- 2 **SHB 2903** S AMD 278
- 3 By Senators Heavey and Stevens
- 4 ADOPTED 3/7/00
- 5 Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the
- 6 following:
- 7 "NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. The legislature intends, by the enactment
- 8 of this act, to provide a very limited exception to the restrictions on
- 9 disclosure of intercepted communications.
- 10 **Sec. 2.** RCW 9.73.090 and 1989 c 271 s 205 are each amended to read
- 11 as follows:
- 12 (1) The provisions of RCW 9.73.030 through 9.73.080 shall not apply
- 13 to police, fire, emergency medical service, emergency communication
- 14 center, and poison center personnel in the following instances:
- 15 (a) Recording incoming telephone calls to police and fire stations,
- 16 licensed emergency medical service providers, emergency communication
- 17 centers, and poison centers;
- 18 (b) Video and/or sound recordings may be made of arrested persons
- 19 by police officers responsible for making arrests or holding persons in
- 20 custody before their first appearance in court. Such video and/or
- 21 sound recordings shall conform strictly to the following:
- 22 (i) The arrested person shall be informed that such recording is
- 23 being made and the statement so informing him shall be included in the
- 24 recording;
- 25 (ii) The recording shall commence with an indication of the time of
- 26 the beginning thereof and terminate with an indication of the time
- 27 thereof;
- 28 (iii) At the commencement of the recording the arrested person
- 29 shall be fully informed of his constitutional rights, and such
- 30 statements informing him shall be included in the recording;
- 31 (iv) The recordings shall only be used for valid police or court
- 32 activities:
- 33 (c) Sound recordings that correspond to video images recorded by
- 34 video cameras mounted in law enforcement vehicles. All law enforcement
- 35 officers wearing a sound recording device that makes recordings

corresponding to videos recorded by video cameras mounted in law enforcement vehicles must be in uniform. A sound recording device which makes a recording pursuant to this subsection (1)(c) may only be operated simultaneously with the video camera. No sound recording device may be intentionally turned off by the law enforcement officer during the operation of the video camera.

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38 39 No sound or video recording made under this subsection (1)(c) may be duplicated and made available to the public by a law enforcement agency subject to this section until final disposition of any criminal or civil litigation which arises from the incident or incidents which were recorded. Such sound recordings shall not be divulged or used by any law enforcement agency for any commercial purpose.

A law enforcement officer shall inform any person being recorded by sound under this subsection (1)(c) that a sound recording is being made and the statement so informing the person shall be included in the sound recording, except that the law enforcement officer is not required to inform the person being recorded if the person is being recorded under exigent circumstances. A law enforcement officer is not required to inform a person being recorded by video under this subsection (1)(c) that the person is being recorded by video.

(2) It shall not be unlawful for a law enforcement officer acting in the performance of the officer's official duties to intercept, record, or disclose an oral communication or conversation where the officer is a party to the communication or conversation or one of the parties to the communication or conversation has given prior consent to the interception, recording, or disclosure: PROVIDED, That prior to the interception, transmission, or recording the officer shall obtain written or telephonic authorization from a judge or magistrate, who interception, recording, shall approve the or disclosure of communications or conversations with a nonconsenting party for a reasonable and specified period of time, if there is probable cause to believe that the nonconsenting party has committed, is engaged in, or is about to commit a felony: PROVIDED HOWEVER, That if such authorization is given by telephone the authorization and officer's statement justifying such authorization must be electronically recorded by the judge or magistrate on a recording device in the custody of the judge or magistrate at the time transmitted and the recording shall be retained in the court records and reduced to writing as soon as possible thereafter.

Any recording or interception of a communication or conversation 1 2 incident to a lawfully recorded or intercepted communication or 3 conversation pursuant to this subsection shall be lawful and may be 4 divulged.

5 All recordings of communications or conversations made pursuant to this subsection shall be retained for as long as any crime may be 7 charged based on the events or communications or conversations recorded.

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- 9 (3) Communications or conversations authorized to be intercepted, 10 recorded, or disclosed by this section shall not be inadmissible under RCW 9.73.050. 11
- (4) Authorizations issued under subsection (2) of this section 12 13 shall be effective for not more than seven days, after which period the issuing authority may renew or continue the authorization for 14 15 additional periods not to exceed seven days.
- 16 (5) If the judge or magistrate determines that there is probable 17 cause to believe that the communication or conversation concerns the unlawful manufacture, delivery, sale, or possession with intent to 18 19 manufacture, deliver, or sell, controlled substances as defined in 20 chapter 69.50 RCW, or legend drugs as defined in chapter 69.41 RCW, or imitation controlled substances as defined in chapter 69.52 RCW, the 21 judge or magistrate may authorize the interception, transmission, 22 recording, or disclosure of communications or conversations under 23 24 subsection (2) of this section even though the true name of the 25 nonconsenting party, or the particular time and place for the 26 interception, transmission, recording, or disclosure, is not known at 27 the time of the request, if the authorization describes nonconsenting party and subject matter of the communication or 28 29 conversation with reasonable certainty under the circumstances. 30 such communication or conversation may be intercepted, transmitted, recorded, or disclosed as authorized notwithstanding a change in the 31 time or location of the communication or conversation after the 32 33 authorization has been obtained or the presence of or participation in 34 the communication or conversation by any additional party not named in 35 the authorization.

Authorizations issued under this subsection shall be effective for 36 37 not more than fourteen days, after which period the issuing authority may renew or continue the authorization for an additional period not to 38 39 exceed fourteen days.

- 1 **Sec. 3.** RCW 9.73.080 and 1989 c 271 s 209 are each amended to read 2 as follows:
- 3 <u>(1)</u> Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, any person who 4 violates RCW 9.73.030 is guilty of a gross misdemeanor.
- 5 (2) Any person who knowingly alters, erases, or wrongfully 6 discloses any recording in violation of RCW 9.73.090(1)(c) is guilty of
- 7 <u>a gross misdemeanor.</u>"
- 8 **SHB 2903** S AMD 278
- 9 By Senators Heavey and Stevens

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- 11 On page 1, line 1 of the title, after "recordings;" strike the
- 12 remainder of the title and insert "amending RCW 9.73.090 and 9.73.080;
- 13 creating a new section; and prescribing penalties."

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