SHB 2695 - S AMD 399 By Senator Roach

ADOPTED 3/7/2006

1 Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the 2 following:

- 3 "Sec. 1. RCW 29A.60.165 and 2005 c 243 s 8 are each amended to 4 read as follows:
- (1) If the voter neglects to sign the outside envelope of an 5 6 absentee or provisional ballot, the auditor shall notify the voter by ((telephone)) first class mail and advise the voter of the correct 7 procedures for completing the unsigned affidavit. ((If the auditor is 8 9 not able to provide the information personally to the voter by telephone, then the voter must be contacted by first class mail and 10 11 advised of the correct procedures for completing the unsigned affidavit. Leaving a voice mail message for the voter is not to be 12 13 considered as personally contacting the voter.)) If the absentee 14 ballot is received within three business days of the final meeting of the canvassing board, or the voter has been notified by first class 15 mail and has not responded at least three business days before the 16 17 final meeting of the canvassing board, then the auditor shall attempt to notify the voter by telephone, using the voter registration record 18 19 information. In order for the ballot to be counted, the voter must 20 either:
 - (a) Appear in person and sign the envelope no later than the day before the certification of the primary or election; or
 - (b) Sign a copy of the envelope provided by the auditor, and return it to the auditor no later than the day before the certification of the primary or election.
 - (2)(a) If the handwriting of the signature on an absentee or provisional ballot envelope is not the same as the handwriting of the signature on the registration file, the auditor shall notify the voter by ((telephone)) first class mail, enclosing a copy of the envelope affidavit, and advise the voter of the correct procedures for updating his or her signature on the voter registration file. ((If the auditor is not able to provide the information personally to the voter by

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- telephone, then the voter must be contacted by first class mail and advised of the correct procedures for completing the unsigned affidavit. Leaving a voice mail message for the voter is not to be considered as personally contacting the voter.)) If the absentee or provisional ballot is received within three business days of the final meeting of the canvassing board, or the voter has been notified by first class mail and has not responded at least three business days before the final meeting of the canvassing board, then the auditor shall attempt to notify the voter by telephone, using the voter registration record information. In order for the ballot to be counted, the voter must either:
 - (i) Appear in person and sign a new registration form no later than the day before the certification of the primary or election; or
 - (ii) Sign a copy of the affidavit provided by the auditor and return it to the auditor no later than the day before the certification of the primary or election. The voter may enclose with the affidavit a photocopy of a valid government or tribal issued identification document that includes their current signature. If the signature on the copy of the affidavit does not match the signature on file or the signature on the copy of the identification document, the voter must appear in person and sign a new registration form no later than the day before the certification of the primary or election in order for the ballot to be counted.
 - (b) If the signature on an absentee or provisional ballot envelope is not the same as the signature on the registration file because the name is different, the ballot may be counted as long as the handwriting is clearly the same. The auditor shall send the voter a change-of-name form under RCW 29A.08.440 and direct the voter to complete the form.
 - (c) If the signature on an absentee or provisional ballot envelope is not the same as the signature on the registration file because the voter used initials or a common nickname, the ballot may be counted as long as the surname and handwriting are clearly the same.
 - (3) A voter may not cure a missing or mismatched signature for purposes of counting the ballot in a recount.
 - (4) A record must be kept of all ballots with missing and mismatched signatures. The record must contain the date on which the voter was contacted or the notice was mailed, as well as the date on which the voter signed the envelope, a copy of the envelope, a new registration form, or a change-of-name form. That record is a public

- 1 record under chapter 42.17 RCW and may be disclosed to interested
- 2 parties on written request."

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