ESHB 2984 - S COMM AMD

By Committee on Financial Institutions, Housing & Consumer Protection

## ADOPTED 03/01/2006

1 Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the 2 following:

3 "NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. The legislature finds that as new market-4 rate housing developments are constructed and housing costs rise, there 5 is a significant and growing number of low-income households that cannot afford market-rate housing in Washington state. The legislature 6 7 finds that assistance to low-income households that cannot afford 8 market-rate housing requires a broad variety of tools to address this serious, statewide problem. The legislature further finds that absent 9 10 any incentives to provide low-income housing, market conditions will 11 result in housing developments in many areas that lack units affordable 12 low-income households, circumstances that can cause adverse to socioeconomic effects. 13

14 The legislature encourages cities, towns, and counties to enact or 15 expand affordable housing incentive programs, including density bonuses 16 and other incentives, to increase the availability of low-income 17 housing for renter and owner occupancy that is located in largely 18 market-rate housing developments throughout the community, consistent 19 with local needs and adopted comprehensive plans. While this act establishes minimum standards for those cities, towns, and counties 20 21 choosing to implement or expand upon an affordable housing incentive program, cities, towns, and counties are encouraged to enact programs 22 23 that address local circumstances and conditions while simultaneously contributing to the statewide need for additional low-income housing. 24

25 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 2. A new section is added to chapter 36.70A RCW 26 to read as follows:

(1)(a) Any city or county planning under RCW 36.70A.040 may enact
 or expand affordable housing incentive programs providing for the

development of low-income housing units through development regulations. An affordable housing incentive program may include, but

is not limited to: 3

(i) Density bonuses within the urban growth area; 4

5 (ii) Height and bulk bonuses;

(iii) Fee waivers or exemptions; 6

7 (iv) Parking reductions;

(v) Expedited permitting, conditioned on provision of low-income 8 9 housing units; or

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(vi) Mixed use projects.

(b) The city or county may enact or expand such programs whether or 11 not the programs may impose a tax, fee, or charge on the development or 12 13 construction of property.

(c) If a developer chooses not to participate in an optional 14 affordable housing incentive program adopted and authorized under this 15 16 section, a city, county, or town may not condition, deny, or delay the 17 issuance of a permit or development approval that is consistent with zoning and development standards on the subject property absent 18 incentive provisions of this program. 19

(2) Affordable housing incentive programs enacted or expanded under 20 21 this section shall comply with the following:

22 (a) The incentives or bonuses shall provide for the construction of 23 low-income housing units;

24 (b) Jurisdictions shall establish standards for low-income renter 25 or owner occupancy housing, including income guidelines consistent with local housing needs, to assist low-income households that cannot afford 26 27 market-rate housing. Low-income households are defined for renter and owner occupancy program purposes as follows: 28

(i) Rental housing units to be developed shall be affordable to and 29 occupied by households with an income of fifty percent or less of the 30 county median family income, adjusted for family size; and 31

32 (ii) Owner occupancy housing units shall be affordable to and occupied by households with an income of eighty percent or less of the 33 county median family income, adjusted for family size. The legislative 34 authority of a jurisdiction, after holding a public hearing, may 35 establish lower income levels. The legislative authority of a 36 37 jurisdiction, after holding a public hearing, may also establish higher income levels for rental housing or for owner occupancy housing upon 38

finding that higher income levels are needed to address local housing 1 2 market conditions. The higher income level for rental housing may not exceed eighty percent of the county area median family income. 3 The higher income level for owner occupancy housing may not exceed one 4 5 hundred percent of the county area median family income. These established higher income levels must be considered "low-income" for 6 7 the purposes of this section;

8 (c) The jurisdiction shall establish a maximum rent level or sales 9 price for each low-income housing unit developed under the terms of a 10 program and may adjust these levels or prices based on the average size 11 of the household expected to occupy the unit. For renter-occupied 12 housing units, the total housing costs, including basic utilities as 13 determined by the jurisdiction, may not exceed thirty percent of the 14 income limit for the low-income housing unit;

(d) Low-income housing units shall be provided in a range of sizes 15 comparable to those units that are available to other residents. 16 То 17 the extent practicable, the number of bedrooms in low-income units must be in the same proportion as the number of bedrooms in units within the 18 entire building. The low-income units shall generally be distributed 19 throughout the building, except that units may be provided in an 20 21 adjacent building. The low-income units shall have substantially the 22 same functionality as the other units in the building or buildings;

(e) Low-income housing units developed under an affordable housing 23 24 incentive program shall be committed to continuing affordability for at 25 least fifty years. A local government, however, may accept payments in lieu of continuing affordability. The program shall include measures 26 27 to enforce continuing affordability and income standards applicable to low-income units constructed under this section that may include, but 28 are not limited to, covenants, options, or other agreements to be 29 executed and recorded by owners and developers; 30

(f) Programs authorized under subsection (1) of this section may 31 32 apply to part or all of a jurisdiction and different standards may be applied to different areas within a jurisdiction. Programs authorized 33 under this section may be modified to meet local needs and may include 34 provisions not expressly provided in this section or RCW 82.02.020; and 35 (q) Low-income housing units developed under an affordable housing 36 37 incentive program are encouraged to be provided within market-rate housing developments for which a bonus or incentive is provided. 38

However, programs may allow units to be provided in an adjacent 1 2 building and may allow payments of money or property in lieu of low-income housing units if the payment equals the approximate cost of 3 developing the same number and quality of housing units that would 4 5 otherwise be developed. Any city or county shall use these funds or property to support the development of low-income housing, including 6 7 support provided through loans or grants to public or private owners or 8 developers of housing.

9 (3) Affordable housing incentive programs enacted or expanded under 10 this section may be applied within the jurisdiction to address the need 11 for increased residential development, consistent with local growth 12 management and housing policies, as follows:

(a) The jurisdiction shall identify certain land use designations
within a geographic area where increased residential development will
assist in achieving local growth management and housing policies;

16 (b) The jurisdiction shall provide increased residential 17 development capacity through zoning changes, bonus densities, height 18 and bulk increases, parking reductions, or other regulatory changes or 19 other incentives;

20 (c) The jurisdiction shall determine that increased residential 21 development capacity or other incentives can be achieved within the 22 identified area, subject to consideration of other regulatory controls 23 on development; and

(d) The jurisdiction may establish a minimum amount of affordable
housing that must be provided by all residential developments being
built under the revised regulations, consistent with the requirements
of this section.

28 **Sec. 3.** RCW 82.02.020 and 2005 c 502 s 5 are each amended to read 29 as follows:

30 Except only as expressly provided in chapters 67.28 and 82.14 RCW, 31 the state preempts the field of imposing taxes upon retail sales of tangible personal property, the use of tangible personal property, 32 parimutuel wagering authorized pursuant to RCW 67.16.060, conveyances, 33 and cigarettes, and no county, town, or other municipal subdivision 34 shall have the right to impose taxes of that nature. 35 Except as 36 provided in RCW 82.02.050 through 82.02.090, no county, city, town, or 37 other municipal corporation shall impose any tax, fee, or charge,

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either direct or indirect, on the construction or reconstruction of 1 2 residential buildings, commercial buildings, industrial buildings, or on any other building or building space or appurtenance thereto, or on 3 the development, subdivision, classification, or reclassification of 4 5 land. However, this section does not preclude dedications of land or easements within the proposed development or plat which the county, 6 7 city, town, or other municipal corporation can demonstrate are reasonably necessary as a direct result of the proposed development or 8 plat to which the dedication of land or easement is to apply. 9

10 This section does not prohibit voluntary agreements with counties, cities, towns, or other municipal corporations that allow a payment in 11 12 lieu of a dedication of land or to mitigate a direct impact that has 13 been identified as a consequence of a proposed development, subdivision, or plat. A local government shall not use such voluntary 14 agreements for local off-site transportation improvements within the 15 16 geographic boundaries of the area or areas covered by an adopted 17 transportation program authorized by chapter 39.92 RCW. Any such voluntary agreement is subject to the following provisions: 18

(1) The payment shall be held in a reserve account and may only be expended to fund a capital improvement agreed upon by the parties to mitigate the identified, direct impact;

(2) The payment shall be expended in all cases within five years ofcollection; and

(3) Any payment not so expended shall be refunded with interest to be calculated from the original date the deposit was received by the county and at the same rate applied to tax refunds pursuant to RCW 84.69.100; however, if the payment is not expended within five years due to delay attributable to the developer, the payment shall be refunded without interest.

No county, city, town, or other municipal corporation shall require any payment as part of such a voluntary agreement which the county, city, town, or other municipal corporation cannot establish is reasonably necessary as a direct result of the proposed development or plat.

Nothing in this section prohibits cities, towns, counties, or other municipal corporations from collecting reasonable fees from an applicant for a permit or other governmental approval to cover the cost to the city, town, county, or other municipal corporation of processing applications, inspecting and reviewing plans, or preparing detailed statements required by chapter 43.21C RCW.

This section does not limit the existing authority of any county, city, town, or other municipal corporation to impose special assessments on property specifically benefitted thereby in the manner prescribed by law.

Nothing in this section prohibits counties, cities, or towns from 8 imposing or permits counties, cities, or towns to impose water, sewer, 9 natural gas, drainage utility, and drainage system charges: PROVIDED, 10 That no such charge shall exceed the proportionate share of such 11 utility or system's capital costs which the county, city, or town can 12 13 demonstrate are attributable to the property being charged: PROVIDED FURTHER, That these provisions shall not be interpreted to expand or 14 contract any existing authority of counties, cities, or towns to impose 15 16 such charges.

Nothing in this section prohibits a transportation benefit district from imposing fees or charges authorized in RCW 36.73.120 nor prohibits the legislative authority of a county, city, or town from approving the imposition of such fees within a transportation benefit district.

Nothing in this section prohibits counties, cities, or towns from imposing transportation impact fees authorized pursuant to chapter 39.92 RCW.

Nothing in this section prohibits counties, cities, or towns from requiring property owners to provide relocation assistance to tenants under RCW 59.18.440 and 59.18.450.

Nothing in this section limits the authority of counties, cities,
 or towns to implement programs consistent with section 2 of this act,
 nor to enforce agreements made pursuant to such programs.

This section does not apply to special purpose districts formed and acting pursuant to Titles 54, 57, or 87 RCW, nor is the authority conferred by these titles affected.

33 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 4. The powers granted in this act are 34 supplemental and additional to the powers otherwise held by local 35 governments, and nothing in this act shall be construed as a limit on 36 such powers. The authority granted in this act shall extend to any 1 affordable housing incentive program enacted or expanded prior to the

2 effective date of this act if the extension is adopted by the

3 applicable local government in an ordinance or resolution."

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On page 1, line 1 of the title, after "programs;" strike the remainder of the title and insert "amending RCW 82.02.020; adding a new section to chapter 36.70A RCW; and creating new sections."

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