2SHB 1488 - H AMD 832 By Representative Hunter

ADOPTED AS AMENDED 02/14/2006

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. The definitions in this section apply 3 4 throughout this chapter unless the context clearly requires otherwise. 5 (1) "Commercial decabromodiphenylether" means the chemical mixture 6 of decabromodiphenylether, including associated polybrominated diphenyl 7 ether impurities not intentionally added. No single polybrominated 8 diphenyl ether impurity shall exceed one percent by mass of the mixture 9 and the combination of all polybrominated diphenyl ether impurities shall not exceed four percent by mass of the mixture. 10

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(2) "Department" means the department of ecology.

(3) "Electronic enclosure" means the plastic housing that encloses
the components of electronic products, including but not limited to
televisions and computers.

15 (4) "Manufacturer" includes any person, firm, association, 16 partnership, corporation, governmental entity, organization, or joint 17 venture that produces a product containing polybrominated diphenyl 18 ethers or an importer or domestic distributor of a noncomestible 19 product containing polybrominated diphenyl ethers. A manufacturer does 20 not include a retailer:

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(a) Of a private label brand or cobranding; or

(b) Who assembles components to create a single electronic productbased on an individual consumer preference.

(5) "Polybrominated diphenyl ethers" means chemical forms that consist of diphenyl ethers bound with bromine atoms. Polybrominated diphenyl ethers include, but are not limited to, the three primary forms of the commercial mixtures known as pentabromodiphenylether (penta-bde), octabromodiphenylether (octa-bde), and decabromodiphenylether (deca-bde).

(6) "Retailer" means a person who offers a product for sale at 1 2 retail through any means including, but not limited to, remote offerings such as sales outlets, catalogs, or the internet, but does 3 not include a sale that is a wholesale transaction with a distributor 4 5 or a retailer. A retailer does not include a person, firm, association, partnership, corporation, 6 governmental entity, organization, or joint venture that both manufactures and sells a 7 8 product at retail.

9 (7) "Technically feasible alternative that is available at a 10 reasonable cost" means an alternative that is available at a cost and 11 in sufficient quantity to permit the manufacturer or user to maintain 12 an economically viable product.

(8) "Transportation vehicle" means any mechanized vehicle that is
used to transport goods or people including, but not limited to,
airplanes, automobiles, motorcycles, trucks, buses, trains, boats,
ships, streetcars, or monorail cars.

17 (9) "Used product" means any product that has been previously 18 owned, purchased, or sold in commerce. "Used product" does not include 19 any product manufactured after January 1, 2007.

20 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 2. (1) Except as provided in subsection (2) of 21 this section and sections 3 and 4 of this act, after January 1, 2007, 22 no person may manufacture, knowingly sell, offer for sale, distribute 23 for sale, or distribute for use in this state noncomestible products 24 containing polybrominated diphenyl ethers.

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(2) Subsection (1) of this section does not apply to:

(a) Products containing decabromodiphenylether except as providedin section 4 of this act;

(b) The sale or distribution of any used transportation vehiclewith component parts containing polybrominated diphenyl ethers;

30 (c) The sale of any used transportation vehicle parts, or new 31 transportation vehicle parts manufactured before January 1, 2007, that 32 contain polybrominated diphenyl ethers;

33 (d) The manufacture, sale, repair, distribution, maintenance, 34 refurbishment, or modification of equipment containing polybrominated 35 diphenyl ethers and used primarily for military or federally funded 36 space program applications. This exemption does not cover consumer-37 based goods with broad applicability; (e) The sale or distribution by a business, charity, or private
 party of any used product containing polybrominated diphenyl ethers; or
 (f) Medical devices.

4 (3) In-state retailers in possession of products on January 1,
5 2007, that are banned for sale under subsection (1) of this section may
6 exhaust their stock through sales to the public.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 3. A manufacturer or user of safety systems 7 required by the federal aviation administration may apply for an 8 exemption for a specific use of penta-bde or octa-bde by filing a 9 written petition with the department. Such uses may include the repair 10 or replacement by a manufacturer or user of safety systems required by 11 the federal aviation administration. The exemption may be granted for 12 a term not to exceed eighteen months and may be renewed upon written 13 application if the department finds that the specific use of penta-bde 14 or octa-bde continues to meet the criteria of this section and the 15 16 manufacturer or other persons comply with the conditions of its 17 original approval. The department may grant an exemption for a specified use of penta-bde or octa-bde with or without conditions upon 18 finding that the petitioner has demonstrated that: 19

(1) A technically feasible alternative to the use of penta-bde orocta-bde is not available at reasonable cost; or

(2) The potential harm to public health and the environment
 directly posed by a technically feasible and available alternative is
 greater than the potential harm posed by penta-bde or octa-bde.

25 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 4. (1) Except as provided in subsection (3) of this section and section 5 of this act, after July 1, 2010, no person 26 may manufacture, knowingly sell, offer for sale, distribute for sale, 27 28 or distribute for use in this state any television or computer that has 29 an electronic enclosure that contains commercial 30 decabromodiphenylether.

31 (2) Except as provided in subsection (3) of this section and 32 section 5 of this act, after July 1, 2012, no person may manufacture, 33 knowingly sell, offer for sale, distribute for sale, or distribute for 34 use in this state any of the following products:

35 (a) Upholstered furniture intended for indoor use in a home or

1 other residential occupancy that contains commercial
2 decabromodiphenylether; or

3 (b) Mattresses and mattress pads that contain commercial 4 decabromodiphenylether.

5 (3) The following are exempt from subsections (1) and (2) of this 6 section:

7 (a) The manufacture, sale, repair, distribution, maintenance, 8 refurbishment, or modification of any raw material or component part 9 used in a transportation vehicle or any new transportation vehicle with 10 component parts, including original parts and spare parts, containing 11 commercial decabromodiphenylether;

12 (b) The use of commercial decabromodiphenylether in the 13 maintenance, refurbishment, or modification of transportation 14 equipment; or

15 (c) The manufacture, sale, or distribution of any new product or 16 product component consisting of recycled or used materials containing 17 commercial decabromodiphenylether.

18 NEW SECTION. Sec. 5. If the department and the department of health, in consultation with the director of fire protection, find that 19 20 a safer technically feasible alternative to the use of commercial 21 decabromodiphenylether is not available at reasonable cost, the department and the department of health may jointly by rule grant an 22 23 exemption to allow for the manufacture, sale, or distribution of products prohibited from manufacture, sale, or distribution under 24 section 4 of this act between July 1, 2010, and July 1, 2012. 25 The 26 department and the department of health may jointly by rule renew the 27 exemption for an additional period of two years if the department and the department of health find that a safer technically feasible 28 29 alternative to the use of commercial decabromodiphenylether is not 30 available at reasonable cost.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 6. Before adoption of a final rule by the 31 32 department and the department of health in section 5 of this act, the governor shall review the proposed rule to ensure that a safer 33 34 feasible alternative to the of commercial technically use 35 decabromodiphenylether is not available at reasonable cost. In 36 reviewing the proposed rule, the governor shall consider the important

Official Print - 4

1 balance between the needs for continuing the use of commercial 2 decabromodiphenylether and protecting public health. Any final rule 3 adopted under section 5 of this act by the departments requires the 4 signature of the governor.

5 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 7. By December 15, 2008, the department, the 6 director of fire protection, and the department of health must report 7 to the appropriate committees of the legislature on the availability of 8 safer, technically feasible alternatives for those products prohibited 9 from the manufacture, sale, or distribution under section 4 of this act 10 and any additional evidence of the potential harm posed by commercial 11 decabromodiphenylether.

12 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 8. Nothing in this chapter restricts the 13 ability of a manufacturer, importer, or distributor from transporting 14 products containing polybrominated diphenyl ethers through the state, 15 or storing such products in the state for later distribution outside 16 the state.

17 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 9. After January 1, 2007, a manufacturer of 18 products containing a polybrominated diphenyl ether that has been 19 restricted under this chapter must notify persons that sell the 20 manufacturer's products about this chapter.

21 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 10. (1) The department and the department of 22 health must review additional uses of commercial 23 decabromodiphenylether.

(2) The department and the department of health must report their
 findings and recommendations to the appropriate committees of the
 legislature by December 15, 2007.

27 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 11.** (1) By January 1, 2007, the department of 28 general administration shall:

(a) Give priority and preference to the purchase of equipment,
 supplies, and other products that do not contain polybrominated
 diphenyl ethers; and

32 (b) Make available for purchase and use by all state agencies only

Official Print - 5

equipment, supplies, and other products that do not contain
 polybrominated diphenyl ethers.

3 (2) The department of general administration shall, by January 1,
4 2007, revise its rules, policies, and guidelines to implement this
5 chapter.

6 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 12. (1) Retailers who unknowingly sell products 7 banned under sections 2 and 4 of this act are not liable under this 8 chapter.

9 (2) In-state retailers in possession of products on January 1, 10 2010, that are banned for sale under section 4(1) of this act or are in 11 possession of products on January 1, 2012, that are banned for sale 12 under section 4(2) of this act may exhaust their stock through sales to 13 the public.

14 (3) The department must develop a program to assist in-state 15 retailers in identifying potential products containing polybrominated 16 diphenyl ethers in their inventory before the effective date of product 17 bans under sections 2 and 4 of this act.

18 (4) If a retailer unknowingly possesses products that are banned 19 for sale under sections 2 and 4 of this act and the manufacturer does 20 not recall the products, the retailer may exhaust its existing stock 21 through sales to the public; however, no additional banned stock may be 22 sold or offered for sale.

23 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 13. (1) Enforcement of this chapter shall rely 24 heavily on notification and information exchange between the department 25 and manufacturers. The department shall achieve compliance with this 26 chapter using the following enforcement sequence:

(a) Before the effective date of the product bans in sections 2 and
4 of this act, the department must prepare and distribute information
to in-state manufacturers and out-of-state manufacturers, to the
maximum extent practicable, to assist them in identifying products
prohibited for manufacture, sale, or distribution under this chapter;

32 (b) The department may request a certificate of compliance from a 33 manufacturer. A certificate of compliance attests that a 34 manufacturer's product or products meets the requirements of this 35 chapter; 1 (c) The department must issue a warning letter to a manufacturer 2 that produces, sells, or distributes banned products in violation of 3 this chapter. The department shall offer information or other 4 appropriate assistance to the manufacturer in complying with this 5 chapter. If after one year, compliance is not achieved, penalties must 6 be assessed under subsection (3) of this section.

7 (2) A manufacturer that produces, sells, or distributes a product 8 prohibited from manufacture, sale, or distribution under this chapter 9 shall recall such products and reimburse the retailer or any other 10 purchaser for the product and any applicable postage and handling for 11 returning the products.

(3) A manufacturer of products containing polybrominated diphenyl ethers in violation of this chapter is punishable by a civil penalty not to exceed one thousand dollars for each violation in the case of a first offense. Manufacturers who are repeat violators are liable for a civil penalty not to exceed five thousand dollars for each repeat offense. Penalties collected under this section must be deposited in the state toxics control account created in RCW 70.105D.070.

19 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 14. Sections 1 through 13 of this act 20 constitute a new chapter in Title 70 RCW."

21 Correct the title.

EFFECT: Limits the deca-BDE ban to specific products. Extends the implementation date for banning deca-BDE from July 1, 2007, to July 1, 2010, for certain electronic enclosures and July 1, 2012, for upholstered furniture and mattresses. Removes the authority for the Governor to grant an exemption from the ban on deca-BDE and authorizes the Department of Ecology to grant exemptions to the deca-BDE ban by rule between July 1, 2010, and July 1, 2012. Directs manufacturers to recall banned products and reimburse persons for costs to return those products. Directs the Department of Ecology to use a sequence of enforcement techniques to achieve compliance with this chapter. Requires the Department of Ecology to consult with the Director of Fire Protection when determining if there are safe alternatives available.

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