EHB 3159 - S AMD **392**

By Senators Prentice, Rasmussen, Zarelli, Mulliken, Doumit, Schoesler

ADOPTED 03/07/2006

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

3 "<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 1. A new section is added to chapter 82.04 RCW 4 to read as follows:

5 (1) This chapter shall not apply to the value of products or the 6 gross proceeds of sales derived from:

7 (a) Manufacturing dairy products; or

8 (b) Selling manufactured dairy products to purchasers who transport 9 in the ordinary course of business the goods out of this state. A 10 person taking an exemption under this subsection (1)(b) must keep and 11 preserve records for the period required by RCW 82.32.070 establishing 12 that the goods were transported by the purchaser in the ordinary course 13 of business out of this state.

(2) "Dairy products" means dairy products that as of September 20,
2001, are identified in 21 C.F.R., chapter 1, parts 131, 133, and 135,
including byproducts from the manufacturing of the dairy products such
as whey and casein.

18 (3) This section expires July 1, 2012.

19 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 2. A new section is added to chapter 82.04 RCW 20 to read as follows:

(1) This chapter does not apply to the value of products or the gross proceeds of sales derived from:

(a) Manufacturing seafood products that remain in a raw, raw frozen, or raw salted state at the completion of the manufacturing by that person; or

(b) Selling manufactured seafood products that remain in a raw, raw frozen, or raw salted state to purchasers who transport in the ordinary course of business the goods out of this state. A person taking an exemption under this subsection (1)(b) must keep and preserve records for the period required by RCW 82.32.070 establishing that the goods were transported by the purchaser in the ordinary course of business out of this state.

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(2) This section expires July 1, 2012.

5 Sec. 3. RCW 82.04.4266 and 2005 c 513 s 1 are each amended to read 6 as follows:

7 (1) This chapter shall not apply to ((amounts received from)) the
8 value of products or the gross proceeds of sales derived from:

9 (((1))) <u>(a) Manufacturing fruits or vegetables by canning,</u> 10 preserving, freezing, processing, or dehydrating fresh fruits ((and)) 11 <u>or</u> vegetables; or

12 (((2))) (b) Selling at wholesale ((fresh)) fruits ((and)) or vegetables ((canned, preserved, frozen, processed, or dehydrated)) 13 manufactured by the seller by canning, preserving, freezing, 14 processing, or dehydrating fresh fruits or vegetables and sold to 15 16 purchasers who transport in the ordinary course of business the goods 17 out of this state. ((As proof of sale to a person who transports in the ordinary course of business goods out of this state, the seller 18 shall annually provide a statement in a form prescribed by the 19 20 department and retain the statement as a business record.)) A person 21 taking an exemption under this subsection (1)(b) must keep and preserve records for the period required by RCW 82.32.070 establishing that the 22 23 goods were transported by the purchaser in the ordinary course of business out of this state. 24

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(2) This section expires July 1, 2012.

26 Sec. 4. RCW 82.04.260 and 2005 c 513 s 2 and 2005 c 443 s 4 are 27 each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

28 (1) Upon every person engaging within this state in the business of 29 manufacturing:

30 (a) Wheat into flour, barley into pearl barley, soybeans into 31 soybean oil, canola into canola oil, canola meal, or canola byproducts, 32 or sunflower seeds into sunflower oil; as to such persons the amount of 33 tax with respect to such business shall be equal to the value of the 34 flour, pearl barley, oil, canola meal, or canola byproduct 35 manufactured, multiplied by the rate of 0.138 percent; 1 (b) <u>Beginning July 1, 2012, s</u>eafood products which remain in a raw, 2 raw frozen, or raw salted state at the completion of the manufacturing 3 by that person; as to such persons the amount of tax with respect to 4 such business shall be equal to the value of the products manufactured 5 <u>or the gross proceeds derived from such sales</u>, multiplied by the rate 6 of 0.138 percent;

(c) Beginning July 1, 2012, dairy products that as of September 20, 7 2001, are identified in 21 C.F.R., chapter 1, parts 131, 133, and 135, 8 including byproducts from the manufacturing of the dairy products such 9 10 as whey and casein; or selling the same to purchasers who transport in the ordinary course of business the goods out of state; as to such 11 12 persons the tax imposed shall be equal to the value of the products 13 manufactured or the gross proceeds derived from such sales multiplied 14 by the rate of 0.138 percent. ((As proof of sale to a person who transports in the ordinary course of business goods out of this state, 15 16 the seller shall annually provide a statement in a form prescribed by 17 the department and retain the statement as a business record)) Sellers must keep and preserve records for the period required by RCW 82.32.070 18 establishing that the goods were transported by the purchaser in the 19 ordinary course of business out of this state; 20

21 (d) Beginning July 1, 2012, fruits or vegetables by canning, preserving, freezing, processing, or dehydrating fresh fruits or 22 vegetables, or selling at wholesale fruits or vegetables manufactured 23 24 by the seller by canning, preserving, freezing, processing, or dehydrating fresh fruits or vegetables and sold to purchasers who 25 transport in the ordinary course of business the goods out of this 26 27 state; as to such persons the amount of tax with respect to such business shall be equal to the value of the products manufactured or 28 the gross proceeds derived from such sales multiplied by the rate of 29 0.138 percent. Sellers must keep and preserve records for the period 30 required by RCW 82.32.070 establishing that the goods were transported 31 by the purchaser in the ordinary course of business out of this state; 32 ((((d))) <u>(e)</u> Until July 1, 2009, alcohol fuel, biodiesel fuel, or 33 biodiesel feedstock, as those terms are defined in RCW 82.29A.135; as 34 to such persons the amount of tax with respect to the business shall be 35 equal to the value of alcohol fuel, biodiesel fuel, or biodiesel 36 37 feedstock manufactured, multiplied by the rate of 0.138 percent; and

1 (((e))) <u>(f)</u> Alcohol fuel or wood biomass fuel, as those terms are 2 defined in RCW 82.29A.135; as to such persons the amount of tax with 3 respect to the business shall be equal to the value of alcohol fuel or 4 wood biomass fuel manufactured, multiplied by the rate of 0.138 5 percent.

6 (2) Upon every person engaging within this state in the business of 7 splitting or processing dried peas; as to such persons the amount of 8 tax with respect to such business shall be equal to the value of the 9 peas split or processed, multiplied by the rate of 0.138 percent.

10 (3) Upon every nonprofit corporation and nonprofit association 11 engaging within this state in research and development, as to such 12 corporations and associations, the amount of tax with respect to such 13 activities shall be equal to the gross income derived from such 14 activities multiplied by the rate of 0.484 percent.

(4) Upon every person engaging within this state in the business of slaughtering, breaking and/or processing perishable meat products and/or selling the same at wholesale only and not at retail; as to such persons the tax imposed shall be equal to the gross proceeds derived from such sales multiplied by the rate of 0.138 percent.

(5) Upon every person engaging within this state in the business of acting as a travel agent or tour operator; as to such persons the amount of the tax with respect to such activities shall be equal to the gross income derived from such activities multiplied by the rate of 0.275 percent.

(6) Upon every person engaging within this state in business as an international steamship agent, international customs house broker, international freight forwarder, vessel and/or cargo charter broker in foreign commerce, and/or international air cargo agent; as to such persons the amount of the tax with respect to only international activities shall be equal to the gross income derived from such activities multiplied by the rate of 0.275 percent.

(7) Upon every person engaging within this state in the business of stevedoring and associated activities pertinent to the movement of goods and commodities in waterborne interstate or foreign commerce; as to such persons the amount of tax with respect to such business shall be equal to the gross proceeds derived from such activities multiplied by the rate of 0.275 percent. Persons subject to taxation under this subsection shall be exempt from payment of taxes imposed by chapter

82.16 RCW for that portion of their business subject to taxation under 1 2 this subsection. Stevedoring and associated activities pertinent to the conduct of goods and commodities in waterborne interstate or 3 foreign commerce are defined as all activities of a labor, service or 4 transportation nature whereby cargo may be loaded or unloaded to or 5 from vessels or barges, passing over, onto or under a wharf, pier, or б 7 similar structure; cargo may be moved to a warehouse or similar holding or storage yard or area to await further movement in import or export 8 or may move to a consolidation freight station and be stuffed, 9 unstuffed, containerized, separated or otherwise segregated or 10 aggregated for delivery or loaded on any mode of transportation for 11 12 delivery to its consignee. Specific activities included in this 13 definition are: Wharfage, handling, loading, unloading, moving of 14 cargo to a convenient place of delivery to the consignee or a convenient place for further movement to export mode; documentation 15 services in connection with the receipt, delivery, checking, care, 16 17 custody and control of cargo required in the transfer of cargo; imported automobile handling prior to delivery to consignee; terminal 18 stevedoring and incidental vessel services, including but not limited 19 to plugging and unplugging refrigerator service to containers, 20 21 trailers, and other refrigerated cargo receptacles, and securing ship 22 hatch covers.

(8) Upon every person engaging within this state in the business of disposing of low-level waste, as defined in RCW 43.145.010; as to such persons the amount of the tax with respect to such business shall be equal to the gross income of the business, excluding any fees imposed under chapter 43.200 RCW, multiplied by the rate of 3.3 percent.

If the gross income of the taxpayer is attributable to activities both within and without this state, the gross income attributable to this state shall be determined in accordance with the methods of apportionment required under RCW 82.04.460.

32 (9) Upon every person engaging within this state as an insurance 33 agent, insurance broker, or insurance solicitor licensed under chapter 34 48.17 RCW; as to such persons, the amount of the tax with respect to 35 such licensed activities shall be equal to the gross income of such 36 business multiplied by the rate of 0.484 percent.

(10) Upon every person engaging within this state in business as a
 hospital, as defined in chapter 70.41 RCW, that is operated as a

nonprofit corporation or by the state or any of its political subdivisions, as to such persons, the amount of tax with respect to such activities shall be equal to the gross income of the business multiplied by the rate of 0.75 percent through June 30, 1995, and 1.5 percent thereafter. The moneys collected under this subsection shall be deposited in the health services account created under RCW 43.72.900.

8 (11)(a) Beginning October 1, 2005, upon every person engaging 9 within this state in the business of manufacturing commercial 10 airplanes, or components of such airplanes, as to such persons the 11 amount of tax with respect to such business shall, in the case of 12 manufacturers, be equal to the value of the product manufactured, or in 13 the case of processors for hire, be equal to the gross income of the 14 business, multiplied by the rate of:

(i) 0.4235 percent from October 1, 2005, through the later of June 30, 2007, or the day preceding the date final assembly of a superefficient airplane begins in Washington state, as determined under RCW 82.32.550; and

(ii) 0.2904 percent beginning on the later of July 1, 2007, or the
date final assembly of a superefficient airplane begins in Washington
state, as determined under RCW 82.32.550.

(b) Beginning October 1, 2005, upon every person engaging within this state in the business of making sales, at retail or wholesale, of commercial airplanes, or components of such airplanes, manufactured by that person, as to such persons the amount of tax with respect to such business shall be equal to the gross proceeds of sales of the airplanes or components multiplied by the rate of:

(i) 0.4235 percent from October 1, 2005, through the later of June
30, 2007, or the day preceding the date final assembly of a
superefficient airplane begins in Washington state, as determined under
RCW 82.32.550; and

(ii) 0.2904 percent beginning on the later of July 1, 2007, or the
 date final assembly of a superefficient airplane begins in Washington
 state, as determined under RCW 82.32.550.

35 (c) For the purposes of this subsection (11), "commercial 36 airplane," "component," and "final assembly of a superefficient 37 airplane" have the meanings given in RCW 82.32.550. (d) In addition to all other requirements under this title, a
 person eligible for the tax rate under this subsection (11) must report
 as required under RCW 82.32.545.

(e) This subsection (11) does not apply after the earlier of: July 4 1, 2024; or December 31, 2007, if assembly of a superefficient airplane 5 does not begin by December 31, 2007, as determined under RCW 82.32.550. 6 7 (12) Upon every person engaging within this state in inspecting, testing, labeling, and storing canned salmon owned by another person, 8 as to such persons, the amount of tax with respect to such activities 9 shall be equal to the gross income derived from such activities 10 multiplied by the rate of 0.484 percent. 11

12 **Sec. 5.** RCW 82.32.610 and 2005 c 513 s 3 are each amended to read 13 as follows:

(1) The legislature finds that accountability and effectiveness are important aspects of setting tax policy. In order to make policy choices regarding the best use of limited state resources the legislature needs information on how a tax incentive is used.

(2) Each person claiming a tax exemption under RCW 82.04.4266_ 18 section 1 of this act, or section 2 of this act shall report 19 20 information to the department by filing a complete annual survey. The 21 survey is due by March 31st of the year following any calendar year in which a tax exemption under RCW 82.04.4266, section 1 of this act, or 22 section 2 of this act is taken. The department may extend the due date 23 for timely filing of annual surveys under this section as provided in 24 RCW 82.32.590. The survey shall include the amount of tax exemption 25 26 taken. The survey shall also include the following information for 27 employment positions in Washington:

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(a) The number of total employment positions;

(b) Full-time, part-time, and temporary employment positions as a percent of total employment;

31 (c) The number of employment positions according to the following 32 wage bands: Less than thirty thousand dollars; thirty thousand dollars 33 or greater, but less than sixty thousand dollars; and sixty thousand 34 dollars or greater. A wage band containing fewer than three 35 individuals may be combined with another wage band; and

(d) The number of employment positions that have employer-provided
 medical, dental, and retirement benefits, by each of the wage bands.

1 The first survey filed under this subsection shall also include 2 information for the twelve-month period immediately before first use of 3 a tax incentive.

4 (3) The department may request additional information necessary to 5 measure the results of the exemption program, to be submitted at the 6 same time as the survey.

7 (4) All information collected under this section, except the amount
8 of the tax exemption taken, is deemed taxpayer information under RCW
9 82.32.330. Information on the amount of tax exemption taken is not
10 subject to the confidentiality provisions of RCW 82.32.330.

(5) If a person fails to submit an annual survey under subsection 11 (2) of this section by the due date of the ((report)) survey or any 12 extension under RCW 82.32.590, the department shall declare the amount 13 of taxes exempted for the previous calendar year to be immediately due 14 and payable. The department shall assess interest, but not penalties, 15 on the amounts due under this section. 16 The amount due shall be 17 calculated using a rate of 0.138 percent. The interest shall be assessed at the rate provided for delinquent taxes under this chapter, 18 retroactively to the date the exemption was claimed, and shall accrue 19 20 until the taxes for which the exemption was claimed are repaid. This information is not subject to the confidentiality provisions of RCW 21 22 82.32.330.

(6) The department shall use the information from this section to prepare summary descriptive statistics by category. No fewer than three taxpayers shall be included in any category. The department shall report these statistics to the legislature each year by September 1st.

(7) The department shall study the tax exemption authorized in RCW 28 82.04.4266, section 1 of this act, and section 2 of this act. 29 The department shall submit a report to the finance committee of the house 30 31 of representatives and the ways and means committee of the senate by 32 December 1, 2011. The report shall measure the effect of the exemption on job creation, job retention, company growth, the movement of firms 33 or the consolidation of firms' operations into the state, and such 34 other factors as the department selects. 35

36 **Sec. 6.** RCW 82.74.010 and 2005 c 513 s 4 are each amended to read 37 as follows: Unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the definitions in
 this section apply throughout this chapter.

3 (1) "Applicant" means a person applying for a tax deferral under4 this chapter.

5 (2) "Cold storage warehouse" means a storage warehouse ((used)) 6 owned or operated by a wholesaler or third-party warehouser as those 7 terms are defined in RCW 82.08.820 to store fresh and/or frozen 8 perishable fruits or vegetables, <u>dairy products</u>, <u>seafood products</u>, or 9 any combination thereof, at a desired temperature to maintain the 10 quality of the product for orderly marketing.

11 (3) "Dairy product" means dairy products that as of September 20, 12 2001, are identified in 21 C.F.R., chapter 1, parts 131, 133, and 135, 13 including byproducts from the manufacturing of the dairy products such 14 as whey and casein.

15 <u>(4) "Dairy product manufacturing" means manufacturing, as defined</u> 16 <u>in RCW 82.04.120, of dairy products.</u>

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(5) "Department" means the department of revenue.

((((4))) (6) "Eligible investment project" means an investment in 18 qualified buildings or qualified machinery and equipment, including 19 labor and services rendered in the planning, installation, and 20 21 construction of the project. The lessor or owner of a qualified 22 building is not eligible for a deferral unless (a) the underlying ownership of the buildings, machinery, and equipment vests exclusively 23 24 in the same person; or (b)(i) the lessor by written contract agrees to pass the economic benefit of the deferral to the lessee in the form of 25 reduced rent payments, and (ii) the lessee that receives the economic 26 benefit of the deferral agrees in writing with the department to 27 complete the annual survey under RCW 82.74.040. The economic benefit 28 of the deferral to the lessee may be evidenced by any type of payment, 29 credit, or any other financial arrangement between the lessor or owner 30 31 of the qualified building and the lessee.

32 (((5))) <u>(7)</u> "Fresh fruit and vegetable processing" means 33 manufacturing as defined in RCW 82.04.120 which consists of the 34 canning, preserving, freezing, processing, or dehydrating fresh fruits 35 and/or vegetables.

36 (((6))) <u>(8)</u>(a) "Initiation of construction" means the date that a 37 building permit is issued under the building code adopted under RCW 38 19.27.031 for: (i) Construction of the qualified building, if the underlying
 ownership of the building vests exclusively with the person receiving
 the economic benefit of the deferral;

4 (ii) Construction of the qualified building, if the economic 5 benefits of the deferral are passed to a lessee as provided in 6 subsection (((4))) (6) of this section; or

7 (iii) Tenant improvements for a qualified building, if the economic 8 benefits of the deferral are passed to a lessee as provided in 9 subsection (((4))) <u>(6)</u> of this section.

10 (b) "Initiation of construction" does not include soil testing, 11 site clearing and grading, site preparation, or any other related 12 activities that are initiated before the issuance of a building permit 13 for the construction of the foundation of the building.

14 (c) If the investment project is a phased project, "initiation of 15 construction" applies separately to each phase.

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(((7))) (9) "Person" has the meaning given in RCW 82.04.030.

17 ((((8))) (10) "Qualified buildings" means construction of new structures, and expansion or renovation of existing structures for the 18 purpose of increasing floor space or production capacity used for fresh 19 fruit and vegetable processing, <u>dairy product manufacturing</u>, <u>seafood</u> 20 21 product manufacturing, cold storage ((warehouse)) warehousing, and research and development activities, including plant offices and 22 warehouses or other facilities for the storage of raw material or 23 24 finished goods if such facilities are an essential or an integral part 25 of a factory, plant, or laboratory used for fresh fruit and vegetable processing, <u>dairy product manufacturing</u>, <u>seafood product manufacturing</u>, 26 27 cold storage warehousing, or research and development. If a building is used partly for fresh fruit and vegetable processing, dairy product 28 manufacturing, seafood product manufacturing, cold storage warehousing, 29 or research and development and partly for other purposes, the 30 applicable tax deferral shall be determined by apportionment of the 31 32 costs of construction under rules adopted by the department.

33 (((9))) (11) "Qualified machinery and equipment" means all 34 industrial and research fixtures, equipment, and support facilities 35 that are an integral and necessary part of a fresh fruit and vegetable 36 processing, <u>dairy product manufacturing</u>, <u>seafood product manufacturing</u>, 37 cold storage warehouse, or research and development operation. 38 "Qualified machinery and equipment" includes: Computers; software;

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1 data processing equipment; laboratory equipment; manufacturing 2 components such as belts, pulleys, shafts, and moving parts; molds, 3 tools, and dies; operating structures; and all equipment used to 4 control or operate the machinery.

5 (((10))) (12) "Recipient" means a person receiving a tax deferral 6 under this chapter.

7 ((((11))) (13) "Research and development" means the development, refinement, testing, marketing, and commercialization of a product, 8 service, or process related to fresh fruit and vegetable processing, 9 10 dairy product manufacturing, seafood product manufacturing, or cold storage warehousing before commercial sales have begun. As used in 11 12 this subsection, "commercial sales" excludes sales of prototypes or 13 sales for market testing if the total gross receipts from such sales of 14 the product, service, or process do not exceed one million dollars.

15 (14) "Seafood product" means any edible marine fish and shellfish 16 that remains in a raw, raw frozen, or raw salted state.

17 (15) "Seafood product manufacturing" means the manufacturing, as
 18 defined in RCW 82.04.120, of seafood products.

19 Sec. 7. RCW 82.74.030 and 2005 c 513 s 6 are each amended to read 20 as follows:

(1) The department shall issue a sales and use tax deferral certificate for state and local sales and use taxes ((due)) imposed or authorized under chapters 82.08, 82.12, and 82.14 RCW on each eligible investment project if the investment project is undertaken for the purpose of fresh fruit and vegetable processing, <u>dairy product</u> <u>manufacturing, seafood product manufacturing, cold storage warehousing,</u> or research and development.

28 (2) This section expires July 1, 2012.

29 Sec. 8. RCW 82.74.040 and 2005 c 513 s 7 are each amended to read 30 as follows:

31 (1)(a) The legislature finds that accountability and effectiveness 32 are important aspects of setting tax policy. In order to make policy 33 choices regarding the best use of limited state resources the 34 legislature needs information on how a tax incentive is used.

(b) Each recipient of a deferral granted under this chapter shallcomplete an annual survey. If the economic benefits of the deferral

are passed to a lessee as provided in RCW 82.74.010(((++)))) (6), the 1 2 lessee shall complete the annual survey and the applicant is not required to complete the annual survey. The survey is due by March 3 31st of the year following the calendar year in which the investment 4 5 project is certified by the department as having been operationally complete and each of the seven succeeding calendar years. 6 The 7 department may extend the due date for timely filing of annual surveys under this section as provided in RCW 82.32.590. The survey shall 8 include the amount of tax deferred. The survey shall also include the 9 10 following information for employment positions in Washington:

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(i) The number of total employment positions;

12 (ii) Full-time, part-time, and temporary employment positions as a 13 percent of total employment;

14 (iii) The number of employment positions according to the following 15 wage bands: Less than thirty thousand dollars; thirty thousand dollars 16 or greater, but less than sixty thousand dollars; and sixty thousand 17 dollars or greater. A wage band containing fewer than three 18 individuals may be combined with another wage band; and

19 (iv) The number of employment positions that have employer-provided 20 medical, dental, and retirement benefits, by each of the wage bands.

(c) The department may request additional information necessary to measure the results of the deferral program, to be submitted at the same time as the survey.

(d) All information collected under this subsection, except the
amount of the tax deferral taken, is deemed taxpayer information under
RCW 82.32.330. Information on the amount of tax deferral taken is not
subject to the confidentiality provisions of RCW 82.32.330 and may be
disclosed to the public upon request.

(e) The department shall use the information from this section to prepare summary descriptive statistics by category. No fewer than three taxpayers shall be included in any category. The department shall report these statistics to the legislature each year by September 1st.

(f) The department shall also use the information to study the tax deferral program authorized under this chapter. The department shall report to the legislature by December 1, 2011. The report shall measure the effect of the program on job creation, ((the number of jobs created for residents of eligible areas,)) company growth, the 1 introduction of new products, the diversification of the state's 2 economy, growth in research and development investment, the movement of 3 firms or the consolidation of firms' operations into the state, and 4 such other factors as the department selects.

(2)(a) If a recipient of the deferral fails to complete the annual 5 survey required under subsection (1) of this section by the date due or 6 7 any extension under RCW 82.32.590, twelve and one-half percent of the deferred tax shall be immediately due. If the economic benefits of the 8 deferral are passed to a lessee as provided in RCW 82.74.010(((+)))9 (6), the lessee shall be responsible for payment to the extent the 10 lessee has received the economic benefit. The department shall assess 11 interest, but not penalties, on the amounts due under this section. 12 13 The interest shall be assessed at the rate provided for delinquent 14 taxes under chapter 82.32 RCW, and shall accrue until the amounts due 15 are repaid.

16 (b) A recipient who must repay deferred taxes under RCW 17 82.74.050(2) because the department has found that an investment 18 project is used for purposes other than fresh fruit and vegetable 19 processing, <u>dairy product manufacturing</u>, <u>seafood product manufacturing</u>, 20 cold storage warehousing, or research and development is no longer 21 required to file annual surveys under this section beginning on the 22 date an investment project is used for nonqualifying purposes.

23 **Sec. 9.** RCW 82.74.050 and 2005 c 513 s 8 are each amended to read 24 as follows:

(1) Except as provided in subsection (2) of this section, taxes
deferred under this chapter need not be repaid.

27 (2) If, on the basis of survey under RCW 82.74.040 or other information, the department finds that an investment project is used 28 for purposes other than fresh fruit and vegetable processing, dairy 29 product manufacturing, seafood product manufacturing, cold storage 30 31 warehousing, or research and development at any time during the calendar year in which the investment project is certified by the 32 department as having been operationally completed, or at any time 33 34 during any of the seven succeeding calendar years, a portion of 35 deferred taxes shall be immediately due according to the following 36 schedule:

1	Year in which <u>nonqualifying</u> use occurs	% of deferred taxes due
2	1	100%
3	2	87.5%
4	3	75%
5	4	62.5%
6	5	50%
7	6	37.5%
8	7	25%
9	8	12.5%

(3) The department shall assess interest, but not penalties, on the 10 deferred taxes under subsection (2) of this section. 11 The interest 12 shall be assessed at the rate provided for delinquent taxes under 13 chapter 82.32 RCW, retroactively to the date of deferral, and shall accrue until the deferred taxes are repaid. 14 The debt for deferred 15 taxes will not be extinguished by insolvency or other failure of the recipient. Transfer of ownership does not terminate the deferral. 16 The deferral is transferred, subject to the successor meeting the 17 18 eligibility requirements of this chapter, for the remaining periods of 19 the deferral.

20 (4) Notwithstanding subsection (2) of this section, deferred taxes21 on the following need not be repaid:

(a) Machinery and equipment, and sales of or charges made for labor
 and services, which at the time of purchase would have qualified for
 exemption under RCW 82.08.02565; and

(b) Machinery and equipment which at the time of first use wouldhave qualified for exemption under RCW 82.12.02565.

27 **Sec. 10.** RCW 82.08.820 and 1997 c 450 s 2 are each amended to read 28 as follows:

(1) Wholesalers or third-party warehousers who own or operate warehouses or grain elevators and retailers who own or operate distribution centers, and who have paid the tax levied by RCW 82.08.020 on:

33 (a) Material-handling and racking equipment, and labor and services 34 rendered in respect to installing, repairing, cleaning, altering, or 35 improving the equipment; or (b) Construction of a warehouse or grain elevator, including
 materials, and including service and labor costs,

3 are eligible for an exemption in the form of a remittance. The amount 4 of the remittance is computed under subsection (3) of this section and 5 is based on the state share of sales tax.

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(2) For purposes of this section and RCW 82.12.820:

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(a) "Agricultural products" has the meaning given in RCW 82.04.213;

8 (b) "Construction" means the actual construction of a warehouse or 9 grain elevator that did not exist before the construction began. 10 "Construction" includes expansion if the expansion adds at least two 11 hundred thousand square feet of additional space to an existing 12 warehouse or additional storage capacity of at least one million 13 bushels to an existing grain elevator. "Construction" does not include 14 renovation, remodeling, or repair;

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(c) "Department" means the department of revenue;

16 (d) "Distribution center" means a warehouse that is used 17 exclusively by a retailer solely for the storage and distribution of 18 finished goods to retail outlets of the retailer. "Distribution 19 center" does not include a warehouse at which retail sales occur;

(e) "Finished goods" means tangible personal property intended for sale by a retailer or wholesaler. "Finished goods" does not include agricultural products stored by wholesalers, third-party warehouses, or retailers if the storage takes place on the land of the person who produced the agricultural product. "Finished goods" does not include logs, minerals, petroleum, gas, or other extracted products stored as raw materials or in bulk;

27 (f) "Grain elevator" means a structure used for storage and 28 handling of grain in bulk;

"Material-handling equipment and racking equipment" means 29 (q) equipment in a warehouse or grain elevator that is primarily used to 30 31 handle, store, organize, convey, package, or repackage finished goods. 32 The term includes tangible personal property with a useful life of one year or more that becomes an ingredient or component of the equipment, 33 including repair and replacement parts. The term does not include 34 equipment in offices, lunchrooms, restrooms, and other like space, 35 within a warehouse or grain elevator, or equipment used for 36 37 nonwarehousing purposes. "Material-handling equipment" includes but is 38 not limited to: Conveyers, carousels, lifts, positioners, pick-up-and-

place units, cranes, hoists, mechanical arms, and robots; mechanized 1 2 systems, including containers that are an integral part of the system, whose purpose is to lift or move tangible personal property; and 3 automated handling, storage, and retrieval systems, including computers 4 5 that control them, whose purpose is to lift or move tangible personal property; and forklifts and other off-the-road vehicles that are used 6 7 to lift or move tangible personal property and that cannot be operated legally on roads and streets. "Racking equipment" includes, but is not 8 9 limited to, conveying systems, chutes, shelves, racks, bins, drawers, pallets, and other containers and storage devices that form a necessary 10 11 part of the storage system;

12 (h) "Person" has the meaning given in RCW 82.04.030;

13 (i) "Retailer" means a person who makes "sales at retail" as 14 defined in chapter 82.04 RCW of tangible personal property;

(j) "Square footage" means the product of the two horizontal dimensions of each floor of a specific warehouse. The entire footprint of the warehouse shall be measured in calculating the square footage, including space that juts out from the building profile such as loading docks. "Square footage" does not mean the aggregate of the square footage of more than one warehouse at a location or the aggregate of the square footage of warehouses at more than one location;

22 (k) "Third-party warehouser" means a person taxable under RCW
23 82.04.280(4);

24 (1) "Warehouse" means an enclosed building or structure in which 25 finished goods are stored. A warehouse building or structure may have more than one storage room and more than one floor. Office space, 26 27 lunchrooms, restrooms, and other space within the warehouse and necessary for the operation of the warehouse are considered part of the 28 warehouse as are loading docks and other such space attached to the 29 building and used for handling of finished goods. Landscaping and 30 31 parking lots are not considered part of the warehouse. A storage yard 32 is not a warehouse, nor is a building in which manufacturing takes place; and 33

(m) "Wholesaler" means a person who makes "sales at wholesale" as defined in chapter 82.04 RCW of tangible personal property, but "wholesaler" does not include a person who makes sales exempt under RCW 82.04.330.

(3)(a) A person claiming an exemption from state tax in the form of 1 2 a remittance under this section must pay the tax imposed by RCW 82.08.020. The buyer may then apply to the department for remittance 3 of all or part of the tax paid under RCW 82.08.020. For grain 4 elevators with bushel capacity of one million but less than two 5 million, the remittance is equal to fifty percent of the amount of tax 6 7 paid. For warehouses with square footage of two hundred thousand or more and for grain elevators with bushel capacity of two million or 8 more, the remittance is equal to one hundred percent of the amount of 9 10 tax paid for qualifying construction, materials, service, and labor, and fifty percent of the amount of tax paid for qualifying material-11 handling equipment and racking equipment, and labor and services 12 13 rendered in respect to installing, repairing, cleaning, altering, or 14 improving the equipment.

(b) The department shall determine eligibility under this section 15 based on information provided by the buyer and through audit and other 16 17 administrative records. The buyer shall on a quarterly basis submit an information sheet, in a form and manner as required by the department 18 by rule, specifying the amount of exempted tax claimed and the 19 qualifying purchases or acquisitions for which the exemption is 20 21 The buyer shall retain, in adequate detail to enable the claimed. 22 department to determine whether the equipment or construction meets the criteria under this section: Invoices; proof of tax paid; documents 23 24 describing the material-handling equipment and racking equipment; 25 location and size of warehouses and grain elevators; and construction invoices and documents. 26

27 (c) The department shall on a quarterly basis remit exempted 28 amounts to qualifying persons who submitted applications during the 29 previous quarter.

30 (4) Warehouses, grain elevators, and material-handling equipment 31 and racking equipment for which an exemption, credit, or deferral has 32 been or is being received under chapter 82.60, ((82.61,)) 82.62, or 33 82.63 RCW or RCW 82.08.02565 or 82.12.02565 are not eligible for any 34 remittance under this section. Warehouses and grain elevators upon 35 which construction was initiated before May 20, 1997, are not eligible 36 for a remittance under this section.

37 (5) The lessor or owner of a warehouse or grain elevator is not38 eligible for a remittance under this section unless the underlying

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ownership of the warehouse or grain elevator and the material-handling 1 2 equipment and racking equipment vests exclusively in the same person, or unless the lessor by written contract agrees to pass the economic 3 benefit of the remittance to the lessee in the form of reduced rent 4 5 payments.

6 **Sec. 11.** RCW 82.08.820 and 2005 c 513 s 11 are each amended to 7 read as follows:

8 (1) Wholesalers or third-party warehousers who own or operate warehouses or grain elevators and retailers who own or operate 9 distribution centers, and who have paid the tax levied by RCW 82.08.020 10 11 on:

(a) Material-handling and racking equipment, and labor and services 12 rendered in respect to installing, repairing, cleaning, altering, or 13 improving the equipment; or 14

15 (b) Construction of a warehouse or grain elevator, including 16 materials, and including service and labor costs,

are eligible for an exemption in the form of a remittance. The amount 17 of the remittance is computed under subsection (3) of this section and 18 is based on the state share of sales tax. 19

20

(2) For purposes of this section and RCW 82.12.820:

21

(a) "Agricultural products" has the meaning given in RCW 82.04.213; 22 (b) "Cold storage warehouse" ((means a storage warehouse used to store fresh and/or frozen perishable fruits or vegetables, or any 23 24 combination thereof, at a desired temperature to maintain the quality of the product for orderly marketing)) has the meaning provided in RCW 25

26 82.74.010;

(c) "Construction" means the actual construction of a warehouse or 27 grain elevator that did not exist before the construction began. 28 "Construction" includes expansion if the expansion adds at least 29 30 twenty-five thousand square feet of additional space to an existing 31 cold storage warehouse, at least two hundred thousand square feet of additional space to an existing warehouse other than a cold storage 32 warehouse, or additional storage capacity of at least one million 33 bushels to an existing grain elevator. "Construction" does not include 34 renovation, remodeling, or repair; 35

36 (d) "Department" means the department of revenue; 1 (e) "Distribution center" means a warehouse that is used 2 exclusively by a retailer solely for the storage and distribution of 3 finished goods to retail outlets of the retailer. "Distribution 4 center" does not include a warehouse at which retail sales occur;

5 (f) "Finished goods" means tangible personal property intended for 6 sale by a retailer or wholesaler. "Finished goods" does not include 7 agricultural products stored by wholesalers, third-party warehouses, or 8 retailers if the storage takes place on the land of the person who 9 produced the agricultural product. "Finished goods" does not include 10 logs, minerals, petroleum, gas, or other extracted products stored as 11 raw materials or in bulk;

12 (g) "Grain elevator" means a structure used for storage and 13 handling of grain in bulk;

14 (h) "Material-handling equipment and racking equipment" means equipment in a warehouse or grain elevator that is primarily used to 15 16 handle, store, organize, convey, package, or repackage finished goods. 17 The term includes tangible personal property with a useful life of one year or more that becomes an ingredient or component of the equipment, 18 19 including repair and replacement parts. The term does not include 20 equipment in offices, lunchrooms, restrooms, and other like space, 21 within a warehouse or grain elevator, or equipment used for 22 nonwarehousing purposes. "Material-handling equipment" includes but is not limited to: Conveyers, carousels, lifts, positioners, pick-up-and-23 24 place units, cranes, hoists, mechanical arms, and robots; mechanized 25 systems, including containers that are an integral part of the system, whose purpose is to lift or move tangible personal property; and 26 27 automated handling, storage, and retrieval systems, including computers that control them, whose purpose is to lift or move tangible personal 28 property; and forklifts and other off-the-road vehicles that are used 29 30 to lift or move tangible personal property and that cannot be operated 31 legally on roads and streets. "Racking equipment" includes, but is not 32 limited to, conveying systems, chutes, shelves, racks, bins, drawers, 33 pallets, and other containers and storage devices that form a necessary part of the storage system; 34

35 (i) "Person" has the meaning given in RCW 82.04.030;

36 (j) "Retailer" means a person who makes "sales at retail" as 37 defined in chapter 82.04 RCW of tangible personal property; 1 (k) "Square footage" means the product of the two horizontal 2 dimensions of each floor of a specific warehouse. The entire footprint 3 of the warehouse shall be measured in calculating the square footage, 4 including space that juts out from the building profile such as loading 5 docks. "Square footage" does not mean the aggregate of the square 6 footage of more than one warehouse at a location or the aggregate of 7 the square footage of warehouses at more than one location;

8 (1) "Third-party warehouser" means a person taxable under RCW9 82.04.280(4);

(m) "Warehouse" means an enclosed building or structure in which 10 finished goods are stored. A warehouse building or structure may have 11 12 more than one storage room and more than one floor. Office space, 13 lunchrooms, restrooms, and other space within the warehouse and 14 necessary for the operation of the warehouse are considered part of the warehouse as are loading docks and other such space attached to the 15 building and used for handling of finished goods. Landscaping and 16 parking lots are not considered part of the warehouse. A storage yard 17 is not a warehouse, nor is a building in which manufacturing takes 18 place; and 19

(n) "Wholesaler" means a person who makes "sales at wholesale" as defined in chapter 82.04 RCW of tangible personal property, but "wholesaler" does not include a person who makes sales exempt under RCW 82.04.330.

24 (3)(a) A person claiming an exemption from state tax in the form of 25 a remittance under this section must pay the tax imposed by RCW 82.08.020. The buyer may then apply to the department for remittance 26 27 of all or part of the tax paid under RCW 82.08.020. For grain elevators with bushel capacity of one million but less than two 28 million, the remittance is equal to fifty percent of the amount of tax 29 paid. For warehouses with square footage of two hundred thousand or 30 31 more, other than cold storage warehouses, and for grain elevators with 32 bushel capacity of two million or more, the remittance is equal to one hundred percent of the amount of tax paid for qualifying construction, 33 materials, service, and labor, and fifty percent of the amount of tax 34 paid for qualifying material-handling equipment and racking equipment, 35 and labor and services rendered in respect to installing, repairing, 36 37 cleaning, altering, or improving the equipment. For cold storage 38 warehouses with square footage of twenty-five thousand or more, the

remittance is equal to one hundred percent of the amount of tax paid for qualifying construction, materials, service, and labor, and one hundred percent of the amount of tax paid for qualifying materialhandling equipment and racking equipment, and labor and services rendered in respect to installing, repairing, cleaning, altering, or improving the equipment.

7 (b) The department shall determine eligibility under this section based on information provided by the buyer and through audit and other 8 9 administrative records. The buyer shall on a quarterly basis submit an 10 information sheet, in a form and manner as required by the department by rule, specifying the amount of exempted tax claimed and the 11 qualifying purchases or acquisitions for which the exemption is 12 13 claimed. The buyer shall retain, in adequate detail to enable the department to determine whether the equipment or construction meets the 14 criteria under this section: Invoices; proof of tax paid; documents 15 16 describing the material-handling equipment and racking equipment; 17 location and size of warehouses and grain elevators; and construction invoices and documents. 18

19 (c) The department shall on a quarterly basis remit exempted 20 amounts to qualifying persons who submitted applications during the 21 previous quarter.

(4) Warehouses, grain elevators, and material-handling equipment and racking equipment for which an exemption, credit, or deferral has been or is being received under chapter 82.60, ((82.61,)) 82.62, or 82.63 RCW or RCW 82.08.02565 or 82.12.02565 are not eligible for any remittance under this section. Warehouses and grain elevators upon which construction was initiated before May 20, 1997, are not eligible for a remittance under this section.

(5) The lessor or owner of a warehouse or grain elevator is not eligible for a remittance under this section unless the underlying ownership of the warehouse or grain elevator and the material-handling equipment and racking equipment vests exclusively in the same person, or unless the lessor by written contract agrees to pass the economic benefit of the remittance to the lessee in the form of reduced rent payments.

36 **Sec. 12.** RCW 82.08.820 and 2005 c 513 s 11 are each amended to 37 read as follows: 1 (1) Wholesalers or third-party warehousers who own or operate 2 warehouses or grain elevators and retailers who own or operate 3 distribution centers, and who have paid the tax levied by RCW 82.08.020 4 on:

5 (a) Material-handling and racking equipment, and labor and services 6 rendered in respect to installing, repairing, cleaning, altering, or 7 improving the equipment; or

8 (b) Construction of a warehouse or grain elevator, including 9 materials, and including service and labor costs,

10 are eligible for an exemption in the form of a remittance. The amount 11 of the remittance is computed under subsection (3) of this section and 12 is based on the state share of sales tax.

13

(2) For purposes of this section and RCW 82.12.820:

14 (a) "Agricultural products" has the meaning given in RCW 82.04.213;

15 (b) (("Cold storage warehouse" means a storage warehouse used to 16 store fresh and/or frozen perishable fruits or vegetables, or any 17 combination thereof, at a desired temperature to maintain the quality 18 of the product for orderly marketing;

(c)) "Construction" means the actual construction of a warehouse 19 or grain elevator that did not exist before the construction began. 20 "Construction" includes expansion if the expansion adds ((at least 21 22 twenty-five thousand square feet of additional space to an existing 23 cold storage warehouse,)) at least two hundred thousand square feet of 24 additional space to an existing warehouse ((other than a cold storage 25 warehouse,)) or additional storage capacity of at least one million bushels to an existing grain elevator. "Construction" does not include 26 27 renovation, remodeling, or repair;

28

(((d))) <u>(c)</u> "Department" means the department of revenue;

29 (((e))) <u>(d)</u> "Distribution center" means a warehouse that is used 30 exclusively by a retailer solely for the storage and distribution of 31 finished goods to retail outlets of the retailer. "Distribution 32 center" does not include a warehouse at which retail sales occur;

33 (((f))) (e) "Finished goods" means tangible personal property 34 intended for sale by a retailer or wholesaler. "Finished goods" does 35 not include agricultural products stored by wholesalers, third-party 36 warehouses, or retailers if the storage takes place on the land of the 37 person who produced the agricultural product. "Finished goods" does not include logs, minerals, petroleum, gas, or other extracted products
 stored as raw materials or in bulk;

3 (((g))) <u>(f)</u> "Grain elevator" means a structure used for storage and 4 handling of grain in bulk;

((((h))) (q) "Material-handling equipment and racking equipment" 5 means equipment in a warehouse or grain elevator that is primarily used 6 7 to handle, store, organize, convey, package, or repackage finished goods. The term includes tangible personal property with a useful life 8 9 of one year or more that becomes an ingredient or component of the equipment, including repair and replacement parts. The term does not 10 include equipment in offices, lunchrooms, restrooms, and other like 11 space, within a warehouse or grain elevator, or equipment used for 12 nonwarehousing purposes. "Material-handling equipment" includes but is 13 not limited to: Conveyers, carousels, lifts, positioners, pick-up-and-14 place units, cranes, hoists, mechanical arms, and robots; mechanized 15 16 systems, including containers that are an integral part of the system, whose purpose is to lift or move tangible personal property; and 17 automated handling, storage, and retrieval systems, including computers 18 that control them, whose purpose is to lift or move tangible personal 19 property; and forklifts and other off-the-road vehicles that are used 20 21 to lift or move tangible personal property and that cannot be operated legally on roads and streets. "Racking equipment" includes, but is not 22 limited to, conveying systems, chutes, shelves, racks, bins, drawers, 23 24 pallets, and other containers and storage devices that form a necessary 25 part of the storage system;

26

(((i))) <u>(h)</u> "Person" has the meaning given in RCW 82.04.030;

27 ((((j))) <u>(i)</u> "Retailer" means a person who makes "sales at retail" 28 as defined in chapter 82.04 RCW of tangible personal property;

29 $((\frac{k}{k}))$ (j) "Square footage" means the product of the two horizontal dimensions of each floor of a specific warehouse. 30 The 31 entire footprint of the warehouse shall be measured in calculating the 32 square footage, including space that juts out from the building profile such as loading docks. "Square footage" does not mean the aggregate of 33 the square footage of more than one warehouse at a location or the 34 aggregate of the square footage of warehouses at more than one 35 location; 36

37 (((+))) (k) "Third-party warehouser" means a person taxable under 38 RCW 82.04.280(4);

((((m)))) <u>(1)</u> "Warehouse" means an enclosed building or structure in 1 2 which finished goods are stored. A warehouse building or structure may have more than one storage room and more than one floor. Office space, 3 lunchrooms, restrooms, and other space within the warehouse and 4 necessary for the operation of the warehouse are considered part of the 5 warehouse as are loading docks and other such space attached to the 6 7 building and used for handling of finished goods. Landscaping and parking lots are not considered part of the warehouse. A storage yard 8 is not a warehouse, nor is a building in which manufacturing takes 9 place; and 10

11 (((n))) (m) "Wholesaler" means a person who makes "sales at 12 wholesale" as defined in chapter 82.04 RCW of tangible personal 13 property, but "wholesaler" does not include a person who makes sales 14 exempt under RCW 82.04.330.

(3)(a) A person claiming an exemption from state tax in the form of 15 a remittance under this section must pay the tax imposed by RCW 16 17 82.08.020. The buyer may then apply to the department for remittance of all or part of the tax paid under RCW 82.08.020. For grain 18 elevators with bushel capacity of one million but less than two 19 million, the remittance is equal to fifty percent of the amount of tax 20 21 paid. For warehouses with square footage of two hundred thousand or 22 more((, other than cold storage warehouses,)) and for grain elevators with bushel capacity of two million or more, the remittance is equal to 23 24 one hundred percent of the amount of tax paid for qualifying 25 construction, materials, service, and labor, and fifty percent of the amount of tax paid for qualifying material-handling equipment and 26 27 racking equipment, and labor and services rendered in respect to installing, repairing, cleaning, altering, or improving the equipment. 28 ((For cold storage warehouses with square footage of twenty-five 29 thousand or more, the remittance is equal to one hundred percent of the 30 31 amount of tax paid for qualifying construction, materials, service, and 32 labor, and one hundred percent of the amount of tax paid for qualifying material-handling equipment and racking equipment, and labor and 33 34 services rendered in respect to installing, repairing, cleaning, altering, or improving the equipment.)) 35

36 (b) The department shall determine eligibility under this section
37 based on information provided by the buyer and through audit and other
38 administrative records. The buyer shall on a quarterly basis submit an

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information sheet, in a form and manner as required by the department 1 2 by rule, specifying the amount of exempted tax claimed and the qualifying purchases or acquisitions for which the exemption is 3 claimed. The buyer shall retain, in adequate detail to enable the 4 department to determine whether the equipment or construction meets the 5 criteria under this section: Invoices; proof of tax paid; documents 6 7 describing the material-handling equipment and racking equipment; location and size of warehouses and grain elevators; and construction 8 9 invoices and documents.

10 (c) The department shall on a quarterly basis remit exempted 11 amounts to qualifying persons who submitted applications during the 12 previous quarter.

(4) Warehouses, grain elevators, and material-handling equipment and racking equipment for which an exemption, credit, or deferral has been or is being received under chapter 82.60, ((82.61,)) 82.62, or 82.63 RCW or RCW 82.08.02565 or 82.12.02565 are not eligible for any remittance under this section. Warehouses and grain elevators upon which construction was initiated before May 20, 1997, are not eligible for a remittance under this section.

(5) The lessor or owner of a warehouse or grain elevator is not eligible for a remittance under this section unless the underlying ownership of the warehouse or grain elevator and the material-handling equipment and racking equipment vests exclusively in the same person, or unless the lessor by written contract agrees to pass the economic benefit of the remittance to the lessee in the form of reduced rent payments.

27 **Sec. 13.** RCW 82.12.820 and 2005 c 513 s 12 are each amended to 28 read as follows:

(1) Wholesalers or third-party warehousers who own or operate warehouses or grain elevators, and retailers who own or operate distribution centers, and who have paid the tax levied under RCW 82.12.020 on:

(a) Material-handling equipment and racking equipment and labor and
 services rendered in respect to installing, repairing, cleaning,
 altering, or improving the equipment; or

36 (b) Materials incorporated in the construction of a warehouse or 37 grain elevator, are eligible for an exemption on tax paid in the form

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1 of a remittance or credit against tax owed. The amount of the 2 remittance or credit is computed under subsection (2) of this section 3 and is based on the state share of use tax.

(2)(a) A person claiming an exemption from state tax in the form of 4 a remittance under this section must pay the tax imposed by RCW 5 82.12.020 to the department. The person may then apply to the 6 department for remittance of all or part of the tax paid under RCW 7 82.12.020. For grain elevators with bushel capacity of one million but 8 less than two million, the remittance is equal to fifty percent of the 9 10 amount of tax paid. For warehouses with square footage of two hundred thousand or more((, other than cold storage warehouses,)) and for grain 11 12 elevators with bushel capacity of two million or more, the remittance 13 is equal to one hundred percent of the amount of tax paid for 14 qualifying construction materials, and fifty percent of the amount of tax paid for qualifying material-handling equipment and racking 15 equipment. ((For cold storage warehouses with square footage of 16 17 twenty-five thousand or more, the remittance is equal to one hundred percent of the amount of tax paid for qualifying construction, 18 materials, service, and labor, and one hundred percent of the amount of 19 tax paid for qualifying material-handling equipment and racking 20 21 equipment, and labor and services rendered in respect to installing, 22 repairing, cleaning, altering, or improving the equipment.))

(b) The department shall determine eligibility under this section 23 24 based on information provided by the buyer and through audit and other 25 administrative records. The buyer shall on a quarterly basis submit an information sheet, in a form and manner as required by the department 26 27 by rule, specifying the amount of exempted tax claimed and the qualifying purchases or acquisitions for which the exemption is 28 The buyer shall retain, in adequate detail to enable the 29 claimed. department to determine whether the equipment or construction meets the 30 criteria under this section: Invoices; proof of tax paid; documents 31 32 describing the material-handling equipment and racking equipment; location and size of warehouses, if applicable; and construction 33 invoices and documents. 34

35 (c) The department shall on a quarterly basis remit or credit 36 exempted amounts to qualifying persons who submitted applications 37 during the previous quarter. (3) Warehouse, grain elevators, and material-handling equipment and racking equipment for which an exemption, credit, or deferral has been or is being received under chapter 82.60, ((82.61,)) 82.62, or 82.63 RCW or RCW 82.08.02565 or 82.12.02565 are not eligible for any remittance under this section. Materials incorporated in warehouses and grain elevators upon which construction was initiated prior to May 20, 1997, are not eligible for a remittance under this section.

8 (4) The lessor or owner of the warehouse or grain elevator is not 9 eligible for a remittance or credit under this section unless the 10 underlying ownership of the warehouse or grain elevator and material-11 handling equipment and racking equipment vests exclusively in the same 12 person, or unless the lessor by written contract agrees to pass the 13 economic benefit of the exemption to the lessee in the form of reduced 14 rent payments.

15 (5)

(5) The definitions in RCW 82.08.820 apply to this section.

16 **Sec. 14.** RCW 82.32.600 and 2005 c 514 s 1002 are each amended to 17 read as follows:

(1) Persons required to file surveys under RCW 82.04.4452, 82.32.610, or 82.74.040 must electronically file with the department all surveys, returns, and any other forms or information the department requires in an electronic format as provided or approved by the department((, unless the department grants relief under subsection (2) of this section)). As used in this section, "returns" has the same meaning as "return" in RCW 82.32.050.

(2) ((Upon request, the department may relieve a person of the obligations in subsection (1) of this section if the person's taxes have been reduced a cumulative total of less than one thousand dollars from all of the credits, exemptions, or preferential business and occupation tax rates, for which a person is required to file an annual survey under RCW 82.04.4452, 82.32.535, 82.32.545, 82.32.570, 82.32.560, 82.60.070, or 82.63.020.

32 (3) Persons who no longer qualify for relief under subsection (2) 33 of this section will be notified in writing by the department and must 34 comply with subsection (1) of this section by the date provided in the 35 notice.

36 (4)) Any survey, return, or any other form or information required

1 to be filed in an electronic format under subsection (1) of this 2 section is not filed until received by the department in an electronic 3 format.

4 (3) The department may waive the electronic filing requirement in
5 subsection (1) of this section for good cause shown.

6 **Sec. 15.** RCW 82.32.590 and 2005 c 514 s 1001 are each amended to 7 read as follows:

8 (1) If the department finds that the failure of a taxpayer to file an annual survey under RCW 82.04.4452, 82.32.610, or 82.74.040 by the 9 due date was the result of circumstances beyond the control of the 10 taxpayer, the department shall extend the time for filing the survey. 11 Such extension shall be for a period of thirty days from the date the 12 department issues its written notification to the taxpayer that it 13 qualifies for an extension under this section. 14 The department may grant additional extensions as it deems proper. 15

16 (2) In making a determination whether the failure of a taxpayer to 17 file an annual survey by the due date was the result of circumstances 18 beyond the control of the taxpayer, the department shall be guided by 19 rules adopted by the department for the waiver or cancellation of 20 penalties when the underpayment or untimely payment of any tax was due 21 to circumstances beyond the control of the taxpayer.

22 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 16. (1) Except as otherwise provided in this 23 section, this act takes effect July 1, 2006.

24 (2) Sections 6 through 9 and 11 of this act take effect July 1,25 2007.

26 (3) Sections 12 and 13 of this act take effect July 1, 2012.

27 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 17. Section 10 of this act expires July 1, 28 2007.

29 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 18. Section 11 of this act expires July 1, 30 2012." <u>EHB 3159</u> - S AMD By Senators Prentice, Rasmussen, Zarelli, Mulliken, Doumit, Schoesler

ADOPTED 03/07/2006

On page 1, line 1 of the title, after "products;" strike the remainder of the title and insert "amending RCW 82.04.4266, 82.32.610, 82.74.010, 82.74.030, 82.74.040, 82.74.050, 82.08.820, 82.08.820, 82.08.820, 82.12.820, 82.32.600, and 82.32.590; reenacting and amending RCW 82.04.260; adding new sections to chapter 82.04 RCW; providing effective dates; and providing expiration dates."

--- END ---