HB 3139 - S COMM AMD

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11 12 By Committee on Human Services & Corrections

ADOPTED 02/28/2006

1 Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the 2 following:

- 3 "Sec. 1. RCW 7.70.065 and 2005 c 440 s 2 are each amended to read 4 as follows:
 - (1) Informed consent for health care for a patient who is not competent, as defined in RCW 11.88.010(1)(e), to consent may be obtained from a person authorized to consent on behalf of such patient.
 - (a) Persons authorized to provide informed consent to health care on behalf of a patient who is not competent to consent, based upon a reason other than incapacity as defined in RCW 11.88.010(1)(d), shall be a member of one of the following classes of persons in the following order of priority:
- 13 (i) The appointed guardian of the patient, if any;
- (ii) The individual, if any, to whom the patient has given a durable power of attorney that encompasses the authority to make health care decisions;
- 17 (iii) The patient's spouse;
- 18 (iv) Children of the patient who are at least eighteen years of 19 age;
- 20 (v) Parents of the patient; and
- 21 (vi) Adult brothers and sisters of the patient.
- 22 (b) If the health care provider seeking informed consent for 23 proposed health care of the patient who is not competent to consent 24 under RCW 11.88.010(1)(e), other than a person determined to be 25 incapacitated because he or she is under the age of majority and who is not otherwise authorized to provide informed consent, makes reasonable 26 27 efforts to locate and secure authorization from a competent person in 28 the first or succeeding class and finds no such person available, 29 authorization may be given by any person in the next class in the order

of descending priority. However, no person under this section may provide informed consent to health care:

- (i) If a person of higher priority under this section has refused to give such authorization; or
- (ii) If there are two or more individuals in the same class and the decision is not unanimous among all available members of that class.
- (c) Before any person authorized to provide informed consent on behalf of a patient not competent to consent under RCW 11.88.010(1)(e), other than a person determined to be incapacitated because he or she is under the age of majority and who is not otherwise authorized to provide informed consent, exercises that authority, the person must first determine in good faith that that patient, if competent, would consent to the proposed health care. If such a determination cannot be made, the decision to consent to the proposed health care may be made only after determining that the proposed health care is in the patient's best interests.
- (2) Informed consent for health care, including mental health care, for a patient who is not competent, as defined in RCW 11.88.010(1)(e), because he or she is under the age of majority and who is not otherwise authorized to provide informed consent, may be obtained from a person authorized to consent on behalf of such a patient.
- (a) Persons authorized to provide informed consent to health care, including mental health care, on behalf of a patient who is incapacitated, as defined in RCW 11.88.010(1)(e), because he or she is under the age of majority and who is not otherwise authorized to provide informed consent, shall be a member of one of the following classes of persons in the following order of priority:
- (i) The appointed guardian, or legal custodian authorized pursuant to Title 26 RCW, of the minor patient, if any;
- 30 (ii) A person authorized by the court to consent to medical care 31 for a child in out-of-home placement pursuant to chapter 13.32A or 32 13.34 RCW, if any;
 - (iii) Parents of the minor patient;
- (iv) The individual, if any, to whom the minor's parent has given a signed authorization to make health care decisions for the minor patient; and
- 37 (v) A competent adult representing himself or herself to be a 38 relative responsible for the health care of such minor patient or a

competent adult who has signed and dated a declaration under penalty of perjury pursuant to RCW 9A.72.085 stating that the adult person is a relative responsible for the health care of the minor patient. declaration shall be effective for up to six months from the date of 4 5 the declaration.

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- (b) A health care provider may, but is not required to, rely on the representations or declaration of a person claiming to be a relative responsible for the care of the minor patient, under (a)(v) of this subsection, if the health care provider does not have actual notice of the falsity of any of the statements made by the person claiming to be a relative responsible for the health care of the minor patient.
- (c) A health care facility or a health care provider may, in its discretion, require documentation of a person's claimed status as being a relative responsible for the health care of the minor patient. However, there is no obligation to require such documentation.
- (d) The health care provider or health care facility where services are rendered shall be immune from suit in any action, civil or criminal, or from professional or other disciplinary action when such reliance is based on a declaration signed under penalty of perjury pursuant to RCW 9A.72.085 stating that the adult person is a relative responsible for the health care of the minor patient under (a)(v) of this subsection.
- (3) For the purposes of this section, "health care," "health care 23 24 provider_" and "health care facility" shall be defined as established 25 in RCW 70.02.010.
- 26 Sec. 2. RCW 71.34.020 and 1998 c 296 s 8 are each amended to read 27 as follows:

Unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the definitions in 28 29 this section apply throughout this chapter.

- (1) "Child psychiatrist" means a person having a license as a physician and surgeon in this state, who has had graduate training in child psychiatry in a program approved by the American Medical Association or the American Osteopathic Association, and who is board eligible or board certified in child psychiatry.
 - (2) "Children's mental health specialist" means:
- 36 (a) A mental health professional who has completed a minimum of one

hundred actual hours, not quarter or semester hours, of specialized 1 training devoted to the study of child development and the treatment of children; and 3

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- (b) A mental health professional who has the equivalent of one year of full-time experience in the treatment of children under the supervision of a children's mental health specialist.
- (3) "Commitment" means a determination by a judge or court commissioner, made after a commitment hearing, that the minor is in need of inpatient diagnosis, evaluation, or treatment or that the minor is in need of less restrictive alternative treatment.
- (4) "((County-)) Designated mental health professional" means a mental health professional designated by one or more counties to perform the functions of a ((county-)) designated mental health professional described in this chapter.
- (5) "Department" means the department of social and health 15 16 services.
 - (6) "Evaluation and treatment facility" means a public or private facility or unit that is certified by the department to provide emergency, inpatient, residential, or outpatient mental health evaluation and treatment services for minors. A physically separate and separately-operated portion of a state hospital may be designated as an evaluation and treatment facility for minors. A facility which is part of or operated by the department or federal agency does not require certification. No correctional institution or facility, juvenile court detention facility, or jail may be an evaluation and treatment facility within the meaning of this chapter.
 - (7) "Evaluation and treatment program" means the total system of services and facilities coordinated and approved by a county or combination of counties for the evaluation and treatment of minors under this chapter.
 - (8) "Gravely disabled minor" means a minor who, as a result of a mental disorder, is in danger of serious physical harm resulting from a failure to provide for his or her essential human needs of health or safety, or manifests severe deterioration in routine functioning evidenced by repeated and escalating loss of cognitive or volitional control over his or her actions and is not receiving such care as is essential for his or her health or safety.

(9) "Inpatient treatment" means twenty-four-hour-per-day mental health care provided within a general hospital, psychiatric hospital, or residential treatment facility certified by the department as an evaluation and treatment facility for minors.

- (10) "Less restrictive alternative" or "less restrictive setting" means outpatient treatment provided to a minor who is not residing in a facility providing inpatient treatment as defined in this chapter.
- (11) "Likelihood of serious harm" means either: (a) A substantial risk that physical harm will be inflicted by an individual upon his or her own person, as evidenced by threats or attempts to commit suicide or inflict physical harm on oneself; (b) a substantial risk that physical harm will be inflicted by an individual upon another, as evidenced by behavior which has caused such harm or which places another person or persons in reasonable fear of sustaining such harm; or (c) a substantial risk that physical harm will be inflicted by an individual upon the property of others, as evidenced by behavior which has caused substantial loss or damage to the property of others.
- (12) "Medical necessity" for inpatient care means a requested service which is reasonably calculated to: (a) Diagnose, correct, cure, or alleviate a mental disorder; or (b) prevent the worsening of mental conditions that endanger life or cause suffering and pain, or result in illness or infirmity or threaten to cause or aggravate a handicap, or cause physical deformity or malfunction, and there is no adequate less restrictive alternative available.
- (13) "Mental disorder" means any organic, mental, or emotional impairment that has substantial adverse effects on an individual's cognitive or volitional functions. The presence of alcohol abuse, drug abuse, juvenile criminal history, antisocial behavior, or mental retardation alone is insufficient to justify a finding of "mental disorder" within the meaning of this section.
- (14) "Mental health professional" means a psychiatrist, psychologist, psychiatric nurse, or social worker, and such other mental health professionals as may be defined by rules adopted by the secretary under this chapter.
 - (15) "Minor" means any person under the age of eighteen years.
- 36 (16) "Outpatient treatment" means any of the nonresidential services mandated under chapter 71.24 RCW and provided by licensed services providers as identified by RCW $71.24.025((\frac{3}{3}))$.

(17) "Parent" means:

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- 2 (a) A biological or adoptive parent who has legal custody of the 3 child, including either parent if custody is shared under a joint 4 custody agreement; or
 - (b) A person or agency judicially appointed as legal guardian or custodian of the child.
 - (18) "Professional person in charge" or "professional person" means a physician or other mental health professional empowered by an evaluation and treatment facility with authority to make admission and discharge decisions on behalf of that facility.
 - (19) "Psychiatric nurse" means a registered nurse who has a bachelor's degree from an accredited college or university, and who has had, in addition, at least two years' experience in the direct treatment of mentally ill or emotionally disturbed persons, such experience gained under the supervision of a mental health professional. "Psychiatric nurse" shall also mean any other registered nurse who has three years of such experience.
 - (20) "Psychiatrist" means a person having a license as a physician in this state who has completed residency training in psychiatry in a program approved by the American Medical Association or the American Osteopathic Association, and is board eligible or board certified in psychiatry.
- 23 (21) "Psychologist" means a person licensed as a psychologist under 24 chapter 18.83 RCW.
- 25 (22) "Responsible other" means the minor, the minor's parent or 26 estate, or any other person legally responsible for support of the 27 minor.
- 28 (23) "Secretary" means the secretary of the department or 29 secretary's designee.
- 30 (24) "Start of initial detention" means the time of arrival of the 31 minor at the first evaluation and treatment facility offering inpatient 32 treatment if the minor is being involuntarily detained at the time. 33 With regard to voluntary patients, "start of initial detention" means 34 the time at which the minor gives notice of intent to leave under the 35 provisions of this chapter.
- 36 **Sec. 3.** RCW 71.34.500 and 2005 c 371 s 2 are each amended to read 37 as follows:

- (1) A minor thirteen years or older may admit himself or herself to 1 2 an evaluation and treatment facility for inpatient mental treatment, without parental consent. The admission shall occur only if the 3 professional person in charge of the facility concurs with the need for 4 inpatient treatment. Parental authorization, or authorization from a 5 person who may consent on behalf of the minor pursuant to RCW 7.70.065, 6 7 is required for inpatient treatment of a minor under the age of 8 thirteen.
 - (2) When, in the judgment of the professional person in charge of an evaluation and treatment facility, there is reason to believe that a minor is in need of inpatient treatment because of a mental disorder, and the facility provides the type of evaluation and treatment needed by the minor, and it is not feasible to treat the minor in any less restrictive setting or the minor's home, the minor may be admitted to an evaluation and treatment facility.
- 16 (3) Written renewal of voluntary consent must be obtained from the 17 applicant no less than once every twelve months. The minor's need for 18 continued inpatient treatments shall be reviewed and documented no less 19 than every one hundred eighty days.
- 20 **Sec. 4.** RCW 71.34.530 and 1998 c 296 s 12 are each amended to read 21 as follows:
- 22 Any minor thirteen years or older may request and receive 23 outpatient treatment without the consent of the minor's parent.
- 24 Parental authorization, or authorization from a person who may consent
- on behalf of the minor pursuant to RCW 7.70.065, is required for
- outpatient treatment of a minor under the age of thirteen."

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- On page 1, line 2 of the title, after "minors;" strike the
- 28 remainder of the title and insert "and amending RCW 7.70.065,
- 29 71.34.020, 71.34.500, and 71.34.530."

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