemployee counselor who has been designated by the sheriff, police chief, or chief of the Washington state patrol to provide emotional and moral support and counseling to an officer who needs those services as a result of an incident in which the officer was involved while acting in his or her official capacity.

Passed the House April 19, 1995.
Passed the Senate April 12, 1995.
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