ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL 5236

AS AMENDED BY THE HOUSE

Passed Legislature - 2002 Regular Session

State of Washington 57th Legislature 2001 Regular Session

By Senate Committee on Human Services & Corrections (originally sponsored by Senators Kohl-Welles, Long, Thibaudeau, Costa, McAuliffe, Eide, Stevens, Fairley, Prentice, Franklin, Fraser, Carlson, Spanel, Regala, Hargrove, Oke and Patterson)

READ FIRST TIME 02/26/01.

AN ACT Relating to the safety of newborn children; amending RCW 9A.42.060, 9A.42.070, 9A.42.080, 26.20.030, and 26.20.035; adding a new section to chapter 13.34 RCW; creating new sections; prescribing penalties; providing an expiration date; and declaring an emergency.

5 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

6 NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. The legislature intends to increase the 7 likelihood that pregnant women will obtain adequate prenatal care and will provide their newborns with adequate health care during the first 8 9 few days of their lives. The legislature recognizes that prenatal and 10 postdelivery health care for newborns and their mothers is especially critical to their survival and well-being. The legislature does not 11 12 intend to encourage the abandonment of newborn children nor to change 13 existing law relating to notification to parents under chapter 13.34 RCW, but rather to assure that abandonment does not occur and that all 14 15 newborns have an opportunity for adequate health care and a stable home life. 16

17 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 2. A new section is added to chapter 13.34 RCW
 18 to read as follows:

1 (1) For purposes of this section:

(a) "Appropriate location" means (i) the emergency department of a
hospital licensed under chapter 70.41 RCW during the hours the hospital
is in operation; or (ii) a fire station during its hours of operation
and while fire personnel are present.

6 (b) "Newborn" means a live human being who is less than seventy-two 7 hours old.

(c) "Qualified person" means (i) any person that the parent 8 transferring the newborn reasonably believes is a bona fide employee, 9 10 volunteer, or medical staff member of the hospital and who represents to the parent transferring the newborn that he or she can and will 11 12 summon appropriate resources to meet the newborn's immediate needs; or 13 (ii) a fire fighter, volunteer, or emergency medical technician at a fire station who represents to the parent transferring the newborn that 14 15 he or she can and will summon appropriate resources to meet the newborn's immediate needs. 16

(2) A parent of a newborn who transfers the newborn to a qualified
person at an appropriate location is not subject to criminal liability
under RCW 9A.42.060, 9A.42.070, 9A.42.080, 26.20.030, or 26.20.035.

20 (3)(a) The qualified person at an appropriate location shall not 21 require the parent transferring the newborn to provide any identifying 22 information in order to transfer the newborn.

23 (b) The qualified person at an appropriate location shall attempt 24 to protect the anonymity of the parent who transfers the newborn, while 25 providing an opportunity for the parent to anonymously give the 26 qualified person such information as the parent knows about the family medical history of the parents and the newborn. The qualified person 27 at an appropriate location shall provide referral information about 28 adoption options, counseling, appropriate medical and emotional 29 30 aftercare services, domestic violence, and legal rights to the parent seeking to transfer the newborn. 31

32 (c) If a parent of a newborn transfers the newborn to a qualified 33 person at an appropriate location pursuant to this section, the 34 qualified person shall cause child protective services to be notified 35 within twenty-four hours after receipt of such a newborn. Child 36 protective services shall assume custody of the newborn within twenty-37 four hours after receipt of notification.

1 (d) A hospital or fire station, its employees, volunteers, and 2 medical staff are immune from any criminal or civil liability for 3 accepting or receiving a newborn under this section.

4 Sec. 3. RCW 9A.42.060 and 1996 c 302 s 2 are each amended to read 5 as follows:

6 (1) Except as provided in subsection (2) of this section, a person 7 is guilty of the crime of abandonment of a dependent person in the 8 first degree if:

9 (a) The person is the parent of a child, a person entrusted with 10 the physical custody of a child or other dependent person, or a person 11 employed to provide to the child or other dependent person any of the 12 basic necessities of life;

13 (b) The person recklessly abandons the child or other dependent 14 person; and

(c) As a result of being abandoned, the child or other dependentperson suffers great bodily harm.

(2) <u>A parent of a newborn who transfers the newborn to a qualified</u>
person at an appropriate location pursuant to section 2 of this act is
not subject to criminal liability under this section.

20 <u>(3)</u> Abandonment of a dependent person in the first degree is a 21 class B felony.

22 **Sec. 4.** RCW 9A.42.070 and 1996 c 302 s 3 are each amended to read 23 as follows:

(1) Except as provided in subsection (2) of this section, a person
 is guilty of the crime of abandonment of a dependent person in the
 second degree if:

(a) The person is the parent of a child, a person entrusted with
the physical custody of a child or other dependent person, or a person
employed to provide to the child or other dependent person any of the
basic necessities of life; and

31 (b) The person recklessly abandons the child or other dependent 32 person; and:

(i) As a result of being abandoned, the child or other dependentperson suffers substantial bodily harm; or

(ii) Abandoning the child or other dependent person creates an
 imminent and substantial risk that the child or other dependent person
 will die or suffer great bodily harm.

(2) <u>A parent of a newborn who transfers the newborn to a qualified</u>
 <u>person at an appropriate location pursuant to section 2 of this act is</u>
 not subject to criminal liability under this section.

4 <u>(3)</u> Abandonment of a dependent person in the second degree is a 5 class C felony.

6 Sec. 5. RCW 9A.42.080 and 1996 c 302 s 4 are each amended to read 7 as follows:

8 (1) Except as provided in subsection (2) of this section, a person 9 is guilty of the crime of abandonment of a dependent person in the 10 third degree if:

(a) The person is the parent of a child, a person entrusted with the physical custody of a child or other dependent person, or a person employed to provide to the child or dependent person any of the basic necessities of life; and

15 (b) The person recklessly abandons the child or other dependent 16 person; and:

(i) As a result of being abandoned, the child or other dependentperson suffers bodily harm; or

(ii) Abandoning the child or other dependent person creates an
imminent and substantial risk that the child or other person will
suffer substantial bodily harm.

(2) <u>A parent of a newborn who transfers the newborn to a qualified</u>
 person at an appropriate location pursuant to section 2 of this act is
 not subject to criminal liability under this section.

25 <u>(3)</u> Abandonment of a dependent person in the third degree is a 26 gross misdemeanor.

27 **Sec. 6.** RCW 26.20.030 and 1984 c 260 s 26 are each amended to read 28 as follows:

(1) Except as provided in subsection (2) of this section, any person who has a child dependent upon him or her for care, education or support and deserts such child in any manner whatever with intent to abandon it is guilty of the crime of family abandonment.

(2) <u>A parent of a newborn who transfers the newborn to a qualified</u>
 person at an appropriate location pursuant to section 2 of this act is
 not subject to criminal liability under this section.

36 <u>(3)</u> The crime of family abandonment is a class C felony under 37 chapter 9A.20 RCW.

1 sec. 7. RCW 26.20.035 and 1984 c 260 s 27 are each amended to read
2 as follows:

3 (1) Except as provided in subsection (2) of this section, any 4 person who is able to provide support, or has the ability to earn the 5 means to provide support, and who:

6 (a) Willfully omits to provide necessary food, clothing, shelter,
7 or medical attendance to a child dependent upon him or her; or

8 (b) Willfully omits to provide necessary food, clothing, shelter,
9 or medical attendance to his or her spouse,

10 is guilty of the crime of family nonsupport.

(2) <u>A parent of a newborn who transfers the newborn to a qualified</u>
person at an appropriate location pursuant to section 2 of this act is
not subject to criminal liability under this section.

14 <u>(3)</u> The crime of family nonsupport is a gross misdemeanor under 15 chapter 9A.20 RCW.

16 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 8. (1) The secretary of the department of social and health services shall convene a task force to recommend 17 18 methods of implementing this act, including how private or public 19 funding may be obtained to support a program of public education regarding the provisions of this act. The task force shall consider 20 all reasonable methods of educating Washington residents about the need 21 22 for prenatal and postdelivery health care for a newborn whose parents 23 may otherwise not seek such care and place their newborn at risk as a 24 result. The task force shall also consider, and make recommendations 25 regarding: (a) Ways to meet the medical and emotional needs of the mother and to improve the promotion of adoption as an alternative to 26 placing a newborn in situations that create a serious risk to his or 27 her health; and (b) methods of providing access to (i) the medical 28 29 history of the parents of a newborn who is transferred to a hospital pursuant to section 2 of this act; and (ii) the medical history of the 30 newborn, consistent with the protection of the anonymity of the parents 31 32 of the newborn. The task force shall develop model forms of policies 33 and procedures for hospitals and fire stations to use in receiving newborns under section 2 of this act. 34

(2) In addition to the secretary, or the secretary's designee, the task force shall include but not be limited to representation from the following: (a) Licensed physicians; (b) public and private agencies which provide adoption services; (c) private attorneys handling

adoptions; (d) the licensed nursing community; (e) hospitals; (f) 1 prosecuting attorneys; (g) foster parents; (h) the department of 2 health; (i) the attorney general; (j) advocacy groups concerned with 3 4 the availability of adoption records; (k) risk managers; (l) the public; and (m) fire fighters and emergency medical technicians. 5 At least three members of the task force shall be public members. б The 7 task force may seek input from other experts as needed.

8 (3) Members of the task force shall serve without compensation. 9 The department shall provide support to the task force, including the 10 production of the required report and travel reimbursements, within 11 existing resources, unless private or other nonstate funding can be 12 secured.

(4) The task force shall submit its report and recommendations tothe governor and legislature not later than December 1, 2002.

15 (5) This section expires January 1, 2004.

16 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 9. Sections 1 through 7 of this act are 17 necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, 18 or safety, or support of the state government and its existing public 19 institutions, and take effect immediately.

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