

---

HOUSE BILL 2215

---

State of Washington

56th Legislature

1999 Regular Session

By Representatives Mielke, Koster, Cairnes, Boldt, Schindler, Benson and Dunn

Read first time 02/19/1999. Referred to Committee on Agriculture & Ecology.

1 AN ACT Relating to solid waste management; and amending RCW  
2 70.95.030.

3 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

4 **Sec. 1.** RCW 70.95.030 and 1998 c 36 s 17 are each amended to read  
5 as follows:

6 As used in this chapter, unless the context indicates otherwise:

7 (1) "City" means every incorporated city and town.

8 (2) "Commission" means the utilities and transportation commission.

9 (3) "Committee" means the state solid waste advisory committee.

10 (4) "Composted material" means organic solid waste that has been  
11 subjected to controlled aerobic degradation at a solid waste facility  
12 in compliance with the requirements of this chapter. Natural decay of  
13 organic solid waste under uncontrolled conditions does not result in  
14 composted material.

15 (5) "Department" means the department of ecology.

16 (6) "Director" means the director of the department of ecology.

17 (7) "Disposal site" means the location where any final treatment,  
18 utilization, processing, or deposit of solid waste occurs.

1 (8) "Energy recovery" means a process operating under federal and  
2 state environmental laws and regulations for converting solid waste  
3 into usable energy and for reducing the volume of solid waste.

4 (9) "Functional standards" means criteria for solid waste handling  
5 expressed in terms of expected performance or solid waste handling  
6 functions.

7 (10) "Incineration" means a process of reducing the volume of solid  
8 waste operating under federal and state environmental laws and  
9 regulations by use of an enclosed device using controlled flame  
10 combustion.

11 (11) "Jurisdictional health department" means city, county, city-  
12 county, or district public health department.

13 (12) "Landfill" means a disposal facility or part of a facility at  
14 which solid waste is placed in or on land and which is not a land  
15 treatment facility.

16 (13) "Local government" means a city, town, or county.

17 (14) "Modify" means to substantially change the design or  
18 operational plans including, but not limited to, removal of a design  
19 element previously set forth in a permit application or the addition of  
20 a disposal or processing activity that is not approved in the permit.

21 (15) "Multiple family residence" means any structure housing two or  
22 more dwelling units.

23 (16) "Person" means individual, firm, association, copartnership,  
24 political subdivision, government agency, municipality, industry,  
25 public or private corporation, or any other entity whatsoever.

26 (17) "Recyclable materials" means those solid wastes that are  
27 separated for recycling or reuse, such as papers, metals, and glass,  
28 that are identified as recyclable material pursuant to a local  
29 comprehensive solid waste plan. Prior to the adoption of the local  
30 comprehensive solid waste plan, adopted pursuant to RCW 70.95.110(2),  
31 local governments may identify recyclable materials by ordinance from  
32 July 23, 1989.

33 (18) "Recycling" means transforming or remanufacturing waste  
34 materials into usable or marketable materials for use other than  
35 landfill disposal or incineration.

36 (19) "Residence" means the regular dwelling place of an individual  
37 or individuals.

38 (20) "Sewage sludge" means a semisolid substance consisting of  
39 settled sewage solids combined with varying amounts of water and

1 dissolved materials, generated from a wastewater treatment system, that  
2 does not meet the requirements of chapter 70.95J RCW.

3 (21) "Soil amendment" means any substance that is intended to  
4 improve the physical characteristics of the soil, except composted  
5 material, commercial fertilizers, agricultural liming agents,  
6 unmanipulated animal manures, unmanipulated vegetable manures, food  
7 wastes, food processing wastes, and materials exempted by rule of the  
8 department, such as biosolids as defined in chapter 70.95J RCW and  
9 wastewater as regulated in chapter 90.48 RCW.

10 (22) "Solid waste" or "wastes" means all putrescible and  
11 nonputrescible solid and semisolid wastes including, but not limited  
12 to, garbage, rubbish, ashes, industrial wastes, swill, sewage sludge,  
13 demolition and construction wastes in containers under ten cubic yards  
14 in size, abandoned vehicles or parts thereof, and recyclable materials.

15 (23) "Solid waste handling" means the management, storage,  
16 collection, transportation, treatment, utilization, processing, and  
17 final disposal of solid wastes, including the recovery and recycling of  
18 materials from solid wastes, the recovery of energy resources from  
19 solid wastes or the conversion of the energy in solid wastes to more  
20 useful forms or combinations thereof.

21 (24) "Source separation" means the separation of different kinds of  
22 solid waste at the place where the waste originates.

23 (25) "Vehicle" includes every device physically capable of being  
24 moved upon a public or private highway, road, street, or watercourse  
25 and in, upon, or by which any person or property is or may be  
26 transported or drawn upon a public or private highway, road, street, or  
27 watercourse, except devices moved by human or animal power or used  
28 exclusively upon stationary rails or tracks.

29 (26) "Waste-derived soil amendment" means any soil amendment as  
30 defined in this chapter that is derived from solid waste as defined in  
31 RCW 70.95.030, but does not include biosolids or biosolids products  
32 regulated under chapter 70.95J RCW or wastewaters regulated under  
33 chapter 90.48 RCW.

34 (27) "Waste reduction" means reducing the amount or toxicity of  
35 waste generated or reusing materials.

--- END ---