SHB 2813 - H AMD 941

By Representative O'Brien

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

3 "Sec. 1. RCW 4.24.220 and 1967 c 76 s 3 are each amended to read 4 as follows:

5 In any civil action brought by reason of any person having been б detained on or in the immediate vicinity of the premises of a 7 mercantile establishment for the purpose of investigation or 8 questioning as to the ownership of any merchandise or shopping cart, it 9 shall be a defense of such action that the person was detained in a reasonable manner and for not more than a reasonable time to permit 10 such investigation or questioning by a peace officer or by the owner of 11 12 the mercantile establishment, his authorized employee or agent, and that such peace officer, owner, employee or agent had reasonable 13 14 grounds to believe that the person so detained was committing or 15 attempting to commit larceny or shoplifting on such premises of such 16 merchandise or a violation of RCW 9A.56.270. As used in this section, "reasonable grounds" shall include, but not be limited to, knowledge 17 18 that a person has concealed possession of unpurchased merchandise of a mercantile establishment, and a "reasonable time" shall mean the time 19 20 necessary to permit the person detained to make a statement or to 21 refuse to make a statement, and the time necessary to examine employees 22 and records of the mercantile establishment relative to the ownership 23 of the merchandise.

24 **Sec. 2.** RCW 4.24.230 and 1994 c 9 s 1 are each amended to read as 25 follows:

(1) An adult or emancipated minor who takes possession of any goods, wares, or merchandise displayed or offered for sale by any wholesale or retail store or other mercantile establishment without the consent of the owner or seller, and with the intention of converting

Official Print - 1

such goods, wares, or merchandise to his own use without having paid 1 2 the purchase price thereof shall be liable in addition to actual damages, for a penalty to the owner or seller in the amount of the 3 retail value thereof not to exceed one thousand dollars, plus an 4 additional penalty of not less than one hundred dollars nor more than 5 two hundred dollars, plus all reasonable attorney's fees and court 6 7 costs expended by the owner or seller. A customer who orders a meal in a restaurant or other eating establishment, receives at least a portion 8 thereof, and then leaves without paying, is subject to liability under 9 10 this section. A person who shall receive any food, money, credit, lodging, or accommodation at any hotel, motel, boarding house, or 11 12 lodging house, and then leaves without paying the proprietor, manager, 13 or authorized employee thereof, is subject to liability under this 14 section. A person who intentionally removes a shopping cart from the parking area of a retail establishment without the permission of the 15 owner of the cart, is subject to liability under this section. 16

17 (2) The parent or legal guardian having the custody of an unemancipated minor who takes possession of any goods, wares, 18 or merchandise displayed or offered for sale by any wholesale or retail 19 store or other mercantile establishment without the consent of the 20 21 owner or seller and with the intention of converting such goods, wares, 22 or merchandise to his own use without having paid the purchase price thereof, shall be liable as a penalty to the owner or seller for the 23 24 retail value of such goods, wares, or merchandise not to exceed five 25 hundred dollars plus an additional penalty of not less than one hundred dollars nor more than two hundred dollars, plus all reasonable 26 27 attorney's fees and court costs expended by the owner or seller. The parent or legal guardian having the custody of an unemancipated minor, 28 who orders a meal in a restaurant or other eating establishment, 29 receives at least a portion thereof, and then leaves without paying, is 30 31 subject to liability under this section. The parent or legal guardian 32 having the custody of an unemancipated minor, who receives any food, money, credit, lodging, or accommodation at any hotel, motel, boarding 33 34 house, or lodging house, and then leaves without paying the proprietor, 35 manager, or authorized employee thereof, is subject to liability under 36 this section. For the purposes of this subsection, liability shall not 37 be imposed upon any governmental entity, private agency, or foster

parent assigned responsibility for the minor child pursuant to court
 order or action of the department of social and health services.

3 (3) Judgments and claims arising under this section may be 4 assigned.

5 (4) A conviction for violation of chapter 9A.56 RCW shall not be a 6 condition precedent to maintenance of a civil action authorized by this 7 section.

8 (5) An owner or seller demanding payment of a penalty under 9 subsection (1) or (2) of this section shall give written notice to the 10 person or persons from whom the penalty is sought. The notice shall 11 state:

12 "IMPORTANT NOTICE: The payment of any penalty demanded of you does 13 not prevent criminal prosecution under a related criminal provision."

This notice shall be boldly and conspicuously displayed, in at least the same size type as is used in the demand, and shall be sent with the demand for payment of a penalty described in subsection (1) or (2) of this section.

18 Sec. 3. RCW 9A.56.270 and 1985 c 382 s 2 are each amended to read 19 as follows:

(1) It is unlawful to do any of the following acts, if a shopping cart has a permanently affixed sign as provided in subsection (2) of this section:

(a) To <u>intentionally</u> remove a shopping cart from the parking area of a retail establishment ((with the intent to deprive the owner of the shopping cart the use of the cart)) without the permission of the owner of the shopping cart; or

(b) To be in possession of any shopping cart that has been removed from the parking area of a retail establishment when such possession is with the intent to deprive the owner of the shopping cart the use of the cart.

(2) This section shall apply only when a shopping cart: (a) Has a sign permanently affixed to it that identifies the owner of the cart or the retailer, or both; (b) notifies the public of the procedure to be utilized for authorized removal of the cart from the premises; (c) notifies the public that the unauthorized removal of the cart from the premises or parking area of the retail establishment, or the 1 unauthorized possession of the cart, is unlawful; and (d) lists a 2 telephone number or address for returning carts removed from the 3 premises or parking area to the owner or retailer.

4 (3) Any person who violates any provision of this section is guilty 5 of a misdemeanor.

6 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 4. A new section is added to chapter 9A.56 RCW 7 to read as follows:

8 Any statute, ordinance, or rule enacted by a political subdivision 9 of the state dealing with shopping carts that have been removed from 10 the parking area of a retail establishment must meet the following 11 criteria:

(1) Impoundment of a shopping cart may be allowed only if the cartis located off the premises of the retail establishment, and:

(a) The retail establishment has been given notice of the cart's
location and has not retrieved the cart within three business days of
the notice;

(b) The cart is in a location that is likely to impede emergency services. If a cart in a location that is likely to impede emergency services is impounded, the retail establishment must be given notice that the cart has been impounded; or

21 (c) The cart does not meet the requirements of RCW 9A.56.270(2).

(2) A retail establishment whose cart has been impounded may be charged a fee for impoundment costs not to exceed fifty dollars per cart. If the cart was impounded under subsection (1)(b) of this section, the fee may not be charged if the retail establishment retrieves the cart within three business days of receiving notice that the cart has been impounded.

(3) A retail establishment whose cart has been impounded may be charged a storage fee not to exceed twenty-five dollars for each sevenday period that the cart remains unretrieved after receipt of the impound notice, up to a maximum of one hundred dollars.

32 (4) An impounded cart may not be disposed of within at least thirty 33 days of impoundment. A retail establishment whose cart has been 34 disposed of may be charged a fee for disposal costs not to exceed fifty 35 dollars per cart.

36 (5) Any notice provided to a retail establishment under this 37 section must be documented. (6) The notice requirements of this section may be satisfied
 utilizing a statewide telephone number designated for that purpose."

3 Correct the title.

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