2SSB 5763 - S AMD 182 By Senators Hargrove, Stevens

ADOPTED 03/10/2005

1	Strike	everything	after	the	enacting	clause	and	insert	the
2	following:								

3

4

"PART I

GENERAL PROVISIONS

5 NEW SECTION. Sec. 101. The legislature finds that persons with 6 mental disorders, chemical dependency disorders, or co-occurring mental 7 and substance abuse disorders are disproportionately more likely to be confined in a correctional institution, become homeless, become 8 involved with child protective services or involved in a dependency 9 10 proceeding, or lose those state and federal benefits to which they may 11 be entitled as a result of their disorders. The legislature finds that prior state policy of addressing mental health and chemical dependency 12 13 in isolation from each other has not been cost-effective and has often resulted in longer-term, more costly treatment that may be less 14 15 effective over time. The legislature finds that a substantial number of persons have co-occurring mental and substance abuse disorders and 16 17 that identification and integrated treatment of co-occurring disorders is critical to successful outcomes and recovery. Consequently, the 18 legislature intends to: 19

(1) Establish a process for determining which persons with mental
 disorders and substance abuse disorders have co-occurring disorders;

(2) Reduce the gap between available chemical dependency treatmentand the documented need for treatment;

(3) Improve treatment outcomes by shifting treatment, where possible, to evidence-based, research-based, and consensus-based treatment practices and by removing barriers to the use of those practices;

28 (4) Expand the authority for and use of therapeutic courts

including drug courts, mental health courts, and therapeutic courts for
 dependency proceedings;

3 (5) Improve access to treatment for persons who are not enrolled in 4 medicaid by improving and creating consistency in the application 5 processes, and by minimizing the numbers of eligible confined persons 6 who leave confinement without medical assistance;

7 (6) Improve access to inpatient treatment by creating expanded 8 services facilities for persons needing intensive treatment in a secure 9 setting who do not need inpatient care, but are unable to access 10 treatment under current licensing restrictions in other settings;

(7) Establish secure detoxification centers for persons involuntarily detained as gravely disabled or presenting a likelihood of serious harm due to chemical dependency and authorize combined crisis responders for both mental disorders and chemical dependency disorders on a pilot basis and study the outcomes;

16 (8) Following the receipt of outcomes from the pilot programs in 17 subsection (7) of this section, implement a single, comprehensive, 18 involuntary treatment act with a unified set of standards, rights, 19 obligations, and procedures for adults and children with mental 20 disorders, chemical dependency disorders, and co-occurring disorders;

(9) Slow or stop the loss of inpatient and intensive residential
beds and children's long-term inpatient placements and refine the
balance of state hospital and community inpatient and residential beds;

(10) Improve cross-system collaboration including collaboration with first responders and hospital emergency rooms, schools, primary care, developmental disabilities, law enforcement and corrections, and federally funded and licensed programs; and

(11) Amend existing state law to address organizational and structural barriers to effective use of state funds for treating persons with mental and substance abuse disorders, minimize internal inconsistencies, clarify policy and requirements, and maximize the opportunity for effective and cost-effective outcomes.

33 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 102. (1) The department of social and health 34 services shall explore and report to the appropriate committees of the 35 legislature by December 1, 2005, on the feasibility, costs, benefits, 36 and time frame to access federal medicaid funds for mental health and 37 substance abuse treatment under the following provisions:

1

(a) The optional clinic provisions;

(b) Children's mental health treatment or co-occurring disorders
treatment under the early periodic screening, diagnosis, and treatment
provisions;

5 (c) Targeted case management, including a plan for coordination of 6 various case management opportunities under medicaid.

7 (2) The department shall provide the appropriate committees of the 8 legislature with a clear and concise explanation of the reasons for 9 reducing state hospital capacity and the differences in costs and 10 benefits of treatment in state and community hospital treatment.

(3) The department may not reduce the capacity of either state 11 hospital until at least an equal number of skilled nursing, 12 13 residential, expanded services facility, or supported housing 14 placements are available in the community to the persons displaced by the capacity reduction. The department shall retain sufficient 15 capacity at the state hospital to address the cyclical need for 16 17 hospitalization for persons moved to the community under a bed reduction program. For purposes of this section, "sufficient" means 18 not less than one hospital bed for every ten beds created in the 19 community unless the department can demonstrate conclusively to the 20 21 legislature that a lesser ratio is sufficient.

22

Mental Health Treatment

23 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 103. A new section is added to chapter 71.05
24 RCW to read as follows:

(1) Not later than January 1, 2007, all persons providing treatment under this chapter shall also implement the integrated comprehensive screening and assessment process for chemical dependency and mental disorders adopted pursuant to section 701 of this act and shall document the numbers of clients with co-occurring mental and substance abuse disorders based on a quadrant system of low and high needs.

31 (2) Treatment providers and regional support networks who fail to 32 implement the integrated comprehensive screening and assessment process 33 for chemical dependency and mental disorders by July 1, 2007, shall be 34 subject to contractual penalties established under section 701 of this 35 act.

1 Sec. 104. RCW 71.05.020 and 2000 c 94 s 1 are each amended to read
2 as follows:

3 The definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter 4 unless the context clearly requires otherwise.

5 (1) "Admission" or "admit" means a decision by a physician that a 6 person should be examined or treated as a patient in a hospital;

7 (2) "Antipsychotic medications" means that class of drugs primarily 8 used to treat serious manifestations of mental illness associated with 9 thought disorders, which includes, but is not limited to atypical 10 antipsychotic medications;

(3) "Attending staff" means any person on the staff of a public or private agency having responsibility for the care and treatment of a patient;

14 (4) "Commitment" means the determination by a court that a person
15 should be detained for a period of either evaluation or treatment, or
16 both, in an inpatient or a less restrictive setting;

17 (5) "Conditional release" means a revocable modification of a 18 commitment, which may be revoked upon violation of any of its terms;

19 (6) "County designated mental health professional" means a mental 20 health professional appointed by the county <u>or the regional support</u> 21 <u>network</u> to perform the duties specified in this chapter;

(7) "Custody" means involuntary detention under the provisions of this chapter or chapter 10.77 RCW, uninterrupted by any period of unconditional release from commitment from a facility providing involuntary care and treatment;

26 (8) "Department" means the department of social and health 27 services;

(9) "Designated chemical dependency specialist" means a person designated by the county alcoholism and other drug addiction program coordinator designated under RCW 70.96A.310 to perform the commitment duties described in chapter 70.96A RCW and sections 202 through 216 of this act or chapter 70.-- RCW (sections 302 through 374 of this act);

33 (10) "Designated crisis responder" means a mental health 34 professional appointed by the county or the regional support network to 35 perform the duties specified in this chapter or under chapter 70.-- RCW 36 (sections 302 through 374 of this act);

37 <u>(11)</u> "Detention" or "detain" means the lawful confinement of a 38 person, under the provisions of this chapter;

1 (((10))) (12) "Developmental disabilities professional" means a 2 person who has specialized training and three years of experience in 3 directly treating or working with persons with developmental 4 disabilities and is a psychiatrist, psychologist, or social worker, and 5 such other developmental disabilities professionals as may be defined 6 by rules adopted by the secretary;

7 (((11))) (13) "Developmental disability" means that condition
8 defined in RCW 71A.10.020(3);

9 (((12))) <u>(14)</u> "Discharge" means the termination of hospital medical 10 authority. The commitment may remain in place, be terminated, or be 11 amended by court order;

12 ((((13))) (15) "Evaluation and treatment facility" means any 13 facility which can provide directly, or by direct arrangement with 14 other public or private agencies, emergency evaluation and treatment, outpatient care, and timely and appropriate inpatient care to persons 15 suffering from a mental disorder, and which is certified as such by the 16 17 department. A physically separate and separately operated portion of a state hospital may be designated as an evaluation and treatment 18 facility. A facility which is part of, or operated by, the department 19 or any federal agency will not require certification. No correctional 20 21 institution or facility, or jail, shall be an evaluation and treatment 22 facility within the meaning of this chapter;

((((14)))) (16) "Gravely disabled" means a condition in which a 23 24 person, as a result of a mental disorder: (a) Is in danger of serious 25 physical harm resulting from a failure to provide for his or her 26 essential human needs of health or safety; or (b) manifests severe 27 deterioration in routine functioning evidenced by repeated and escalating loss of cognitive or volitional control over his or her 28 actions and is not receiving such care as is essential for his or her 29 30 health or safety;

(((15))) (17) "Habilitative services" means those services provided 31 32 by program personnel to assist persons in acquiring and maintaining life skills and in raising their levels of physical, mental, social, 33 and vocational functioning. Habilitative services include education, 34 training for employment, and therapy. The habilitative process shall 35 be undertaken with recognition of the risk to the public safety 36 37 presented by the ((individual)) person being assisted as manifested by 38 prior charged criminal conduct;

1 (((16))) (18) "History of one or more violent acts" refers to the 2 period of time ten years prior to the filing of a petition under this 3 chapter, excluding any time spent, but not any violent acts committed, 4 in a mental health facility or in confinement as a result of a criminal 5 conviction;

6 (((17))) (19) "Individualized service plan" means a plan prepared 7 by a developmental disabilities professional with other professionals 8 as a team, for ((an individual)) a person with developmental 9 disabilities, which shall state:

(a) The nature of the person's specific problems, prior chargedcriminal behavior, and habilitation needs;

(b) The conditions and strategies necessary to achieve the purposesof habilitation;

14 (c) The intermediate and long-range goals of the habilitation 15 program, with a projected timetable for the attainment;

16 (d) The rationale for using this plan of habilitation to achieve 17 those intermediate and long-range goals;

18

(e) The staff responsible for carrying out the plan;

(f) Where relevant in light of past criminal behavior and due consideration for public safety, the criteria for proposed movement to less-restrictive settings, criteria for proposed eventual discharge or release, and a projected possible date for discharge or release; and

(g) The type of residence immediately anticipated for the personand possible future types of residences;

25 ((((18)))) <u>(20)</u> "Judicial commitment" means a commitment by a court 26 pursuant to the provisions of this chapter;

27

(((19))) <u>(21)</u> "Likelihood of serious harm" means:

(a) A substantial risk that: (i) Physical harm will be inflicted 28 by ((an individual)) a person upon his or her own person, as evidenced 29 by threats or attempts to commit suicide or inflict physical harm on 30 31 oneself; (ii) physical harm will be inflicted by ((an individual)) a 32 person upon another, as evidenced by behavior which has caused such harm or which places another person or persons in reasonable fear of 33 sustaining such harm; or (iii) physical harm will be inflicted by ((an 34 individual)) a person upon the property of others, as evidenced by 35 36 behavior which has caused substantial loss or damage to the property of 37 others; or

(b) The ((individual)) person has threatened the physical safety of
 another and has a history of one or more violent acts;

3 (((20))) (22) "Mental disorder" means any organic, mental, or 4 emotional impairment which has substantial adverse effects on ((an 5 individual's)) a person's cognitive or volitional functions;

6 (((21))) (23) "Mental health professional" means a psychiatrist, 7 psychologist, psychiatric nurse, or social worker, and such other 8 mental health professionals as may be defined by rules adopted by the 9 secretary pursuant to the provisions of this chapter;

10 (((22))) <u>(24)</u> "Peace officer" means a law enforcement official of 11 a public agency or governmental unit, and includes persons specifically 12 given peace officer powers by any state law, local ordinance, or 13 judicial order of appointment;

14 (((23))) (25) "Private agency" means any person, partnership, corporation, or association that is not a public agency, whether or not 15 financed in whole or in part by public funds, which constitutes an 16 17 evaluation and treatment facility or private institution, hospital, or sanitarium, which is conducted for, or includes a department or ward 18 conducted for, the care and treatment of persons who are mentally ill; 19 ((((24)))) (<u>26)</u> "Professional person" means a mental health 20 professional and shall also mean a physician, registered nurse, and 21 22 such others as may be defined by rules adopted by the secretary

23 pursuant to the provisions of this chapter;

(((25))) (27) "Psychiatric nurse" means a registered nurse who has a bachelor's degree from an accredited college or university, and who has had, in addition, at least two years of experience in the direct treatment of mentally ill or emotionally disturbed persons under the supervision of a mental health professional. "Psychiatric nurse" also means any other registered nurse who has at least three years of such experience.

31 (28) "Psychiatrist" means a person having a license as a physician 32 and surgeon in this state who has in addition completed three years of 33 graduate training in psychiatry in a program approved by the American 34 medical association or the American osteopathic association and is 35 certified or eligible to be certified by the American board of 36 psychiatry and neurology;

37 (((26))) <u>(29)</u> "Psychologist" means a person who has been licensed 38 as a psychologist pursuant to chapter 18.83 RCW;

1 (((27))) (30) "Public agency" means any evaluation and treatment 2 facility or institution, hospital, or sanitarium which is conducted 3 for, or includes a department or ward conducted for, the care and 4 treatment of persons who are mentally ill((;;)), if the agency is 5 operated directly by, federal, state, county, or municipal government, 6 or a combination of such governments;

7 (((28))) <u>(31) "Registration records" include all the records of the</u> 8 department, regional support networks, treatment facilities, and other 9 persons providing services to the department, county departments, or 10 facilities which identify persons who are receiving or who at any time 11 have received services for mental illness.

12 (32) "Release" means legal termination of the commitment under the 13 provisions of this chapter;

14 ((((29)))) <u>(33)</u> "Resource management services" has the meaning given 15 in chapter 71.24 RCW;

16 (((30))) <u>(34)</u> "Secretary" means the secretary of the department of 17 social and health services, or his or her designee;

18 (((31))) <u>(35)</u> "Social worker" means a person with a master's or 19 further advanced degree from an accredited school of social work or a 20 degree deemed equivalent under rules adopted by the secretary;

21 ((((32))) <u>(36) "Treatment records" include registration and all</u> 22 other records concerning persons who are receiving or who at any time have received services for mental illness, which are maintained by the 23 24 department, by regional support networks and their staffs, and by treatment facilities. Treatment records do not include notes or 25 records maintained for personal use by a person providing treatment 26 27 services for the department, regional support networks, or a treatment facility if the notes or records are not available to others. 28

29 <u>(37)</u> "Violent act" means behavior that resulted in homicide, 30 attempted suicide, nonfatal injuries, or substantial damage to 31 property.

32 Sec. 105. RCW 71.24.025 and 2001 c 323 s 8 are each amended to 33 read as follows:

34 Unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the definitions in 35 this section apply throughout this chapter.

36 (1) "Acutely mentally ill" means a condition which is limited to a 37 short-term severe crisis episode of:

(a) A mental disorder as defined in RCW 71.05.020 or, in the case
 of a child, as defined in RCW 71.34.020;

3 (b) Being gravely disabled as defined in RCW 71.05.020 or, in the
4 case of a child, a gravely disabled minor as defined in RCW 71.34.020;
5 or

6 (c) Presenting a likelihood of serious harm as defined in RCW 7 71.05.020 or, in the case of a child, as defined in RCW 71.34.020.

(2) "Available resources" means funds appropriated for the purpose 8 9 of providing community mental health programs under RCW 71.24.045, federal funds, except those provided according to Title XIX of the 10 Social Security Act, and state funds appropriated under this chapter or 11 chapter 71.05 RCW by the legislature during any biennium for the 12 purpose of providing residential services, resource management 13 services, community support services, and other mental health services. 14 This does not include funds appropriated for the purpose of operating 15 16 and administering the state psychiatric hospitals, except as negotiated 17 according to RCW 71.24.300(1)(e).

18

(3) "Child" means a person under the age of eighteen years.

19 (4) "Chronically mentally ill adult" means an adult who has a 20 mental disorder and meets at least one of the following criteria:

(a) Has undergone two or more episodes of hospital care for amental disorder within the preceding two years; or

(b) Has experienced a continuous psychiatric hospitalization or residential treatment exceeding six months' duration within the preceding year; or

(c) Has been unable to engage in any substantial gainful activity
by reason of any mental disorder which has lasted for a continuous
period of not less than twelve months. "Substantial gainful activity"
shall be defined by the department by rule consistent with Public Law
92-603, as amended.

(5) "Community mental health program" means all mental healthservices, activities, or programs using available resources.

33 (6) "Community mental health service delivery system" means public 34 or private agencies that provide services specifically to persons with 35 mental disorders as defined under RCW 71.05.020 and receive funding 36 from public sources.

37 (7) "Community support services" means services authorized,38 planned, and coordinated through resource management services

including, at a minimum, assessment, diagnosis, emergency crisis 1 2 intervention available twenty-four hours, seven days a week, prescreening determinations for mentally ill persons being considered 3 for placement in nursing homes as required by federal law, screening 4 for patients being considered for admission to residential services, 5 diagnosis and treatment for acutely mentally ill and severely б emotionally disturbed children discovered under screening through the 7 8 federal Title XIX early and periodic screening, diagnosis, and treatment program, investigation, legal, and other nonresidential 9 10 services under chapter 71.05 RCW, case management services, psychiatric treatment including medication supervision, counseling, psychotherapy, 11 12 assuring transfer of relevant patient information between service 13 providers, and other services determined by regional support networks.

14 (8) "County authority" means the board of county commissioners, 15 county council, or county executive having authority to establish a 16 community mental health program, or two or more of the county 17 authorities specified in this subsection which have entered into an 18 agreement to provide a community mental health program.

19 (9) "Department" means the department of social and health 20 services.

21 (10) "Licensed service provider" means an entity licensed according 22 to this chapter or chapter 71.05 RCW or an entity deemed to meet state minimum standards as a result of accreditation by a recognized 23 24 behavioral health accrediting body recognized and having a current 25 agreement with the department, that meets state minimum standards or ((individuals)) persons licensed under chapter 18.57, 18.71, 18.83, or 26 27 18.79 RCW, as it applies to registered nurses and advanced registered nurse practitioners. 28

(11) "Mental health services" means all services provided by regional support networks and other services provided by the state for the mentally ill.

32 (12) "Mentally ill persons" and "the mentally ill" mean persons and 33 conditions defined in subsections (1), (4), (((17), and)) (18), and 34 <u>(19)</u> of this section.

35 (13) "Regional support network" means a county authority or group 36 of county authorities recognized by the secretary that enter into joint 37 operating agreements to contract with the secretary pursuant to this 38 chapter.

1 (14) <u>"Registration records" include all the records of the</u> 2 <u>department, regional support networks, treatment facilities, and other</u> 3 <u>persons providing services to the department, county departments, or</u> 4 <u>facilities which identify persons who are receiving or who at any time</u> 5 <u>have received services for mental illness.</u>

(15) "Residential services" means a complete range of residences 6 7 and supports authorized by resource management services and which may involve a facility, a distinct part thereof, or services which support 8 community living, for acutely mentally ill persons, chronically 9 mentally ill adults, severely emotionally disturbed children, or 10 seriously disturbed adults determined by the regional support network 11 12 to be at risk of becoming acutely or chronically mentally ill. The services shall include at least evaluation and treatment services as 13 defined in chapter 71.05 RCW, acute crisis respite care, long-term 14 adaptive and rehabilitative care, and supervised and supported living 15 services, and shall also include any residential services developed to 16 17 service mentally ill persons in nursing homes. Residential services for children in out-of-home placements related to their mental disorder 18 shall not include the costs of food and shelter, except for children's 19 long-term residential facilities existing prior to January 1, 1991. 20

21 ((((15))) (16) "Resource management services" mean the planning, 22 coordination, and authorization of residential services and community support services administered pursuant to an individual service plan 23 24 (a) Acutely mentally ill adults and children; (b) chronically for: 25 mentally ill adults; (c) severely emotionally disturbed children; or (d) seriously disturbed adults determined solely by a regional support 26 27 network to be at risk of becoming acutely or chronically mentally ill. Such planning, coordination, and authorization shall include mental 28 health screening for children eligible under the federal Title XIX 29 early and periodic screening, diagnosis, and treatment program. 30 Resource management services include seven day a week, twenty-four hour 31 32 a day availability of information regarding mentally ill adults' and children's enrollment in services and their individual service plan to 33 34 county-designated mental health professionals, evaluation and treatment 35 facilities, and others as determined by the regional support network.

36 ((((16)))) (17) "Secretary" means the secretary of social and health 37 services.

38

((+17))) (18) "Seriously disturbed person" means a person who:

(a) Is gravely disabled or presents a likelihood of serious harm to
 himself or herself or others, or to the property of others, as a result
 of a mental disorder as defined in chapter 71.05 RCW;

4 (b) Has been on conditional release status, or under a less
5 restrictive alternative order, at some time during the preceding two
6 years from an evaluation and treatment facility or a state mental
7 health hospital;

8 (c) Has a mental disorder which causes major impairment in several 9 areas of daily living;

10

(d) Exhibits suicidal preoccupation or attempts; or

(e) Is a child diagnosed by a mental health professional, as defined in chapter 71.34 RCW, as experiencing a mental disorder which is clearly interfering with the child's functioning in family or school or with peers or is clearly interfering with the child's personality development and learning.

16 (((18))) (19) "Severely emotionally disturbed child" means a child 17 who has been determined by the regional support network to be 18 experiencing a mental disorder as defined in chapter 71.34 RCW, 19 including those mental disorders that result in a behavioral or conduct 20 disorder, that is clearly interfering with the child's functioning in 21 family or school or with peers and who meets at least one of the 22 following criteria:

(a) Has undergone inpatient treatment or placement outside of thehome related to a mental disorder within the last two years;

(b) Has undergone involuntary treatment under chapter 71.34 RCW within the last two years;

(c) Is currently served by at least one of the following childserving systems: Juvenile justice, child-protection/welfare, special education, or developmental disabilities;

30

(d) Is at risk of escalating maladjustment due to:

31 (i) Chronic family dysfunction involving a mentally ill or 32 inadequate caretaker;

33 (ii) Changes in custodial adult;

34 (iii) Going to, residing in, or returning from any placement 35 outside of the home, for example, psychiatric hospital, short-term 36 inpatient, residential treatment, group or foster home, or a 37 correctional facility;

38

(iv) Subject to repeated physical abuse or neglect;

1 (v) Drug or alcohol abuse; or

2 (vi) Homelessness.

3 (((19))) (20) "State minimum standards" means minimum requirements 4 established by rules adopted by the secretary and necessary to 5 implement this chapter for: (a) Delivery of mental health services; 6 (b) licensed service providers for the provision of mental health 7 services; (c) residential services; and (d) community support services 8 and resource management services.

((((20))) <u>(21)</u> "Treatment records" include registration and all 9 other records concerning persons who are receiving or who at any time 10 have received services for mental illness, which are maintained by the 11 12 department, by regional support networks and their staffs, and by 13 treatment facilities. Treatment records do not include notes or 14 records maintained for personal use by a person providing treatment services for the department, regional support networks, or a treatment 15 facility if the notes or records are not available to others. 16

17 (22) "Tribal authority," for the purposes of this section and RCW 18 71.24.300 only, means: The federally recognized Indian tribes and the 19 major Indian organizations recognized by the secretary insofar as these 20 organizations do not have a financial relationship with any regional 21 support network that would present a conflict of interest.

22 **Sec. 106.** RCW 10.77.010 and 2004 c 157 s 2 are each amended to 23 read as follows:

24 As used in this chapter:

(1) "Admission" means acceptance based on medical necessity, of aperson as a patient.

(2) "Commitment" means the determination by a court that a person
should be detained for a period of either evaluation or treatment, or
both, in an inpatient or a less-restrictive setting.

30 (3) "Conditional release" means modification of a court-ordered31 commitment, which may be revoked upon violation of any of its terms.

32 (4) "County designated mental health professional" has the same33 meaning as provided in RCW 71.05.020.

34 (5) A "criminally insane" person means any person who has been
 35 acquitted of a crime charged by reason of insanity, and thereupon found
 36 to be a substantial danger to other persons or to present a substantial

likelihood of committing criminal acts jeopardizing public safety or 1 2 security unless kept under further control by the court or other persons or institutions. 3

(6) "Department" means the state department of social and health 4 5 services.

(7) "Detention" or "detain" means the lawful confinement of a 6 7 person, under the provisions of this chapter, pending evaluation.

8

(8) "Developmental disabilities professional" means a person who 9 has specialized training and three years of experience in directly treating or working with persons with developmental disabilities and is 10 a psychiatrist or psychologist, or a social worker, and such other 11 12 developmental disabilities professionals as may be defined by rules 13 adopted by the secretary.

14 (9) "Developmental disability" means the condition as defined in RCW 71A.10.020(3). 15

16 (10) "Discharge" means the termination of hospital medical 17 authority. The commitment may remain in place, be terminated, or be amended by court order. 18

(11) "Furlough" means an authorized leave of absence for a resident 19 20 of a state institution operated by the department designated for the 21 custody, care, and treatment of the criminally insane, consistent with 22 an order of conditional release from the court under this chapter, 23 without any requirement that the resident be accompanied by, or be in 24 the custody of, any law enforcement or institutional staff, while on 25 such unescorted leave.

(12) "Habilitative services" means those services provided by 26 27 program personnel to assist persons in acquiring and maintaining life skills and in raising their levels of physical, mental, social, and 28 vocational functioning. Habilitative services include education, 29 training for employment, and therapy. The habilitative process shall 30 be undertaken with recognition of the risk to the public safety 31 32 presented by the ((individual)) person being assisted as manifested by prior charged criminal conduct. 33

(13) "History of one or more violent acts" means violent acts 34 committed during: (a) The ten-year period of time prior to the filing 35 of criminal charges; plus (b) the amount of time equal to time spent 36 37 during the ten-year period in a mental health facility or in confinement as a result of a criminal conviction. 38

(14) "Incompetency" means a person lacks the capacity to understand
 the nature of the proceedings against him or her or to assist in his or
 her own defense as a result of mental disease or defect.

4 (15) "Indigent" means any person who is financially unable to
5 obtain counsel or other necessary expert or professional services
6 without causing substantial hardship to the person or his or her
7 family.

8 (16) "Individualized service plan" means a plan prepared by a 9 developmental disabilities professional with other professionals as a 10 team, for an individual with developmental disabilities, which shall 11 state:

(a) The nature of the person's specific problems, prior chargedcriminal behavior, and habilitation needs;

(b) The conditions and strategies necessary to achieve the purposesof habilitation;

16 (c) The intermediate and long-range goals of the habilitation 17 program, with a projected timetable for the attainment;

(d) The rationale for using this plan of habilitation to achievethose intermediate and long-range goals;

20

(e) The staff responsible for carrying out the plan;

(f) Where relevant in light of past criminal behavior and due consideration for public safety, the criteria for proposed movement to less-restrictive settings, criteria for proposed eventual release, and a projected possible date for release; and

(g) The type of residence immediately anticipated for the personand possible future types of residences.

27

(17) "Professional person" means:

(a) A psychiatrist licensed as a physician and surgeon in this
state who has, in addition, completed three years of graduate training
in psychiatry in a program approved by the American medical association
or the American osteopathic association and is certified or eligible to
be certified by the American board of psychiatry and neurology or the
American osteopathic board of neurology and psychiatry;

34 (b) A psychologist licensed as a psychologist pursuant to chapter35 18.83 RCW; or

36 (c) A social worker with a master's or further advanced degree from 37 an accredited school of social work or a degree deemed equivalent under 38 rules adopted by the secretary.

1 (18) <u>"Registration records" include all the records of the</u> 2 <u>department, regional support networks, treatment facilities, and other</u> 3 <u>persons providing services to the department, county departments, or</u> 4 <u>facilities which identify persons who are receiving or who at any time</u> 5 <u>have received services for mental illness.</u>

6 <u>(19)</u> "Release" means legal termination of the court-ordered 7 commitment under the provisions of this chapter.

8 (((19))) <u>(20)</u> "Secretary" means the secretary of the department of 9 social and health services or his or her designee.

10 (((20))) (21) "Treatment" means any currently standardized medical 11 or mental health procedure including medication.

12 ((((21))) (22) "Treatment records" include registration and all 13 other records concerning persons who are receiving or who at any time 14 have received services for mental illness, which are maintained by the department, by regional support networks and their staffs, and by 15 treatment facilities. Treatment records do not include notes or 16 records maintained for personal use by a person providing treatment 17 services for the department, regional support networks, or a treatment 18 19 facility if the notes or records are not available to others.

(23) "Violent act" means behavior that: (a)(i) Resulted in; (ii) 20 21 if completed as intended would have resulted in; or (iii) was 22 threatened to be carried out by a person who had the intent and opportunity to carry out the threat and would have resulted in, 23 24 homicide, nonfatal injuries, or substantial damage to property; or (b) 25 recklessly creates an immediate risk of serious physical injury to 26 another person. As used in this subsection, "nonfatal injuries" means 27 physical pain or injury, illness, or an impairment of physical "Nonfatal injuries" shall be construed to be consistent 28 condition. with the definition of "bodily injury," as defined in RCW 9A.04.110. 29

30 Sec. 107. RCW 71.05.360 and 1997 c 112 s 30 are each amended to 31 read as follows:

32 (1)(a) Every person involuntarily detained or committed under the 33 provisions of this chapter shall be entitled to all the rights set 34 forth in this chapter, which shall be prominently posted in the 35 <u>facility</u>, and shall retain all rights not denied him or her under this 36 chapter <u>except as chapter 9.41 RCW may limit the right of a person to</u>

1 purchase or possess a firearm or to qualify for a concealed pistol
2 license.

3 (b) No person shall be presumed incompetent as a consequence of 4 receiving an evaluation or voluntary or involuntary treatment for a 5 mental disorder, under this chapter or any prior laws of this state 6 dealing with mental illness. Competency shall not be determined or 7 withdrawn except under the provisions of chapter 10.97 or 11.88 RCW.

8 (c) Any person who leaves a public or private agency following 9 evaluation or treatment for mental disorder shall be given a written 10 statement setting forth the substance of this section.

(2) Each person involuntarily detained or committed pursuant to this chapter shall have the right to adequate care and individualized treatment.

14 (3) The provisions of this chapter shall not be construed to deny
 15 to any person treatment by spiritual means through prayer in accordance
 16 with the tenets and practices of a church or religious denomination.

17 (4) Persons receiving evaluation or treatment under this chapter 18 shall be given a reasonable choice of an available physician or other 19 professional person qualified to provide such services.

(5) Whenever any person is detained for evaluation and treatment 20 21 pursuant to this chapter, both the person and, if possible, a responsible member of his or her immediate family, personal 22 representative, guardian, or conservator, if any, shall be advised as 23 24 soon as possible in writing or orally, by the officer or person taking him or her into custody or by personnel of the evaluation and treatment 25 26 facility where the person is detained that unless the person is 27 released or voluntarily admits himself or herself for treatment within seventy-two hours of the initial detention: 28

(a) A judicial hearing in a superior court, either by a judge or 29 court commissioner thereof, shall be held not more than seventy-two 30 hours after the initial detention to determine whether there is 31 probable cause to detain the person after the seventy-two hours have 32 expired for up to an additional fourteen days without further automatic 33 hearing for the reason that the person is a person whose mental 34 35 disorder presents a likelihood of serious harm or that the person is gravely disabled; 36

37 (b) The person has a right to communicate immediately with an 38 attorney; has a right to have an attorney appointed to represent him or

her before and at the probable cause hearing if he or she is indigent; and has the right to be told the name and address of the attorney that the mental health professional has designated pursuant to this chapter; (c) The person has the right to remain silent and that any statement he or she makes may be used against him or her; (d) The person has the right to present evidence and to cross-

<u>(u) the person has the right to present evidence and to cross-</u>
<u>examine witnesses who testify against him or her at the probable cause</u>
<u>hearing; and</u>

9 <u>(e) The person has the right to refuse psychiatric medications,</u> 10 <u>including antipsychotic medication beginning twenty-four hours prior to</u> 11 <u>the probable cause hearing.</u>

12 (6) When proceedings are initiated under RCW 71.05.150 (2), (3), or 13 (4)(b), no later than twelve hours after such person is admitted to the 14 evaluation and treatment facility the personnel of the evaluation and treatment facility or the county designated mental health professional 15 shall serve on such person a copy of the petition for initial detention 16 and the name, business address, and phone number of the designated 17 attorney and shall forthwith commence service of a copy of the petition 18 for initial detention on the designated attorney. 19

20 <u>(7) The judicial hearing described in subsection (5) of this</u> 21 <u>section is hereby authorized, and shall be held according to the</u> 22 <u>provisions of subsection (5) of this section and rules promulgated by</u> 23 <u>the supreme court.</u>

24 (8) At the probable cause hearing the detained person shall have
 25 the following rights in addition to the rights previously specified:

26 <u>(a) To present evidence on his or her behalf;</u>

27 (b) To cross-examine witnesses who testify against him or her;

28 (c) To be proceeded against by the rules of evidence;

29 (d) To remain silent;

30 (e) To view and copy all petitions and reports in the court file.

31 (9) The physician-patient privilege or the psychologist-client 32 privilege shall be deemed waived in proceedings under this chapter 33 relating to the administration of antipsychotic medications. As to 34 other proceedings under this chapter, the privileges shall be waived 35 when a court of competent jurisdiction in its discretion determines 36 that such waiver is necessary to protect either the detained person or

37 <u>the public.</u>

The waiver of a privilege under this section is limited to records 1 2 or testimony relevant to evaluation of the detained person for purposes of a proceeding under this chapter. Upon motion by the detained person 3 or on its own motion, the court shall examine a record or testimony 4 sought by a petitioner to determine whether it is within the scope of 5 the waiver. 6 The record maker shall not be required to testify in order to 7 introduce medical or psychological records of the detained person so 8 long as the requirements of RCW 5.45.020 are met except that portions 9 of the record which contain opinions as to the detained person's mental 10 state must be deleted from such records unless the person making such 11 conclusions is available for cross-examination. 12 (10) Insofar as danger to the person or others is not created, each 13 14 person involuntarily detained, treated in a less restrictive alternative course of treatment, or committed for treatment and 15 evaluation pursuant to this chapter shall have, in addition to other 16 rights not specifically withheld by law, the following rights: 17 (a) To wear his or her own clothes and to keep and use his or her 18 own personal possessions, except when deprivation of same is essential 19 to protect the safety of the resident or other persons; 20 21 (b) To keep and be allowed to spend a reasonable sum of his or her 22 own money for canteen expenses and small purchases; (c) To have access to individual storage space for his or her 23

24 <u>private use;</u>

25 (d) To have visitors at reasonable times;

26 (e) To have reasonable access to a telephone, both to make and 27 receive confidential calls, consistent with an effective treatment 28 program;

29 (f) To have ready access to letter writing materials, including 30 stamps, and to send and receive uncensored correspondence through the 31 mails;

32 (g) To discuss treatment plans and decisions with professional 33 persons;

34 (h) Not to consent to the administration of antipsychotic 35 medications and not to thereafter be administered antipsychotic 36 medications unless ordered by a court under RCW 71.05.370 (as 37 recodified by this act) or pursuant to an administrative hearing under 38 <u>RCW 71.05.215;</u>

(i) Not to consent to the performance of electroconvulsant therapy 1 2 or surgery, except emergency life-saving surgery, unless ordered by a court under RCW 71.05.370 (as recodified by this act); 3 4 (j) Not to have psychosurgery performed on him or her under any 5 circumstances; (k) To dispose of property and sign contracts unless such person 6 7 has been adjudicated an incompetent in a court proceeding directed to 8 that particular issue. (11) Every person involuntarily detained shall immediately be 9 informed of his or her right to a hearing to review the legality of his 10 or her detention and of his or her right to counsel, by the 11 12 professional person in charge of the facility providing evaluation and 13 treatment, or his or her designee, and, when appropriate, by the court. If the person so elects, the court shall immediately appoint an 14 attorney to assist him or her. 15 (12) A person challenging his or her detention or his or her 16 17 attorney, shall have the right to designate and have the court appoint a reasonably available independent physician or licensed mental health 18 professional to examine the person detained, the results of which 19 examination may be used in the proceeding. The person shall, if he or 20 21 she is financially able, bear the cost of such expert information, otherwise such expert examination shall be at public expense. 22 (13) Nothing contained in this chapter shall prohibit the patient 23 24 from petitioning by writ of habeas corpus for release. (14) Nothing in this chapter shall prohibit a person committed on 25 or prior to January 1, 1974, from exercising a right available to him 26 27 or her at or prior to January 1, 1974, for obtaining release from confinement. 28 (15) Nothing in this section permits any person to knowingly 29 violate a no-contact order or a condition of an active judgment and 30 sentence or an active condition of supervision by the department of 31 32 corrections. 33 **Sec. 108.** RCW 71.05.215 and 1997 c 112 s 16 are each amended to read as follows: 34 (1) A person ((found to be)) who is gravely disabled or presents a 35 36 likelihood of serious harm as a result of a mental or chemical

37 <u>dependency</u> disorder <u>or co-occurring mental and chemical dependency</u>

disorders has a right to refuse antipsychotic medication unless it is determined that the failure to medicate may result in a likelihood of serious harm or substantial deterioration or substantially prolong the length of involuntary commitment and there is no less intrusive course of treatment than medication in the best interest of that person.

6 (2) ((The department shall adopt rules to carry out the purposes of 7 this chapter. These rules shall include:

8 (a) An attempt to obtain the informed consent of the person prior
 9 to administration of antipsychotic medication.

10 (b) For short-term treatment up to thirty days, the right to refuse 11 antipsychotic medications unless there is an additional concurring 12 medical opinion approving medication.

13 (c) For continued treatment beyond thirty days through the hearing on any petition filed under RCW 71.05.370(7), the right to periodic 14 15 review of the decision to medicate by the medical director or designee. (d) Administration of antipsychotic medication in an emergency and 16 review of this decision within twenty-four hours. An emergency exists 17 18 if the person presents an imminent likelihood of serious harm, and 19 medically acceptable alternatives to administration of antipsychotic 20 medications are not available or are unlikely to be successful; and in 21 the opinion of the physician, the person's condition constitutes an 22 emergency requiring the treatment be instituted prior to obtaining a 23 second medical opinion.

24 (e) Documentation in the medical record of the physician's attempt 25 to obtain informed consent and the reasons why antipsychotic medication 26 is being administered over the person's objection or lack of consent.)) 27 The physician must attempt to obtain the informed consent of an involuntary committed person prior to administration of antipsychotic 28 medication and document the attempt to obtain consent in the person's 29 medical record with the reasons that antipsychotic medication is 30 necessary. If the physician determines that the patient is not able to 31 provide informed consent, the physician may obtain informed consent 32 from a person who is named as an agent in the patient's mental health 33 advance directive executed pursuant to chapter 71.32 RCW, provided that 34 the agent otherwise has authority under the directive to consent to the 35 36 proposed medication.

37 (3) When a person is detained pursuant to RCW 71.05.150, or
 38 detained for involuntary treatment not to exceed fourteen days pursuant

to RCW 71.05.240, the person may refuse antipsychotic medications 1 unless there is an additional concurring medical opinion following an 2 examination of the person that the medications are necessary pursuant 3 to subsection (1) of this section. Medications administered under this 4 subsection may not continue beyond the hearing conducted pursuant to 5 RCW 71.05.320(1) and the petitioner shall notify the court of 6 administration of involuntary medications under this subsection and 7 provide the court with an opinion regarding whether continued 8 involuntary administration of antipsychotic medication is medically 9 10 necessary.

(4) If a person involuntarily committed under RCW 71.05.320(1) for 11 12 up to ninety days, or for less restrictive alternative treatment not to 13 exceed ninety days pursuant to RCW 71.05.240 refuses antipsychotic 14 medications, the medications may not be administered unless the person has first had a hearing by a panel composed of a physician and two 15 other persons. The two persons shall be selected from among the 16 following: A physician, advanced registered nurse practitioner, 17 psychologist, psychiatric nurse, physician's assistant, and the medical 18 director of the facility. Recognizing that some facilities will not 19 have three staff members of the required expertise who are not directly 20 21 involved in the person's treatment, the panel shall be composed to the greatest extent possible of treatment providers who are not directly 22 involved in the person's treatment at the time of the hearing. 23

24 (5) If a majority of the panel, including a psychiatrist if one is on the panel or another physician in the absence of a psychiatrist, 25 26 determines that there is clear, cogent, and convincing evidence 27 demonstrating that treatment with antipsychotic medications is medically appropriate, that failure to medicate may result in a 28 likelihood of serious harm or substantial deterioration or 29 substantially prolong the length of involuntary commitment, and that 30 there is no less intrusive course of treatment than medication in the 31 best interest of that person, the person may be medicated, subject to 32 the provisions of subsections (6) through (8) of this section. 33

34 (6) Medication ordered pursuant to a decision of the panel may only 35 be continued beyond seven days on an involuntary basis if the panel 36 conducts a second hearing on the written record and a majority of the 37 panel determines that there continues to be clear, cogent, and 38 convincing evidence demonstrating that treatment with antipsychotic

medications continues to be medically appropriate, that failure to medicate may result in a likelihood of serious harm or substantial deterioration or substantially prolong the length of involuntary commitment, and that there is no less intrusive course of treatment than medication in the best interest of that person.

6 (a) Following the second hearing, involuntary medication with 7 antipsychotic medication may be continued if the treating psychiatrist certifies, not less than every fourteen days, that the medication 8 continues to be medically appropriate and failure to medicate may 9 result in a likelihood of serious harm or substantial deterioration or 10 substantially prolong the length of involuntary commitment, and that 11 12 there is no less intrusive course of treatment than medication in the 13 best interest of that person.

14 (b) No administrative order for involuntary medication may be 15 continued beyond one hundred eighty days, or the next commitment 16 proceeding in the superior court, whichever comes first.

17 (7) The committed person may appeal the panel's decision to the 18 medical director within twenty-four hours, excluding weekends and 19 holidays, and the medical director must decide the appeal within 20 twenty-four hours of receipt.

21 (8) The committed person may seek judicial review of the medical 22 director's decision at the next commitment proceeding or by means of an 23 extraordinary writ.

24 (9) Minutes of the hearing shall be kept and a copy shall be 25 provided to the committed person.

26 (10) With regard to the involuntary medication hearing, the 27 <u>committed person has the right:</u>

28 (a) To notice at least twenty-four hours in advance of the hearing 29 that includes the intent to convene the hearing, the tentative 30 diagnosis and the factual basis for the diagnosis, and why the staff 31 believes that medication is necessary;

32 (b) Not to be medicated between the delivery of the notice and the 33 <u>hearing;</u>

34 (c) To attend the hearing;

35 (d) To present evidence, including witnesses, and to cross-examine 36 witnesses, including staff;

37 (e) To the assistance of a lay assistant, who is not involved in 38 the case and who understands psychiatric issues; (f) To receive a copy of the minutes of the hearing; and
 (g) To appeal the panel's decision to the medical director.
 (11) Antipsychotic medications may be administered in an emergency

4 without the consent of the person pursuant to the provisions of RCW
5 71.05.370(3)(b) (as recodified by this act).

6 **Sec. 109.** RCW 71.05.370 and 1997 c 112 s 31 are each amended to 7 read as follows:

8 ((Insofar as danger to the individual or others is not created, 9 each person involuntarily detained, treated in a less restrictive 10 alternative course of treatment, or committed for treatment and 11 evaluation pursuant to this chapter shall have, in addition to other 12 rights not specifically withheld by law, the following rights, a list 13 of which shall be prominently posted in all facilities, institutions, 14 and hospitals providing such services:

15 (1) To wear his or her own clothes and to keep and use his or her 16 own personal possessions, except when deprivation of same is essential 17 to protect the safety of the resident or other persons;

- 18 (2) To keep and be allowed to spend a reasonable sum of his or her 19 own money for canteen expenses and small purchases;
- 20 (3) To have access to individual storage space for his or her
 21 private use;

22 (4) To have visitors at reasonable times;

23 (5) To have reasonable access to a telephone, both to make and 24 receive confidential calls;

25 (6) To have ready access to letter writing materials, including 26 stamps, and to send and receive uncensored correspondence through the 27 mails;

(7) Not to consent to the administration of antipsychotic 28 29 medications beyond the hearing conducted pursuant to RCW 71.05.320(2) or the performance of electroconvulsant therapy or surgery, except 30 emergency life-saving surgery, unless ordered by a court of competent 31 jurisdiction)) (1) A court of competent jurisdiction may order that a 32 person involuntarily detained, or committed for inpatient treatment and 33 34 evaluation or to treatment in a less restrictive alternative pursuant 35 to this chapter be administered antipsychotic medications or the 36 performance of electroconvulsant therapy or surgery pursuant to the following standards and procedures: 37

administration of antipsychotic medication 1 (a) The or 2 electroconvulsant therapy shall not be ordered by the court unless the petitioning party proves by clear, cogent, and convincing evidence that 3 4 ((there exists a compelling state interest that justifies overriding 5 the patient's lack of consent to the administration of antipsychotic medications or electroconvulsant therapy, that the proposed treatment 6 7 is necessary and effective, and that medically acceptable alternative forms of treatment are not available, have not been successful, or are 8 not likely to be effective)) treatment with antipsychotic medications 9 is medically appropriate, that failure to medicate may result in a 10 likelihood of serious harm or substantial deterioration or 11 substantially prolong the length of involuntary commitment, and that 12 13 there is no less intrusive course of treatment than medication or electroconvulsive therapy in the best interest of the person. 14

(b) The court shall make specific findings of fact concerning: (i) The existence of ((one or more compelling state interests)) the likelihood of serious harm or substantial deterioration or substantially prolonging the length of involuntary commitment; (ii) the necessity and effectiveness of the treatment; ((and)) (iii) the person's desires regarding the proposed treatment; and (iv) the best interests of the person.

22 (c) If the ((patient)) person is unable to make a rational and 23 informed decision about consenting to or refusing the proposed 24 ((treatment)) electroconvulsive therapy, the court shall make a 25 substituted judgment for the patient as if he or she were competent to 26 make such a determination.

27 (((-))) (d) The person shall be present at any hearing on a request 28 to administer antipsychotic medication or electroconvulsant therapy 29 filed pursuant to this ((subsection)) section. The person has the 30 right:

- 31 (i) To be represented by an attorney;
- 32 (ii) <u>T</u>o present evidence;
- 33 (iii) <u>T</u>o cross-examine witnesses;
- 34 (iv) To have the rules of evidence enforced;
- 35 (v) <u>T</u>o remain silent;

36 (vi) <u>T</u>o view and copy all petitions and reports in the court file;
37 and

(vii) <u>To be given reasonable notice and an opportunity to prepare</u>
 for the hearing.

3 (e) The court may appoint a psychiatrist, psychologist within their 4 scope of practice, or physician to examine and testify on behalf of 5 such person. The court shall appoint a psychiatrist, psychologist 6 within their scope of practice, or physician designated by such person 7 or the person's counsel to testify on behalf of the person in cases 8 where an order for electroconvulsant therapy is sought.

9 (((d))) <u>(f)</u> An order for the administration of antipsychotic 10 medications entered following a hearing conducted pursuant to this 11 section shall be effective for the period of the current involuntary 12 treatment order, and any interim period during which the person is 13 awaiting trial or hearing on a new petition for involuntary treatment 14 or involuntary medication.

15 $((\langle e \rangle))$ (2) Any person detained for a period of greater than ninety 16 days pursuant to RCW 71.05.320(($\langle 2 \rangle$)), who subsequently refuses 17 antipsychotic medication, shall be entitled to the procedures set forth 18 in ((RCW 71.05.370(7))) subsection (1) of this section.

19 (((f))) <u>(3)</u> Antipsychotic medication may be administered to a 20 nonconsenting person detained or committed pursuant to this chapter 21 without a court order:

22 (a) Pursuant to RCW 71.05.215(((2)))<u>;</u> or

23 (b) Under the following circumstances:

24 (i) A person presents an imminent likelihood of serious harm;

(ii) Medically acceptable alternatives to administration of
antipsychotic medications are not available, have not been successful,
or are not likely to be effective; and

(iii) In the opinion of the physician with responsibility for treatment of the person, or his or her designee, the person's condition constitutes an emergency requiring the treatment be instituted before a judicial hearing as authorized pursuant to this section can be held.

32 If antipsychotic medications are administered over a person's lack of consent pursuant to (b) of this subsection, a petition for an order 33 authorizing the administration of antipsychotic medications shall be 34 filed on the next judicial day. The hearing shall be held within two 35 judicial If deemed necessary by the physician with 36 days. 37 responsibility for the treatment of the person, administration of 38 antipsychotic medications may continue until the hearing is held;

((8) To dispose of property and sign contracts unless such person 1 2 has been adjudicated an incompetent in a court proceeding directed to 3 that particular issue;

(9) Not to have)) (4) No court has the authority to order 4 psychosurgery performed on ((him or her)) any person involuntarily 5 detained, treated in a less restrictive alternative course of 6 7 treatment, or committed for treatment and evaluation pursuant to this chapter under any circumstances. 8

(5) A petition for involuntary medication may be joined with a 9 petition for involuntary treatment. 10

11 NEW SECTION. Sec. 110. RCW 71.05.370 is recodified as a new 12 section in chapter 71.05 RCW to be codified in proximity to RCW 13 71.05.215.

Sec. 111. RCW 71.05.390 and 2004 c 166 s 6, 2004 c 157 s 5, and 14 15 2004 c 33 s 2 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows: Except as provided in this section, RCW 71.05.445, 71.05.630, 16 70.96A.150, or pursuant to a valid release under RCW 70.02.030, the 17 fact of admission and all information and records compiled, obtained, 18 19 or maintained in the course of providing services to either voluntary 20 or involuntary recipients of services at public or private agencies shall be confidential. 21

22

Information and records may be disclosed only:

(1) In communications between qualified professional persons to 23 meet the requirements of this chapter, in the provision of services or 24 25 appropriate referrals, or in the course of guardianship proceedings. The consent of the ((patient)) person, or his or her personal 26 representative or quardian, shall be obtained before information or 27 records may be disclosed by a professional person employed by a 28 facility unless provided to a professional person: 29

- 30
- (a) Employed by the facility;
- 31
- (b) Who has medical responsibility for the patient's care;
- (c) Who is a county designated mental health professional; 32

(d) Who is providing services under chapter 71.24 RCW; 33

34 (e) Who is employed by a state or local correctional facility where 35 the person is confined or supervised; or

(f) Who is providing evaluation, treatment, or follow-up services
 under chapter 10.77 RCW.

3 (2) When the communications regard the special needs of a patient 4 and the necessary circumstances giving rise to such needs and the 5 disclosure is made by a facility providing ((outpatient)) services to 6 the operator of a ((care)) facility in which the patient resides or 7 will reside.

8 (3)(a) When the person receiving services, or his or her guardian, 9 designates persons to whom information or records may be released, or 10 if the person is a minor, when his or her parents make such 11 designation.

12 (b) A public or private agency shall release to a person's next of 13 kin, attorney, personal representative, guardian, or conservator, if 14 any:

15 (i) The information that the person is presently a patient in the 16 facility or that the person is seriously physically ill;

17 (ii) A statement evaluating the mental and physical condition of 18 the patient, and a statement of the probable duration of the patient's 19 confinement, if such information is requested by the next of kin, 20 attorney, personal representative, guardian, or conservator; and

21 (iii) Such other information requested by the next of kin or 22 attorney as may be necessary to decide whether or not proceedings 23 should be instituted to appoint a guardian or conservator.

(4) To the extent necessary for a recipient to make a claim, or for
 a claim to be made on behalf of a recipient for aid, insurance, or
 medical assistance to which he or she may be entitled.

(5)(a) For either program evaluation or research, or both: PROVIDED, That the secretary adopts rules for the conduct of the evaluation or research, or both. Such rules shall include, but need not be limited to, the requirement that all evaluators and researchers must sign an oath of confidentiality substantially as follows:

"As a condition of conducting evaluation or research concerning persons who have received services from (fill in the facility, agency, or person) I, , agree not to divulge, publish, or otherwise make known to unauthorized persons or the public any information obtained in the course of such evaluation or research regarding persons who have received services such that the person who received such services is identifiable.

1 I recognize that unauthorized release of confidential information 2 may subject me to civil liability under the provisions of state law.

3

/s/ "

(b) Nothing in this chapter shall be construed to prohibit the
compilation and publication of statistical data for use by government
or researchers under standards, including standards to assure
maintenance of confidentiality, set forth by the secretary.

_

8 (6)(a) To the courts as necessary to the administration of this 9 chapter or to a court ordering an evaluation or treatment under chapter 10 10.77 RCW solely for the purpose of preventing the entry of any 11 evaluation or treatment order that is inconsistent with any order 12 entered under this chapter.

(b) To a court or its designee in which a motion under chapter 14 10.77 RCW has been made for involuntary medication of a defendant for 15 the purpose of competency restoration.

16 (c) Disclosure under this subsection is mandatory for the purpose 17 of the health insurance portability and accountability act.

(7)(a) When a mental health professional is requested by a 18 representative of a law enforcement or corrections agency, including a 19 20 police officer, sheriff, community corrections officer, a municipal 21 attorney, or prosecuting attorney to undertake an investigation under RCW 71.05.150, the mental health professional shall, if requested to do 22 so, advise the representative in writing of the results of the 23 investigation including a statement of reasons for the decision to 24 detain or release the person investigated. Such written report shall 25 be submitted within seventy-two hours of the completion of the 26 27 investigation or the request from the law enforcement or corrections representative, whichever occurs later. 28

(b) To law enforcement officers, public health officers, or personnel of the department of corrections or the indeterminate sentence review board for persons who are the subject of the records and who are committed to the custody or supervision of the department of corrections or indeterminate sentence review board which information or records are necessary to carry out the responsibilities of their office. Except for dissemination of information released pursuant to 1 RCW 71.05.425 and 4.24.550, regarding persons committed under this 2 chapter under RCW 71.05.280(3) and 71.05.320(2)(c) after dismissal of 3 a sex offense as defined in RCW 9.94A.030, the extent of information 4 that may be released is limited as follows:

5 (((a))) (<u>i</u>) Only the fact, place, and date of involuntary 6 commitment, the fact and date of discharge or release, and the last 7 known address shall be disclosed upon request;

8 (((b))) <u>(ii)</u> The law enforcement and public health officers or 9 personnel of the department of corrections or indeterminate sentence 10 review board shall be obligated to keep such information confidential 11 in accordance with this chapter;

12 (((c))) (iii) Additional information shall be disclosed only after 13 giving notice to said person and his or her counsel and upon a showing 14 of clear, cogent, and convincing evidence that such information is necessary and that appropriate safeguards for strict confidentiality 15 are and will be maintained. However, in the event the said person has 16 17 escaped from custody, said notice prior to disclosure is not necessary and that the facility from which the person escaped shall include an 18 evaluation as to whether the person is of danger to persons or property 19 and has a propensity toward violence; 20

21 (((d))) (iv) Information and records shall be disclosed to the 22 department of corrections pursuant to and in compliance with the provisions of RCW 71.05.445 for the purposes of completing presentence 23 24 investigations or risk assessment reports, supervision of an incarcerated offender or offender under supervision in the community, 25 planning for and provision of supervision of an offender, or assessment 26 27 of an offender's risk to the community; and

28 (((e))) <u>(v)</u> Disclosure under this subsection is mandatory for the 29 purposes of the health insurance portability and accountability act.

30

(8) To the attorney of the detained person.

31 (9) To the prosecuting attorney as necessary to carry out the 32 responsibilities of the office under RCW 71.05.330(2) and 71.05.340(1)(b) and 71.05.335. The prosecutor shall be provided access 33 to records regarding the committed person's treatment and prognosis, 34 medication, behavior problems, and other records relevant to the issue 35 36 of whether treatment less restrictive than inpatient treatment is in 37 the best interest of the committed person or others. Information shall

1 be disclosed only after giving notice to the committed person and the 2 person's counsel.

3 (10) To appropriate law enforcement agencies and to a person, when the identity of the person is known to the public or private agency, 4 whose health and safety has been threatened, or who is known to have 5 been repeatedly harassed, by the patient. The person may designate a 6 representative to receive the disclosure. The disclosure shall be made 7 by the professional person in charge of the public or private agency or 8 his or her designee and shall include the dates of commitment, 9 admission, discharge, or release, authorized or unauthorized absence 10 from the agency's facility, and only such other information that is 11 12 pertinent to the threat or harassment. The decision to disclose or not 13 shall not result in civil liability for the agency or its employees so 14 long as the decision was reached in good faith and without gross negligence. 15

16 (11) To appropriate corrections and law enforcement agencies all 17 necessary and relevant information in the event of a crisis or emergent 18 situation that poses a significant and imminent risk to the public. 19 The decision to disclose or not shall not result in civil liability for 20 the mental health service provider or its employees so long as the 21 decision was reached in good faith and without gross negligence.

(12) To the persons designated in RCW 71.05.425 for the purposesdescribed in that section.

(13) Civil liability and immunity for the release of information
about a particular person who is committed to the department under RCW
71.05.280(3) and 71.05.320(2)(c) after dismissal of a sex offense as
defined in RCW 9.94A.030, is governed by RCW 4.24.550.

(14) ((To a patient's next of kin, guardian, or conservator, if any, in the event of death, as provided in RCW 71.05.400.)) Upon the death of a person, his or her next of kin, personal representative, guardian, or conservator, if any, shall be notified.

Next of kin who are of legal age and competent shall be notified under this section in the following order: Spouse, parents, children, brothers and sisters, and other relatives according to the degree of relation. Access to all records and information compiled, obtained, or maintained in the course of providing services to a deceased patient shall be governed by RCW 70.02.140.

1 (15) To the department of health for the purposes of determining 2 compliance with state or federal licensure, certification, or 3 registration rules or laws. However, the information and records 4 obtained under this subsection are exempt from public inspection and 5 copying pursuant to chapter 42.17 RCW.

6 (16) To mark headstones or otherwise memorialize patients interred 7 at state hospital cemeteries. The department of social and health 8 services shall make available the name, date of birth, and date of 9 death of patients buried in state hospital cemeteries fifty years after 10 the death of a patient.

(17) When a patient would otherwise be subject to the provisions of 11 12 RCW 71.05.390 and disclosure is necessary for the protection of the 13 patient or others due to his or her unauthorized disappearance from the 14 facility, and his or her whereabouts is unknown, notice of such disappearance, along with relevant information, may be made to 15 relatives, the department of corrections when the person is under the 16 17 supervision of the department, and governmental law enforcement agencies designated by the physician in charge of the patient or the 18 professional person in charge of the facility, or his or her 19 professional designee. 20

Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, the uniform health care information act, chapter 70.02 RCW, applies to all records and information compiled, obtained, or maintained in the course of providing services.

(18) The fact of admission, as well as all records, files, 25 evidence, findings, or orders made, prepared, collected, or maintained 26 27 pursuant to this chapter shall not be admissible as evidence in any legal proceeding outside this chapter without the written consent of 28 the person who was the subject of the proceeding except in a subsequent 29 criminal prosecution of a person committed pursuant to RCW 71.05.280(3) 30 or 71.05.320(2)(c) on charges that were dismissed pursuant to chapter 31 32 10.77 RCW due to incompetency to stand trial ((or)), in a civil commitment proceeding pursuant to chapter 71.09 RCW, or, in the case of 33 a minor, a guardianship or dependency proceeding. The records and 34 35 files maintained in any court proceeding pursuant to this chapter shall be confidential and available subsequent to such proceedings only to 36 37 the person who was the subject of the proceeding or his or her 38 attorney. In addition, the court may order the subsequent release or

1 use of such records or files only upon good cause shown if the court 2 finds that appropriate safeguards for strict confidentiality are and 3 will be maintained.

4 **Sec. 112.** RCW 71.05.420 and 1990 c 3 s 113 are each amended to 5 read as follows:

6 Except as provided in RCW 71.05.425, when any disclosure of 7 information or records is made as authorized by RCW 71.05.390 ((through 71.05.410)), the physician in charge of the patient or the professional 8 person in charge of the facility shall promptly cause to be entered 9 into the patient's medical record the date and circumstances under 10 which said disclosure was made, the names and relationships to the 11 patient, if any, of the persons or agencies to whom such disclosure was 12 made, and the information disclosed. 13

14 **Sec. 113.** RCW 71.05.620 and 1989 c 205 s 12 are each amended to 15 read as follows:

16 (((1) Informed consent for disclosure of information from court or 17 treatment records to an individual, agency, or organization must be in 18 writing and must contain the following information:

19 (a) The name of the individual, agency, or organization to which 20 the disclosure is to be made;

21 (b) The name of the individual whose treatment record is being 22 disclosed;

23 (c) The purpose or need for the disclosure;

24 (d) The specific type of information to be disclosed;

25 (e) The time period during which the consent is effective;

26 (f) The date on which the consent is signed; and

27 (g) The signature of the individual or person legally authorized to
 28 give consent for the individual.

29 (2)) The files and records of court proceedings under <u>this chapter</u> and chapters ((71.05)) 70.96A, 71.34, 70.-- (sections 202 through 216 30 of this act), and 70.-- (sections 302 through 374 of this act) RCW 31 shall be closed but shall be accessible to any ((individual)) person 32 who is the subject of a petition and to the ((individual's)) person's 33 34 attorney, guardian ad litem, resource management services, or service 35 providers authorized to receive such information by resource management 36 services.

1 Sec. 114. RCW 71.05.630 and 2000 c 75 s 5 are each amended to read
2 as follows:

3 (1) Except as otherwise provided by law, all treatment records
4 shall remain confidential((. Treatment records)) and may be released
5 only to the persons designated in this section, or to other persons
6 designated in an informed written consent of the patient.

7 (2) Treatment records of ((an individual)) <u>a person</u> may be released
8 without informed written consent in the following circumstances:

9 (a) To ((an individual)) <u>a person</u>, organization, or agency as 10 necessary for management or financial audits, or program monitoring and 11 evaluation. Information obtained under this subsection shall remain 12 confidential and may not be used in a manner that discloses the name or 13 other identifying information about the ((individual)) <u>person</u> whose 14 records are being released.

(b) To the department, the director of regional support networks, or a qualified staff member designated by the director only when necessary to be used for billing or collection purposes. The information shall remain confidential.

19

(c) For purposes of research as permitted in chapter 42.48 RCW.

20 (d) Pursuant to lawful order of a court.

(e) To qualified staff members of the department, to the director of regional support networks, to resource management services responsible for serving a patient, or to service providers designated by resource management services as necessary to determine the progress and adequacy of treatment and to determine whether the person should be transferred to a less restrictive or more appropriate treatment modality or facility. The information shall remain confidential.

(f) Within the treatment facility where the patient is receiving treatment, confidential information may be disclosed to ((individuals)) <u>persons</u> employed, serving in bona fide training programs, or participating in supervised volunteer programs, at the facility when it is necessary to perform their duties.

33 (g) Within the department as necessary to coordinate treatment for 34 mental illness, developmental disabilities, alcoholism, or drug abuse 35 of ((individuals)) persons who are under the supervision of the 36 department.

(h) To a licensed physician who has determined that the life or
health of the ((individual)) person is in danger and that treatment

1 without the information contained in the treatment records could be 2 injurious to the patient's health. Disclosure shall be limited to the 3 portions of the records necessary to meet the medical emergency.

(i) To a facility that is to receive ((an individual)) a person who 4 5 is involuntarily committed under chapter 71.05 RCW, or upon transfer of the ((individual)) person from one treatment facility to another. 6 The 7 release of records under this subsection shall be limited to the treatment records required by law, a record or summary of all somatic 8 treatments, and a discharge summary. The discharge summary may include 9 a statement of the patient's problem, the treatment goals, the type of 10 treatment which has been provided, and recommendation for future 11 treatment, but may not include the patient's complete treatment record. 12

(j) Notwithstanding the provisions of RCW 71.05.390(7), to a correctional facility or a corrections officer who is responsible for the supervision of ((an individual)) <u>a person</u> who is receiving inpatient or outpatient evaluation or treatment. Except as provided in RCW 71.05.445 and 71.34.225, release of records under this section is limited to:

(i) An evaluation report provided pursuant to a written supervisionplan.

(ii) The discharge summary, including a record or summary of all somatic treatments, at the termination of any treatment provided as part of the supervision plan.

(iii) When ((an individual)) <u>a person</u> is returned from a treatment facility to a correctional facility, the information provided under (j)(iv) of this subsection.

(iv) Any information necessary to establish or implement changes in the ((individual's)) person's treatment plan or the level or kind of supervision as determined by resource management services. In cases involving a person transferred back to a correctional facility, disclosure shall be made to clinical staff only.

32 (k) To the ((individual's)) person's counsel or guardian ad litem, 33 without modification, at any time in order to prepare for involuntary 34 commitment or recommitment proceedings, reexaminations, appeals, or 35 other actions relating to detention, admission, commitment, or 36 patient's rights under chapter 71.05 RCW.

37 (1) To staff members of the protection and advocacy agency or to38 staff members of a private, nonprofit corporation for the purpose of

protecting and advocating the rights of persons with mental ((illness)) 1 2 disorders or developmental disabilities. Resource management services may limit the release of information to the name, birthdate, and county 3 of residence of the patient, information regarding whether the patient 4 was voluntarily admitted, or involuntarily committed, the date and 5 place of admission, placement, or commitment, the name and address of 6 7 a quardian of the patient, and the date and place of the quardian's Any staff member who wishes to obtain additional 8 appointment. information shall notify the patient's resource management services in 9 10 writing of the request and of the resource management services' right The staff member shall send the notice by mail to the 11 to object. 12 guardian's address. If the guardian does not object in writing within 13 fifteen days after the notice is mailed, the staff member may obtain 14 the additional information. If the quardian objects in writing within fifteen days after the notice is mailed, the staff member may not 15 obtain the additional information. 16

17 (3) Whenever federal law or federal regulations restrict the 18 release of information contained in the treatment records of any 19 patient who receives treatment for ((alcoholism or drug)) chemical 20 dependency, the department may restrict the release of the information 21 as necessary to comply with federal law and regulations.

22 **Sec. 115.** RCW 71.05.640 and 2000 c 94 s 11 are each amended to 23 read as follows:

(1) Procedures shall be established by resource management services
 to provide reasonable and timely access to individual treatment
 records. However, access may not be denied at any time to records of
 all medications and somatic treatments received by the ((individual))
 person.

(2) Following discharge, the ((individual)) person shall have a right to a complete record of all medications and somatic treatments prescribed during evaluation, admission, or commitment and to a copy of the discharge summary prepared at the time of his or her discharge. A reasonable and uniform charge for reproduction may be assessed.

(3) Treatment records may be modified prior to inspection to
 protect the confidentiality of other patients or the names of any other
 persons referred to in the record who gave information on the condition

that his or her identity remain confidential. Entire documents may not
 be withheld to protect such confidentiality.

3 (4) At the time of discharge all ((individuals)) persons shall be 4 informed by resource management services of their rights as provided in 5 RCW ((71.05.610)) 71.05.390 and 71.05.620 through 71.05.690.

6 **Sec. 116.** RCW 71.05.660 and 1989 c 205 s 16 are each amended to 7 read as follows:

8 Nothing in <u>this</u> chapter ((205, Laws of 1989)) <u>or chapter 70.96A,</u> 9 <u>71.05, 71.34, 70.-- (sections 202 through 216 of this act), or 70.--</u> 10 <u>(sections 302 through 374 of this act) RCW</u> shall be construed to 11 interfere with communications between physicians or psychologists and 12 patients and attorneys and clients.

13NEW SECTION.Sec. 117.A new section is added to chapter 71.0514RCW to read as follows:

A petition for commitment under this chapter may be joined with a petition for commitment under chapter 70.96A RCW.

PART II

17 18

PILOT PROGRAMS

19 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 201. Sections 202 through 216 of this act 20 constitute a new chapter in Title 70 RCW.

21 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 202. The definitions in this section apply 22 throughout this chapter unless the context clearly requires otherwise.

(1) "Admission" or "admit" means a decision by a physician that a person should be examined or treated as a patient in a hospital, an evaluation and treatment facility, or other inpatient facility, or a decision by a professional person in charge or his or her designee that a person should be detained as a patient for evaluation and treatment in a secure detoxification facility or other certified chemical dependency provider.

30 (2) "Antipsychotic medications" means that class of drugs primarily 31 used to treat serious manifestations of mental illness associated with 32 thought disorders, which includes but is not limited to atypical 33 antipsychotic medications.

(3) "Approved treatment program" means a discrete program of
 chemical dependency treatment provided by a treatment program certified
 by the department as meeting standards adopted under chapter 70.96A
 RCW.

5 (4) "Attending staff" means any person on the staff of a public or 6 private agency having responsibility for the care and treatment of a 7 patient.

8 (5) "Chemical dependency" means:

9 (a) Alcoholism;

10 (b) Drug addiction; or

11 (c) Dependence on alcohol and one or more other psychoactive 12 chemicals, as the context requires.

(6) "Chemical dependency professional" means a person certified as
 a chemical dependency professional by the department of health under
 chapter 18.205 RCW.

16 (7) "Commitment" means the determination by a court that a person 17 should be detained for a period of either evaluation or treatment, or 18 both, in an inpatient or a less restrictive setting.

(8) "Conditional release" means a revocable modification of acommitment that may be revoked upon violation of any of its terms.

(9) "County-designated crisis responder" means a person designated by the county or regional support network to perform the duties specified in this chapter.

(10) "County-designated mental health professional" means a mental
 health professional appointed by the county or the regional support
 network to perform the duties in chapter 71.05 RCW.

(11) "Custody" means involuntary detention under either chapter 71.05 or 70.96A RCW or this chapter, uninterrupted by any period of unconditional release from commitment from a facility providing involuntary care and treatment.

31 (12) "Department" means the department of social and health 32 services.

(13) "Designated chemical dependency specialist" or "specialist" means a person designated by the county alcoholism and other drug addiction program coordinator designated under RCW 70.96A.310 to perform the commitment duties described in RCW 70.96A.140 and this chapter, and qualified to do so by meeting standards adopted by the department.

1 (14) "Detention" or "detain" means the lawful confinement of a 2 person under this chapter, or chapter 70.96A or 71.05 RCW.

3 (15) "Developmental disabilities professional" means a person who 4 has specialized training and three years of experience in directly 5 treating or working with individuals with developmental disabilities 6 and is a psychiatrist, psychologist, or social worker, and such other 7 developmental disabilities professionals as may be defined by rules 8 adopted by the secretary.

9 (16) "Developmental disability" means that condition defined in RCW 10 71A.10.020.

(17) "Discharge" means the termination of facility authority. The commitment may remain in place, be terminated, or be amended by court order.

14 (18) "Evaluation and treatment facility" means any facility that can provide directly, or by direct arrangement with other public or 15 16 private agencies, emergency evaluation and treatment, outpatient care, 17 and timely and appropriate inpatient care to persons suffering from a mental disorder, and that is certified as such by the department. 18 Α physically separate and separately operated portion of a state hospital 19 may be designated as an evaluation and treatment facility. A facility 20 that is part of, or operated by, the department or any federal agency 21 22 does not require certification. No correctional institution or facility, or jail, may be an evaluation and treatment facility within 23 24 the meaning of this chapter.

(19) "Facility" means either an evaluation and treatment facilityor a secure detoxification facility.

(20) "Gravely disabled" means a condition in which a person, as a result of a mental disorder, or as a result of the use of alcohol or other psychoactive chemicals:

30 (a) Is in danger of serious physical harm resulting from a failure31 to provide for his or her essential human needs of health or safety; or

32 (b) Manifests severe deterioration in routine functioning evidenced 33 by repeated and escalating loss of cognitive or volitional control over 34 his or her actions and is not receiving such care as is essential for 35 his or her health or safety.

36 (21) "History of one or more violent acts" refers to the period of 37 time ten years before the filing of a petition under this chapter, or 38 chapter 70.96A or 71.05 RCW, excluding any time spent, but not any

1 violent acts committed, in a mental health facility or a long-term 2 alcoholism or drug treatment facility, or in confinement as a result of 3 a criminal conviction.

4 (22) "Intoxicated person" means a person whose mental or physical
5 functioning is substantially impaired as a result of the use of alcohol
6 or other psychoactive chemicals.

7 (23) "Judicial commitment" means a commitment by a court under this8 chapter.

9 (24) "Licensed physician" means a person licensed to practice 10 medicine or osteopathic medicine and surgery in the state of 11 Washington.

12 (25) "Likelihood of serious harm" means:

13 (a) A substantial risk that:

(i) Physical harm will be inflicted by a person upon his or her own
person, as evidenced by threats or attempts to commit suicide or
inflict physical harm on oneself;

(ii) Physical harm will be inflicted by a person upon another, as
evidenced by behavior that has caused such harm or that places another
person or persons in reasonable fear of sustaining such harm; or

(iii) Physical harm will be inflicted by a person upon the property of others, as evidenced by behavior that has caused substantial loss or damage to the property of others; or

(b) The person has threatened the physical safety of another andhas a history of one or more violent acts.

25 (26) "Mental disorder" means any organic, mental, or emotional 26 impairment that has substantial adverse effects on a person's cognitive 27 or volitional functions.

28 (27) "Mental health professional" means a psychiatrist, 29 psychologist, psychiatric nurse, or social worker, and such other 30 mental health professionals as may be defined by rules adopted by the 31 secretary under the authority of chapter 71.05 RCW.

32 (28) "Peace officer" means a law enforcement official of a public 33 agency or governmental unit, and includes persons specifically given 34 peace officer powers by any state law, local ordinance, or judicial 35 order of appointment.

36 (29) "Person in charge" means a physician or chemical dependency37 counselor as defined in rule by the department, who is empowered by a

certified treatment program with authority to make assessment,
 admission, continuing care, and discharge decisions on behalf of the
 certified program.

4 (30) "Private agency" means any person, partnership, corporation, 5 or association that is not a public agency, whether or not financed in 6 whole or in part by public funds, that constitutes an evaluation and 7 treatment facility or private institution, hospital, or sanitarium, or 8 approved treatment program, that is conducted for, or includes a 9 department or ward conducted for, the care and treatment of persons who 10 are mentally ill and/or chemically dependent.

(31) "Professional person" means a mental health professional or chemical dependency professional and shall also mean a physician, registered nurse, and such others as may be defined by rules adopted by the secretary pursuant to the provisions of this chapter.

(32) "Psychiatric nurse" means a registered nurse who has a bachelor's degree from an accredited college or university, and who has, in addition, at least two years' experience in the direct treatment of mentally ill or emotionally disturbed persons under the supervision of a mental health professional. "Psychiatric nurse" also means any other registered nurse who has three years of such experience.

(33) "Psychiatrist" means a person having a license as a physician and surgeon in this state who has in addition completed three years of graduate training in psychiatry in a program approved by the American medical association or the American osteopathic association and is certified or eligible to be certified by the American board of psychiatry and neurology.

(34) "Psychologist" means a person who has been licensed as apsychologist under chapter 18.83 RCW.

30 (35) "Public agency" means any evaluation and treatment facility or 31 institution, hospital, or sanitarium, or approved treatment program 32 that is conducted for, or includes a department or ward conducted for, 33 the care and treatment of persons who are mentally ill and/or 34 chemically dependent, if the agency is operated directly by federal, 35 state, county, or municipal government, or a combination of such 36 governments.

37 (36) "Registration records" means all the records of the38 department, regional support networks, treatment facilities, and other

1 persons providing services to the department, county departments, or 2 facilities which identify persons who are receiving or who at any time 3 have received services for mental illness.

4 (37) "Release" means legal termination of the commitment under 5 chapter 70.96A or 71.05 RCW or this chapter.

6 (38) "Secretary" means the secretary of the department or the 7 secretary's designee.

8 (39) "Secure detoxification facility" means a facility operated by 9 either a public or private agency or by the program of an agency that 10 serves the purpose of providing evaluation and assessment, and acute 11 and/or subacute detoxification services for intoxicated persons and 12 includes security measures sufficient to protect the patients, staff, 13 and community.

14 (40) "Social worker" means a person with a master's or further 15 advanced degree from an accredited school of social work or a degree 16 deemed equivalent under rules adopted by the secretary.

17 (41) "Treatment records" means registration records and all other records concerning persons who are receiving or who at any time have 18 received services for mental illness, which are maintained by the 19 department, by regional support networks and their staffs, and by 20 21 treatment facilities. Treatment records do not include notes or 22 records maintained for personal use by a person providing treatment services for the department, regional support networks, or a treatment 23 24 facility if the notes or records are not available to others.

25 (42) "Violent act" means behavior that resulted in homicide, 26 attempted suicide, nonfatal injuries, or substantial damage to 27 property.

NEW SECTION. sec. 203. (1) The secretary, in consultation with 28 the Washington state association of counties, shall select and contract 29 30 with regional support networks or counties to provide two integrated 31 crisis response and involuntary treatment pilot programs for adults and shall allocate resources for both integrated services and secure 32 detoxification services in the pilot areas. In selecting the two 33 regional support networks or counties, the secretary shall endeavor to 34 35 site one in an urban and one in a rural regional support network or 36 county; and to site them in counties other than those selected pursuant

to section 220 of this act, to the extent necessary to facilitate
 evaluation of pilot project results.

3 (2) The regional support networks or counties shall implement the 4 pilot programs by providing integrated crisis response and involuntary 5 treatment to persons with a chemical dependency, a mental disorder, or 6 both, consistent with this chapter. The pilot programs shall:

7 (a) Combine the crisis responder functions of a county-designated 8 mental health professional under chapter 71.05 RCW and a county-9 designated chemical dependency specialist under chapter 70.96A RCW by 10 establishing a new county-designated crisis responder who is authorized 11 to conduct investigations and detain persons up to seventy-two hours to 12 the proper facility;

13 (b) Provide training to the crisis responders as required by the 14 department;

(c) Provide sufficient staff and resources to ensure availability of an adequate number of crisis responders twenty-four hours a day, seven days a week;

(d) Provide the administrative and court-related staff, resources, and processes necessary to facilitate the legal requirements of the initial detention and the commitment hearings for persons with a chemical dependency;

(e) Participate in the evaluation and report to assess the outcomes of the pilot programs including providing data and information as requested;

(f) Provide the other services necessary to the implementation of the pilot programs, consistent with this chapter as determined by the secretary in contract; and

(g) Collaborate with the department of corrections where persons detained or committed are also subject to supervision by the department of corrections.

(3) The pilot programs established by this section shall beginproviding services by March 1, 2006.

33 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 204. To qualify as a county-designated crisis 34 responder, a person must have received chemical dependency training as 35 determined by the department and be a:

36 (1) Psychiatrist, psychologist, psychiatric nurse, or social 37 worker;

1 (2) Person with a master's degree or further advanced degree in 2 counseling or one of the social sciences from an accredited college or 3 university and who have, in addition, at least two years of experience 4 in direct treatment of persons with mental illness or emotional 5 disturbance, such experience gained under the direction of a mental 6 health professional;

7 (3) Person who meets the waiver criteria of RCW 71.24.260, which
8 waiver was granted before 1986;

9 (4) Person who had an approved waiver to perform the duties of a 10 mental health professional that was requested by the regional support 11 network and granted by the department before July 1, 2001; or

12 (5) Person who has been granted a time-limited exception of the 13 minimum requirements of a mental health professional by the department 14 consistent with rules adopted by the secretary.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 205. In addition to the provisions of this chapter, a designated crisis responder has all the powers and duties of a county-designated mental health professional as well as the powers and duties of a designated chemical dependency specialist under RCW 70.96A.120.

20 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 206. (1)(a) When a county-designated crisis 21 responder receives information alleging that a person, as a result of 22 a mental disorder, chemical dependency disorder, or both, presents a 23 likelihood of serious harm is or gravely disabled, the county-designated crisis responder may, after investigation and 24 25 evaluation of the specific facts alleged and of the reliability and credibility of any person providing information to initiate detention, 26 if satisfied that the allegations are true and that the person will not 27 voluntarily seek appropriate treatment, file a petition for initial 28 29 detention. Before filing the petition, the county-designated crisis 30 responder must personally interview the person, unless the person refuses an interview, and determine whether the person will voluntarily 31 receive appropriate evaluation and treatment at either an evaluation 32 and treatment facility, a detoxification facility, or other certified 33 34 chemical dependency provider.

(b)(i)(A) Whenever it appears, by petition for initial detention,
 to the satisfaction of a judge of the superior court that a person

1 presents as a result of a mental disorder, a likelihood of serious 2 harm, or is gravely disabled, and that the person has refused or failed 3 to accept appropriate evaluation and treatment voluntarily, the judge 4 may issue an order requiring the person to appear within twenty-four 5 hours after service of the order at a designated evaluation and 6 treatment facility for not more than a seventy-two hour evaluation and 7 treatment period; or

(B) Whenever it appears, by petition for initial detention, to the 8 satisfaction of a judge of the superior court, district court, or other 9 court permitted by court rule, that a person presents as a result of a 10 chemical dependency, a likelihood of serious harm, or is gravely 11 12 disabled, and that the person has refused or failed to accept 13 appropriate evaluation and treatment voluntarily, the judge may issue 14 an order requiring the person to appear within twenty-four hours after service of the order at a secure detoxification facility or other 15 16 certified chemical dependency provider for not more than a seventy-two 17 hour evaluation and treatment period.

(ii) The order issued under this subsection (1)(b) shall state the 18 address of the evaluation and treatment facility, secure detoxification 19 facility, or other certified chemical dependency provider to which the 20 21 person is to report; whether the required seventy-two hour evaluation 22 and treatment services may be delivered on an outpatient or inpatient 23 basis; and that if the person named in the order fails to appear at the 24 evaluation and treatment facility, secure detoxification facility, or 25 other certified chemical dependency provider at or before the date and time stated in the order, the person may be involuntarily taken into 26 27 custody for evaluation and treatment. The order shall also designate retained counsel or, if counsel is appointed from a list provided by 28 the court, the name, business address, and telephone number of the 29 30 attorney appointed to represent the person.

31 (c) The county-designated crisis responder shall then serve or 32 cause to be served on such person, his or her guardian, and conservator, if any, a copy of the order to appear, together with a 33 notice of rights and a petition for initial detention. After service 34 on the person, the county-designated crisis responder shall file the 35 return of service in court and provide copies of all papers in the 36 court file to the evaluation and treatment facility or 37 secure 38 detoxification facility and the designated attorney. The

county-designated crisis responder shall notify the court and the 1 2 prosecuting attorney that a probable cause hearing will be held within seventy-two hours of the date and time of outpatient evaluation or 3 the evaluation and treatment 4 admission to facility, secure detoxification facility, or other certified chemical dependency 5 provider. The person shall be permitted to remain in his or her home 6 or other place of his or her choosing before the time of evaluation and 7 shall be permitted to be accompanied by one or more of his or her 8 relatives, friends, an attorney, a personal physician, or other 9 professional or religious advisor to the place of evaluation. 10 An attorney accompanying the person to the place of evaluation shall be 11 12 permitted to be present during the admission evaluation. Any other 13 person accompanying the person may be present during the admission 14 evaluation. The facility may exclude the person if his or her presence would present a safety risk, delay the proceedings, or otherwise 15 interfere with the evaluation. 16

17 (d) If the person ordered to appear does appear on or before the date and time specified, the evaluation and treatment facility, secure 18 detoxification facility, or other certified chemical dependency 19 provider may admit the person as required by subsection (3) of this 20 section or may provide treatment on an outpatient basis. If the person 21 22 ordered to appear fails to appear on or before the date and time specified, the evaluation and treatment facility, secure detoxification 23 24 facility, or other certified chemical dependency provider shall immediately notify the county-designated crisis responder who may 25 notify a peace officer to take the person or cause the person to be 26 27 taken into custody and placed in an evaluation and treatment facility, secure detoxification facility, or other certified chemical 28 а dependency provider. Should the county-designated crisis responder 29 notify a peace officer authorizing the officer to take a person into 30 custody under this subsection, the county-designated crisis responder 31 32 shall file with the court a copy of the authorization and a notice of detention. At the time the person is taken into custody there shall 33 commence to be served on the person, his or her guardian, and 34 35 conservator, if any, a copy of the original order together with a 36 notice of detention, a notice of rights, and a petition for initial 37 detention.

(2) If a county-designated crisis responder receives information
 alleging that a person, as the result of:

(a) A mental disorder, presents an imminent likelihood of serious 3 harm, or is in imminent danger because of being gravely disabled, after 4 5 investigation and evaluation of the specific facts alleged and of the reliability and credibility of the person or persons providing the 6 7 information if any, the county-designated crisis responder may take the person, or cause by oral or written order the person to be taken into 8 9 emergency custody in an evaluation and treatment facility for not more 10 than seventy-two hours as described in this chapter; or

(b) Chemical dependency, presents an imminent likelihood of serious 11 12 harm, or is in imminent danger because of being gravely disabled, after 13 investigation and evaluation of the specific facts alleged and of the 14 reliability and credibility of the person or persons providing the information if any, the county-designated crisis responder may take the 15 16 person, or cause by oral or written order the person to be taken into 17 emergency custody in a secure detoxification facility for not more than seventy-two hours as described in this chapter. 18

(3) If the county-designated crisis responder petitions for 19 detention of a person whose actions constitute a likelihood of serious 20 21 harm, or who is gravely disabled, the evaluation and treatment 22 facility, the secure detoxification facility, or other certified chemical dependency provider providing seventy-two hour evaluation and 23 24 treatment must immediately accept on a provisional basis the petition 25 and the person. The evaluation and treatment facility, the secure detoxification facility, or other certified chemical dependency 26 27 provider shall then evaluate the person's condition and admit, detain, transfer, or discharge such person in accordance with this chapter. 28 notify in writing 29 The facility shall the court and the county-designated crisis responder of the date and time of the initial 30 31 detention of each person involuntarily detained so that a probable 32 cause hearing will be held no later than seventy-two hours after detention. 33

34 (4) A peace officer may, without prior notice of the proceedings 35 provided for in subsection (1) of this section, take or cause the 36 person to be taken into custody and immediately delivered to an 37 evaluation and treatment facility, secure detoxification facility,

other certified chemical dependency treatment provider only pursuant to subsections (1)(d) and (2) of this section.

3 (5) Nothing in this chapter limits the power of a peace officer to 4 take a person into custody and immediately deliver the person to the 5 emergency department of a local hospital or to a detoxification 6 facility.

7 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 207. (1) A person or public or private entity 8 employing a person is not civilly or criminally liable for performing 9 duties under this chapter if the duties were performed in good faith 10 and without gross negligence.

11 (2) This section does not relieve a person from giving the required notices under RCW 71.05.330(2) or 71.05.340(1)(b), or the duty to warn 12 or to take reasonable precautions to provide protection from violent 13 behavior where the patient has communicated an actual threat of 14 physical violence against a reasonably identifiable victim or victims. 15 16 The duty to warn or to take reasonable precautions to provide 17 protection from violent behavior is discharged if reasonable efforts are made to communicate the threat to the victim or victims and to law 18 19 enforcement personnel.

20 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 208. If the evaluation and treatment facility, 21 secure detoxification facility, or other certified chemical dependency 22 provider admits the person, it may detain the person for evaluation and 23 treatment for a period not to exceed seventy-two hours from the time of 24 acceptance. The computation of the seventy-two hour period excludes 25 Saturdays, Sundays, and holidays.

26 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 209. Whenever any person is detained for 27 evaluation and treatment for a mental disorder under section 206 of 28 this act, chapter 71.05 RCW applies.

29 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 210. (1) A person detained for seventy-two hour 30 evaluation and treatment under section 206 of this act or RCW 31 70.96A.120 may be detained for not more than fourteen additional days 32 of involuntary chemical dependency treatment if there are beds 33 available at the secure detoxification facility and the following 34 conditions are met:

1 (a) The professional person in charge of the agency or facility or 2 the person's designee providing evaluation and treatment services in a 3 secure detoxification facility has assessed the person's condition and 4 finds that the condition is caused by chemical dependency and either 5 results in a likelihood of serious harm or in the detained person being 6 gravely disabled, and the professional person or his or her designee is 7 prepared to testify those conditions are met;

8 (b) The person has been advised of the need for voluntary treatment 9 and the professional person in charge of the agency or facility or his 10 or her designee has evidence that he or she has not in good faith 11 volunteered for treatment; and

(c) The professional person in charge of the agency or facility or the person's designee has filed a petition for fourteen-day involuntary detention with the superior court, district court, or other court permitted by court rule. The petition must be signed by the chemical dependency professional who has examined the person.

17 (2) The petition under subsection (1)(c) of this section shall be accompanied by a certificate of a licensed physician who has examined 18 the person, unless the person whose commitment is sought has refused to 19 submit to a medical examination, in which case the fact of refusal 20 21 shall be alleged in the petition. The certificate shall set forth the 22 licensed physician's findings in support of the allegations of the petition. A physician employed by the petitioning program or the 23 24 department is eligible to be the certifying physician.

(3) The petition shall state facts that support the finding that the person, as a result of chemical dependency, presents a likelihood of serious harm or is gravely disabled, and that there are no less restrictive alternatives to detention in the best interest of the person or others. The petition shall state specifically that less restrictive alternative treatment was considered and specify why treatment less restrictive than detention is not appropriate.

32 (4) A copy of the petition shall be served on the detained person,
33 his or her attorney, and his or her guardian or conservator, if any,
34 before the probable cause hearing.

35 (5)(a) The court shall inform the person whose commitment is sought 36 of his or her right to contest the petition, be represented by counsel 37 at every stage of any proceedings relating to his or her commitment, 38 and have counsel appointed by the court or provided by the court, if he

or she wants the assistance of counsel and is unable to obtain counsel. 1 2 If the court believes that the person needs the assistance of counsel, the court shall require, by appointment if necessary, counsel for him 3 or her regardless of his or her wishes. The person shall, if he or she 4 5 is financially able, bear the costs of such legal service; otherwise such legal service shall be at public expense. The person whose б 7 commitment is sought shall be informed of his or her right to be examined by a licensed physician of his or her choice. If the person 8 9 is unable to obtain a licensed physician and requests examination by a physician, the court shall appoint a reasonably available licensed 10 physician designated by the person. 11

(b) At the conclusion of the probable cause hearing, if the court 12 finds by a preponderance of the evidence that the person, as the result 13 of chemical dependency, presents a likelihood of serious harm or is 14 gravely disabled and, after considering less restrictive alternatives 15 to involuntary detention and treatment, finds that no such alternatives 16 17 are in the best interest of such person or others, the court shall order that the person be detained for involuntary chemical dependency 18 19 treatment not to exceed fourteen days in a secure detoxification 20 facility.

21 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 211. If a person is detained for additional 22 treatment beyond fourteen days under section 210 of this act, the 23 professional staff of the agency or facility may petition for 24 additional treatment under RCW 70.96A.140.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 212. The prosecuting attorney of the county in which an action under this chapter is taken must represent the petitioner in judicial proceedings under this chapter for the involuntary chemical dependency treatment of a person, including any judicial proceeding where the person sought to be treated for chemical dependency challenges the action.

31 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 213. (1) Every person involuntarily detained or 32 committed under this chapter as a result of a mental disorder is 33 entitled to all the rights set forth in this chapter and in chapter 34 71.05 RCW, and retains all rights not denied him or her under this 35 chapter or chapter 71.05 RCW.

1 (2) Every person involuntarily detained or committed under this 2 chapter as a result of a chemical dependency is entitled to all the 3 rights set forth in this chapter and chapter 70.96A RCW, and retains 4 all rights not denied him or her under this chapter or chapter 70.96A 5 RCW.

6 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 214.** (1) When a county designated crisis 7 responder is notified by a jail that a defendant or offender who was 8 subject to a discharge review under RCW 71.05.232 is to be released to 9 the community, the county designated crisis responder shall evaluate 10 the person within seventy-two hours of release.

11 (2) When an offender is under court-ordered treatment in the 12 community and the supervision of the department of corrections, and the 13 treatment provider becomes aware that the person is in violation of the 14 terms of the court order, the treatment provider shall notify the 15 county designated crisis responder of the violation and request an 16 evaluation for purposes of revocation of the less restrictive 17 alternative.

(3) When a county designated crisis responder becomes aware that an offender who is under court-ordered treatment in the community and the supervision of the department of corrections is in violation of a treatment order or a condition of supervision that relates to public safety, or the county designated crisis responder detains a person under this chapter, the county designated crisis responder shall notify the person's treatment provider and the department of corrections.

(4) When an offender who is confined in a state correctional 25 26 facility or is under supervision of the department of corrections in the community is subject to a petition for involuntary treatment under 27 this chapter, the petitioner shall notify the department of corrections 28 and the department of corrections shall provide documentation of its 29 risk assessment or other concerns to the petitioner and the court if 30 31 the department of corrections classified the offender as a high risk or high needs offender. 32

33 (5) Nothing in this section creates a duty on any treatment 34 provider or county designated crisis responder to provide offender 35 supervision.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 215. The secretary may adopt rules to implement
 this chapter.

3 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 216. The provisions of RCW 71.05.550 apply to 4 this chapter.

5 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 217. (1) The Washington state institute for 6 public policy shall evaluate the pilot programs and make a preliminary 7 report to appropriate committees of the legislature by December 1, 8 2007, and a final report by September 30, 2008.

9 (2) The evaluation of the pilot programs shall include:

(a) Whether the county designated crisis responder pilot program:
 (i) Has increased efficiency of evaluation and treatment of persons
 involuntarily detained for seventy-two hours;

13 (ii) Is cost-effective;

14 (iii) Results in better outcomes for persons involuntarily 15 detained;

16 (iv) Increased the effectiveness of the crisis response system in 17 the pilot catchment areas;

(b) The effectiveness of providing a single chapter in the Revised Code of Washington to address initial detention of persons with mental disorders or chemical dependency, in crisis response situations and the likelihood of effectiveness of providing a single, comprehensive involuntary treatment act.

(3) The reports shall consider the impact of the pilot programs on the existing mental health system and on the persons served by the system.

26 **Sec. 218.** RCW 71.05.550 and 1973 1st ex.s. c 142 s 60 are each 27 amended to read as follows:

The department of social and health services, in planning and 28 29 providing funding to counties pursuant to chapter 71.24 RCW, shall financial necessities 30 recognize the imposed upon counties by 31 implementation of this chapter and chapter 70. -- RCW (sections 202 through 216 of this act), and shall consider needs, if any, for 32 additional community mental health services and facilities and 33 34 reduction in commitments to state hospitals for the mentally ill 35 accomplished by individual counties, in planning and providing such

funding. The state shall provide financial assistance to the counties enable the counties to meet all increased costs, if any, to the counties resulting from their administration of the provisions of chapter 142, Laws of 1973 1st ex. sess.

5 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 219. Sections 202 through 216 of this act 6 expire March 1, 2008.

7 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 220. A new section is added to chapter 70.96A
8 RCW to read as follows:

9 (1) The secretary shall select and contract with counties to 10 provide intensive case management for chemically dependent persons with 11 histories of high utilization of crisis services at two sites. In 12 selecting the two sites, the secretary shall endeavor to site one in an 13 urban county, and one in a rural county; and to site them in counties 14 other than those selected pursuant to section 203 of this act, to the 15 extent necessary to facilitate evaluation of pilot project results.

16 (2) The contracted sites shall implement the pilot programs by 17 providing intensive case management to persons with a primary chemical 18 dependency diagnosis or dual primary chemical dependency and mental 19 health diagnoses, through the employment of chemical dependency case 20 managers. The chemical dependency case managers shall:

(a) Be trained in and use the integrated, comprehensive screening
 and assessment process adopted under section 701 of this act;

(b) Reduce the use of crisis medical, chemical dependency and mental health services, including but not limited to, emergency room admissions, hospitalizations, detoxification programs, inpatient psychiatric admissions, involuntary treatment petitions, emergency medical services, and ambulance services;

(c) Reduce the use of emergency first responder services including
 police, fire, emergency medical, and ambulance services;

30 (d) Reduce the number of criminal justice interventions including 31 arrests, violations of conditions of supervision, bookings, jail days, 32 prison sanction day for violations, court appearances, and prosecutor 33 and defense costs;

(e) Where appropriate and available, work with therapeutic courts
 including drug courts and mental health courts to maximize the outcomes
 for the individual and reduce the likelihood of reoffense;

(f) Coordinate with local offices of the economic services
 administration to assist the person in accessing and remaining enrolled
 in those programs to which the person may be entitled;

4 (g) Where appropriate and available, coordinate with primary care 5 and other programs operated through the federal government including 6 federally qualified health centers, Indian health programs, and 7 veterans' health programs for which the person is eligible to reduce 8 duplication of services and conflicts in case approach;

9 (h) Where appropriate, advocate for the client's needs to assist 10 the person in achieving and maintaining stability and progress toward 11 recovery;

(i) Document the numbers of persons with co-occurring mental and substance abuse disorders and the point of determination of the cooccurring disorder by quadrant of intensity of need; and

(j) Where a program participant is under supervision by the department of corrections, collaborate with the department of corrections to maximize treatment outcomes and reduce the likelihood of reoffense.

(3) The pilot programs established by this section shall beginproviding services by March 1, 2006.

21 (4) This section expires June 30, 2008.

22 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 221. A new section is added to chapter 71.05 23 RCW to read as follows:

24 The department shall, in cooperation with the Washington state institute for public policy, develop a pilot program to evaluate the 25 26 effectiveness of clubhouse psychiatric rehabilitation programs. А clubhouse program means a program in which consumers of mental health 27 services are involved in the design, development, and operation of the 28 program and where a primary goal of the program is the employment of 29 30 the members of the program. The pilot project shall provide support 31 and evaluation of existing and established clubhouse programs. 32 Clubhouse programs shall be evaluated on at least the following 33 criteria:

(1) Number of members in independent, supported, or transitional
 employment, the stability of that employment, and the income to members
 as a result of employment;

(2) Reductions in hospitalizations of members, and in the length of
 stay in inpatient facilities when hospitalization is necessary;

3 (3) Reductions in crisis interventions, including arrests,
4 incarcerations, sobering or detoxification, evaluations for involuntary
5 treatment, and emergency room admissions; and

6 (4) Increases in independence and stability of member's housing.
7 The Washington state institute for public policy shall report to
8 the appropriate committees of the legislature by December 1, 2007.

9

10

PART III OMNIBUS INVOLUNTARY TREATMENT ACT

11 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 301.** Sections 302 through 374 of this act 12 constitute a new chapter in Title 70 RCW.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 13 **302.** The legislature finds that mental 14 disorders and the abuse of alcohol and other drugs have become a serious threat to the health of the citizens of the state of Washington 15 and that the use of psychoactive chemicals is a prime factor in the 16 current AIDS epidemic. The legislature also finds that some persons 17 with mental disorders and substance abuse disorders have little or no 18 19 insight into their condition and are unable or unwilling to seek treatment voluntarily. The legislature further finds that it is not 20 21 always evident at the time of commitment that a person has co-occurring 22 mental and substance abuse disorders but that treatment of the disabilities in isolation can lead to inappropriate or conflicting 23 24 treatment plans that can substantially reduce the opportunity for the person to recover from his or her disorders. Therefore, a unified 25 involuntary treatment act is necessary. 26

27

The provisions of this chapter are intended by the legislature:

(1) To establish a single involuntary treatment act with a uniform
 set of standards and procedures for persons with mental and substance
 abuse disorders;

31 (2) To adequately assess whether a person presents a likelihood of 32 serious harm or a grave disability due to his or her disorder, 33 including an assessment of any prior history or pattern of repeated 34 hospitalizations or law enforcement interventions due to decompensation 35 in his or her mental or substance abuse disorder. The consideration of

1 prior mental history is particularly relevant in determining whether 2 the person would receive, if released, such care as is essential for 3 his or her health or safety;

4 (3) To prevent inappropriate, indefinite commitment of mentally
5 disordered and chemically dependent persons and to eliminate legal
6 disabilities that arise from such commitment where possible;

7 (4) To provide prompt evaluation and timely and appropriate
8 treatment of persons with serious mental and substance abuse disorders;
9 (5) To safeguard individual rights;

(6) To provide continuity of care for persons with serious mental 10 and substance abuse disorders, so that the procedures and services 11 authorized in this chapter are integrated with those in chapter 71.24 12 13 RCW to the maximum extent possible to provide a continuum of care founded on evidence-based practices that support recovery, promote 14 independent living, encourage persons to participate in education and 15 employment to the maximum extent that they are able, reduce criminal 16 17 involvement, and reduce family violence and cycles of child abuse and neglect leading to long-term use of the child welfare system; 18

19 (7) To encourage the integrated use of all existing agencies, 20 professional personnel, and public funds to prevent duplication of 21 services and unnecessary expenditures;

(8) To encourage, whenever appropriate, that services be providedwithin the community;

(9) To promote the use of less restrictive alternatives to inpatient commitments for persons with disorders that can be controlled or stabilized in a less restrictive alternative. Within the guidelines stated in *In Re LaBelle* 107 Wn.2d 196 (1986), the legislature intends to encourage appropriate interventions at a point when there is the best opportunity to restore the person to or maintain satisfactory functioning; and

31 (10) To protect the public safety.

32

Definitions

33 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 303. The definitions in this section apply 34 throughout this chapter unless the context clearly requires otherwise. 35 (1) "Admission" or "admit" means a decision by a physician that a 36 person should be examined or treated as a patient in a hospital, an

evaluation and treatment facility, or other inpatient facility, or a decision by a professional person in charge or his or her designee that a person should be detained as a patient for evaluation and treatment in a secure detoxification facility or other certified chemical dependency provider.

6 (2) "Alcoholic" means a person who suffers from the disease of 7 alcoholism.

8 (3) "Alcoholism" means a disease, characterized by a dependency on 9 alcoholic beverages, loss of control over the amount and circumstances 10 of use, symptoms of tolerance, physiological or psychological 11 withdrawal, or both, if use is reduced or discontinued, and impairment 12 of health or disruption of social or economic functioning.

13 (4) "Antipsychotic medications" means that class of drugs primarily 14 used to treat serious manifestations of mental illness associated with 15 thought disorders, which includes but is not limited to atypical 16 antipsychotic medications.

17 (5) "Approved treatment program" means a discrete program of 18 chemical dependency treatment provided by a treatment program certified 19 by the department as meeting standards adopted under chapter 70.96A 20 RCW.

(6) "Attending staff" means any person on the staff of a public or private agency having responsibility for the care and treatment of a patient.

(7) "Certified facility" means a facility certified by the
department for detention or commitment under this chapter and includes,
but is not limited to, an evaluation and treatment center, a
psychiatric hospital, a secure detoxification facility, and an expanded
services facility that has been certified for detention or commitment.

29

(8) "Chemical dependency" means:

30 (a) Alcoholism;

31 (b) Drug addiction; or

32 (c) Dependence on alcohol and one or more other psychoactive33 chemicals, as the context requires.

(9) "Chemical dependency professional" means a person certified as
 a chemical dependency professional by the department of health under
 chapter 18.205 RCW.

37 (10) "Chemical dependency program" means expenditures and

activities of the department designed and conducted to prevent or treat
 alcoholism and other drug addiction, including reasonable
 administration and overhead.

4 (11) "Commitment" means the determination by a court that a person
5 should be detained for a period of either evaluation or treatment, or
6 both, in an inpatient or a less restrictive setting.

7 (12) "Conditional release" means a modification of a commitment 8 that may be revoked upon violation of any of its terms.

9 (13) "Custody" means involuntary detention under either chapter 10 71.05 or 70.96A RCW or this chapter, uninterrupted by any period of 11 unconditional release from commitment from a facility providing 12 involuntary care and treatment.

13 (14) "Department" means the department of social and health 14 services.

(15) "Designated chemical dependency specialist" means a person designated by the county alcoholism and other drug addiction program coordinator designated under RCW 70.96A.310 to perform the commitment duties described in this chapter and chapter 70.96A RCW.

19 (16) "Designated crisis responder" means a person designated by the 20 county or regional support network to perform the duties specified in 21 this chapter.

(17) "Designated mental health professional" means a mental health professional appointed by the county or the regional support network to perform the duties in chapter 71.05 RCW.

(18) "Designated responder" means a designated crisis responder, if there is one, otherwise a designated mental health professional or a designated chemical dependency specialist, as appropriate.

(19) "Detention" or "detain" means the lawful confinement of a
 person under this chapter, or chapter 70.96A or 71.05 RCW.

30 (20) "Developmental disabilities professional" means a person who 31 has specialized training and three years of experience in directly 32 treating or working with individuals with developmental disabilities 33 and is a psychiatrist, psychologist, or social worker, and such other 34 developmental disabilities professionals as may be defined by rules 35 adopted by the secretary.

36 (21) "Developmental disability" means that condition defined in RCW 37 71A.10.020.

(22) "Director" means the person administering the division of
 alcohol and substance abuse or the mental health division within the
 department.

4 (23) "Discharge" means the termination of facility authority. The 5 commitment may remain in place, be terminated, or be amended by court 6 order.

7 (24) "Drug addict" means a person who suffers from the disease of8 drug addiction.

9 (25) "Drug addiction" means a disease characterized by a dependency 10 on psychoactive chemicals, loss of control over the amount and 11 circumstances of use, symptoms of tolerance, physiological or 12 psychological withdrawal, or both, if use is reduced or discontinued, 13 and impairment of health or disruption of social or economic 14 functioning.

(26) "Evaluation and treatment facility" means any facility that 15 16 can provide directly, or by direct arrangement with other public or private agencies, emergency evaluation and treatment, outpatient care, 17 18 and timely and appropriate inpatient care to persons suffering from a mental disorder, and that is certified as such by the department. A 19 physically separate and separately operated portion of a state hospital 20 may be designated as an evaluation and treatment facility. A facility 21 22 that is part of, or operated by, the department or any federal agency 23 does not require certification. No correctional institution or 24 facility, or jail, may be an evaluation and treatment facility within 25 the meaning of this chapter.

(27) "Facility" means either an evaluation and treatment facilityor a secure detoxification facility.

(28) "Gravely disabled" means a condition in which a person, as a result of a mental disorder, as a result of the use of alcohol or other psychoactive chemicals, or both:

(a) Is in danger of serious physical harm resulting from a failureto provide for his or her essential human needs of health or safety; or

33 (b) Manifests severe deterioration in routine functioning evidenced 34 by repeated and escalating loss of cognitive or volitional control over 35 his or her actions and is not receiving such care as is essential for 36 his or her health or safety.

37 (29) "Habilitative services" means those services provided by38 program personnel to assist persons in acquiring and maintaining life

skills and in raising their levels of physical, mental, social, and vocational functioning. Habilitative services include education, training for employment, and therapy. The habilitative process shall be undertaken with recognition of the risk to the public safety presented by the person being assisted as manifested by prior charged criminal conduct.

7 (30) "History of one or more violent acts" refers to the period of 8 time ten years before the filing of a petition under this chapter, or 9 chapter 70.96A or 71.05 RCW, excluding any time spent, but not any 10 violent acts committed, in a mental health facility or a long-term 11 alcoholism or drug treatment facility, or in confinement as a result of 12 a criminal conviction.

13 (31) "Incapacitated by alcohol or other psychoactive chemicals" 14 means that a person, as a result of the use of alcohol or other 15 psychoactive chemicals, is gravely disabled or presents a likelihood of 16 serious harm to himself or herself, to any other person, or to 17 property.

18 (32) "Incompetent person" means a person who has been adjudged19 incompetent by the superior court.

20 (33) "Individualized service plan" means a plan prepared by a 21 developmental disabilities professional with other professionals as a 22 team, for an individual with developmental disabilities, which shall 23 state:

(a) The nature of the person's specific problems, prior chargedcriminal behavior, and habilitation needs;

(b) The conditions and strategies necessary to achieve the purposesof habilitation;

(c) The intermediate and long-range goals of the habilitationprogram, with a projected timetable for the attainment;

30 (d) The rationale for using this plan of habilitation to achieve 31 those intermediate and long-range goals;

32

(e) The staff responsible for carrying out the plan;

(f) Where relevant in light of past criminal behavior and due consideration for public safety, the criteria for proposed movement to less restrictive settings, criteria for proposed eventual discharge or release, and a projected possible date for discharge or release; and

37 (g) The type of residence immediately anticipated for the person38 and possible future types of residences.

(34) "Intoxicated person" means a person whose mental or physical
 functioning is substantially impaired as a result of the use of alcohol
 or other psychoactive chemicals.

4 (35) "Judicial commitment" means a commitment by a court under this 5 chapter.

6 (36) "Licensed physician" means a person licensed to practice 7 medicine or osteopathic medicine and surgery in the state of 8 Washington.

9 (37) "Likelihood of serious harm" means:

10 (a) A substantial risk that:

(i) Physical harm will be inflicted by a person upon his or her own person, as evidenced by threats or attempts to commit suicide or inflict physical harm on oneself;

(ii) Physical harm will be inflicted by a person upon another, as
evidenced by behavior that has caused such harm or that places another
person or persons in reasonable fear of sustaining such harm; or

(iii) Physical harm will be inflicted by a person upon the property of others, as evidenced by behavior that has caused substantial loss or damage to the property of others; or

(b) The person has threatened the physical safety of another andhas a history of one or more violent acts.

22 (38) "Medical necessity" for inpatient care of a minor means a 23 requested certified inpatient service that is reasonably calculated to: 24 (a) Diagnose, arrest, or alleviate a chemical dependency; or (b) 25 prevent the worsening of chemical dependency conditions that endanger life or cause suffering and pain, or result in illness or infirmity or 26 27 threaten to cause or aggravate a handicap, or cause physical deformity or malfunction, and there is no adequate less restrictive alternative 28 29 available.

30 (39) "Mental disorder" means any organic, mental, or emotional 31 impairment that has substantial adverse effects on a person's cognitive 32 or volitional functions.

33 (40) "Mental health professional" means a psychiatrist, 34 psychologist, psychiatric nurse, or social worker, and such other 35 mental health professionals as may be defined by rules adopted by the 36 secretary under the authority of chapter 71.05 RCW.

37 (41) "Minor" means a person less than eighteen years of age.

(42) "Parent" means the parent or parents who have the legal right
 to custody of the child. Parent includes custodian or guardian.

3 (43) "Peace officer" means a law enforcement official of a public
4 agency or governmental unit, and includes persons specifically given
5 peace officer powers by any state law, local ordinance, or judicial
6 order of appointment.

7

(44) "Person" means an individual, including a minor.

8 (45) "Person in charge" means a physician or chemical dependency 9 counselor as defined in rule by the department, who is empowered by a 10 certified treatment program with authority to make assessment, 11 admission, continuing care, and discharge decisions on behalf of the 12 certified program.

(46) "Private agency" means any person, partnership, corporation, or association that is not a public agency, whether or not financed in whole or in part by public funds, that constitutes an evaluation and treatment facility or private institution, hospital, or sanitarium, or approved treatment program, that is conducted for, or includes a department or ward conducted for, the care and treatment of persons who are mentally ill and/or chemically dependent.

20 (47) "Professional person" means a mental health professional or a 21 chemical dependency professional and shall also mean a physician, 22 registered nurse, and such others as may be defined in rules adopted by 23 the secretary.

(48) "Psychiatric nurse" means a registered nurse who has a bachelor's degree from an accredited college or university, and who has, in addition, at least two years of experience in the direct treatment of mentally ill or emotionally disturbed persons under the supervision of a mental health professional, or any other registered nurse who has at least three years of such experience.

30 (49) "Psychiatrist" means a person having a license as a physician 31 and surgeon in this state who has in addition completed three years of 32 graduate training in psychiatry in a program approved by the American 33 medical association or the American osteopathic association and is 34 certified or eligible to be certified by the American board of 35 psychiatry and neurology.

36 (50) "Psychologist" means a person who has been licensed as a 37 psychologist under chapter 18.83 RCW.

1 (51) "Public agency" means any evaluation and treatment facility or 2 institution, hospital, or sanitarium, or approved treatment program 3 that is conducted for, or includes a department or ward conducted for, 4 the care and treatment of persons who are mentally ill and/or 5 chemically dependent, if the agency is operated directly by federal, 6 state, county, or municipal government, or a combination of such 7 governments.

8 (52) "Registration records" include all the records of the 9 department, regional support networks, treatment facilities, and other 10 persons providing services to the department, county departments, or 11 facilities which identify persons who are receiving or who at any time 12 have received services for mental illness.

(53) "Release" means legal termination of the commitment underchapter 70.96A or 71.05 RCW or this chapter.

15 (54) "Resource management services" has the meaning given in 16 chapter 71.24 RCW.

17 (55) "Secretary" means the secretary of the department or the 18 secretary's designee.

19 (56) "Secure detoxification facility" means a facility operated by 20 either a public or private agency or by the program of an agency that 21 serves the purpose of providing evaluation and assessment, and acute 22 and/or subacute detoxification services for intoxicated persons and 23 includes security measures sufficient to protect the patients, staff, 24 and community.

25 (57) "Social worker" means a person with a master's or further 26 advanced degree from an accredited school of social work or a degree 27 deemed equivalent under rules adopted by the secretary.

(58) "Treatment" the broad 28 means range of emergency, detoxification, residential, inpatient and outpatient services and 29 care, including diagnostic evaluation, mental health or chemical 30 31 dependency education and counseling, medical, psychiatric, 32 psychological, and social service care, vocational rehabilitation and 33 career counseling, which may be extended to persons with mental and substance abuse disorders, and their families. 34

35 (59) "Treatment program" means an organization, institution, or 36 corporation, public or private, engaged in the care, treatment, or 37 rehabilitation of alcoholics or other drug addicts.

(60) "Treatment records" include registration and all other records 1 2 concerning persons who are receiving or who at any time have received services for mental illness, which are maintained by the department, by 3 support networks and their staffs, and by treatment 4 regional 5 facilities. Treatment records do not include notes or records maintained for personal use by a person providing treatment services б 7 for the department, regional support networks, or a treatment facility if the notes or records are not available to others. 8

9 (61) "Violent act" means behavior that resulted in homicide, 10 attempted suicide, nonfatal injuries, or substantial damage to 11 property.

12

General Provisions

NEW SECTION. Sec. 304. Persons suffering from a mental disorder, chemical dependency disorder, or both may not be involuntarily committed for treatment of such disorder except pursuant to provisions of this chapter, or chapter 10.77 or 71.09 RCW, transfer pursuant to RCW 72.68.031 through 72.68.037, or pursuant to court ordered evaluation and treatment not to exceed ninety days pending a criminal trial or sentencing.

20 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 305.** Persons who are developmentally disabled, 21 impaired by chronic alcoholism or drug abuse, or suffering from 22 dementia and who otherwise meet the criteria for detention or judicial 23 commitment are not ineligible for detention or commitment based on this 24 condition alone.

25 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 306. Pursuant to the interlocal cooperation 26 act, chapter 39.34 RCW, the department may enter into agreements to 27 accomplish the purposes of this chapter.

28 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 307. All facilities, plans, or programs 29 receiving financial assistance under RCW 70.96A.040 are subject to the 30 provisions of RCW 70.96A.045 and 70.96A.047.

31 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 308. To qualify as a designated crisis

responder, a person must have received chemical dependency training as
 determined by the department and be a:

3 (1) Psychiatrist, psychologist, psychiatric nurse, or social 4 worker;

5 (2) Person with a master's degree or further advanced degree in 6 counseling or one of the social sciences from an accredited college or 7 university and, who have in addition, at least two years of experience 8 in direct treatment of persons with mental illness or emotional 9 disturbance, such experience gained under the direction of a mental 10 health professional;

11 (3) Person who meets the waiver criteria of RCW 71.24.260, which 12 waiver was granted before 1986;

(4) Person who had an approved waiver to perform the duties of a
mental health professional that was requested by the regional support
network and granted by the department before July 1, 2001; or

16 (5) Person who has been granted a time-limited exception of the 17 minimum requirements of a mental health professional by the department 18 consistent with rules adopted by the secretary.

19 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 309.** The prosecuting attorney of the county in 20 which an action under this chapter is taken must represent the 21 petitioner in judicial proceedings under this chapter for the 22 involuntary chemical dependency treatment of a person, including any 23 judicial proceeding where the person sought to be treated for chemical 24 dependency challenges the action.

25

Department Responsibilities

NEW SECTION. Sec. **310.** The 26 department shall have the 27 responsibility to determine whether all rights of persons recognized and guaranteed by the provisions of this chapter and the Constitutions 28 29 of the state of Washington and the United States are, in fact, protected and effectively secured. To this end, the department shall 30 assign appropriate staff who shall from time to time as may be 31 necessary have authority to examine records, inspect facilities, attend 32 33 proceedings, and do whatever is necessary to monitor, evaluate, and 34 assure adherence to such rights. Such persons shall also recommend

such additional safeguards or procedures as may be appropriate to
 secure individual rights set forth in this chapter and as guaranteed by
 the state and federal Constitutions.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 311. The department shall adopt such rules as may be necessary to effectuate the intent and purposes of this chapter, which shall include but not be limited to evaluation of the quality of the program and facilities operating pursuant to this chapter, evaluation of the effectiveness and cost effectiveness of such programs and facilities, and procedures and standards for certification and other action relevant to facilities.

11 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 312. The provisions of chapter 420, Laws of 1989 shall apply equally to persons in the custody of the department on 12 May 13, 1989, who were found by a court to be not guilty by reason of 13 14 insanity or incompetent to stand trial, or who have been found to have 15 committed acts constituting a felony pursuant to RCW 71.05.280(3) and 16 present a substantial likelihood of repeating similar acts, and the secretary shall cause such persons to be evaluated to ascertain if such 17 persons are developmentally disabled for placement in a program 18 19 specifically reserved for the treatment and training of persons with 20 developmental disabilities.

21 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 313. By December 1, 2006, the department shall 22 provide the appropriate committees of the legislature with a report identifying the types of facilities that will be certified for 23 24 detention or commitment under this chapter including the locations and capacity of existing facilities and facilities under development, by 25 26 type of facility, in a manner that indicates the geographic 27 distribution of the available capacity.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 314. The department shall ensure that the provisions of this chapter are applied by the counties in a consistent and uniform manner. The department shall also ensure that, to the extent possible within available funds, the designated responders are specifically trained in adolescent chemical dependency and mental health issues, commitment laws, and the criteria for commitment.

2 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 315. (1)(a) When a designated responder 3 receives information alleging that a person, as a result of a mental 4 disorder, chemical dependency disorder, or both:

5

(i) Presents a likelihood of serious harm; or

6

1

(ii) Is gravely disabled;

7 the designated responder may, after investigation and evaluation of the specific facts alleged and of the reliability and credibility of any 8 person providing information to initiate detention, if satisfied that 9 the allegations are true and that the person will not voluntarily seek 10 appropriate treatment, file a petition for initial detention. Before 11 filing the petition, the designated responder must personally interview 12 the person, unless the person refuses an interview, and determine 13 whether the person will voluntarily receive appropriate evaluation and 14 15 treatment at a certified facility.

16 (b)(i) Whenever it appears, by petition for initial detention, to the satisfaction of a judge of the superior court that a person 17 presents, as a result of a mental disorder, chemical dependency 18 19 disorder, or both, a likelihood of serious harm, or is gravely disabled, and that the person has refused or failed to accept 20 21 appropriate evaluation and treatment voluntarily, the judge may issue 22 an order requiring the person to appear within twenty-four hours after service of the order at a certified facility for not more than a 23 24 seventy-two hour evaluation and treatment period.

(ii) The order shall state the address of the certified facility to 25 26 which the person is to report and whether the required seventy-two hour evaluation and treatment services may be delivered on an outpatient or 27 28 inpatient basis and that if the person named in the order fails to appear at the certified facility at or before the date and time stated 29 30 in the order, such person may be involuntarily taken into custody for 31 evaluation and treatment. The order shall also designate retained counsel or, if counsel is appointed from a list provided by the court, 32 the name, business address, and telephone number of the attorney 33 34 appointed to represent the person.

35 (c) The designated responder shall then serve or cause to be served 36 on such person, and his or her personal representative, guardian, or 37 conservator, if any, a copy of the order to appear together with a

notice of rights and a petition for initial detention. After service 1 on the person, the designated responder shall file the return of 2 service in court and provide copies of all papers in the court file to 3 the certified facility and the designated attorney. The designated 4 5 responder shall notify the court and the prosecuting attorney that a probable cause hearing will be held within seventy-two hours of the 6 7 date and time of outpatient evaluation or admission to the certified facility. The person shall be permitted to remain in his or her home 8 or other place of his or her choosing prior to the time of evaluation 9 10 and shall be permitted to be accompanied by one or more of his or her relatives, friends, an attorney, a personal physician, or other 11 12 professional or religious advisor to the place of evaluation. An 13 attorney accompanying the person to the place of evaluation shall be permitted to be present during the admission evaluation. Any other 14 person accompanying the person may be present during the admission 15 16 evaluation. The facility may exclude the person if his or her presence 17 would present a safety risk, delay the proceedings, or otherwise interfere with the evaluation. 18

(d) If the person ordered to appear does appear on or before the 19 date and time specified, the evaluation and treatment facility may 20 21 admit such person as required by section 317 of this act or may provide 22 treatment on an outpatient basis. If the person ordered to appear fails to appear on or before the date and time specified, the 23 24 evaluation and treatment facility shall immediately notify the 25 designated responder who may notify a peace officer to take such person or cause such person to be taken into custody and placed in a certified 26 27 facility. Should the designated responder notify a peace officer authorizing him or her to take a person into custody under the 28 provisions of this subsection, he or she shall file with the court a 29 copy of such authorization and a notice of detention. At the time such 30 person is taken into custody there shall commence to be served on the 31 32 person, and his or her personal representative, guardian, or conservator, if any, a copy of the original order together with a 33 notice of detention, a notice of rights, and a petition for initial 34 35 detention.

36 (2) When a designated responder receives information alleging that
 37 a person, as the result of a mental disorder, chemical dependency
 38 disorder, or both, presents an imminent likelihood of serious harm, or

1 is in imminent danger because of being gravely disabled, after 2 investigation and evaluation of the specific facts alleged and of the 3 reliability and credibility of the person or persons providing the 4 information if any, the designated responder may take the person or 5 cause, by oral or written order the person to be taken into emergency 6 custody in a certified facility for not more than seventy-two hours as 7 described in section 318 of this act.

8 (3) A peace officer may take the person or cause the person to be 9 taken into custody and placed in a certified facility pursuant to 10 subsection (1)(d) of this section.

(4) A peace officer may, without prior notice of the proceedings provided for in subsection (1) of this section, take or cause such person to be taken into custody and immediately delivered to a certified facility or the emergency department of a local hospital:

15

(a) Only pursuant to subsections (1)(d) and (2) of this section; or

(b) When he or she has reasonable cause to believe that such person is suffering from a mental disorder, chemical dependency disorder, or both and presents an imminent likelihood of serious harm or is in imminent danger because of being gravely disabled.

(5) Persons delivered to certified facilities by peace officers 20 21 pursuant to subsection (4)(b) of this section may be held by the 22 facility for a period of up to twelve hours: PROVIDED, That they are examined by a mental health professional or chemical dependency 23 24 professional within three hours of their arrival. Within twelve hours 25 of their arrival, the designated responder must file a supplemental petition for detention, and commence service on the designated attorney 26 27 for the detained person.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 316. Any facility receiving a person pursuant 28 to section 315 of this act shall require a petition for initial 29 detention stating the circumstances under which the person's condition 30 31 was made known and stating that such officer or person has evidence, as a result of his or her personal observation or investigation, that the 32 actions of the person for which application is made constitute a 33 34 likelihood of serious harm, or that he or she is gravely disabled, and 35 stating the specific facts known to him or her as a result of his or 36 her personal observation or investigation, upon which he or she bases

the belief that such person should be detained for the purposes and
 under the authority of this chapter.

If a person is involuntarily placed in a certified facility pursuant to section 315 of this act, on the next judicial day following the initial detention, the designated responder shall file with the court and serve the designated attorney of the detained person the petition or supplemental petition for initial detention, proof of service of notice, and a copy of a notice of emergency detention.

9 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 317. Whenever the designated responder petitions for detention of a person whose actions constitute a 10 likelihood of serious harm, or who is gravely disabled, the facility 11 providing seventy-two hour evaluation and treatment must immediately 12 accept on a provisional basis the petition and the person. 13 The facility shall then evaluate the person's condition and admit, detain, 14 15 transfer, or discharge such person in accordance with section 337 of 16 this act. The facility shall notify in writing the court and the 17 designated responder of the date and time of the initial detention of each person involuntarily detained in order that a probable cause 18 19 hearing shall be held no later than seventy-two hours after detention. 20 The duty of a state hospital to accept persons for evaluation and 21 treatment under this section shall be limited by chapter 71.24 RCW.

22 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 318.** If the certified facility admits the 23 person, it may detain him or her for evaluation and treatment for a 24 period not to exceed seventy-two hours from the time of acceptance as 25 set forth in section 317 of this act. The computation of such seventy-26 two hour period shall exclude Saturdays, Sundays and holidays.

27 NEW SECTION. Sec. 319. If the person is not approved for admission by a facility providing seventy-two hour evaluation and 28 29 treatment, and the person has not been arrested, the facility shall furnish transportation, if not otherwise available, for the person to 30 his or her place of residence or other appropriate place. 31 If the person has been arrested, the certified facility shall detain the 32 person for not more than eight hours at the request of the peace 33 34 officer in order to enable a peace officer to return to the facility 35 and take the person back into custody.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 320. When a designated responder detains a person to a certified facility under this chapter, he or she shall make every effort to detain the person to the certified facility that is most appropriate to the person's condition.

5 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 321. The legislature intends that, when 6 evaluating a person who is identified under RCW 72.09.370(7), the 7 professional person at the evaluation and treatment facility shall, 8 when appropriate after consideration of the person's mental condition 9 and relevant public safety concerns, file a petition for a ninety-day 10 less restrictive alternative in lieu of a petition for a fourteen-day 11 commitment.

12 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 322. (1) When a designated responder is 13 notified by a jail that a defendant or offender who was subject to a 14 discharge review under section 339 of this act is to be released to the 15 community, the designated responder shall evaluate the person within 16 seventy-two hours of release.

17 (2) When an offender is under court-ordered treatment in the 18 community and the supervision of the department of corrections, and the 19 treatment provider becomes aware that the person is in violation of the 20 terms of the court order, the treatment provider shall notify the 21 designated responder and the department of corrections of the violation 22 and request an evaluation for purposes of revocation of the less 23 restrictive alternative.

(3) When a designated responder becomes aware that an offender who is under court-ordered treatment in the community and the supervision of the department of corrections is in violation of a treatment order or a condition of supervision that relates to public safety, or the designated responder detains a person under this chapter, the designated responder shall notify the person's treatment provider and the department of corrections.

31 (4) When an offender who is confined in a state correctional 32 facility or is under supervision of the department of corrections in 33 the community is subject to a petition for involuntary treatment under 34 this chapter, the petitioner shall notify the department of corrections 35 and the department of corrections shall provide documentation of its

risk assessment or other concerns to the petitioner and the court if
 the department of corrections classified the offender as a high risk or
 high needs offender.

4 (5) Nothing in this section creates a duty on any treatment 5 provider or designated responder to provide offender supervision.

6 NEW SECTION. Sec. **323.** (1) If a person is referred to a 7 designated responder under RCW 10.77.090(1)(d)(iii)(A), the designated responder shall examine the person within forty-eight hours. 8 If the 9 designated responder determines it is not appropriate to detain the person or petition for a ninety-day less restrictive alternative under 10 section 324(4) of this act, that decision shall be immediately 11 12 presented to the superior court for hearing. The court shall hold a hearing to consider the decision of the designated responder not later 13 than the next judicial day. At the hearing the superior court shall 14 review the determination of the designated responder and determine 15 16 whether an order should be entered requiring the person to be evaluated 17 at a certified facility. No person referred to a certified facility may be held at the facility longer than seventy-two hours. 18

19 (2) If a person is placed in an evaluation and treatment facility 20 under RCW 10.77.090(1)(d)(iii)(B), a professional person shall evaluate 21 the person for purposes of determining whether to file a ninety-day inpatient or outpatient petition under this chapter. Before expiration 22 23 the seventy-two hour evaluation period authorized under RCW of 10.77.090(1)(d)(iii)(B), the professional person shall file a petition 24 or, if the recommendation of the professional person is to release the 25 26 person, present his or her recommendation to the superior court of the 27 county in which the criminal charge was dismissed. The superior court shall review the recommendation not later than forty-eight hours, 28 excluding Saturdays, Sundays, and holidays, after the recommendation is 29 30 presented. If the court rejects the recommendation to unconditionally 31 release the person, the court may order the person detained at a certified facility for not more than a seventy-two hour evaluation and 32 33 treatment period and direct the person to appear at a surety hearing 34 before that court within seventy-two hours, or the court may release the person but direct the person to appear at a surety hearing set 35 36 before that court within eleven days, at which time the prosecutor may 37 file a petition under this chapter for ninety-day inpatient or

outpatient treatment. If a petition is filed by the prosecutor, the 1 2 court may order that the person named in the petition be detained at the certified facility that performed the evaluation under this 3 subsection or order the respondent to be in outpatient treatment. 4 Ιf 5 a petition is filed but the person fails to appear in court for the surety hearing, the court shall order that a mental 6 health professional, a chemical dependency professional, or peace officer 7 shall take such person or cause such person to be taken into custody 8 and placed in a certified facility to be brought before the court the 9 next judicial day after detention. Upon the person's first appearance 10 in court after a petition has been filed, proceedings under sections 11 12 330 and 331 of this act shall commence. For a person subject to this 13 subsection, the prosecutor or professional person may directly file a 14 petition for ninety-day inpatient or outpatient treatment and no petition for initial detention or fourteen-day detention is required 15 16 before such a petition may be filed.

17 The court shall conduct the hearing on the petition filed under this subsection within five judicial days of the date the petition is 18 filed. The court may continue the hearing upon the written request of 19 the person named in the petition or the person's attorney, for good 20 21 cause shown. Such a continuance shall not exceed five additional 22 judicial days. If the person named in the petition requests a jury trial, the trial shall commence within ten judicial days of the date of 23 24 the filing of the petition. The burden of proof shall be by clear, 25 cogent, and convincing evidence and shall be upon the petitioner. The person shall be present at such proceeding, which shall in all respects 26 27 accord with the constitutional guarantees of due process of law and the rules of evidence pursuant to section 359 (8) and (9) of this act. 28

During the proceeding the person named in the petition shall continue to be detained and treated until released by order of the court. If no order has been made within thirty days after the filing of the petition, not including any extensions of time requested by the detained person or his or her attorney, the detained person shall be released.

35 (3) If a designated responder or the professional person and 36 prosecuting attorney for the county in which the criminal charge was 37 dismissed or attorney general, as appropriate, stipulate that the

1 person does not present a likelihood of serious harm or is not gravely 2 disabled, the hearing under this section is not required and the 3 person, if in custody, shall be released.

4 (4) The person shall have the rights specified in section 359 (8) 5 and (9) of this act.

6

Detention and Commitment (14 Day)

7 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 324. A person detained for seventy-two hour 8 evaluation and treatment may be detained for not more than fourteen 9 additional days of involuntary intensive treatment or ninety additional 10 days of a less restrictive alternative to involuntary intensive 11 treatment if the following conditions are met:

(1) The professional staff of the agency or facility providing evaluation services has analyzed the person's condition and finds that the condition is caused by mental disorder, chemical dependency disorder, or both, and either results in a likelihood of serious harm, or results in the detained person being gravely disabled and are prepared to testify those conditions are met; and

(2) The person has been advised of the need for voluntary treatment
and the professional staff of the facility has evidence that he or she
has not in good faith volunteered; and

21 (3) The facility providing intensive treatment is certified to 22 provide such treatment by the department; and

23 (4) The professional staff of the agency or facility or the designated responder has filed a petition for fourteen day involuntary 24 25 detention or a ninety day less restrictive alternative with the court. The petition must be signed either by two physicians or by one 26 physician and a mental health professional or chemical dependency 27 professional, as appropriate, who have examined the person. 28 Ιf involuntary detention is sought the petition shall state facts that 29 30 support the finding that the person, as a result of mental disorder, chemical dependency disorder, or both, presents a likelihood of serious 31 32 harm, or is gravely disabled and that there are no less restrictive alternatives to detention in the best interest of the person or others. 33 34 The petition shall state specifically that less restrictive alternative 35 treatment was considered and specify why treatment less restrictive 36 than detention is not appropriate. If an involuntary less restrictive

alternative is sought, the petition shall state facts that support the finding that the person, as a result of mental disorder, chemical dependency disorder, or both, presents a likelihood of serious harm, or is gravely disabled and shall set forth the less restrictive alternative proposed by the facility; and

6 (5) A copy of the petition has been served on the detained person, 7 his or her attorney and his or her personal representative, guardian, 8 or conservator, if any, if the person is a minor, his or her parent, 9 and if the person is under the supervision of the department of 10 corrections, the department of corrections prior to the probable cause 11 hearing; and

12 (6) The court at the time the petition was filed and before the 13 probable cause hearing has appointed counsel to represent such person 14 if no other counsel has appeared; and

15 (7) The court has ordered a fourteen day involuntary intensive 16 treatment or a ninety day less restrictive alternative treatment after 17 a probable cause hearing has been held pursuant to section 325 of this 18 act; and

19 (8) At the conclusion of the initial commitment period, the 20 professional staff of the agency or facility or the designated 21 responder may petition for an additional period of either ninety days 22 of less restrictive alternative treatment or ninety days of involuntary 23 intensive treatment as provided in section 328 of this act; and

(9) If the hospital or facility designated to provide outpatient treatment is other than the facility providing involuntary treatment, the outpatient facility so designated has agreed to assume such responsibility.

NEW SECTION. sec. 325. If a petition is filed for fourteen day 28 involuntary treatment or ninety days of less restrictive alternative 29 30 treatment, the court shall hold a probable cause hearing within 31 seventy-two hours of the initial detention of such person as determined in section 318 of this act. If requested by the detained person or his 32 or her attorney, the hearing may be postponed for a period not to 33 exceed forty-eight hours. The hearing may also be continued subject to 34 the conditions set forth in section 337 of this act or subject to the 35 36 petitioner's showing of good cause for a period not to exceed twenty-37 four hours.

At the conclusion of the probable cause hearing, if the court finds 1 2 by a preponderance of the evidence that the person, as the result of a mental disorder, chemical dependency disorder, or both, presents a 3 likelihood of serious harm, or is gravely disabled, and, after 4 considering less restrictive alternatives to involuntary detention and 5 treatment, finds that no such alternatives are in the best interests of 6 such person or others, the court shall order that such person be 7 detained for involuntary treatment not to exceed fourteen days in a 8 9 facility certified to provide treatment by the department. If the court finds that the person, as the result of a mental disorder, 10 chemical dependency disorder, or both, presents a likelihood of serious 11 harm, or is gravely disabled, but that treatment in a less restrictive 12 13 setting than detention is in the best interest of such person or 14 others, the court shall order an appropriate less restrictive course of treatment for not to exceed ninety days. 15

16 The court shall specifically state to the person and give the 17 person notice in writing that if involuntary treatment beyond the 18 fourteen day period or beyond the ninety days of less restrictive 19 treatment is to be sought, the person will have the right to a full 20 hearing or jury trial as required by section 330 of this act. The 21 court shall also provide written notice that, where required under 22 chapter 9.41 RCW, the person is barred from the possession of firearms.

23 NEW SECTION. Sec. **326.** (1) Involuntary intensive treatment ordered at the time of the probable cause hearing shall be for no more 24 than fourteen days, and shall terminate sooner when, in the opinion of 25 26 the professional person in charge of the facility or his or her professional designee, (a) the person no longer constitutes 27 а likelihood of serious harm, or (b) no longer is gravely disabled, or 28 29 (c) is prepared to accept voluntary treatment upon referral, or (d) is 30 to remain in the facility providing intensive treatment on a voluntary 31 basis.

32 (2) A person who has been detained for fourteen days of intensive 33 treatment shall be released at the end of the fourteen days unless one 34 of the following applies: (a) Such person agrees to receive further 35 treatment on a voluntary basis; or (b) such person is a patient to whom 36 section 327 of this act is applicable.

2 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 327.** At the expiration of the fourteen-day 3 period of intensive treatment, a person may be confined for further 4 treatment pursuant to section 331 of this act if:

5 (1) Such person after having been taken into custody for evaluation 6 and treatment has threatened, attempted, or inflicted: (a) Physical 7 harm upon the person of another or himself or herself, or substantial 8 damage upon the property of another, and (b) as a result of mental 9 disorder, chemical dependency disorder, or both presents a likelihood 10 of serious harm; or

(2) Such person was taken into custody as a result of conduct in which he or she attempted or inflicted physical harm upon the person of another or himself or herself, or substantial damage upon the property of others, and continues to present, as a result of mental disorder, chemical dependency disorder, or both, a likelihood of serious harm; or

16 (3) Such person has been determined to be incompetent and criminal charges have been dismissed pursuant to RCW 10.77.090 (4), and has 17 committed acts constituting a felony, and as a result of a mental 18 disorder or co-occurring mental and chemical dependency disorders, 19 presents a substantial likelihood of repeating similar acts. 20 In any proceeding pursuant to this subsection it shall not be necessary to 21 22 show intent, willfulness, or state of mind as an element of the crime; 23 or

24

(4) Such person is gravely disabled.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 328. (1) At any time during a person's fourteen day intensive treatment period, the professional person in charge of a treatment facility or his or her professional designee or the designated responder may petition the superior court for an order requiring such person to undergo an additional period of treatment. Such petition must be based on one or more of the grounds set forth in section 327 of this act.

32 (2) The petition shall summarize the facts which support the need 33 for further confinement and shall be supported by affidavits signed by 34 two examining physicians, or by one examining physician and examining 35 mental health professional or chemical dependency specialist, as 36 appropriate. The affidavits shall describe in detail the behavior of

1

the detained person which supports the petition and shall explain what, if any, less restrictive treatments which are alternatives to detention are available to such person, and shall state the willingness of the affiant to testify to such facts in subsequent judicial proceedings under this chapter.

6 (3) If a person has been determined to be incompetent pursuant to 7 RCW 10.77.090(4), then the professional person in charge of the 8 treatment facility or his or her professional designee or the 9 designated responder may directly file a petition for one hundred 10 eighty day treatment under section 327(3) of this act. No petition for 11 initial detention or fourteen day detention is required before such a 12 petition may be filed.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 329. The petition for ninety day treatment 13 shall be filed with the clerk of the superior court at least three days 14 before expiration of the fourteen-day period of intensive treatment. 15 16 At the time of filing such petition, the clerk shall set a time for the 17 person to come before the court on the next judicial day after the day of filing unless such appearance is waived by the person's attorney, 18 and the clerk shall notify the designated responder. The designated 19 20 responder shall immediately notify the person detained, his or her 21 attorney, if any, his or her personal representative, guardian, or 22 conservator, if any, where the person is a minor, his or her guardian, 23 department of corrections where the person is under its the supervision, and the prosecuting attorney, and provide a copy of the 24 petition to such persons as soon as possible. 25

26 At the time set for appearance the detained person shall be brought before the court, unless such appearance has been waived and the court 27 shall advise him or her of his or her right to be represented by an 28 attorney and of his or her right to a jury trial. 29 If the detained 30 person is not represented by an attorney, or is indigent or is 31 unwilling to retain an attorney, the court shall immediately appoint an attorney to represent him or her. The court shall, if requested, 32 appoint a reasonably available licensed physician, psychologist, or 33 psychiatrist, designated by the detained person to examine and testify 34 on behalf of the detained person. 35

The court may, if requested, also appoint a professional person as defined in section 303 of this act to seek less restrictive alternative

1 courses of treatment and to testify on behalf of the detained person. 2 In the case of a developmentally disabled person who has been 3 determined to be incompetent pursuant to RCW 10.77.090(4), then the 4 appointed professional person under this section shall be a 5 developmental disabilities professional.

6 The court shall also set a date for a full hearing on the petition 7 as provided in section 330 of this act.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 330. The court shall conduct a hearing on the 8 petition for ninety day treatment within five judicial days of the 9 first court appearance after the probable cause hearing. The court may 10 11 continue the hearing upon the written request of the person named in the petition or the person's attorney, for good cause shown, which 12 continuance shall not exceed five additional judicial days. 13 If the person named in the petition requests a jury trial, the trial shall 14 commence within ten judicial days of the first court appearance after 15 16 the probable cause hearing. The burden of proof shall be by clear, 17 cogent, and convincing evidence and shall be upon the petitioner. The person shall be present at such proceeding, which shall in all respects 18 accord with the constitutional guarantees of due process of law and the 19 20 rules of evidence pursuant to section 359 (8) and (9) of this act.

During the proceeding, the person named in the petition shall continue to be treated until released by order of the superior court. If no order has been made within thirty days after the filing of the petition, not including extensions of time requested by the detained person or his or her attorney, the detained person shall be released.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 331. (1)(a) If the court or jury finds that 26 grounds set forth in section 327 of this act have been proven and that 27 the best interests of the person or others will not be served by a less 28 29 restrictive treatment which is an alternative to detention, the court 30 shall remand him or her to the custody of the department or to a facility certified by the department to provide treatment to persons 31 committed under this chapter for a further period of 32 intensive treatment not to exceed ninety days from the date of 33 judgment: 34 PROVIDED, That if the grounds set forth in RCW 71.05.280(3) are the 35 basis of commitment, then the period of treatment may be up to but not

1 exceed one hundred eighty days from the date of judgment in a facility 2 certified by the department to provide treatment to persons committed 3 under this chapter.

(b) If the committed person is developmentally disabled and has 4 been determined incompetent pursuant to RCW 10.77.090(4), and the best 5 interests of the person or others will not be served by a less-6 7 restrictive treatment which is an alternative to detention, the court shall remand him or her to the custody of the department or to a 8 facility certified by the department to provide treatment to persons 9 10 committed under this chapter. When appropriate and subject to available funds, treatment and training of such persons must be 11 provided in a program specifically reserved for the treatment and 12 13 training of developmentally disabled persons. A person so committed 14 shall receive habilitation services pursuant to an individualized service plan specifically developed to treat the behavior which was the 15 subject of the criminal proceedings. 16 The treatment program shall be 17 administered by developmental disabilities professionals and others trained specifically in the needs of developmentally disabled persons. 18

19 (c) If the committed person meets the admission requirements under 20 section 505 of this act, the court may remand the person to an enhanced 21 services facility.

22 (d) The department may limit admissions to these specialized programs in order to ensure that expenditures for services do not 23 24 exceed amounts appropriated by the legislature and allocated by the department for such services. The department may establish admission 25 priorities in the event that the number of eligible persons exceeds the 26 27 limits set by the department. An order for treatment less restrictive than involuntary detention may include conditions, and if such 28 conditions are not adhered to, the designated mental health 29 designated chemical dependency specialist, 30 professional, or 31 developmental disabilities professional may order the person apprehended under the terms and conditions of section 336 of this act. 32

If the court or jury finds that grounds set forth in section 327 of this act have been proven, but finds that treatment less restrictive than detention will be in the best interest of the person or others, then the court shall remand him or her to the custody of the department or to a facility certified by the department to provide treatment to persons committed under this chapter or to a less restrictive

alternative for a further period of less restrictive treatment not to exceed ninety days from the date of judgment: PROVIDED, That if the grounds set forth in section 327(3) of this act are the basis of commitment, then the period of treatment may be up to but not exceed one hundred eighty days from the date of judgment.

6 (2) The person shall be released from involuntary treatment at the 7 expiration of the period of commitment imposed under subsection (1) of 8 this section unless the superintendent or professional person in charge 9 of the facility in which he or she is confined, or in the event of a 10 less restrictive alternative, the designated mental health professional 11 or developmental disabilities professional, files a new petition for 12 involuntary treatment on the grounds that the committed person;

(a) During the current period of court ordered treatment: (i) Has threatened, attempted, or inflicted physical harm upon the person of another, or substantial damage upon the property of another, and (ii) as a result of a mental disorder, chemical dependency disorder, or both, or as the result of a developmental disability, presents a likelihood of serious harm; or

(b) Was taken into custody as a result of conduct in which he or she attempted or inflicted serious physical harm upon the person of another, and continues to present, as a result of mental disorder, chemical dependency disorder, or both, or as the result of a developmental disability, a likelihood of serious harm; or

(c) Is in custody pursuant to RCW 71.05.280(3) and as a result of
mental disorder, chemical dependency disorder, or both, or as the
result of a developmental disability, presents a substantial likelihood
of repeating similar acts considering the charged criminal behavior,
life history, progress in treatment, and the public safety; or

29

(d) Continues to be gravely disabled.

If the conduct required to be proven in (b) and (c) of this 30 subsection was found by a judge or jury in a prior trial under this 31 32 chapter, it shall not be necessary to reprove that element. Such new petition for involuntary treatment shall be filed and heard in the 33 superior court of the county of the facility which is filing the new 34 petition for involuntary treatment unless good cause is shown for a 35 36 change of venue. The cost of the proceedings shall be borne by the 37 state.

The hearing shall be held as provided in RCW 71.05.310, and if the 1 2 court or jury finds that the grounds for additional confinement as set forth in this subsection are present, the court may order the committed 3 person returned for an additional period of treatment not to exceed one 4 5 hundred eighty days from the date of judgment. At the end of the one hundred eighty day period of commitment, the committed person shall be б 7 released unless a petition for another one hundred eighty day period of continued treatment is filed and heard in the same manner as provided 8 in this subsection. Successive one hundred eighty day commitments are 9 permissible on the same grounds and pursuant to the same procedures as 10 the original one hundred eighty day commitment. 11

12 (3) No person committed as provided in this section may be detained 13 unless a valid order of commitment is in effect. No order of 14 commitment can exceed one hundred eighty days in length.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 332. (1) If a minor is committed for one hundred eighty-day inpatient treatment and is to be placed in a statesupported program, the secretary shall accept immediately and place the minor in a state-funded long-term evaluation and treatment facility.

19 (2) The secretary's placement authority shall be exercised through 20 a designated placement committee appointed by the secretary and 21 composed of children's mental health specialists, including at least 22 one child psychiatrist who represents the state-funded, long-term, 23 evaluation and treatment facility for minors. The responsibility of 24 the placement committee will be to:

(a) Make the long-term placement of the minor in the most appropriate, available state-funded evaluation and treatment facility, having carefully considered factors including the treatment needs of the minor, the most appropriate facility able to respond to the minor's identified treatment needs, the geographic proximity of the facility to the minor's family, the immediate availability of bed space, and the probable impact of the placement on other residents of the facility;

32 (b) Approve or deny requests from treatment facilities for transfer33 of a minor to another facility;

34 35 (c) Receive and monitor reports required under this section;

- (d) Receive and monitor reports of all discharges.
- 36

(3) The secretary may authorize transfer of minors among treatment

facilities if the transfer is in the best interests of the minor or due
 to treatment priorities.

3 (4) The responsible state-funded evaluation and treatment facility 4 shall submit a report to the department's designated placement 5 committee within ninety days of admission and no less than every one 6 hundred eighty days thereafter, setting forth such facts as the 7 department requires, including the minor's individual treatment plan 8 and progress, recommendations for future treatment, and possible less 9 restrictive treatment.

10

Detention and Commitment (CDMHP/CDCDS Responsibility)

11 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 333. Whenever a designated responder or 12 professional person is conducting an evaluation under this chapter, 13 consideration shall include all reasonably available information and 14 records regarding:

(1) Prior recommendations for evaluation of the need for civil commitments when the recommendation is made pursuant to an evaluation conducted under chapter 10.77 RCW;

18 (2) History of one or more violent acts;

(3) Prior determinations of incompetency or insanity under chapter
 10.77 RCW; and

(4) Prior commitments under this chapter or chapter 70.96A, 71.05,
or 71.34 RCW.

In addition, when conducting an evaluation for offenders identified under RCW 72.09.370, the designated responder or professional person shall consider an offender's history of judicially required or administratively ordered antipsychotic medication while in confinement.

27 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 334. The department shall develop statewide 28 protocols to be utilized by professional persons, and designated 29 responders in administration of this chapter and chapter 10.77 RCW. The protocols shall be updated at least every three years. 30 The 31 protocols shall provide uniform development and application of criteria in evaluation and commitment recommendations, of persons who have, or 32 are alleged to have, a mental disorder, chemical dependency disorder, 33 34 or both, and are subject to this chapter.

The initial protocols shall be developed not later than September 1 2 1, 2008. The department shall develop and update the protocols in consultation with representatives of designated responders, 3 local government, law enforcement, county and city prosecutors, public 4 defenders, the department of corrections, and groups concerned with 5 mental and chemical dependency disorders. The protocols shall be б 7 submitted to the governor and legislature upon adoption by the 8 department.

9

Modifications and Reviews

10 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 335. In any proceeding under this chapter to 11 modify a commitment order of a person committed to inpatient treatment under grounds set forth in section 327(3) or 331(2)(c) of this act in 12 which the requested relief includes treatment less restrictive than 13 detention, the prosecuting attorney shall be entitled to intervene. 14 15 The party initiating the motion to modify the commitment order shall 16 serve the prosecuting attorney of the county in which the criminal charges against the committed person were dismissed with written notice 17 18 and copies of the initiating papers.

19 NEW SECTION. Sec. 336. (1)(a) When, in the opinion of the 20 superintendent or the professional person in charge of the hospital or 21 facility providing involuntary treatment, the committed person can be 22 appropriately served by outpatient treatment prior to or at the 23 expiration of the period of commitment, then such outpatient care may 24 be required as a term of conditional release for a period which, when added to the inpatient treatment period, shall not exceed the period of 25 If the hospital or facility designated to provide 26 commitment. 27 outpatient treatment is other than the facility providing involuntary 28 treatment, the outpatient facility so designated must agree in writing 29 to assume such responsibility. A copy of the terms of conditional release shall be given to the person, and if the person is a minor, the 30 31 person's parent, the designated responder in the county in which the patient is to receive outpatient treatment, the department 32 of 33 corrections if the person is under supervision by the department of 34 corrections, and the court of original commitment.

(b) Before a person committed under grounds set forth in RCW 1 2 71.05.280(3) or 71.05.320(2)(c) is conditionally released under (a) of this subsection, the superintendent or professional person in charge of 3 the hospital or facility providing involuntary treatment shall in 4 5 writing notify the prosecuting attorney of the county in which the criminal charges against the committed person were dismissed, of the 6 7 decision to conditionally release the person. Notice and a copy of the terms of conditional release shall be provided at least thirty days 8 before the person is released from inpatient care. Within twenty days 9 after receiving notice, the prosecuting attorney may petition the court 10 in the county that issued the commitment order to hold a hearing to 11 12 determine whether the person may be conditionally released and the 13 terms of the conditional release. The prosecuting attorney shall 14 provide a copy of the petition to the superintendent or professional person in charge of the hospital or facility providing involuntary 15 treatment, the committed person and, if the person is a minor, his or 16 17 her parent, the attorney, if any, and personal representative, guardian, or conservator of the committed person, the department of 18 corrections if the person is under its supervision, and the court of 19 original commitment. If the county in which the committed person is to 20 21 receive outpatient treatment is the same county in which the criminal 22 charges against the committed person were dismissed, then the court shall, upon the motion of the prosecuting attorney, transfer the 23 proceeding to the court in that county. The court shall conduct a 24 25 hearing on the petition within ten days of the filing of the petition. The committed person shall have the same rights with respect to notice, 26 27 hearing, and counsel as for an involuntary treatment proceeding, except as set forth in this subsection and except that there shall be no right 28 to jury trial. The issue to be determined at the hearing is whether or 29 not the person may be conditionally released without substantial danger 30 to other persons, or substantial likelihood of committing criminal acts 31 32 jeopardizing public safety or security. If the court disapproves of the conditional release, it may do so only on the basis of substantial 33 evidence. Pursuant to the determination of the court upon the hearing, 34 35 the conditional release of the person shall be approved by the court on 36 the same or modified conditions or the person shall be returned for 37 involuntary treatment on an inpatient basis subject to release at the

end of the period for which he or she was committed, or otherwise in
 accordance with the provisions of this chapter.

3 (2) The hospital or facility designated to provide outpatient care 4 or the secretary may modify the conditions for continued release when 5 such modification is in the best interest of the person. Notification 6 of such changes shall be sent to all persons receiving a copy of the 7 original conditions.

8 (3)(a) If the hospital or facility designated to provide outpatient 9 care, the designated responder, or the secretary determines that:

10 (i) A conditionally released person is failing to adhere to the 11 terms and conditions of his or her release;

12 (ii) Substantial deterioration in a conditionally released person's 13 functioning has occurred;

14 (iii) There is evidence of substantial decompensation with a 15 reasonable probability that the decompensation can be reversed by 16 further inpatient treatment; or

17

(iv) The person poses a likelihood of serious harm.

Upon notification by the hospital or facility designated to provide outpatient care, or on his or her own motion, the designated responder or the secretary may order that the conditionally released person be apprehended and taken into custody and temporarily detained in a certified facility in or near the county in which he or she is receiving outpatient treatment.

24 (b) The hospital or facility designated to provide outpatient 25 treatment shall notify the secretary or designated responder when a conditionally released person fails to adhere to terms and conditions 26 his or her conditional release or experiences substantial 27 of deterioration in his or her condition and, as a result, presents an 28 increased likelihood of serious harm. The designated responder or 29 secretary shall order the person apprehended and temporarily detained 30 31 in a certified facility in or near the county in which he or she is 32 receiving outpatient treatment. When the person is under the supervision of the department of corrections the designated responder 33 shall also notify the department of corrections. 34

35 (c) A person detained under this subsection (3) shall be held until 36 such time, not exceeding five days, as a hearing can be scheduled to 37 determine whether or not the person should be returned to the hospital

or facility from which he or she had been conditionally released. The designated responder or the secretary may modify or rescind such order at any time prior to commencement of the court hearing.

(d) The court that originally ordered commitment shall be notified 4 5 within two judicial days of a person's detention under the provisions of this section, and the designated responder or the secretary shall 6 7 file his or her petition and order of apprehension and detention with the court and serve them upon the person detained, and if the person is 8 minor, his 9 а or her parent, his or her attorney, personal representative, guardian, or conservator, if any, and the department of 10 corrections, where the person is under its supervision, shall receive 11 12 a copy of such papers as soon as possible. Such person shall have the 13 same rights with respect to notice, hearing, and counsel as for an 14 involuntary treatment proceeding, except as specifically set forth in this section and except that there shall be no right to jury trial. 15 The issues to be determined shall be: (i) Whether the conditionally 16 released person did or did not adhere to the terms and conditions of 17 his or her conditional release; (ii) that substantial deterioration in 18 the person's functioning has occurred; (iii) there is evidence of 19 substantial decompensation with a reasonable probability that the 20 21 decompensation can be reversed by further inpatient treatment; or (iv) 22 there is a likelihood of serious harm; and, if any of the conditions listed in this subsection (3)(d) have occurred, whether the terms of 23 24 conditional release should be modified or the person should be returned 25 to the facility.

(e) Pursuant to the determination of the court upon such hearing, 26 27 the conditionally released person shall either continue to be conditionally released on the same or modified conditions or shall be 28 returned for involuntary treatment on an inpatient basis subject to 29 release at the end of the period for which he or she was committed for 30 31 involuntary treatment, or otherwise in accordance with the provisions 32 of this chapter. Such hearing may be waived by the person, his or her counsel, his or her personal representative, guardian, or conservator, 33 if any, and, where the person is a minor, his or her parent, but shall 34 not be waivable unless all such persons agree to waive, and upon such 35 waiver the person may be returned for involuntary treatment or 36 37 continued on conditional release on the same or modified conditions.

1 (4) The proceedings set forth in subsection (3) of this section may 2 be initiated by the designated responder or the secretary on the same 3 basis set forth therein without requiring or ordering the apprehension 4 and detention of the conditionally released person, in which case the 5 court hearing shall take place in not less than five days from the date 6 of service of the petition upon the conditionally released person.

7 Upon expiration of the period of commitment, or when the person is 8 released from outpatient care, notice in writing to the court which 9 committed the person for treatment shall be provided.

10 (5) The grounds and procedures for revocation of less restrictive 11 alternative treatment shall be the same as those set forth in this 12 section for conditional releases.

13 (6) In the event of a revocation of a conditional release, the 14 subsequent treatment period may be for no longer than the actual period 15 authorized in the original court order.

16

Treatment Provider Responsibilities

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 337. Each person involuntarily detained and 17 accepted or admitted at a certified facility shall, within twenty-four 18 hours of his or her admission or acceptance at the facility, be 19 20 examined and evaluated by a licensed physician who may be assisted by a physician assistant according to chapter 18.71A RCW or an advanced 21 22 registered nurse practitioner according to chapter 18.79 RCW and a 23 mental health professional or chemical dependency professional, as appropriate, and shall receive such treatment and care as his or her 24 25 condition requires including treatment on an outpatient basis for the period that he or she is detained, except that, beginning twenty-four 26 hours prior to a trial or hearing pursuant to section 325, 330, 331, 27 336, 360, or 361 of this act, the person may refuse psychiatric 28 29 medications, but may not refuse: (1) Any other medication previously 30 prescribed by a person licensed under Title 18 RCW; or (2) emergency lifesaving treatment, and the person shall be 31 informed at an appropriate time of his or her right of such refusal. 32 The person shall be detained up to seventy-two hours if, in the opinion of the 33 34 professional person in charge of the facility, or his or her 35 professional designee, the person presents a likelihood of serious harm 36 or is gravely disabled. A person who has been detained for seventy-two

hours shall, no later than the end of such period, be released unless referred for further care on a voluntary basis or detained pursuant to court order for further treatment as provided in this chapter.

If, after examination and evaluation, the licensed physician and mental health professional determine that the initial needs of the person would be better served by placement in an alternate facility, then the person shall be referred to that facility.

A certified facility admitting or accepting any person pursuant to 8 this physical condition need 9 chapter whose reveals the for hospitalization shall assure that such person is transferred to an 10 appropriate hospital for evaluation or admission for treatment. Notice 11 of such fact shall be given to the court, the designated attorney, and 12 13 the designated responder and where the person is a minor, his or her parent, and the court shall order such continuance in proceedings under 14 this chapter as may be necessary, but in no event may this continuance 15 16 be more than fourteen days.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 338. At the time a person is involuntarily 17 admitted to a certified facility, the professional person in charge or 18 19 his or her designee shall take reasonable precautions to inventory and 20 safeguard the personal property of the person detained. A copy of the 21 inventory, signed by the staff member making it, shall be given to the 22 person detained and where the person is a minor, his or her parent. Ιt 23 shall, in addition, be open to inspection to the person's attorney, 24 guardian, or conservator, if any, and any responsible relative, subject to limitations, if any, specifically imposed by the detained person. 25 26 For purposes of this section, "responsible relative" includes the spouse, parent, adult child, or adult brother or sister of the person. 27 The facility shall not disclose the contents of the inventory to any 28 other person without the consent of the person or order of the court. 29

NEW SECTION. Sec. 339. (1) When a state hospital admits a person for evaluation or treatment under this chapter, the state hospital shall consult with the appropriate corrections and chemical dependency personnel and the appropriate forensic staff at the state hospital to conduct a discharge review to determine whether the person presents a likelihood of serious harm and whether the person is appropriate for

1 release to a less restrictive alternative, if the person has a history 2 of one or more violent acts and:

3 (a) Has been transferred from a correctional facility; or

4 (b) Is or has been under the authority of the department of 5 corrections or the indeterminate sentence review board.

6 (2) When a state hospital returns a person who was reviewed under 7 subsection (1) of this section to a correctional facility, the hospital 8 shall notify the correctional facility that the person was subject to 9 a discharge review pursuant to this section.

10 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 340. Nothing in this chapter shall prohibit the 11 professional person in charge of a treatment facility, or his or her 12 professional designee, from permitting a person detained for intensive 13 treatment to leave the facility for prescribed periods during the term 14 of the person's detention, under such conditions as may be appropriate.

15 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 341. No indigent patient shall be conditionally released or discharged from involuntary treatment without suitable 16 clothing, and the superintendent of a state hospital shall furnish the 17 18 same, together with such sum of money as he or she deems necessary for the immediate welfare of the patient. Such sum of money shall be the 19 20 same as the amount required by RCW 72.02.100 to be provided to persons 21 in need being released from correctional institutions. As funds are available, the secretary may provide payment to indigent persons 22 conditionally released pursuant to this chapter consistent with the 23 optional provisions of RCW 72.02.100 and 72.02.110, and may adopt rules 24 25 and regulations to do so.

26 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 342. A certified facility shall provide for 27 adequate and appropriate treatment of a person committed to its 28 custody. A person committed under this section may be transferred from 29 one certified facility to another if transfer is medically advisable.

30 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 343.** (1) Before a person committed under 31 grounds set forth in section 327(3) of this act is released because a 32 new petition for involuntary treatment has not been filed under section 33 331(2) of this act, the superintendent, professional person, or 34 designated responder responsible for the decision whether to file a new

petition shall in writing notify the prosecuting attorney of the county in which the criminal charges against the committed person were dismissed, of the decision not to file a new petition for involuntary treatment. Notice shall be provided at least forty-five days before the period of commitment expires.

(2)(a) Before a person committed under grounds set forth in section 6 7 327(3) of this act is permitted temporarily to leave a treatment facility pursuant to section 340 of this act for any period of time 8 9 without constant accompaniment by facility staff, the superintendent, professional person in charge of a treatment facility, or his or her 10 professional designee shall in writing notify the prosecuting attorney 11 of any county of the person's destination and the prosecuting attorney 12 of the county in which the criminal charges against the committed 13 person were dismissed. The notice shall be provided at least forty-14 five days before the anticipated leave and shall describe the 15 conditions under which the leave is to occur. 16

(b) The provisions of section 344(2) of this act apply to proposed leaves, and either or both prosecuting attorneys receiving notice under this subsection may petition the court under section 344(2) of this act.

(3) Nothing in this section shall be construed to authorize
 detention of a person unless a valid order of commitment is in effect.

(4) The existence of the notice requirements in this section will
 not require any extension of the leave date in the event the leave plan
 changes after notification.

26 (5) The notice requirements contained in this section shall not 27 apply to emergency medical transfers.

(6) The notice provisions of this section are in addition to thoseprovided in section 345 of this act.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 344. (1) Nothing in this chapter shall prohibit the superintendent or professional person in charge of the hospital or facility in which the person is being involuntarily treated from releasing him or her prior to the expiration of the commitment period when, in the opinion of the superintendent or professional person in charge, the person being involuntarily treated no longer presents a likelihood of serious harm.

Whenever the superintendent or professional person in charge of a hospital or facility providing involuntary treatment pursuant to this chapter releases a person prior to the expiration of the period of commitment, the superintendent or professional person in charge shall in writing notify the court which committed the person for treatment.

(2) Before a person committed under grounds set forth in section б 7 327(3) or 331(2)(c) of this act is released under this section, the superintendent or professional person in charge shall in writing notify 8 the prosecuting attorney of the county in which the criminal charges 9 against the committed person were dismissed, of the release date. 10 Notice shall be provided at least thirty days before the release date. 11 12 Within twenty days after receiving notice, the prosecuting attorney may 13 petition the court in the county in which the person is being 14 involuntarily treated for a hearing to determine whether the person is to be released. The prosecuting attorney shall provide a copy of the 15 16 petition to the superintendent or professional person in charge of the 17 hospital or facility providing involuntary treatment, the committed person and his or her attorney, personal representative, guardian, or 18 conservator, if any, the department of corrections if the person is 19 under its supervision, and where the person is a minor, his or her 20 21 parent. The court shall conduct a hearing on the petition within ten 22 days of filing the petition. The committed person shall have the same rights with respect to notice, hearing, and counsel as for an 23 24 involuntary treatment proceeding, except as set forth in this 25 subsection and except that there shall be no right to jury trial. The issue to be determined at the hearing is whether or not the person may 26 27 be released without substantial danger to other persons, or substantial likelihood of committing criminal acts jeopardizing public safety or 28 security. If the court disapproves of the release, it may do so only 29 on the basis of substantial evidence. Pursuant to the determination of 30 31 the court upon the hearing, the committed person shall be released or 32 shall be returned for involuntary treatment subject to release at the end of the period for which he or she was committed, or otherwise in 33 34 accordance with the provisions of this chapter.

35 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 345. (1)(a) Except as provided in subsection 36 (2) of this section, at the earliest possible date, and in no event 37 later than thirty days before conditional release, final release,

authorized leave under section 343(2) of this act, or transfer to a facility other than a state mental hospital, the superintendent shall send written notice of conditional release, release, authorized leave, or transfer of a person committed under section 327(3) or 331(2)(c) of this act following dismissal of a sex, violent, or felony harassment offense pursuant to RCW 10.77.090(4) to the following:

7 (i) The chief of police of the city, if any, in which the person 8 will reside;

9 (ii) The sheriff of the county in which the person will reside; and 10 (iii) The department of corrections, if the person is under its 11 supervision.

(b) The same notice as required by (a) of this subsection shall be sent to the following, if such notice has been requested in writing about a specific person committed under section 327(3) or 331(2)(c) of this act following dismissal of a sex, violent, or felony harassment offense pursuant to RCW 10.77.090(4):

(i) The victim of the sex, violent, or felony harassment offense that was dismissed pursuant to RCW 10.77.090(4) preceding commitment under section 327(3) or 331(2)(c) of this act or the victim's next of kin if the crime was a homicide;

(ii) Any witnesses who testified against the person in any court proceedings; and

(iii) Any person specified in writing by the prosecuting attorney. Information regarding victims, next of kin, or witnesses requesting the notice, information regarding any other person specified in writing by the prosecuting attorney to receive the notice, and the notice are confidential and shall not be available to the person committed under this chapter.

(c) The thirty-day notice requirements contained in this subsectionshall not apply to emergency medical transfers.

31 (d) The existence of the notice requirements in this subsection 32 will not require any extension of the release date in the event the 33 release plan changes after notification.

(2) If a person committed under section 327(3) or 331(2)(c) of this
act following dismissal of a sex, violent, or felony harassment offense
pursuant to RCW 10.77.090(4) escapes, the superintendent shall
immediately notify, by the most reasonable and expedient means
available, the chief of police of the city, the sheriff of the county

in which the person resided immediately before the person's arrest, and 1 the department of corrections if the person is subject to its 2 supervision. If previously requested, the superintendent shall also 3 notify the witnesses and the victim of the sex, violent, or felony 4 5 harassment offense that was dismissed pursuant to RCW 10.77.090(4) preceding commitment under section 327(3) or 331(2)(c) of this act or 6 7 the victim's next of kin if the crime was a homicide. In addition, the secretary shall also notify appropriate parties pursuant to section 8 9 363(18) of this act. If the person is recaptured, the superintendent shall send notice to the persons designated in this subsection as soon 10 as possible but in no event later than two working days after the 11 12 department learns of such recapture.

13 (3) If the victim, the victim's next of kin, or any witness is 14 under the age of sixteen, the notice required by this section shall be 15 sent to the parent or legal guardian of the child.

16 (4) The superintendent shall send the notices required by this 17 chapter to the last address provided to the department by the 18 requesting party. The requesting party shall furnish the department 19 with a current address.

20 (5) For purposes of this section the following terms have the 21 following meanings:

22 (a) "Violent offense" means a violent offense under RCW 9.94A.030;

23 (b) "Sex offense" means a sex offense under RCW 9.94A.030;

24 (c) "Next of kin" means a person's spouse, parents, siblings, and 25 children;

26 (d) "Felony harassment offense" means a crime of harassment as 27 defined in RCW 9A.46.060 that is a felony.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 346. In addition to any other information required to be released under this chapter, the department is authorized, pursuant to RCW 4.24.550, to release relevant information that is necessary to protect the public, concerning a specific person committed under section 327(3) or 331(2)(c) of this act following dismissal of a sex offense as defined in RCW 9.94A.030.

Attorneys and Courts

34

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 347. Attorneys appointed for persons pursuant 1 2 to this chapter shall be compensated for their services as follows: (1) The person for whom an attorney is appointed shall, if he or she is 3 financially able pursuant to standards as to financial capability and 4 5 indigency set by the superior court of the county in which the proceeding is held, bear the costs of such legal services; (2) if such б 7 person is indigent pursuant to such standards, the costs of such 8 services shall be borne by the county in which the proceeding is held, 9 subject however to the responsibility for costs provided in section 331(2) of this act. 10

11 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 348. In any judicial proceeding for involuntary 12 commitment or detention, or in any proceeding challenging such commitment or detention, the prosecuting attorney for the county in 13 which the proceeding was initiated shall represent the persons or 14 15 agencies petitioning for commitment or detention and shall defend all 16 challenges to such commitment or detention: PROVIDED, That the 17 attorney general shall represent and provide legal services and advice to state hospitals with regard to all provisions of and proceedings 18 under this chapter except in proceedings initiated by hospitals seeking 19 20 fourteen day detention.

21 NEW SECTION. Sec. 349. When any court orders a person to receive 22 treatment under this chapter, the order shall include a statement that 23 if the person is, or becomes, subject to supervision by the department of corrections, the person must notify the treatment provider and the 24 25 person's mental health and chemical dependency treatment information must be shared with the department of corrections for the duration of 26 the offender's incarceration and supervision, under RCW 71.05.445. 27 Upon a petition by a person who does not have a history of one or more 28 29 violent acts, the court may, for good cause, find that public safety 30 would not be enhanced by the sharing of this person's information.

31 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 350. In each county the superior court may 32 appoint the following persons to assist the superior court in disposing 33 of its business: PROVIDED, That such positions may not be created 34 without prior consent of the county legislative authority:

1 (1) One or more attorneys to act as involuntary treatment 2 commissioners; and

3 (2) Such investigators, stenographers, and clerks as the court
4 shall find necessary to carry on the work of the involuntary treatment
5 commissioners.

The appointments provided for in this section shall be made by a 6 7 majority vote of the judges of the superior court of the county and may be in addition to all other appointments of commissioners and other 8 judicial attaches otherwise authorized by law. Involuntary treatment 9 10 commissioners and investigators shall serve at the pleasure of the judges appointing them and shall receive such compensation as the 11 county legislative authority shall determine. The appointments may be 12 13 full or part-time positions. A person appointed as an involuntary 14 treatment commissioner may also be appointed to any other commissioner position authorized by law. 15

16 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 351. The judges of the superior court of the 17 county by majority vote may authorize involuntary treatment 18 commissioners, appointed pursuant to RCW 71.05.135, to perform any or 19 all of the following duties:

(1) Receive all applications, petitions, and proceedings filed in the superior court for the purpose of disposing of them pursuant to this chapter;

(2) Investigate the facts upon which to base warrants, subpoenas,
 orders to directions in actions, or proceedings filed pursuant to this
 chapter;

26 (3) For the purpose of this chapter, exercise all powers and 27 perform all the duties of a court commissioner appointed pursuant to 28 RCW 2.24.010;

(4) Hold hearings in proceedings under this chapter and make
 written reports of all proceedings under this chapter which shall
 become a part of the record of superior court;

(5) Provide such supervision in connection with the exercise of itsjurisdiction as may be ordered by the presiding judge; and

34 (6) Cause the orders and findings to be entered in the same manner35 as orders and findings are entered in cases in the superior court.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 352. A record of all applications, petitions,
 and proceedings under this chapter shall be maintained by the county
 clerk in which the application, petition, or proceeding was initiated.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 353. In any judicial proceeding in which a professional person has made a recommendation regarding whether a person should be committed for treatment under this chapter, and the court does not follow the recommendation, the court shall enter findings that state with particularity its reasoning, including a finding whether the state met its burden of proof in showing whether the person presents a likelihood of serious harm or grave disability.

11 NEW SECTION. Sec. 354. In making a determination of whether there is a likelihood of serious harm in a hearing conducted under section 12 325 or 331 of this act, the court shall give great weight to any 13 14 evidence before the court regarding whether the person has: (1) A 15 recent history of one or more violent acts; or (2) a recent history of one or more commitments under this chapter or its equivalent provisions 16 under the laws of another state which were based on a likelihood of 17 18 serious harm. The existence of prior violent acts or commitments under this chapter or its equivalent shall not be the sole basis for 19 20 determining whether a person presents a likelihood of serious harm.

For the purposes of this section "recent" refers to the period of time not exceeding three years prior to the current hearing.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 355. In determining whether an inpatient or 23 24 less restrictive alternative commitment under the process provided in section 327 or 331 of this act is appropriate, great weight shall be 25 given to evidence of a prior history or pattern of decompensation and 26 27 discontinuation of treatment resulting in: (1)Repeated 28 hospitalizations; or (2) repeated peace officer interventions resulting 29 in juvenile offenses, criminal charges, diversion programs, or jail admissions. Such evidence may be used to provide a factual basis for 30 concluding that the person would not receive, if released, such care as 31 32 is essential for his or her health or safety.

33 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 356. The supreme court of the state of

Washington shall adopt such rules as it shall deem necessary with
 respect to the court procedures and proceedings provided for by this
 chapter.

4 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 357. (1) When making a decision under this 5 chapter whether to require a less restrictive alternative treatment, 6 the court shall consider whether it is appropriate to include or 7 exclude time spent in confinement when determining whether the person 8 has committed a recent overt act.

9 (2) When determining whether an offender is a danger to himself or 10 herself or others under this chapter, a court shall give great weight 11 to any evidence submitted to the court regarding an offender's recent 12 history of judicially required or administratively ordered involuntary 13 antipsychotic medication while in confinement.

14 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 358.** The venue for proceedings under this 15 section is the county in which person to be committed resides or is 16 present.

17

Individual Rights and Medications

NEW SECTION. Sec. 359. (1)(a) Every person involuntarily detained or committed under the provisions of this chapter shall be entitled to all the rights set forth in this chapter, which shall be prominently posted in the facility, and shall retain all rights not denied him or her under this chapter except as chapter 9.41 RCW may limit the right of a person to purchase or possess a firearm or to qualify for a concealed pistol license.

(b) No person shall be presumed incompetent as a consequence of 25 receiving an evaluation or voluntary or involuntary treatment for a 26 27 mental disorder, chemical dependency disorder, or both, under this 28 chapter, chapter 70.96A, 71.05, or 71.34 RCW, or any prior laws of this state dealing with mental illness. Competency shall not be determined 29 or withdrawn except under the provisions of chapter 10.97 or 11.88 RCW. 30 (c) Any person who leaves a public or private agency following 31 evaluation or treatment for a mental disorder, chemical dependency 32 33 disorder, or both, shall be given a written statement setting forth the 34 substance of this section.

(2) Each person involuntarily detained or committed pursuant to
 this chapter shall have the right to adequate care and individualized
 treatment.

4 (3) The provisions of this chapter shall not be construed to deny
5 to any person treatment by spiritual means through prayer in accordance
6 with the tenets and practices of a church or religious denomination.

7 (4) Persons receiving evaluation or treatment under this chapter
8 shall be given a reasonable choice of an available physician or other
9 professional person qualified to provide such services.

10 (5) Whenever any person is detained for evaluation and treatment pursuant to this chapter, both the person and, if the person is a 11 12 minor, his or her parent, or if possible, a responsible member of his 13 or her immediate family, his or her personal representative, guardian, or conservator, if any, shall be advised as soon as possible in writing 14 or orally, by the officer or person taking him or her into custody or 15 by personnel of the certified facility where the person is detained 16 17 that unless the person is released or voluntarily admits himself or herself for treatment within seventy-two hours of the 18 initial detention: 19

(a) That a judicial hearing in a superior court, either by a judge 20 21 or court commissioner thereof, shall be held not more than seventy-two 22 hours after the initial detention to determine whether there is probable cause to detain the person after the seventy-two hours have 23 24 expired for up to an additional fourteen days without further automatic 25 hearing for the reason that the person is a person whose mental disorder, chemical dependency disorder, or both, presents a likelihood 26 27 of serious harm or that the person is gravely disabled;

(b) That the person has a right to communicate immediately with an attorney; has a right to have an attorney appointed to represent him or her before and at the probable cause hearing if he or she is indigent; and has the right to be told the name and address of the attorney that the mental health professional or chemical dependency professional, as appropriate, has designated pursuant to this chapter;

34 (c) That the person has the right to remain silent and that any35 statement he or she makes may be used against him or her;

36 (d) That the person has the right to present evidence and to cross-37 examine witnesses who testify against him or her at the probable cause 38 hearing; and

1 (e) That the person has the right to refuse psychiatric 2 medications, including antipsychotic medication beginning twenty-four 3 hours prior to the probable cause hearing.

(6) When proceedings are initiated under section 315 (2), (3), or 4 5 (4)(b) of this act, no later than twelve hours after such person is admitted to the certified facility the personnel of the certified 6 7 facility or the designated responder shall serve on such person and if the person is a minor, the person's parent, a copy of the petition for 8 9 initial detention and the name, business address, and phone number of the designated attorney and shall forthwith commence service of a copy 10 of the petition for initial detention on the designated attorney. 11

12 (7) The judicial hearing described in subsection (5) of this 13 section is hereby authorized, and shall be held according to the 14 provisions of subsection (5) of this section and rules promulgated by 15 the supreme court.

16 (8) At the probable cause hearing the detained person shall have 17 the following rights in addition to the rights previously specified:

18 (a) To present evidence on his or her behalf;

19 (b) To cross-examine witnesses who testify against him or her;

20 (c) To be proceeded against by the rules of evidence;

21 (d) To remain silent;

22 (e) To view and copy all petitions and reports in the court file.

(9) The physician-patient privilege or the psychologist-client privilege shall be deemed waived in proceedings under this chapter relating to the administration of antipsychotic medications. As to other proceedings under this chapter, the privileges shall be waived when a court of competent jurisdiction in its discretion determines that such waiver is necessary to protect either the detained person or the public.

The waiver of a privilege under this section is limited to records or testimony relevant to evaluation of the detained person for purposes of a proceeding under this chapter. Upon motion by the detained person or on its own motion, the court shall examine a record or testimony sought by a petitioner to determine whether it is within the scope of the waiver.

The record maker shall not be required to testify in order to introduce medical or psychological records of the detained person so long as the requirements of RCW 5.45.020 are met except that portions

of the record which contains opinions as to the detained person's mental state must be deleted from such records unless the person making such conclusions is available for cross-examination.

4 (10) Insofar as danger to the person or others is not created, each
5 person involuntarily detained, treated in a less restrictive
6 alternative course of treatment, or committed for treatment and
7 evaluation pursuant to this chapter shall have, in addition to other
8 rights not specifically withheld by law, the following rights:

9 (a) To wear his or her own clothes and to keep and use his or her 10 own personal possessions, except when deprivation of same is essential 11 to protect the safety of the resident or other persons;

(b) To keep and be allowed to spend a reasonable sum of his or herown money for canteen expenses and small purchases;

14 (c) To have access to individual storage space for his or her 15 private use;

16 (d) To have visitors at reasonable times;

17 (e) To have reasonable access to a telephone, both to make and 18 receive confidential calls, consistent with an effective treatment 19 program;

20 (f) To have ready access to letter writing materials, including 21 stamps, and to send and receive uncensored correspondence through the 22 mails;

23 (g) To discuss treatment plans and decisions with professional 24 persons;

(h) Not to consent to the administration of antipsychotic medications beyond the hearing conducted pursuant to section 331 of this act, or the performance of electroconvulsant therapy or surgery, except emergency life-saving surgery, unless ordered by a court under section 361 of this act;

30 (i) Not to have psychosurgery performed on him or her under any 31 circumstances;

32 (j) To dispose of property and sign contracts unless such person 33 has been adjudicated an incompetent in a court proceeding directed to 34 that particular issue.

35 (11) Every person involuntarily detained shall immediately be 36 informed, and if the person is a minor, his or her parent shall be 37 informed, of his or her right to a hearing to review the legality of 38 his or her detention and of his or her right to counsel, by the

professional person in charge of the facility providing evaluation and treatment, or his or her designee, and, when appropriate, by the court. If the person so elects, the court shall immediately appoint an attorney to assist him or her.

5 (12) A person challenging his or her detention or his or her 6 attorney shall have the right to designate and have the court appoint 7 a reasonably available independent physician or licensed mental health 8 professional to examine the person detained, the results of which 9 examination may be used in the proceeding. The person shall, if he or 10 she is financially able, bear the cost of such expert information, 11 otherwise such expert examination shall be at public expense.

(13) Nothing contained in this chapter shall prohibit the patientfrom petitioning by writ of habeas corpus for release.

14 (14) Nothing in this chapter shall prohibit a person committed on 15 or prior to January 1, 1974, from exercising a right available to him 16 or her at or prior to January 1, 1974, for obtaining release from 17 confinement.

(15) The court shall inform the person whose commitment or 18 recommitment is sought and, if the person is a minor, his or her 19 parent, of his or her right to contest the application, be represented 20 21 by counsel at every stage of any proceedings relating to his or her 22 commitment and recommitment, and have counsel appointed by the court or 23 provided by the court, if he or she wants the assistance of counsel and 24 is unable to obtain counsel. If the court believes that the person 25 needs the assistance of counsel, the court shall require, by appointment if necessary, counsel for him or her regardless of his or 26 27 her wishes. The person shall, if he or she is financially able, bear the costs of such legal service; otherwise such legal service shall be 28 at public expense. The person whose commitment or recommitment is 29 sought shall be informed of his or her right to be examined by a 30 licensed physician of his or her choice. If the person is unable to 31 32 obtain a licensed physician and requests examination by a physician, 33 the court shall employ a licensed physician.

34 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 360. (1) A person who is gravely disabled or 35 presents a likelihood of serious harm as a result of a mental or 36 chemical dependency disorder or co-occurring mental and chemical 37 dependency disorders has a right to refuse antipsychotic medication

1 unless it is determined that the failure to medicate may result in a 2 likelihood of serious harm or substantial deterioration or 3 substantially prolong the length of involuntary commitment and there is 4 no less intrusive course of treatment than medication in the best 5 interest of that person.

(2) The physician must attempt to obtain the informed consent of an 6 7 involuntary committed person prior to administration of antipsychotic medication and document the attempt to obtain consent in the person's 8 medical record with the reasons that antipsychotic medication is 9 10 necessary. If the physician determines that the patient is not able to provide informed consent, the physician may obtain informed consent 11 12 from a person who is named as an agent in the patient's mental health 13 advance directive executed pursuant to chapter 71.32 RCW, provided that 14 the agent otherwise has authority under the directive to consent to the 15 proposed medication.

16 (3) When a person is detained pursuant to section 315 of this act, 17 or detained for involuntary treatment not to exceed fourteen days to section 324 of this act, the person may refuse 18 pursuant antipsychotic medications unless there is an additional concurring 19 medical opinion following an examination of the person that the 20 21 medications are necessary pursuant to subsection (1) of this section. 22 Medications administered under this subsection may not continue beyond the hearing conducted pursuant to section 331 of this act and the 23 petitioner shall notify the court of administration of involuntary 24 25 medications under this subsection and provide the court with an opinion regarding whether continued involuntary administration of antipsychotic 26 27 medication is medically necessary.

(4) If a person involuntarily committed pursuant to section 331(1) 28 of this act for up to ninety days, or for less restrictive alternative 29 treatment not to exceed ninety days pursuant to section 324 of this 30 31 act, refuses antipsychotic medications, the medications may not be 32 administered unless the person has first had a hearing by a panel composed of a physician and two other persons. The two persons shall 33 be selected from among the following: A physician, advanced registered 34 nurse practitioner, psychologist, psychiatric nurse, physician's 35 assistant, and the medical director of the facility. Recognizing that 36 37 some facilities will not have three staff members of the required 38 expertise who are not directly involved in the person's treatment, the

1 panel shall be composed to the greatest extent possible of treatment 2 providers who are not directly involved in the person's treatment at 3 the time of the hearing.

(5) If a majority of the panel, including a psychiatrist if one is 4 on the panel or another physician in the absence of a psychiatrist, 5 determines that there is clear, cogent, and convincing evidence б 7 demonstrating that treatment with antipsychotic medications is medically appropriate, that failure to medicate may result in a 8 likelihood of serious harm or substantial deterioration 9 or substantially prolong the length of involuntary commitment, and that 10 there is no less intrusive course of treatment than medication in the 11 12 best interest of that person, the person may be medicated, subject to 13 the provisions of subsections (6) through (8) of this section.

14 (6) Medication ordered pursuant to a decision of the panel may only be continued beyond seven days on an involuntary basis if the panel 15 conducts a second hearing on the written record and a majority of the 16 17 panel determines that there continues to be clear, cogent, and convincing evidence demonstrating that treatment with antipsychotic 18 medications continues to be medically appropriate, that failure to 19 medicate may result in a likelihood of serious harm or substantial 20 deterioration or substantially prolong the length of involuntary 21 22 commitment, and that there is no less intrusive course of treatment than medication in the best interest of that person. 23

24 (a) Following the second hearing, involuntary medication with 25 antipsychotic medication may be continued if the treating psychiatrist certifies, not less than every fourteen days, that the medication 26 27 continues to be medically appropriate and failure to medicate may result in a likelihood of serious harm or substantial deterioration or 28 substantially prolong the length of involuntary commitment, and that 29 there is no less intrusive course of treatment than medication in the 30 best interest of that person. 31

32 (b) No administrative order for involuntary medication may be 33 continued beyond one hundred eighty days, or the next commitment 34 proceeding in the superior court, whichever comes first.

35 (7) The committed person may appeal the panel's decision to the 36 medical director within twenty-four hours excluding weekends and 37 holidays and the medical director must decide the appeal within twenty-38 four hours of receipt.

(8) The committed person may seek judicial review of the medical
 director's decision at the next commitment proceeding or by means of an
 extraordinary writ.

4 (9) Minutes of the hearing shall be kept and a copy shall be 5 provided to the committed person.

6 (10) With regard to the involuntary medication hearing, the 7 committed person has the right:

8 (a) To notice at least twenty-four hours in advance of the hearing 9 that includes the intent to convene the hearing, the tentative 10 diagnosis and the factual basis for the diagnosis, and why the staff 11 believes that medication is necessary;

12 (b) Not to be medicated between the delivery of the notice and the 13 hearing;

14 (c) To attend the hearing;

15 (d) To present evidence, including witnesses, and to cross-examine 16 witnesses, including staff;

17 (e) To the assistance of a lay assistant, who is not involved in 18 the case and who understands psychiatric issues;

19

(f) To receive a copy of the minutes of the hearing; and

20 (g) To appeal the panel's decision to the medical director.

(11) Antipsychotic medications may be administered in an emergencywithout the consent of the person pursuant to section 361 of this act.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 361. (1) A court of competent jurisdiction may order that a person involuntarily detained, or committed for inpatient treatment and evaluation or to treatment in a less restrictive alternative pursuant to this chapter be administered antipsychotic medications or the performance of electroconvulsant therapy or surgery pursuant to the following standards and procedures:

administration of 29 (a) The antipsychotic medication or electroconvulsant therapy shall not be ordered by the court unless the 30 31 petitioning party proves by clear, cogent, and convincing evidence that treatment with antipsychotic medications is medically appropriate, that 32 failure to medicate may result in a likelihood of serious harm or 33 substantial deterioration or substantially prolong the length of 34 involuntary commitment, and that there is no less intrusive course of 35 36 treatment than medication or electroconvulsive therapy in the best 37 interest of the person.

1 (b) The court shall make specific findings of fact concerning: (i) 2 The existence of the likelihood of serious harm or substantial 3 deterioration or substantially prolonging the length of involuntary 4 commitment; (ii) the necessity and effectiveness of the treatment; 5 (iii) the person's desires regarding the proposed treatment; and (iv) 6 the best interests of the person.

7 (c) If the person is unable to make a rational and informed 8 decision about consenting to or refusing the proposed electroconvulsive 9 therapy, the court shall make a substituted judgment for the patient as 10 if he or she were competent to make such a determination.

(d) The person shall be present at any hearing on a request to administer antipsychotic medication or electroconvulsant therapy filed pursuant to this section. The person has the right:

14 (i) To be represented by an attorney;

15 (ii) To present evidence;

16 (iii) To cross-examine witnesses;

17 (iv) To have the rules of evidence enforced;

18 (v) To remain silent;

19 (vi) To view and copy all petitions and reports in the court file;20 and

(vii) To be given reasonable notice and an opportunity to prepare for the hearing.

(e) The court may appoint a psychiatrist, psychologist within their scope of practice, or physician to examine and testify on behalf of such person. The court shall appoint a psychiatrist, psychologist within their scope of practice, or physician designated by such person or the person's counsel to testify on behalf of the person in cases where an order for electroconvulsant therapy is sought.

(f) An order for the administration of antipsychotic medications entered following a hearing conducted pursuant to this section shall be effective for the period of the current involuntary treatment order, and any interim period during which the person is awaiting trial or hearing on a new petition for involuntary treatment or involuntary medication.

35 (2) Any person detained for a period of greater than ninety days 36 pursuant to section 331 of this act, who subsequently refuses 37 antipsychotic medication, shall be entitled to the procedures set forth 38 in subsection (1) of this section.

(3) Antipsychotic medication may be administered to a nonconsenting
 person detained or committed pursuant to this chapter without a court
 order:

4 5 (a) Pursuant to section 360 of this act; or

(b) Under the following circumstances:

6

(i) A person presents an imminent likelihood of serious harm;

7 (ii) Medically acceptable alternatives to administration of
8 antipsychotic medications are not available, have not been successful,
9 or are not likely to be effective; and

10 (iii) In the opinion of the physician with responsibility for 11 treatment of the person, or his or her designee, the person's condition 12 constitutes an emergency requiring the treatment be instituted before 13 a judicial hearing as authorized pursuant to this section can be held.

If antipsychotic medications are administered over a person's lack 14 of consent pursuant to (b) of this subsection, a petition for an order 15 authorizing the administration of antipsychotic medications shall be 16 17 filed on the next judicial day. The hearing shall be held within two If deemed necessary by the physician with 18 iudicial days. responsibility for the treatment of the person, administration of 19 antipsychotic medications may continue until the hearing is held. 20

(4) No court has the authority to order psychosurgery performed on any person involuntarily detained, treated in a less restrictive alternative course of treatment, or committed for treatment and evaluation pursuant to this chapter under any circumstances.

25 (5) A petition for involuntary medication may be joined with a 26 petition for involuntary treatment.

27

Financial Responsibility

NEW SECTION. Sec. 362. (1)(a) In addition to the responsibility provided for by RCW 43.20B.330, any person, or his or her estate, or his or her spouse, or the parents of a minor person who is involuntarily detained pursuant to this chapter for the purpose of treatment and evaluation outside of a facility maintained and operated by the department shall be responsible for the cost of such care and treatment.

35 (b) In the event that a person is unable to pay for such treatment 36 or in the event payment would result in a substantial hardship upon the

person or his or her family, then the county of residence of such 1 2 person shall be responsible for such costs. If it is not possible to determine the county of residence of the person, the cost shall be 3 borne by the county where the person was originally detained. 4

(c) The department shall, pursuant to chapter 34.05 RCW, adopt 5 standards as to: 6

7

(i) Inability to pay in whole or in part;

8

(ii) A definition of substantial hardship; and

9 (iii) Appropriate payment schedules. Such standards shall be applicable to all county mental health administrative boards. 10

(d) Financial responsibility with respect to department services 11 and facilities shall continue to be as provided in RCW 43.20B.320 12 13 through 43.20B.360 and 43.20B.370.

14 (2) If the person has not paid or is unable to pay for treatment or payment would result in a substantial hardship on the person or his or 15 16 her family, the program is entitled to any payment:

17 (a) Received by the person or to which he or she may be entitled because of the services rendered; and 18

(b) From any public or private source available to the program 19 20 because of the treatment provided to the person.

21 (3) The department shall not refuse admission for diagnosis, 22 evaluation, guidance, or treatment to any applicant because it is determined that the applicant is financially unable to contribute fully 23 24 or in part to the cost of any services.

25 (4)(a) The department may limit admissions of such applicants or modify its programs in order to ensure that expenditures for services 26 27 or programs do not exceed amounts appropriated by the legislature and are allocated by the department for such services or programs. 28 The department may establish admission priorities in the event that the 29 number of eligible applicants exceeds the limits set by the department. 30

31 (b) The department is authorized to allocate appropriated funds in 32 the manner that it determines best meets the purposes of this chapter. Nothing in this chapter shall be construed to entitle any person to 33 services authorized in this chapter, or to require the department or 34 its contractors to reallocate funds in order to ensure that services 35 are available to any eligible person upon demand. 36

37

Confidentiality

NEW SECTION. Sec. 363. Except as provided in this section, RCW 1 2 71.05.445, 71.05.630, 70.96A.150, or pursuant to a valid release under RCW 70.02.030, the fact of admission and all information and records 3 compiled, obtained, or maintained in the course of providing services 4 5 to either voluntary or involuntary recipients of services at public or private agencies shall be confidential. 6

7

Information and records may be disclosed only:

(1) In communications between qualified professional persons to 8 meet the requirements of this chapter, in the provision of services or 9 appropriate referrals, or in the course of guardianship proceedings. 10 The consent of the person, or his or her guardian, or if the person is 11 a minor, his or her parent, shall be obtained before information or 12 records may be disclosed by a professional person employed by a 13 facility unless provided to a professional person: 14

15

(a) Employed by the facility;

16 (b) Who has medical responsibility for the patient's care;

17 (c) Who is a designated responder;

18

(d) Who is providing services under chapter 71.24 RCW;

(e) Who is employed by a state or local correctional facility where 19 20 the person is confined or supervised; or

(f) Who is providing evaluation, treatment, or follow-up services 21 22 under chapter 10.77 RCW.

23 (2) When the communications regard the special needs of a patient and the necessary circumstances giving rise to such needs and the 24 25 disclosure is made by a facility providing services to the operator of a care facility in which the patient resides. 26

27 (3)(a) When the person receiving services, or his or her guardian, designates persons to whom information or records may be released, or 28 if the person is a minor, when his or her parents make such 29 30 designation.

31 (b) A public or private agency shall release to a patient's next of 32 kin, attorney, personal representative, guardian, or conservator, if 33 any:

(i) The information that the person is presently a patient in the 34 facility or that the person is seriously physically ill; 35

(ii) A statement evaluating the mental and physical condition of 36 37 the patient, and a statement of the probable duration of the patient's 38 confinement, if such information is requested by the next of kin,

1 attorney, personal representative, guardian, or conservator; and such 2 other information requested by the next of kin or attorney as may be 3 necessary to decide whether or not proceedings should be instituted to 4 appoint a guardian or conservator.

5 (4) To the extent necessary for a recipient to make a claim, or for 6 a claim to be made on behalf of a recipient for aid, insurance, or 7 medical assistance to which he or she may be entitled.

8 (5)(a) For either program evaluation or research, or both: 9 PROVIDED, That the secretary adopts rules for the conduct of the 10 evaluation or research, or both. Such rules shall include, but need 11 not be limited to, the requirement that all evaluators and researchers 12 must sign an oath of confidentiality substantially as follows:

"As a condition of conducting evaluation or research concerning persons who have received services from (fill in the facility, agency, or person) I, agree not to divulge, publish, or otherwise make known to unauthorized persons or the public any information obtained in the course of such evaluation or research regarding persons who have received services such that the person who received such services is identifiable.

I recognize that unauthorized release of confidential information may subject me to civil liability under the provisions of state law.

22

/s/"

(b) Nothing in this chapter shall be construed to prohibit the compilation and publication of statistical data for use by government or researchers under standards, including standards to assure maintenance of confidentiality, set forth by the secretary of the department of social and health services.

(6)(a) To the courts as necessary to the administration of this chapter or to a court ordering an evaluation or treatment under chapter 10.77 RCW solely for the purpose of preventing the entry of any evaluation or treatment order that is inconsistent with any order entered under this chapter.

33 (b) To a court or its designee in which a motion under chapter 34 10.77 RCW has been made for involuntary medication of a defendant for 35 the purpose of competency restoration.

(c) Disclosure under this subsection is mandatory for the purpose
 of the health insurance portability and accountability act.

(7)(a) When a designated responder is requested by a representative 3 of a law enforcement agency, including a police officer, sheriff, a 4 5 municipal attorney, or prosecuting attorney to undertake an investigation under section 315 of this act, the designated responder 6 7 shall, if requested to do so, advise the representative in writing of the results of the investigation including a statement of reasons for 8 the decision to detain or release the person investigated. Such 9 written report shall be submitted within seventy-two hours of the 10 completion of the investigation or the request from the law enforcement 11 12 representative, whichever occurs later.

(b) To law enforcement officers, public health officers, or 13 14 personnel of the department of corrections or the indeterminate sentence review board for persons who are the subject of the records 15 and who are committed to the custody or supervision of the department 16 17 of corrections or indeterminate sentence review board which information or records are necessary to carry out the responsibilities of their 18 office. Except for dissemination of information released pursuant to 19 section 345 of this act and RCW 4.24.550, regarding persons committed 20 21 under this chapter under sections 327(3) and 331(2)(c) of this act 22 after dismissal of a sex offense as defined in RCW 9.94A.030, the extent of information that may be released is limited as follows: 23

(i) Only the fact, place, and date of involuntary commitment, the
fact and date of discharge or release, and the last known address shall
be disclosed upon request;

(ii) The law enforcement and public health officers or personnel of the department of corrections or indeterminate sentence review board shall be obligated to keep such information confidential in accordance with this chapter;

(iii) Additional information shall be disclosed only after giving notice to said person and his or her counsel and upon a showing of clear, cogent, and convincing evidence that such information is necessary and that appropriate safeguards for strict confidentiality are and will be maintained. However, in the event the said person has escaped from custody, said notice prior to disclosure is not necessary and the facility from which the person escaped shall include an

evaluation as to whether the person is of danger to persons or property
 and has a propensity toward violence;

3 (iv) Information and records shall be disclosed to the department 4 of corrections pursuant to and in compliance with the provisions of RCW 5 71.05.445 for the purposes of completing presentence investigations or 6 risk assessment reports, supervision of an incarcerated offender or 7 offender under supervision in the community, planning for and provision 8 of supervision of an offender, or assessment of an offender's risk to 9 the community; and

10 (v) Disclosure under this subsection is mandatory for the purposes 11 of the health insurance portability and accountability act.

12

(8) To the attorney of the detained person.

13 (9) To the prosecuting attorney as necessary to carry out the responsibilities of the office under sections 335, 336(1)(b), and 14 344(2) of this act. The prosecutor shall be provided access to records 15 regarding the committed person's treatment and prognosis, medication, 16 17 behavior problems, and other records relevant to the issue of whether treatment less restrictive than inpatient treatment is in the best 18 interest of the committed person or others. 19 Information shall be disclosed only after giving notice to the committed person and the 20 21 person's counsel.

22 (10) To appropriate law enforcement agencies and to a person, when the identity of the person is known to the public or private agency, 23 24 whose health and safety has been threatened, or who is known to have 25 been repeatedly harassed, by the patient. The person may designate a representative to receive the disclosure. The disclosure shall be made 26 27 by the professional person in charge of the public or private agency or his or her designee and shall include the dates of commitment, 28 admission, discharge, or release, authorized or unauthorized absence 29 from the agency's facility, and only such other information that is 30 pertinent to the threat or harassment. The decision to disclose or not 31 32 shall not result in civil liability for the agency or its employees so long as the decision was reached in good faith and without gross 33 34 negligence.

35 (11) To appropriate corrections and law enforcement agencies all 36 necessary and relevant information in the event of a crisis or emergent 37 situation that poses a significant and imminent risk to the public.

The decision to disclose or not shall not result in civil liability for the mental health service provider or its employees so long as the decision was reached in good faith and without gross negligence.

4 (12) To the persons designated in section 345 of this act for the 5 purposes described in that section.

6 (13) Civil liability and immunity for the release of information 7 about a particular person who is committed to the department under 8 sections 327(3) and 331(2)(c) of this act after dismissal of a sex 9 offense as defined in RCW 9.94A.030, is governed by RCW 4.24.550.

10 (14) Upon the death of a patient, his or her parent if the patient 11 is a minor, his or her next of kin, personal representative, guardian, 12 or conservator, if any, shall be notified.

Next of kin who are of legal age and competent shall be notified under this section in the following order: Spouse, parents, children, brothers and sisters, and other relatives according to the degree of relation. Access to all records and information compiled, obtained, or maintained in the course of providing services to a deceased patient shall be governed by RCW 70.02.140.

19 (15) To the department of health for the purposes of determining 20 compliance with state or federal licensure, certification, or 21 registration rules or laws. However, the information and records 22 obtained under this subsection are exempt from public inspection and 23 copying pursuant to chapter 42.17 RCW.

(16) To mark headstones or otherwise memorialize patients interred at state hospital cemeteries. The department of social and health services shall make available the name, date of birth, and date of death of patients buried in state hospital cemeteries fifty years after the death of a patient.

(17) Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, the uniform health care information act, chapter 70.02 RCW, applies to all records and information compiled, obtained, or maintained in the course of providing services.

33 (18) When a person would otherwise be subject to the provisions of 34 this section and disclosure is necessary for the protection of the 35 person or others due to his or her unauthorized disappearance from the 36 facility, and his or her whereabouts is unknown, notice of such 37 disappearance, along with relevant information, may be made to

1 relatives and governmental law enforcement agencies designated by the 2 physician in charge of the person or the professional person in charge 3 of the facility, or his or her professional designee.

(19) The fact of admission, as well as all records, files, 4 5 evidence, findings, or orders made, prepared, collected, or maintained pursuant to this chapter shall not be admissible as evidence in any б 7 legal proceeding outside this chapter without the written consent of the person who was the subject of the proceeding except in a subsequent 8 9 criminal prosecution of a person committed pursuant to sections 327(3) 10 and 331(2)(c) of this act on charges that were dismissed pursuant to chapter 10.77 RCW due to incompetency to stand trial or in a civil 11 12 commitment proceeding pursuant to chapter 71.09 RCW. The records and 13 files maintained in any court proceeding pursuant to this chapter shall 14 be confidential and available subsequent to such proceedings only to the person who was the subject of the proceeding or his or her 15 16 attorney. In addition, the court may order the subsequent release or 17 use of such records or files only upon good cause shown if the court finds that appropriate safeguards for strict confidentiality are and 18 will be maintained. 19

20 NEW SECTION. Sec. 364. Except as provided in section 345 of this 21 act, when any disclosure of information or records is made as authorized by sections 363 through 368 of this act, or pursuant to RCW 22 23 71.05.390 or 70.96A.150, the physician in charge of the patient or the 24 professional person in charge of the facility shall promptly cause to be entered into the patient's medical record the date and circumstances 25 26 under which said disclosure was made, the names and relationships to 27 the patient, if any, of the persons or agencies to whom such disclosure was made, and the information disclosed. 28

29 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 365. The files and records of court proceedings 30 under this chapter, chapters 71.05, 70.96A, 71.34, and 70.-- (sections 31 202 through 216 of this act) RCW shall be closed but shall be 32 accessible to any person who is the subject of a petition and to the 33 person's attorney, guardian ad litem, resource management services, or 34 service providers authorized to receive such information by resource 35 management services.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 366. (1) Except as otherwise provided by law,
 all treatment records shall remain confidential and may be released
 only to the persons designated in this section, or to other persons
 designated in an informed written consent of the patient.

5 (2) Treatment records of a person may be released without informed
6 written consent in the following circumstances:

7 (a) To a person, organization, or agency as necessary for 8 management or financial audits, or program monitoring and evaluation. 9 Information obtained under this subsection shall remain confidential 10 and may not be used in a manner that discloses the name or other 11 identifying information about the person whose records are being 12 released.

(b) To the department, the director of regional support networks, or a qualified staff member designated by the director only when necessary to be used for billing or collection purposes. The information shall remain confidential.

17 18 (c) For purposes of research as permitted in chapter 42.48 RCW.

(d) Pursuant to lawful order of a court.

(e) To qualified staff members of the department, to the director of regional support networks, to resource management services responsible for serving a patient, or to service providers designated by resource management services as necessary to determine the progress and adequacy of treatment and to determine whether the person should be transferred to a less restrictive or more appropriate treatment modality or facility. The information shall remain confidential.

(f) Within the treatment facility where the patient is receiving treatment, confidential information may be disclosed to persons employed, serving in bona fide training programs, or participating in supervised volunteer programs, at the facility when it is necessary to perform their duties.

31 (g) Within the department as necessary to coordinate treatment for 32 mental illness, developmental disabilities, alcoholism, or drug abuse 33 of persons who are under the supervision of the department.

(h) To a licensed physician who has determined that the life or health of the person is in danger and that treatment without the information contained in the treatment records could be injurious to the patient's health. Disclosure shall be limited to the portions of the records necessary to meet the medical emergency.

(i) To a facility that is to receive a person who is involuntarily 1 2 committed under this chapter or upon transfer of the person from one treatment facility to another. The release of records under this 3 subsection shall be limited to the treatment records required by law, 4 5 a record or summary of all somatic treatments, and a discharge summary. The discharge summary may include a statement of the patient's problem, 6 7 the treatment goals, the type of treatment which has been provided, and 8 recommendation for future treatment, but may not include the patient's 9 complete treatment record.

(j) Notwithstanding the provisions of section 363(7) of this act, to a correctional facility or a corrections officer who is responsible for the supervision of a person who is receiving inpatient or outpatient evaluation or treatment. Except as provided in RCW 14 71.05.445 and 71.34.225, release of records under this section is limited to:

16 (i) An evaluation report provided pursuant to a written supervision 17 plan.

(ii) The discharge summary, including a record or summary of all somatic treatments, at the termination of any treatment provided as part of the supervision plan.

(iii) When a person is returned from a treatment facility to a correctional facility, the information provided under (j)(iv) of this subsection.

(iv) Any information necessary to establish or implement changes in the person's treatment plan or the level or kind of supervision as determined by resource management services. In cases involving a person transferred back to a correctional facility, disclosure shall be made to clinical staff only.

(k) To the person's counsel or guardian ad litem, without modification, at any time in order to prepare for involuntary commitment or recommitment proceedings, reexaminations, appeals, or other actions relating to detention, admission, commitment, or patient's rights under chapter 71.05 RCW.

(1) To staff members of the protection and advocacy agency or to staff members of a private, nonprofit corporation for the purpose of protecting and advocating the rights of persons with mental or chemical dependency disorders, or both, or developmental disabilities. Resource management services may limit the release of information to the name,

birthdate, and county of residence of the patient, information 1 regarding whether the patient was voluntarily admitted, 2 or involuntarily committed, the date and place of admission, placement, or 3 commitment, the name and address of a guardian of the patient, and the 4 5 date and place of the guardian's appointment. Any staff member who wishes to obtain additional information shall notify the patient's 6 resource management services in writing of the request and of the 7 resource management services' right to object. The staff member shall 8 send the notice by mail to the guardian's address. If the guardian 9 10 does not object in writing within fifteen days after the notice is mailed, the staff member may obtain the additional information. If the 11 12 guardian objects in writing within fifteen days after the notice is 13 mailed, the staff member may not obtain the additional information.

14 (3) Whenever federal law or federal regulations restrict the 15 release of information contained in the treatment records of any 16 patient who receives treatment for chemical dependency, the department 17 may restrict the release of the information as necessary to comply with 18 federal law and regulations.

19 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 367. (1) Procedures shall be established by 20 resource management services to provide reasonable and timely access to 21 individual treatment records. However, access may not be denied at any 22 time to records of all medications and somatic treatments received by 23 the person.

(2) Following discharge, the person shall have a right to a
complete record of all medications and somatic treatments prescribed
during evaluation, admission, or commitment and to a copy of the
discharge summary prepared at the time of his or her discharge. A
reasonable and uniform charge for reproduction may be assessed.

(3) Treatment records may be modified prior to inspection to protect the confidentiality of other patients or the names of any other persons referred to in the record who gave information on the condition that his or her identity remain confidential. Entire documents may not be withheld to protect such confidentiality.

34 (4) At the time of discharge all persons shall be informed by
 35 resource management services of their rights as provided in sections
 363 through 368 of this act.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 368. Nothing in this chapter, chapter 70.96A,
 71.05, 71.34, or 70.-- (sections 202 through 216 of this act) RCW shall
 be construed to interfere with communications between physicians or
 psychologists and patients and attorneys and clients.

5

Liability

NEW SECTION. sec. 369. (1) Neither the state nor any officer of 6 a public or private agency; superintendent, professional person in 7 charge or his or her professional designee, or attending staff of any 8 such agency; public official performing functions necessary to the 9 10 administration of this chapter; peace officer; designated responder; a 11 unit of local government; or certified facility shall be civilly or criminally liable for performing duties pursuant to this chapter with 12 regard to the decision of whether to admit, discharge, release, 13 administer antipsychotic medications, or detain a person for evaluation 14 15 and treatment: PROVIDED, That such duties were performed in good faith 16 and without gross negligence.

(2) This section does not relieve a person from giving the required 17 notices under this chapter or chapter 70.96A, 71.05, 71.34, or 70.--18 (sections 202 through 216 of this act), or the duty to warn or to take 19 20 reasonable precautions to provide protection from violent behavior where the patient has communicated an actual threat of physical 21 violence against a reasonably identifiable victim or victims. The duty 22 to warn or to take reasonable precautions to provide protection from 23 violent behavior is discharged if reasonable efforts are made to 24 communicate the threat to the victim or victims and to law enforcement 25 26 personnel.

27 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 370. Except as provided in RCW 4.24.550, any 28 person may bring an action against a person who has willfully released 29 confidential information or records concerning him or her in violation 30 of the provisions of this chapter, for the greater of the following 31 amounts:

32 (1) One thousand dollars; or

(2) Three times the amount of actual damages sustained, if any. Itshall not be a prerequisite to recovery under this section that the

plaintiff shall have suffered or be threatened with special, as
 contrasted with general, damages.

Any person may bring an action to enjoin the release of confidential information or records concerning him or her or his or her ward, in violation of the provisions of this chapter, and may in the same action seek damages as provided in this section.

7 The court may award to the plaintiff, should he or she prevail in 8 an action authorized by this section, reasonable attorney fees in 9 addition to those otherwise provided by law.

10 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 371. Any person making or filing an application 11 alleging that a person should be involuntarily detained, certified, 12 committed, treated, or evaluated pursuant to this chapter shall not be 13 rendered civilly or criminally liable where the making and filing of 14 such application was in good faith.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 372. Any person who knowingly, willfully, or through gross negligence violates the provisions of this chapter by detaining a person for more than the allowable number of days shall be liable to the person detained in civil damages. It shall not be a prerequisite to an action under this section that the plaintiff shall have suffered or be threatened with special, as contrasted with general damages.

22 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 373. Any person who requests or obtains 23 confidential information pursuant to sections 363 through 368 of this 24 act under false pretenses shall be guilty of a gross misdemeanor.

25 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 374. The provisions of RCW 71.05.025,
 26 71.05.530, and 71.05.550 apply to this chapter.

- 27
- 28

PART IV

TREATMENT GAP

29 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 401. A new section is added to chapter 70.96A 30 RCW to read as follows:

31 (1) The division of alcohol and substance abuse shall increase its

1 capacity to serve adults who meet chemical dependency treatment 2 criteria and who are enrolled in medicaid as follows:

3 (a) In fiscal year 2006, the division of alcohol and substance4 abuse shall serve forty percent of the calculated need; and

5 (b) In fiscal year 2007, the division of alcohol and substance 6 abuse shall serve sixty percent of the calculated need.

7 (2) The division of alcohol and substance abuse shall increase its 8 capacity to serve minors who have passed their twelfth birthday and who 9 are not yet eighteen, who are under two hundred percent of the federal 10 poverty level as follows:

11 (a) In fiscal year 2006, the division of alcohol and substance 12 abuse shall serve forty percent of the calculated need; and

13 (b) In fiscal year 2007, the division of alcohol and substance 14 abuse shall serve sixty percent of the calculated need.

15 (3) For purposes of this section, "calculated need" means the 16 percentage of the population under two hundred percent of the federal 17 poverty level in need of chemical dependency services as determined in 18 the 2003 Washington state needs assessment study.

19 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 402. A new section is added to chapter 70.96A
20 RCW to read as follows:

(1) Not later than January 1, 2007, all persons providing treatment under this chapter shall also implement the integrated comprehensive screening and assessment process for chemical dependency and mental disorders adopted pursuant to section 701 of this act and shall document the numbers of clients with co-occurring mental and substance abuse disorders based on a quadrant system of low and high needs.

(2) Treatment providers contracted to provide treatment under this chapter who fail to implement the integrated comprehensive screening and assessment process for chemical dependency and mental disorders by July 1, 2007, are subject to contractual penalties established under section 701 of this act.

32 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 403. A new section is added to chapter 13.34 33 RCW to read as follows:

The department of social and health services and the department of health shall develop and expand comprehensive services for drugaffected and alcohol-affected mothers and infants. Subject to funds

appropriated for this purpose, the expansion shall be in evidencebased, research-based, or consensus-based practices, as those terms are defined in section 703 of this act, and shall expand capacity in underserved regions of the state.

5 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 404. A new section is added to chapter 70.96A 6 RCW to read as follows:

7 (1) The secretary shall assess the availability and cost-8 effectiveness of converting disused skilled nursing facilities to 9 inpatient or residential chemical dependency or mental health treatment 10 facilities.

11 (2) The assessment shall include:

19

(a) An assessment of the impact of the federal institutions ofmental disease exclusion for purposes of medicaid eligibility;

14 (b) The viability and cost-effectiveness of contracting with 15 private, nonprofit entities to operate state-owned facilities and the 16 difference in rates that would engender;

17 (c) The viability and cost-effectiveness of leasing state-owned
 18 facilities at market rate to private, nonprofit entities;

(d) The estimated time to operation for these facilities.

(3) The department shall provide the appropriate committees of thelegislature with this assessment, not later than September 1, 2005.

22 (4) To the extent that the assessment demonstrates that conversion of disused skilled nursing facilities is consistent with the purposes 23 24 of this section and capital funds are appropriated for this purpose, the secretary may acquire and convert such facilities and enter 25 26 contracts with private, nonprofit entities to operate them, provided that rates are set in such a manner that no private, nonprofit entity 27 receives an effectively higher rate than a comparable vendor that 28 29 leases or owns its own facility.

30 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 405. A new section is added to chapter 70.96A
31 RCW to read as follows:

A petition for commitment under this chapter may be joined with a petition for commitment under chapter 71.05 RCW.

34 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 406. A new section is added to chapter 70.96A
35 RCW to read as follows:

1 (1) The department of social and health services shall contract for 2 chemical dependency specialist services at each division of children 3 and family services office to enhance the timeliness and quality of 4 child protective services assessments and to better connect families to 5 needed treatment services.

6 (2) The chemical dependency specialist's duties may include, but 7 are not limited to: Conducting on-site chemical dependency screening 8 and assessment, facilitating progress reports to department social 9 workers, in-service training of department social workers and staff on 10 substance abuse issues, referring clients from the department to 11 treatment providers, and providing consultation on cases to department 12 social workers.

13 (3) The department of social and health services shall provide 14 training in and ensure that each case-carrying social worker is trained 15 in uniform screening for mental health and chemical dependency.

16

17

PART V RESOURCES

18 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 501.** Sections 502 through 525 of this act 19 constitute a new chapter in Title 70 RCW.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 502. The legislature finds that there are 20 21 persons with mental disorders, including organic or traumatic brain 22 disorders, and combinations of mental disorders with other medical conditions or behavior histories that result in behavioral and security 23 24 issues that make these persons ineligible for, or unsuccessful in, existing types of licensed facilities, including adult residential 25 rehabilitation centers, boarding homes, adult family homes, group 26 27 homes, and skilled nursing facilities. The legislature also finds that 28 many of these persons have been treated on repeated occasions in 29 inappropriate acute care facilities and released without an appropriate placement or have been treated or detained for extended periods in 30 31 inappropriate settings including state hospitals and correctional facilities. The legislature further finds that some of these persons 32 present complex safety and treatment issues that require security 33 34 measures that cannot be instituted under most facility licenses or

supported housing programs. These include the ability to detain
 persons under involuntary treatment orders or administer court ordered
 medications.

4 Consequently, the legislature intends to establish a new type of 5 facility licensed by the department of social and health services as an 6 enhanced services facility with standards that will provide a safe, 7 secure treatment environment for a limited population of persons who 8 are not appropriately served in other facilities or programs.

9 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 503. The definitions in this section apply 10 throughout this chapter unless the context clearly requires otherwise. 11 (1) "Antipsychotic medications" means that class of drugs primarily 12 used to treat serious manifestations of mental illness associated with 13 thought disorders, which includes but is not limited to atypical 14 antipsychotic medications.

15 (2) "Attending staff" means any person on the staff of a public or 16 private agency having responsibility for the care and treatment of a 17 patient.

18 (3) "Chemical dependency" means alcoholism, drug addiction, or 19 dependence on alcohol and one or more other psychoactive chemicals, as 20 the context requires and as those terms are defined in chapter 70.96A 21 RCW.

(4) "Chemical dependency professional" means a person certified as
 a chemical dependency professional by the department of health under
 chapter 18.205 RCW.

25 (5) "Commitment" means the determination by a court that an 26 individual should be detained for a period of either evaluation or 27 treatment, or both, in an inpatient or a less restrictive setting.

(6) "Conditional release" means a modification of a commitment thatmay be revoked upon violation of any of its terms.

30 (7) "Custody" means involuntary detention under chapter 71.05,
31 70.96A, or 70.-- (sections 302 through 374 of this act) RCW,
32 uninterrupted by any period of unconditional release from commitment
33 from a facility providing involuntary care and treatment.

34 (8) "Department" means the department of social and health 35 services.

36 (9) "Designated responder" means a county designated mental health37 professional, a designated chemical dependency specialist, or a

1 designated crisis responder as those terms are defined in chapter 2 70.96A, 71.05, 70.-- (sections 202 through 216 of this act), or 70.--3 (sections 302 through 374 of this act) RCW.

4 (10) "Detention" or "detain" means the lawful confinement of an
5 individual under chapter 70.96A, 71.05, or 70.-- (sections 302 through
6 374 of this act) RCW.

7 (11) "Discharge" means the termination of facility authority. The
8 commitment may remain in place, be terminated, or be amended by court
9 order.

10 (12) "Enhanced services facility" means a facility that provides 11 treatment and services to persons for whom acute inpatient treatment is 12 not medically necessary and who have been determined by the department 13 to be inappropriate for placement in other licensed facilities due to 14 the complex needs that result in behavioral and security issues.

(13) "Expanded community services program" means a nonsecure program of enhanced behavioral and residential support provided to long-term and residential care providers serving specifically eligible clients who would otherwise be at risk for hospitalization at state hospital geriatric units.

20

(14) "Facility" means an enhanced services facility.

(15) "Gravely disabled" means a condition in which an individual, as a result of a mental disorder, as a result of the use of alcohol or other psychoactive chemicals, or both:

(a) Is in danger of serious physical harm resulting from a failureto provide for his or her essential human needs of health or safety; or

(b) Manifests severe deterioration in routine functioning evidenced by repeated and escalating loss of cognitive or volitional control over his or her actions and is not receiving such care as is essential for his or her health or safety.

30 (16) "History of one or more violent acts" refers to the period of 31 time ten years before the filing of a petition under this chapter, or 32 chapter 70.96A or 71.05 RCW, excluding any time spent, but not any 33 violent acts committed, in a mental health facility or a long-term 34 alcoholism or drug treatment facility, or in confinement as a result of 35 a criminal conviction.

36 (17) "Licensed physician" means a person licensed to practice 37 medicine or osteopathic medicine and surgery in the state of 38 Washington.

1 (18) "Likelihood of serious harm" means:

2 (a) A substantial risk that:

3 (i) Physical harm will be inflicted by an individual upon his or 4 her own person, as evidenced by threats or attempts to commit suicide 5 or inflict physical harm on oneself;

(ii) Physical harm will be inflicted by an individual upon another,
as evidenced by behavior that has caused such harm or that places
another person or persons in reasonable fear of sustaining such harm;
or

10 (iii) Physical harm will be inflicted by an individual upon the 11 property of others, as evidenced by behavior that has caused 12 substantial loss or damage to the property of others; or

(b) The individual has threatened the physical safety of anotherand has a history of one or more violent acts.

15 (19) "Mental disorder" means any organic, mental, or emotional 16 impairment that has substantial adverse effects on an individual's 17 cognitive or volitional functions.

18 (20) "Mental health professional" means a psychiatrist, 19 psychologist, psychiatric nurse, or social worker, and such other 20 mental health professionals as may be defined by rules adopted by the 21 secretary under the authority of chapter 71.05 RCW.

(21) "Professional person" means a mental health professional and also means a physician, registered nurse, and such others as may be defined in rules adopted by the secretary pursuant to the provisions of this chapter.

26

(22) "Psychiatric nurse" means:

(a) A registered nurse who has a bachelor's degree from an accredited college or university and who has had, in addition, at least two years of experience in the direct treatment of mentally ill or emotionally disturbed persons under the supervision of a mental health professional; or

32 (b) Any other registered nurse who has three years of such 33 experience.

34 (23) "Psychiatrist" means a person having a license as a physician 35 and surgeon in this state who has in addition completed three years of 36 graduate training in psychiatry in a program approved by the American 37 medical association or the American osteopathic association and is

certified or eligible to be certified by the American board of
 psychiatry and neurology.

3 (24) "Psychologist" means a person who has been licensed as a
4 psychologist under chapter 18.83 RCW.

5 (25) "Registration records" include all the records of the 6 department, regional support networks, treatment facilities, and other 7 persons providing services to the department, county departments, or 8 facilities which identify individuals who are receiving or who at any 9 time have received services for mental illness.

10 (26) "Release" means legal termination of the commitment under 11 chapter 70.96A, 71.05, or 70.-- (sections 302 through 374 of this act) 12 RCW.

13 (27) "Resident" means a person admitted to an enhanced services 14 facility.

15 (28) "Secretary" means the secretary of the department or the 16 secretary's designee.

17

(29) "Significant change" means:

(a) A deterioration in a resident's physical, mental, or
 psychosocial condition that has caused or is likely to cause clinical
 complications or life-threatening conditions; or

(b) An improvement in the resident's physical, mental, or psychosocial condition that may make the resident eligible for release or for treatment in a less intensive or less secure setting.

(30) "Social worker" means a person with a master's or further
advanced degree from an accredited school of social work or a degree
deemed equivalent under rules adopted by the secretary.

27 (31) "Treatment" means the broad range of emergency, detoxification, residential, inpatient, and outpatient services and 28 care, including diagnostic evaluation, mental health or chemical 29 dependency education and counseling, 30 medical, psychiatric, psychological, and social service care, vocational rehabilitation, and 31 32 career counseling, which may be extended to persons with mental disorders, chemical dependency disorders, or both, and their families. 33

34 (32) "Treatment records" include registration and all other records 35 concerning individuals who are receiving or who at any time have 36 received services for mental illness, which are maintained by the 37 department, by regional support networks and their staffs, and by 38 treatment facilities. "Treatment records" do not include notes or

records maintained for personal use by an individual providing treatment services for the department, regional support networks, or a treatment facility if the notes or records are not available to others. (33) "Violent act" means behavior that resulted in homicide, attempted suicide, nonfatal injuries, or substantial damage to property.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 504. A facility shall honor a mental health
advance directive that was validly executed pursuant to chapter 71.32
RCW.

10 NEW SECTION. Sec. 505. (1) A person who is eligible for admission 11 to or residence in an adult residential rehabilitation center, a boarding home, a group home, a skilled nursing facility, or a supported 12 housing program, including an expanded community services program or a 13 14 program for assertive community treatment is not eligible for residence 15 in an enhanced services facility unless his or her treatment needs cannot adequately be addressed in the other facility or facilities for 16 which he or she is eligible. 17

18 (2) A person, eighteen years old or older, may be admitted to an 19 enhanced services facility if he or she meets the criteria in (a) 20 through (c) of this subsection:

(a) The person requires: (i) Daily care by or under the supervision of a mental health professional, chemical dependency professional, or nurse; or (ii) assistance with three or more activities of daily living; and

(b) The person has: (i) A mental disorder, chemical dependency
disorder, or both; (ii) an organic or traumatic brain injury; or (iii)
a cognitive impairment that results in symptoms or behaviors requiring
supervision and facility services;

29 (c) The person has two or more of the following:

30 (i) Self-endangering behaviors that are frequent or difficult to 31 manage;

32 (ii) Aggressive, threatening, or assaultive behaviors that create 33 a risk to the health or safety of other residents or staff, or a 34 significant risk to property and these behaviors are frequent or 35 difficult to manage;

36 (iii) Intrusive behaviors that put residents or staff at risk;

(iv) Complex medication needs and those needs include psychotropic
 medications;

3 (v) A history of or likelihood of unsuccessful placements in other 4 licensed facilities or a history of rejected applications for admission 5 to other licensed facilities based on the person's behaviors, history, 6 or security needs;

7 (vi) A history of frequent or protracted mental health
8 hospitalizations;

9 (vii) A history of offenses against a person or felony offenses 10 that created substantial damage to property;

11 (viii) A history of other problematic placements, as defined in 12 rules adopted by the department.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 506. (1)(a) Every person who is a resident of an enhanced services facility or is involuntarily detained or committed under the provisions of this chapter shall be entitled to all the rights set forth in this chapter, or chapter 71.05, 70.96A, or 70.--(sections 302 through 374 of this act) RCW and shall retain all rights not denied him or her under these chapters.

(b) No person shall be presumed incompetent as a consequence of receiving an evaluation or voluntary or involuntary treatment for a mental disorder, chemical dependency disorder, or both, under this chapter, chapter 71.05, 70.96A, or 70.-- (sections 302 through 374 of this act) RCW, or any prior laws of this state dealing with mental illness. Competency shall not be determined or withdrawn except under the provisions of chapter 10.77 or 11.88 RCW.

26 (c) Every resident of an enhanced services facility shall be given27 a written statement setting forth the substance of this section.

(2) Every resident of an enhanced services facility shall have theright to adequate care and individualized treatment.

30 (3) The provisions of this chapter shall not be construed to deny
31 to any person treatment by spiritual means through prayer in accordance
32 with the tenets and practices of a church or religious denomination.

33 (4) Persons receiving evaluation or treatment under this chapter 34 shall be given a reasonable choice of an available physician or other 35 professional person qualified to provide such services.

36 (5) The physician-patient privilege or the psychologist-client 37 privilege shall be deemed waived in proceedings under this chapter

1 relating to the administration of antipsychotic medications. As to 2 other proceedings under chapter 10.77, 70.96A, 71.05, or 70.--3 (sections 302 through 374 of this act) RCW, the privileges shall be 4 waived when a court of competent jurisdiction in its discretion 5 determines that such waiver is necessary to protect either the detained 6 person or the public.

7 (6) Insofar as danger to the person or others is not created, each 8 resident of an enhanced services facility shall have, in addition to 9 other rights not specifically withheld by law, the following rights, a 10 list of which shall be prominently posted in all facilities, 11 institutions, and hospitals providing such services:

(a) To wear his or her own clothes and to keep and use his or her
own personal possessions, except when deprivation of same is essential
to protect the safety of the resident or other persons;

(b) To keep and be allowed to spend a reasonable sum of his or herown money for canteen expenses and small purchases;

17 (c) To have access to individual storage space for his or her 18 private use;

19 (d) To have visitors at reasonable times;

20 (e) To have reasonable access to a telephone, both to make and 21 receive confidential calls, consistent with an effective treatment 22 program;

(f) To have ready access to letter writing materials, including stamps, and to send and receive uncensored correspondence through the mails;

(g) Not to consent to the administration of antipsychotic medications beyond the hearing conducted pursuant to section 108, 109, 360, or 361 of this act, or the performance of electroconvulsant therapy, or surgery, except emergency life-saving surgery, unless ordered by a court under section 109 or 361 of this act;

31 (h) To discuss treatment plans and decisions with professional 32 persons;

33 (i) Not to have psychosurgery performed on him or her under any 34 circumstances;

(j) To dispose of property and sign contracts unless such person has been adjudicated an incompetent in a court proceeding directed to that particular issue.

(7) Nothing contained in this chapter shall prohibit a resident
 from petitioning by writ of habeas corpus for release.

3 (8) Nothing in this section permits any person to knowingly violate
4 a no-contact order or a condition of an active judgment and sentence or
5 active supervision by the department of corrections.

6 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 507. A person who is gravely disabled or 7 presents a likelihood of serious harm as a result of a mental or 8 chemical dependency disorder or co-occurring mental and chemical 9 dependency disorders has a right to refuse antipsychotic medication. 10 Antipsychotic medication may be administered over the person's 11 objections only pursuant to RCW 71.05.215, 71.05.370 (as recodified by 12 this act), or section 360 or 361 of this act.

13 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 508. (1)(a) The department shall not license an 14 enhanced services facility that serves any residents under sixty-five 15 years of age for a capacity to exceed sixteen residents.

16 (b) The department may contract for services for the operation of 17 enhanced services facilities only to the extent that funds are 18 specifically provided for that purpose.

(2) The facility shall provide an appropriate level of security forthe characteristics, behaviors, and legal status of the residents.

(3) An enhanced services facility may hold only one license but, to the extent permitted under state and federal law and medicaid requirements, a facility may be located in the same building as another licensed facility, provided that:

(a) The enhanced services facility is in a location that is totally
 separate and discrete from the other licensed facility; and

(b) The two facilities maintain separate staffing, unless an
exception to this is permitted by the department in rule.

(4) Enhanced services facilities must meet all applicable state and local rules, regulations, permits, and code requirements. The secretary may, by rule, establish a list of currently licensed facilities that are deemed to meet the requirements of this subsection by virtue of their existing license.

34 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 509.** (1) The enhanced services facility shall 35 complete a comprehensive assessment for each resident within fourteen

1 days of admission, and the assessments shall be repeated upon a 2 significant change in the resident's condition or, at a minimum, every 3 one hundred eighty days if there is no significant change in condition.

(2) The enhanced services facility shall develop an individualized 4 5 treatment plan for each resident based on the comprehensive assessment and any other information in the person's record. The plan shall be 6 7 updated as necessary and shall include a plan for appropriate transfer Where the person is under the supervision of the 8 or discharge. 9 department of corrections, the facility shall collaborate with the 10 department of corrections to maximize treatment outcomes and reduce the likelihood of reoffense. 11

12 (3) The plan shall maximize the opportunities for independence, 13 recovery, employment, the resident's participation in treatment 14 decisions, and collaboration with peer-supported services, and provide 15 for care and treatment in the least restrictive manner appropriate to 16 the individual resident, and, where relevant, to any court orders with 17 which the resident must comply.

18 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 510. (1) An enhanced services facility must 19 have sufficient numbers of staff with the appropriate credentials and 20 training to provide residents with the appropriate care and treatment:

- (a) Mental health and chemical dependency treatment;
- 22 (b) Medication services;
- 23 (c) Assistance with the activities of daily living;
- 24 (d) Medical or habilitative treatment;
- 25 (e) Dietary services; and
- 26 (f) Security.

21

(2) Where an enhanced services facility specializes in medically fragile persons with mental disorders, the on-site staff must include at least one licensed nurse twenty-four hours per day. The nurse must be a registered nurse for at least sixteen hours per day. If the nurse is not a registered nurse, a registered nurse or a doctor must be oncall during the remaining eight hours.

33 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 511. This chapter does not apply to the 34 following residential facilities:

- 35 (1) Nursing homes licensed under chapter 18.51 RCW;
- 36 (2) Boarding homes licensed under chapter 18.20 RCW;

1 2 (3) Adult family homes licensed under chapter 70.128 RCW;

(4) Facilities approved and certified under chapter 71A.22 RCW;

(5) Residential treatment facilities licensed under chapter 71.12 3 RCW; and 4

5

(6) Hospitals licensed under chapter 70.41 RCW.

6 NEW SECTION. Sec. **512.** (1) The department shall establish 7 licensing provisions for enhanced services facilities to serve the 8 populations defined in this chapter.

9 (2) No person or public or private agency may operate or maintain an enhanced services facility without a license, which must be renewed 10 11 annually.

12 (3) A licensee shall have the following readily accessible and available for review by the department, residents, families 13 of residents, and the public: 14

15 (a) Its license to operate and a copy of the department's most 16 recent inspection report and any recent complaint investigation reports 17 issued by the department;

(b) Its written policies and procedures for all treatment, care, 18 and services provided directly or indirectly by the facility; and 19

20 (c) The department's toll-free complaint number, which shall also 21 be posted in a clearly visible place and manner.

(4) No facility shall discriminate or retaliate in any manner 22 against a resident or employee because the resident, employee, or any 23 24 other person made a complaint or provided information to the department, the long-term care ombudsman, or a mental health ombuds 25 26 person.

NEW SECTION. sec. 513. (1) In any case in which the department 27 28 finds that a licensee of a facility, or any partner, officer, director, 29 owner of five percent or more of the assets of the facility, or 30 managing employee failed or refused to comply with the requirements of this chapter or the rules established under them, the department may 31 take any or all of the following actions: 32

33

(a) Suspend, revoke, or refuse to issue or renew a license;

- 34 (b) Order stop placement; or
- 35 (c) Assess civil monetary penalties.

1 (2) The department may suspend, revoke, or refuse to renew a 2 license, assess civil monetary penalties, or both, in any case in which 3 it finds that the licensee of a facility, or any partner, officer, 4 director, owner of five percent or more of the assets of the facility, 5 or managing employee:

6 (a) Operated a facility without a license or under a revoked or7 suspended license;

8 (b) Knowingly or with reason to know made a false statement of a 9 material fact in the license application or any data attached thereto, 10 or in any matter under investigation by the department;

(c) Refused to allow representatives or agents of the department to inspect all books, records, and files required to be maintained or any portion of the premises of the facility;

(d) Willfully prevented, interfered with, or attempted to impede in
any way the work of any duly authorized representative of the
department and the lawful enforcement of any provision of this chapter;

(e) Willfully prevented or interfered with any representative of
the department in the preservation of evidence of any violation of any
of the provisions of this chapter or of the rules adopted under it; or

(f) Failed to pay any civil monetary penalty assessed by the department under this chapter within ten days after the assessment becomes final.

(3)(a) Civil penalties collected under this chapter shall bedeposited into a special fund administered by the department.

(b) Civil monetary penalties, if imposed, may be assessed and collected, with interest, for each day the facility is or was out of compliance. Civil monetary penalties shall not exceed three thousand dollars per day. Each day upon which the same or a substantially similar action occurs is a separate violation subject to the assessment of a separate penalty.

31 (4) The department, through the director of residential care 32 services, may use the civil penalty monetary fund for the protection of 33 the health or property of residents of facilities found to be deficient 34 including:

35 (a) Payment for the cost of relocation of residents to other 36 facilities;

37 (b) Payment to maintain operation of a facility pending correction38 of deficiencies or closure; and

(c) Reimbursement of a resident for personal funds or property
 loss.

3 (5)(a) The department may issue a stop placement order on a 4 facility, effective upon oral or written notice, when the department 5 determines:

6 (i) The facility no longer substantially meets the requirements of 7 this chapter; and

8

9

(ii) The deficiency or deficiencies in the facility:

(A) Jeopardizes the health and safety of the residents; or

10 (B) Seriously limits the facility's capacity to provide adequate 11 care.

12 (b) When the department has ordered a stop placement, the

13 department may approve a readmission to the facility from a hospital, 14 residential treatment facility, or crisis intervention facility when 15 the department determines the readmission would be in the best interest 16 of the individual seeking readmission.

17 (6) If the department determines that an emergency exists and 18 resident health and safety is immediately jeopardized as a result of a 19 facility's failure or refusal to comply with this chapter, the 20 department may summarily suspend the facility's license and order the 21 immediate closure of the facility, or the immediate transfer of 22 residents, or both.

(7) If the department determines that the health or safety of the residents is immediately jeopardized as a result of a facility's failure or refusal to comply with requirements of this chapter, the department may appoint temporary management to:

27

28 (b) Ensure the health and safety of the facility's residents while:

(a) Oversee the operation of the facility; and

29 (i) Orderly closure of the facility occurs; or

30 (ii) The deficiencies necessitating temporary management are 31 corrected.

32 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 514.** (1) All orders of the department denying, 33 suspending, or revoking the license or assessing a monetary penalty 34 shall become final twenty days after the same has been served upon the 35 applicant or licensee unless a hearing is requested.

36 (2) All orders of the department imposing stop placement, temporary

1 management, emergency closure, emergency transfer, or summary license 2 suspension shall be effective immediately upon notice, pending any 3 hearing.

4 (3) Subject to the requirements of subsection (2) of this section,
5 all hearings under this chapter and judicial review of such
6 determinations shall be in accordance with the administrative procedure
7 act, chapter 34.05 RCW.

8 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 515.** Operation of a facility without a license 9 in violation of this chapter and discrimination against medicaid 10 recipients are unfair or deceptive acts in trade or commerce and an 11 unfair method of competition for the purpose of applying the consumer 12 protection act, chapter 19.86 RCW.

13 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 516. A person operating or maintaining a 14 facility without a license under this chapter is guilty of a 15 misdemeanor and each day of a continuing violation after conviction 16 shall be considered a separate offense.

17 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 517. Notwithstanding the existence or use of 18 any other remedy, the department may, in the manner provided by law, 19 maintain an action in the name of the state for an injunction, civil 20 penalty, or other process against a person to restrain or prevent the 21 operation or maintenance of a facility without a license issued under 22 this chapter.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 518. (1) The department shall make or cause to be made at least one inspection of each facility prior to licensure and an unannounced full inspection of facilities at least once every eighteen months. The statewide average interval between full facility inspections must be fifteen months.

(2) Any duly authorized officer, employee, or agent of the department may enter and inspect any facility at any time to determine that the facility is in compliance with this chapter and applicable rules, and to enforce any provision of this chapter. Complaint inspections shall be unannounced and conducted in such a manner as to ensure maximum effectiveness. No advance notice shall be given of any inspection unless authorized or required by federal law.

1 (3) During inspections, the facility must give the department 2 access to areas, materials, and equipment used to provide care or 3 support to residents, including resident and staff records, accounts, 4 and the physical premises, including the buildings, grounds, and 5 equipment. The department has the authority to privately interview the 6 provider, staff, residents, and other individuals familiar with 7 resident care and treatment.

8 (4) Any public employee giving advance notice of an inspection in 9 violation of this section shall be suspended from all duties without 10 pay for a period of not less than five nor more than fifteen days.

(5) The department shall prepare a written report describing the violations found during an inspection, and shall provide a copy of the inspection report to the facility.

14 (6) The facility shall develop a written plan of correction for any 15 violations identified by the department and provide a plan of 16 correction to the department within ten working days from the receipt 17 of the inspection report.

18 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 519. The facility shall only admit individuals:
 (1) Who are over the age of eighteen;

20 (2) Who meet the resident eligibility requirements described in 21 section 505 of this act; and

(3) Whose needs the facility can safely and appropriately meet through qualified and trained staff, services, equipment, security, and building design.

25 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 520. If the facility does not employ a 26 qualified professional able to furnish needed services, the facility 27 must have a written contract with a qualified professional or agency 28 outside the facility to furnish the needed services.

29 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 521.** At least sixty days before the effective 30 date of any change of ownership, or change of management of a facility, 31 the current operating entity must provide written notification about 32 the proposed change separately and in writing, to the department, each 33 resident of the facility, or the resident's guardian or representative.

34 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 522. The facility shall:

(1) Maintain adequate resident records to enable the provision of
 necessary treatment, care, and services and to respond appropriately in
 emergency situations;

4 (2) Comply with all state and federal requirements related to 5 documentation, confidentiality, and information sharing, including 6 chapters 10.77, 70.02, 70.24, 70.96A, 71.05, and 70.-- (sections 302 7 through 374 of this act) RCW; and

8 (3) Where possible, obtain signed releases of information 9 designating the department, the facility, and the department of 10 corrections where the person is under its supervision, as recipients of 11 health care information.

12 NEW SECTION. Sec. 523. (1) Standards for fire protection and the enforcement thereof, with respect to all facilities licensed under this 13 chapter, are the responsibility of the chief of the Washington state 14 patrol, through the director of fire protection, who must adopt 15 recognized standards as applicable to facilities for the protection of 16 17 life against the cause and spread of fire and fire hazards. If the facility to be licensed meets with the approval of the chief of the 18 Washington state patrol, through the director of fire protection, the 19 20 director of fire protection must submit to the department a written 21 report approving the facility with respect to fire protection before a full license can be issued. The chief of the Washington state patrol, 22 23 through the director of fire protection, shall conduct an unannounced 24 full inspection of facilities at least once every eighteen months. The 25 statewide average interval between full facility inspections must be 26 fifteen months.

27 Inspections of facilities by local authorities must be (2) consistent with the requirements adopted by the chief of the Washington 28 state patrol, through the director of fire protection. Findings of a 29 serious nature must be coordinated with the department and the chief of 30 31 the Washington state patrol, through the director of fire protection, for determination of appropriate actions to ensure a safe environment 32 for residents. The chief of the Washington state patrol, through the 33 34 director of fire protection, has exclusive authority to determine 35 appropriate corrective action under this section.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 524. No facility providing care and treatment for individuals placed in a facility, acting in the course of its duties, shall be civilly or criminally liable for performing its duties under this chapter, provided that such duties were performed in good faith and without gross negligence.

6 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 525. The secretary shall adopt rules to 7 implement this chapter.

8

PART VI

Drug and Mental Health Courts

9

FORENSIC AND CORRECTIONAL

10

11 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 601. A new section is added to chapter 2.28 RCW 12 to read as follows:

13 (1) Counties may establish and operate mental health courts.

14 (2) For the purposes of this section, "mental health court" means 15 a court that has special calendars or dockets designed to achieve a 16 reduction in recidivism and symptoms of mental illness among nonviolent, mentally ill felony and nonfelony offenders by increasing 17 likelihood for successful rehabilitation through 18 their early, continuous, and intense judicially supervised treatment including drug 19 20 treatment for persons with co-occurring disorders; mandatory periodic 21 reviews, including drug testing if indicated; and the use of appropriate sanctions and other rehabilitation services. 22

23 (3)(a) Any jurisdiction that seeks a state appropriation to fund a 24 mental health court program must first:

(i) Exhaust all federal funding that is available to support the
 operations of its mental health court and associated services; and

(ii) Match, on a dollar-for-dollar basis, state moneys allocated
for mental health court programs with local cash or in-kind resources.
Moneys allocated by the state must be used to supplement, not supplant,
other federal, state, and local funds for mental health court
operations and associated services.

32 (b) Any county that establishes a mental health court pursuant to 33 this section shall establish minimum requirements for the participation

of offenders in the program. The mental health court may adopt local requirements that are more stringent than the minimum. The minimum requirements are:

4 (i) The offender would benefit from psychiatric treatment;

5 (ii) The offender has not previously been convicted of a serious 6 violent offense or sex offense as defined in RCW 9.94A.030; and

7 (iii) Without regard to whether proof of any of these elements is 8 required to convict, the offender is not currently charged with or 9 convicted of an offense:

10 (A) That is a sex offense;

11 (B) That is a serious violent offense;

12 (C) During which the defendant used a firearm; or

(D) During which the defendant caused substantial or great bodilyharm or death to another person.

15 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 602. A new section is added to chapter 2.28 RCW 16 to read as follows:

17 Any county that has established a drug court and a mental health 18 court under this chapter may combine the functions of both courts into 19 a single therapeutic court.

20 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 603. A new section is added to chapter 26.12 21 RCW to read as follows:

(1) Every county that authorizes the tax provided in section 904 of this act shall, and every county may, establish and operate a therapeutic court component for dependency proceedings designed to be effective for the court's size, location, and resources. A county with a drug court for criminal cases or with a mental health court may include a therapeutic court for dependency proceedings as a component of its existing program.

(2) For the purposes of this section, "therapeutic court" means a court that has special calendars or dockets designed for the intense judicial supervision, coordination, and oversight of treatment provided to parents and families who have substance abuse or mental health problems and who are involved in the dependency and is designed to achieve a reduction in:

35 (a) Child abuse and neglect;

36 (b) Out-of-home placement of children;

1 (c) Termination of parental rights; and

2 (d) Substance abuse or mental health symptoms among parents or3 guardians and their children.

4 (3) To the extent possible, the therapeutic court shall provide 5 services for parents and families co-located with the court or as near 6 to the court as practicable.

7 (4) The department of social and health services shall furnish 8 services to the therapeutic court unless a court contracts with 9 providers outside of the department.

10 (5) Any jurisdiction that receives a state appropriation to fund a 11 therapeutic court must first exhaust all federal funding available for 12 the development and operation of the therapeutic court and associated 13 services.

14 (6) Moneys allocated by the state for a therapeutic court must be 15 used to supplement, not supplant, other federal, state, local, and 16 private funding for court operations and associated services under this 17 section.

(7) Any county that establishes a therapeutic court or receivesfunds for an existing court under this section shall:

20 (a) Establish minimum requirements for the participation in the21 program; and

(b) Develop an evaluation component of the court, including tracking the success rates in graduating from treatment, reunifying parents with their children, and the costs and benefits of the court.

25 **Sec. 604.** RCW 2.28.170 and 2002 c 290 s 13 are each amended to 26 read as follows:

27

(1) Counties may establish and operate drug courts.

(2) For the purposes of this section, "drug court" means a court that has special calendars or dockets designed to achieve a reduction in recidivism and substance abuse among nonviolent, substance abusing <u>felony and nonfelony</u> offenders by increasing their likelihood for successful rehabilitation through early, continuous, and intense judicially supervised treatment; mandatory periodic drug testing; and the use of appropriate sanctions and other rehabilitation services.

35 (3)(a) Any jurisdiction that seeks a state appropriation to fund a 36 drug court program must first:

 (i) Exhaust all federal funding ((received from the office of national drug control policy)) that is available to support the operations of its drug court and associated services; and

4 (ii) Match, on a dollar-for-dollar basis, state moneys allocated 5 for drug court programs with local cash or in-kind resources. Moneys 6 allocated by the state must be used to supplement, not supplant, other 7 federal, state, and local funds for drug court operations and 8 associated services.

9 (b) Any county that establishes a drug court pursuant to this 10 section shall establish minimum requirements for the participation of 11 offenders in the program. The drug court may adopt local requirements 12 that are more stringent than the minimum. The minimum requirements 13 are:

14 (i) The offender would benefit from substance abuse treatment;

(ii) The offender has not previously been convicted of a serious
 violent offense or sex offense as defined in RCW 9.94A.030; and

(iii) Without regard to whether proof of any of these elements is required to convict, the offender is not currently charged with or convicted of an offense:

20 (A

(A) That is a sex offense;

21 (B) That is a serious violent offense;

22 (C) During which the defendant used a firearm; or

(D) During which the defendant caused substantial or great bodilyharm or death to another person.

25

Medical Benefits

26 **Sec. 605.** RCW 74.09.010 and 1990 c 296 s 6 are each amended to 27 read as follows:

28

As used in this chapter:

(1) "Children's health program" means the health care services program provided to children under eighteen years of age and in households with incomes at or below the federal poverty level as annually defined by the federal department of health and human services as adjusted for family size, and who are not otherwise eligible for medical assistance or the limited casualty program for the medically needy.

1 (2) (("Committee" means the children's health services committee 2 created in section 3 of this act. (3)) <u>"Community services office" means the county or local office</u> 3 defined in RCW 74.04.005. 4 (3) "Confined" or "confinement" means incarcerated in a 5 correctional institution or admitted to an institution for mental 6 7 diseases. (4) "Correctional institution" means a correctional institution 8 defined in RCW 9.94.049. 9 (5) "County" means the board of county commissioners, county 10 council, county executive, or tribal jurisdiction, or its designee. 11 Α 12 combination of two or more county authorities or tribal jurisdictions 13 may enter into joint agreements to fulfill the requirements of RCW 14 74.09.415 through 74.09.435. (((4))) (6) "Department" means the department of social and health 15 16 services. 17 (((5))) <u>(7)</u> "Department of health" means the Washington state department of health created pursuant to RCW 43.70.020. 18 $\left(\left(\frac{6}{6}\right)\right)$ (8) "Institution for mental diseases" has the meaning 19 defined in 42 C.F.R., part 435, Sec. 1009. 20 21 (9) "Internal management" means the administration of medical 22 assistance, medical care services, the children's health program, and 23 the limited casualty program. 24 ((((7))) <u>(10)</u> "Likely to be eligible" means that a person: (a) Was enrolled in medicaid or supplemental security income or 25 26 general assistance immediately before he or she was confined and his or 27 her enrollment was terminated during his or her confinement; or (b) Was enrolled in medicaid or supplemental security income or 28 general assistance at any time during the five years before his or her 29 confinement, and medical or psychiatric examinations during the 30 person's confinement indicate that the person continues to be disabled 31 and the disability is likely to last at least twelve months following 32 release. 33 34 (11) "Limited casualty program" means the medical care program provided to medically needy persons as defined under Title XIX of the 35 federal social security act, and to medically indigent persons who are 36 37 without income or resources sufficient to secure necessary medical

38 services.

1 (((8))) (12) "Medicaid eligibility category" refers to all existing 2 eligibility categories established in the state medicaid plan, 3 including enrollment in medicaid by virtue of eligibility to receive 4 cash payments under the supplemental security income program of the 5 social security administration.

6 <u>(13)</u> "Medical assistance" means the federal aid medical care 7 program provided to categorically needy persons as defined under Title 8 XIX of the federal social security act.

9 (((9))) <u>(14)</u> "Medical care services" means the limited scope of 10 care financed by state funds and provided to general assistance 11 recipients, and recipients of alcohol and drug addiction services 12 provided under chapter 74.50 RCW.

13 $\left(\left(\frac{10}{10}\right)\right) (15)$ "Nursing home" means nursing home as defined in RCW 14 18.51.010.

15 ((((11))) (16) "Parent" means a parent, guardian, or legal 16 custodian.

17 <u>(17)</u> "Poverty" means the federal poverty level determined annually 18 by the United States department of health and human services, or 19 successor agency.

20 (((12))) (18) "Secretary" means the secretary of social and health
21 services.

22 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 606. A new section is added to chapter 74.09 23 RCW to read as follows:

(1) The economic services administration shall adopt standardized
 statewide screening and application practices and forms. These
 practices and forms shall be implemented in every local office not
 later than January 1, 2006.

(2) The forms shall be structured to facilitate completion by
 persons with disabilities, including those with mental disorders.

30 (3) Neither the department nor any local office may exclude a 31 person from application or screen that person as ineligible for 32 medicaid based solely on a determination that the person is using or 33 addicted to alcohol or other psychoactive substances, as defined in 34 chapter 70.96A RCW.

35 (4) Neither the department nor any local office may remove a 36 confined person from an active medicaid caseload sooner than required 37 by federal law.

(5) Subject to available funds, the department shall provide
 persons with assistance in preparing applications and maintaining
 eligibility for medicaid.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 607. A new section is added to chapter 74.09
RCW to read as follows:

the social 6 The secretary shall negotiate with security 7 administration in good faith to establish a prerelease agreement or agreements under which the department will work collaboratively with 8 9 the social security administration, correctional institutions, institutions for mental diseases, and the department of corrections to 10 11 ensure that applications on behalf of confined persons who are likely 12 to be eligible for supplemental security income or social security disability income are accepted, whenever possible, at the earliest 13 possible date prior to release from confinement and are speedily 14 handled by the social security administration to maximize the 15 16 opportunity for confined persons to have an eligibility determination 17 and enrollment in place on the day of release from confinement.

18 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 608. A new section is added to chapter 74.09
19 RCW to read as follows:

(1) The department and each of its community services offices shall enter interlocal agreements with correctional institutions, the regional support networks, the department of corrections, and institutions for mental diseases to expedite medical assistance eligibility determinations for persons likely to be eligible for services under this chapter, upon release from confinement.

(2) The interlocal agreements shall establish procedures to
 facilitate eligibility determinations, and enrollment on the day of
 release from confinement whenever possible.

(3) The interlocal agreements shall define the responsibilities of
each party, and the procedures through which those responsibilities
will be fulfilled. At a minimum, the agreements shall provide that:

(a) If a person is likely to be eligible, as defined in this
 chapter, the correctional institution, department of corrections, or
 institution for mental diseases shall notify the designated community
 services office of the person's anticipated release date at the
 earliest practicable time prior to release from confinement. If a

correctional institution does not know the anticipated release date, or a person is ordered to be immediately released, the correctional institution shall notify the community services office at the earliest opportunity;

5 (b) The community services office shall find the person 6 presumptively eligible for medical assistance under this chapter, to 7 the maximum extent allowable under federal law, and shall facilitate 8 prompt completion of a final eligibility determination;

9 (c) Where medical or psychiatric examinations during a person's 10 confinement indicate that the person is disabled, the correctional 11 institution, department of corrections, or institution for mental 12 diseases shall provide that information to the department and the 13 department shall, to the maximum extent permitted by federal law, use 14 the examination in making its determination whether the person is 15 disabled and eligible for medical assistance.

16 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 609. A new section is added to chapter 71.24 17 RCW to read as follows:

18 The secretary shall require the regional support networks to 19 develop interlocal agreements pursuant to section 608 of this act. To 20 this end, the regional support networks shall accept referrals for 21 enrollment on behalf of a confined person, prior to the person's 22 release.

23 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 610. A new section is added to chapter 72.09
24 RCW to read as follows:

The secretary shall negotiate with the department of social and health services and the regional support networks to reach an agreement under section 608 of this act.

28 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 611. A new section is added to chapter 71.05
29 RCW to read as follows:

The department shall report to the appropriate committees of the legislature by September 30, 2005, and annually thereafter:

32 (1) The number of agreements developed under sections 607 through33 610 of this act;

34 (2) The number of persons with mental disorders and co-occurring

mental and chemical dependency disorders leaving confinement with
 established or restored medical assistance enrollment;

3 (3) The number of persons enrolled in the regional support networks4 upon release; and

5

б

(4) The number of persons denied eligibility or enrollment.

Regional Jails

7 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 612. (1) The joint legislative audit and review 8 committee shall investigate and assess whether there are existing 9 facilities in the state that could be converted to use as a regional 10 jail for offenders who have mental or chemical dependency disorders, or 11 both, that need specialized housing and treatment arrangements.

(2) The joint legislative audit and review committee shall consider
the feasibility of using at least the following facilities or types of
facilities:

15 (a) Green Hill School;

16 (b) Existing or renovated facilities at the former Northern State 17 Hospital;

18 (c) Closed wards at Western State Hospital;

19 (d) Fircrest School; and

20 (e) Closed or abandoned nursing homes.

(3) The analysis shall include an assessment of when such facilities could be available for use as a regional jail and the potential costs, costs avoided, and benefits of at least the following considerations:

25

(a) Any impact on existing offenders or residents;

26 (b) The conversion of the facilities;

27 (c) Infrastructure tied to the facilities;

(d) Whether the facility is, or can be, sized proportionately tothe available pool of offenders;

30 (e) Changes in criminal justice costs, including transport, access
 31 to legal assistance, and access to courts;

32 (f) Reductions in jail populations; and

33 (g) Changes in treatment costs for these offenders.

(4) The joint legislative audit and review committee shall report
 its findings and recommendations to the appropriate committees of the
 legislature not later than December 15, 2005.

2 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 613.** By January 1, 2006, the department of 3 social and health services shall:

4 (1) Reduce the waiting times for competency evaluation and 5 restoration to the maximum extent possible using funds appropriated for 6 this purpose; and

7 (2) Report to the legislature with an analysis of several alternative strategies for addressing increases in forensic population 8 and minimizing waiting periods for competency evaluation and 9 The report shall discuss, at a minimum, the costs and 10 restoration. advantages of, and barriers to co-locating professional persons in 11 restoration treatment in 12 jails, performing less restrictive alternatives than the state hospitals, and the use of regional jail 13 facilities to accomplish competency evaluation and restoration. 14

15

ESSB 6358 Implementation Issues

16 **Sec. 614.** RCW 71.05.157 and 2004 c 166 s 16 are each amended to 17 read as follows:

(1) When a county designated mental health professional is notified by a jail that a defendant or offender who was subject to a discharge review under RCW 71.05.232 is to be released to the community, the county designated mental health professional shall evaluate the person within seventy-two hours of release.

(2) When an offender is under court-ordered treatment in the community and the supervision of the department of corrections, and the treatment provider becomes aware that the person is in violation of the terms of the court order, the treatment provider shall notify the county designated mental health professional <u>and the department of</u> <u>corrections</u> of the violation and request an evaluation for purposes of revocation of the less restrictive alternative.

30 (3) When a county designated mental health professional becomes 31 aware that an offender who is under court-ordered treatment in the 32 community and the supervision of the department of corrections is in 33 violation of a treatment order or a condition of supervision <u>that</u> 34 <u>relates to public safety</u>, or the county designated mental health

professional detains a person under this chapter, the county designated mental health professional shall notify the person's treatment provider and the department of corrections.

(4) When an offender who is confined in a state correctional 4 facility or is under supervision of the department of corrections in 5 the community is subject to a petition for involuntary treatment under б 7 this chapter, the petitioner shall notify the department of corrections and the department of corrections shall provide documentation of its 8 9 risk assessment or other concerns to the petitioner and the court if 10 the department of corrections classified the offender as a high risk or high needs offender. 11

12 (5) Nothing in this section creates a duty on any treatment 13 provider or county designated mental health professional to provide 14 offender supervision.

15 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 615. A new section is added to chapter 70.96A 16 RCW to read as follows:

17 (1) Treatment providers shall inquire of each person seeking treatment, at intake, whether the person is subject to court ordered 18 mental health or chemical dependency treatment, whether civil or 19 20 criminal, and document the person's response in his or her record. Ιf 21 the person is in treatment on the effective date of this section, and the treatment provider has not inquired whether the person is subject 22 23 to court ordered mental health or chemical dependency treatment, the 24 treatment provider shall inquire on the person's next treatment session and document the person's response in his or her record. 25

26 (2) Treatment providers shall inquire of each person seeking treatment, at intake, whether the person is subject to supervision of 27 any kind by the department of corrections and document the person's 28 response in his or her record. If the person is in treatment on the 29 30 effective date of this section, and the treatment provider has not 31 inquired whether the person is subject to supervision of any kind by the department of corrections, the treatment provider shall inquire on 32 the person's next treatment session and document the person's response 33 in his or her record. 34

35 (3) For all persons who are subject to both court ordered mental 36 health or chemical dependency treatment and supervision by the 37 department of corrections, the treatment provider shall request an

authorization to release records and notify the person that, unless expressly excluded by the court order the law requires treatment providers to share information with the department of corrections and the person's mental health treatment provider.

5 (4) If the treatment provider has reason to believe that a person is subject to supervision by the department of corrections but the 6 7 person's record does not indicate that he or she is, the treatment provider may call any department of corrections office and provide the 8 person's name and birth date. If the person is subject to supervision, 9 the treatment provider shall request, and the department of corrections 10 shall provide, the name and contact information for the person's 11 community corrections officer. 12

PART VII

13 14

BEST PRACTICES AND COLLABORATION

NEW SECTION. Sec. 701. (1) The department of social and health services, in consultation with the members of the team charged with developing the state plan for co-occurring mental and substance abuse disorders, shall adopt, not later than January 1, 2006, an integrated and comprehensive screening and assessment process for chemical dependency and mental disorders and co-occurring chemical dependency and mental disorders.

22

(a) The process adopted shall include, at a minimum:

(i) An initial screening tool that can be used by intake personnel system-wide and which will identify the most common types of cooccurring disorders;

(ii) An assessment process for those cases in which assessment is
 indicated that provides an appropriate degree of assessment for most
 situations, which can be expanded for complex situations;

29 (iii) Identification of triggers in the screening that indicate the 30 need to begin an assessment;

31 (iv) Identification of triggers after or outside the screening that 32 indicate a need to begin or resume an assessment;

33 (v) The components of an assessment process and a protocol for 34 determining whether part or all of the assessment is necessary, and at 35 what point; and

1 (vi) Emphasis that the process adopted under this section is to 2 replace and not to duplicate existing intake, screening, and assessment 3 tools and processes.

4 (b) The department shall consider existing models, including those
5 already adopted by other states, and to the extent possible, adopt an
6 established, proven model.

7 (c) The integrated, comprehensive screening and assessment process 8 shall be implemented statewide by all chemical dependency and mental 9 health treatment providers as well as all county designated mental 10 health professionals, county designated chemical dependency 11 specialists, and county designated crisis responders not later than 12 January 1, 2007.

13 (2) The department shall provide adequate training to effect 14 statewide implementation by the dates designated in this section and 15 shall report the rates of co-occurring disorders and the stage of 16 screening or assessment at which the co-occurring disorder was 17 identified to the caseload forecast council.

18 (3) The department shall establish contractual penalties to 19 contracted treatment providers, the regional support networks, and 20 their contracted providers for failure to implement the integrated 21 screening and assessment process by July 1, 2007.

22 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 702. The department of corrections shall, to 23 the extent that resources are available for this purpose, utilize the 24 integrated, comprehensive screening and assessment process for chemical 25 dependency and mental disorders developed under section 701 of this 26 act.

27 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 703. A new section is added to chapter 71.02 28 RCW to read as follows:

(1) By June 30, 2006, the department shall develop and implement a matrix or set of matrices for providing services based on the following principles:

32 (a) Maximizing evidence-based practices where these practices 33 exist; where no evidence-based practice exists, the use of research-34 based practices, including but not limited to, the adaptation of 35 evidence-based practices to new situations; where no evidence-based or

1 research-based practices exist the use of consensus-based practices; 2 and, to the extent that funds are available, the use of promising 3 practices;

4 (b) Maximizing the person's independence, recovery, and employment
5 by consideration of the person's strengths and supports in the
6 community;

7 (c) Maximizing the person's participation in treatment decisions 8 including, where possible, the person's awareness of, and technical 9 assistance in preparing, mental health advance directives; and

10

(d) Collaboration with consumer-based support programs.

11 (2) The matrix or set of matrices shall include both adults and 12 children and persons with co-occurring mental and substance abuse 13 disorders and shall build on the service intensity quadrant models that 14 have been developed in this state.

(3)(a) The matrix or set of matrices shall be developed in 15 collaboration with experts in evidence-based practices for mental 16 17 disorders, chemical dependency disorders, and co-occurring mental and chemical dependency disorders at the University of Washington, and in 18 consultation with representatives of the regional support networks, 19 community mental health providers, county chemical dependency 20 21 coordinators, chemical dependency providers, consumers, family 22 advocates, and community inpatient providers.

(b) The matrix or set of matrices shall, to the extent possible,
adopt or utilize materials already prepared by the department or by
other states.

(4)(a) The department shall require, by contract with the regional support networks, that providers maximize the use of evidence-based, research-based, and consensus-based practices and document the percentage of clients enrolled in evidence-based, research-based, and consensus-based programs by program type.

(b) The department shall establish a schedule by which regional support networks and providers must adopt the matrix or set of matrices and a schedule of penalties for failure to adopt and implement the matrices. The department may act against the regional support networks or providers or both to enforce the provisions of this section and shall provide the appropriate committees of the legislature with the schedules adopted under this subsection by June 30, 2006.

38

(5) The following definitions apply to this section:

1 (a) "Evidence-based" means a program or practice that has had 2 multiple site random controlled trials across heterogeneous populations 3 demonstrating that the program or practice is effective for the 4 population.

5 (b) "Research-based" means a program or practice that has some 6 research demonstrating effectiveness, but that does not yet meet the 7 standard of evidence-based practices.

8 (c) "Consensus-based" means a program or practice that has general 9 support among treatment providers and experts, based on experience or 10 professional literature, and may have anecdotal or case study support, 11 or that is agreed but not possible to perform studies with random 12 assignment and controlled groups.

13 (d) "Promising practice" means a practice that presents, based on 14 preliminary information, potential for becoming a research-based or 15 consensus-based practice.

16 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 704. A new section is added to chapter 71.02
17 RCW to read as follows:

(1) The department of social and health services shall collaborate 18 with community providers of mental health services, early learning and 19 20 child care providers, child serving agencies, and child-placing 21 agencies to identify and utilize federal, state, and local services and providers for children in out-of-home care and other populations of 22 23 vulnerable children who are in need of an evaluation and treatment for 24 mental health services and do not qualify for medicaid or treatment services through the regional support networks. 25

(2) If no appropriate mental health services are available through
federal, state, or local services and providers for a child described
in subsection (1) of this section, the regional support network must
provide a child, at a minimum, with a mental health evaluation
consistent with chapter 71.24 RCW.

31 (3) The department, in collaboration with the office of the 32 superintendent of public instruction, local providers, local school 33 districts, and the regional support networks, shall identify and review 34 existing programs and services as well as the unmet need for programs 35 and services serving birth to five and school-aged children who exhibit 36 early signs of behavioral or mental health disorders and who are not 37 otherwise eligible for services through the regional support networks.

1 The review of programs and services shall include, but not be limited 2 to, the utilization and effectiveness of early intervention or 3 prevention services and the primary intervention programs.

The department of social and health services shall provide a briefing on the collaboration's findings and recommendations to the appropriate committee of the legislature by December 31, 2005.

7 NEW SECTION. Sec. 705. The Washington state institute for public 8 policy shall assess the long-term and intergenerational costeffectiveness of investing in the treatment of chemical dependency 9 disorders, mental disorders, and co-occurring mental and substance 10 11 abuse disorders. The assessment shall use, to the extent possible, 12 existing governmental data bases and research and determine the net present value of costs avoided or minimized. These costs include, but 13 are not limited to, primary care, jail or prison, competency 14 evaluations and restorations, child protective services interventions, 15 16 dependencies, foster care, emergency service interventions, and 17 prosecutorial, defense, and court costs. If possible, the institute shall indicate whether prevention and early intervention programs 18 19 differ from acute and chronic treatment programs in long-term cost-20 effectiveness.

21

22

PART VIII

REPEALERS AND CROSS-REFERENCE CORRECTIONS

23 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 801. The following acts or parts of acts are 24 each repealed on the effective date of section 107 of this act:

(1) RCW 71.05.060 (Rights of persons complained against) and 1973
1st ex.s. c 142 s 11;

27 (2) RCW 71.05.070 (Prayer treatment) and 1973 1st ex.s. c 142 s 12;
28 (3) RCW 71.05.090 (Choice of physicians) and 1973 2nd ex.s. c 24 s
29 3 & 1973 1st ex.s. c 142 s 14;

30 (4) RCW 71.05.200 (Notice and statement of rights--Probable cause
31 hearing) and 1998 c 297 s 11, 1997 c 112 s 14, 1989 c 120 s 5, 1974
32 ex.s. c 145 s 13, & 1973 1st ex.s. c 142 s 25;

33 (5) RCW 71.05.250 (Probable cause hearing--Detained person's 34 rights--Waiver of privilege--Limitation--Records as evidence) and 1989

c 120 s 7, 1987 c 439 s 6, 1974 ex.s. c 145 s 17, & 1973 1st ex.s. c 1 2 142 s 30; (6) RCW 71.05.450 (Competency--Effect--Statement of Washington law) 3 and 1994 sp.s. c 7 s 440 & 1973 1st ex.s. c 142 s 50; 4 5 (7) RCW 71.05.460 (Right to counsel) and 1997 c 112 s 33 & 1973 1st ex.s. c 142 s 51; 6 7 (8) RCW 71.05.470 (Right to examination) and 1997 c 112 s 34 & 1973 8 1st ex.s. c 142 s 52; 9 (9) RCW 71.05.480 (Petitioning for release--Writ of habeas corpus) and 1974 ex.s. c 145 s 29 & 1973 1st ex.s. c 142 s 53; and 10 (10) RCW 71.05.490 (Rights of persons committed before January 1, 11 1974) and 1997 c 112 s 35 & 1973 1st ex.s. c 142 s 54. 12 NEW SECTION. Sec. 802. The following acts or parts of acts are 13 each repealed on the effective date of section 111 of this act: 14 15 (1) RCW 71.05.155 (Request to mental health professional by law 16 enforcement agency for investigation under RCW 71.05.150--Advisory 17 report of results) and 1997 c 112 s 9 & 1979 ex.s. c 215 s 10; (2) RCW 71.05.395 (Application of uniform health care information 18 act, chapter 70.02 RCW) and 1993 c 448 s 8; 19 (3) RCW 71.05.400 (Release of information to patient's next of kin, 20 21 attorney, guardian, conservator--Notification of patient's death) and 22 1993 c 448 s 7, 1974 ex.s. c 115 s 1, 1973 2nd ex.s. c 24 s 6, & 1973 1st ex.s. c 142 s 45; 23 (4) RCW 71.05.410 (Notice of disappearance of patient) and 1997 c 24 112 s 32, 1973 2nd ex.s. c 24 s 7, & 1973 1st ex.s. c 142 s 46; and 25 26 (5) RCW 71.05.430 (Statistical data) and 1973 1st ex.s. c 142 s 48. **803.** RCW 71.05.610 27 NEW SECTION. Sec. (Treatment records--Definitions) and 1989 c 205 s 11 are each repealed on the effective 28 29 date of sections 104 through 106 of this act. 30 NEW SECTION. Sec. 804. The following acts or parts of acts are 31 each repealed: (1) RCW 71.05.650 (Treatment records--Notation of and access to 32 released data) and 1989 c 205 s 15; and 33 34 (2) RCW 71.05.670 (Treatment records--Violations--Civil action) and 35 1999 c 13 s 10.

1 Sec. 805. RCW 5.60.060 and 2001 c 286 s 2 are each amended to read
2 as follows:

(1) A husband shall not be examined for or against his wife, 3 without the consent of the wife, nor a wife for or against her husband 4 5 without the consent of the husband; nor can either during marriage or afterward, be without the consent of the other, examined as to any 6 7 communication made by one to the other during marriage. But this exception shall not apply to a civil action or proceeding by one 8 against the other, nor to a criminal action or proceeding for a crime 9 10 committed by one against the other, nor to a criminal action or proceeding against a spouse if the marriage occurred subsequent to the 11 12 filing of formal charges against the defendant, nor to a criminal 13 action or proceeding for a crime committed by said husband or wife 14 against any child of whom said husband or wife is the parent or guardian, nor to a proceeding under chapter 70.96A, 70.-- (sections 202 15 through 216 of this act), 70.-- (sections 302 through 374 of this act), 16 17 71.05, or 71.09 RCW: PROVIDED, That the spouse of a person sought to be detained under chapter 70.96A, 70.-- (sections 202 through 216 of 18 this act), 70.-- (sections 302 through 374 of this act), 71.05, or 19 71.09 RCW may not be compelled to testify and shall be so informed by 20 21 the court prior to being called as a witness.

(2)(a) An attorney or counselor shall not, without the consent of his or her client, be examined as to any communication made by the client to him or her, or his or her advice given thereon in the course of professional employment.

(b) A parent or guardian of a minor child arrested on a criminal charge may not be examined as to a communication between the child and his or her attorney if the communication was made in the presence of the parent or guardian. This privilege does not extend to communications made prior to the arrest.

31 (3) A member of the clergy or a priest shall not, without the 32 consent of a person making the confession, be examined as to any 33 confession made to him or her in his or her professional character, in 34 the course of discipline enjoined by the church to which he or she 35 belongs.

36 (4) Subject to the limitations under RCW 70.96A.140 or 37 ((71.05.250)) 71.05.360 (8) and (9), a physician or surgeon or 38 osteopathic physician or surgeon or podiatric physician or surgeon

1 shall not, without the consent of his or her patient, be examined in a 2 civil action as to any information acquired in attending such patient, 3 which was necessary to enable him or her to prescribe or act for the 4 patient, except as follows:

5 (a) In any judicial proceedings regarding a child's injury, 6 neglect, or sexual abuse or the cause thereof; and

7 (b) Ninety days after filing an action for personal injuries or 8 wrongful death, the claimant shall be deemed to waive the physician-9 patient privilege. Waiver of the physician-patient privilege for any 10 one physician or condition constitutes a waiver of the privilege as to 11 all physicians or conditions, subject to such limitations as a court 12 may impose pursuant to court rules.

13 (5) A public officer shall not be examined as a witness as to 14 communications made to him or her in official confidence, when the 15 public interest would suffer by the disclosure.

16 (6)(a) A peer support group counselor shall not, without consent of 17 the law enforcement officer making the communication, be compelled to testify about any communication made to the counselor by the officer 18 while receiving counseling. The counselor must be designated as such 19 by the sheriff, police chief, or chief of the Washington state patrol, 20 prior to the incident that results in counseling. The privilege only 21 22 applies when the communication was made to the counselor while acting 23 in his or her capacity as a peer support group counselor. The privilege does not apply if the counselor was an initial responding 24 25 officer, a witness, or a party to the incident which prompted the delivery of peer support group counseling services to the law 26 27 enforcement officer.

(b) For purposes of this section, "peer support group counselor"means a:

30 (i) Law enforcement officer, or civilian employee of a law 31 enforcement agency, who has received training to provide emotional and 32 moral support and counseling to an officer who needs those services as 33 a result of an incident in which the officer was involved while acting 34 in his or her official capacity; or

(ii) Nonemployee counselor who has been designated by the sheriff, police chief, or chief of the Washington state patrol to provide emotional and moral support and counseling to an officer who needs

those services as a result of an incident in which the officer was
 involved while acting in his or her official capacity.

3 (7) A sexual assault advocate may not, without the consent of the
4 victim, be examined as to any communication made by the victim to the
5 sexual assault advocate.

(a) For purposes of this section, "sexual assault advocate" means 6 7 the employee or volunteer from a rape crisis center, victim assistance unit, program, or association, that provides information, medical or 8 9 legal advocacy, counseling, or support to victims of sexual assault, 10 who is designated by the victim to accompany the victim to the hospital 11 or other health care facility and to proceedings concerning the alleged assault, including police and prosecution interviews and court 12 13 proceedings.

14 (b) A sexual assault advocate may disclose a confidential communication without the consent of the victim if failure to disclose 15 is likely to result in a clear, imminent risk of serious physical 16 17 injury or death of the victim or another person. Any sexual assault advocate participating in good faith in the disclosing of records and 18 19 communications under this section shall have immunity from any liability, civil, criminal, or otherwise, that might result from the 20 In any proceeding, civil or criminal, arising out of a 21 action. 22 disclosure under this section, the good faith of the sexual assault advocate who disclosed the confidential communication shall be 23 24 presumed.

25 **Sec. 806.** RCW 18.83.110 and 1989 c 271 s 303 are each amended to 26 read as follows:

27 Confidential communications between a client and a psychologist 28 shall be privileged against compulsory disclosure to the same extent 29 and subject to the same conditions as confidential communications 30 between attorney and client, but this exception is subject to the 31 limitations under RCW 70.96A.140 and ((71.05.250)) 71.05.360 (8) and 32 (9).

33 Sec. 807. RCW 18.225.105 and 2003 c 204 s 1 are each amended to 34 read as follows:

A person licensed under this chapter shall not disclose the written acknowledgment of the disclosure statement pursuant to RCW 18.225.100,

nor any information acquired from persons consulting the individual in a professional capacity when the information was necessary to enable the individual to render professional services to those persons except: (1) With the written authorization of that person or, in the case of death or disability, the person's personal representative;

6 (2) If the person waives the privilege by bringing charges against
7 the person licensed under this chapter;

8 (3) In response to a subpoena from the secretary. The secretary 9 may subpoena only records related to a complaint or report under RCW 10 18.130.050;

11 (4) As required under chapter 26.44 or 74.34 RCW or RCW 12 ((71.05.250)) <u>71.05.360 (8) and (9)</u>; or

13 (5) To any individual if the person licensed under this chapter 14 reasonably believes that disclosure will avoid or minimize an imminent 15 danger to the health or safety of the individual or any other 16 individual; however, there is no obligation on the part of the provider 17 to so disclose.

18 Sec. 808. RCW 71.05.235 and 2000 c 74 s 6 are each amended to read 19 as follows:

20 (1) If an individual is referred to a county designated mental 21 health professional under RCW 10.77.090(1)(d)(iii)(A), the county designated mental health professional shall examine the individual 22 23 within forty-eight hours. If the county designated mental health 24 professional determines it is not appropriate to detain the individual or petition for a ninety-day less restrictive alternative under RCW 25 26 71.05.230(4), that decision shall be immediately presented to the 27 superior court for hearing. The court shall hold a hearing to consider the decision of the county designated mental health professional not 28 later than the next judicial day. At the hearing the superior court 29 shall review the determination of the county designated mental health 30 31 professional and determine whether an order should be entered requiring the person to be evaluated at an evaluation and treatment facility. No 32 33 person referred to an evaluation and treatment facility may be held at the facility longer than seventy-two hours. 34

35 (2) If an individual is placed in an evaluation and treatment 36 facility under RCW 10.77.090(1)(d)(iii)(B), a professional person shall 37 evaluate the individual for purposes of determining whether to file a

ninety-day inpatient or outpatient petition under chapter 71.05 RCW. 1 2 Before expiration of the seventy-two hour evaluation period authorized under RCW 10.77.090(1)(d)(iii)(B), the professional person shall file 3 a petition or, if the recommendation of the professional person is to 4 release the individual, present his or her recommendation to the 5 superior court of the county in which the criminal charge was 6 7 dismissed. The superior court shall review the recommendation not later than forty-eight hours, excluding Saturdays, Sundays, and 8 holidays, after the recommendation is presented. If the court rejects 9 10 the recommendation to unconditionally release the individual, the court may order the individual detained at a designated evaluation and 11 12 treatment facility for not more than a seventy-two hour evaluation and 13 treatment period and direct the individual to appear at a surety hearing before that court within seventy-two hours, or the court may 14 release the individual but direct the individual to appear at a surety 15 hearing set before that court within eleven days, at which time the 16 17 prosecutor may file a petition under this chapter for ninety-day inpatient or outpatient treatment. If a petition is filed by the 18 prosecutor, the court may order that the person named in the petition 19 be detained at the evaluation and treatment facility that performed the 20 21 evaluation under this subsection or order the respondent to be in 22 outpatient treatment. If a petition is filed but the individual fails to appear in court for the surety hearing, the court shall order that 23 24 a mental health professional or peace officer shall take such person or 25 cause such person to be taken into custody and placed in an evaluation and treatment facility to be brought before the court the next judicial 26 27 day after detention. Upon the individual's first appearance in court after a petition has been filed, proceedings under RCW 71.05.310 and 28 71.05.320 shall commence. For an individual subject to this 29 subsection, the prosecutor or professional person may directly file a 30 31 petition for ninety-day inpatient or outpatient treatment and no 32 petition for initial detention or fourteen-day detention is required before such a petition may be filed. 33

The court shall conduct the hearing on the petition filed under this subsection within five judicial days of the date the petition is filed. The court may continue the hearing upon the written request of the person named in the petition or the person's attorney, for good cause shown, which continuance shall not exceed five additional

judicial days. If the person named in the petition requests a jury 1 2 trial, the trial shall commence within ten judicial days of the date of the filing of the petition. The burden of proof shall be by clear, 3 cogent, and convincing evidence and shall be upon the petitioner. The 4 5 person shall be present at such proceeding, which shall in all respects accord with the constitutional guarantees of due process of law and the 6 7 rules of evidence pursuant to RCW $((\frac{71.05.250}{}))$ 71.05.360 (8) and (9). During the proceeding the person named in the petition shall 8 9 continue to be detained and treated until released by order of the court. If no order has been made within thirty days after the filing 10

11 of the petition, not including any extensions of time requested by the 12 detained person or his or her attorney, the detained person shall be 13 released.

14 (3) If a county designated mental health professional or the 15 professional person and prosecuting attorney for the county in which 16 the criminal charge was dismissed or attorney general, as appropriate, 17 stipulate that the individual does not present a likelihood of serious 18 harm or is not gravely disabled, the hearing under this section is not 19 required and the individual, if in custody, shall be released.

20 (4) The individual shall have the rights specified in RCW 21 ((71.05.250)) 71.05.360 (8) and (9).

22 **Sec. 809.** RCW 71.05.310 and 1987 c 439 s 9 are each amended to 23 read as follows:

24 The court shall conduct a hearing on the petition for ninety day treatment within five judicial days of the first court appearance after 25 26 the probable cause hearing. The court may continue the hearing upon 27 the written request of the person named in the petition or the person's attorney, for good cause shown, which continuance shall not exceed five 28 additional judicial days. If the person named in the petition requests 29 30 a jury trial, the trial shall commence within ten judicial days of the 31 first court appearance after the probable cause hearing. The burden of proof shall be by clear, cogent, and convincing evidence and shall be 32 upon the petitioner. The person shall be present at such proceeding, 33 which shall in all respects accord with the constitutional guarantees 34 of due process of law and the rules of evidence pursuant to RCW 35 36 ((71.05.250)) 71.05.360 (8) and (9).

During the proceeding, the person named in the petition shall continue to be treated until released by order of the superior court. If no order has been made within thirty days after the filing of the petition, not including extensions of time requested by the detained person or his or her attorney, the detained person shall be released.

6 **Sec. 810.** RCW 71.05.425 and 2000 c 94 s 10 are each amended to 7 read as follows:

(1)(a) Except as provided in subsection (2) of this section, at the 8 9 earliest possible date, and in no event later than thirty days before conditional release, final release, authorized leave under RCW 10 11 71.05.325(2), or transfer to a facility other than a state mental hospital, the superintendent shall send written notice of conditional 12 release, release, authorized leave, or transfer of a person committed 13 under RCW 71.05.280(3) or 71.05.320(2)(c) following dismissal of a sex, 14 15 violent, or felony harassment offense pursuant to RCW 10.77.090(4) to 16 the following:

17 (i) The chief of police of the city, if any, in which the person 18 will reside; and

19 (ii) The sheriff of the county in which the person will reside.

(b) The same notice as required by (a) of this subsection shall be sent to the following, if such notice has been requested in writing about a specific person committed under RCW 71.05.280(3) or 71.05.320(2)(c) following dismissal of a sex, violent, or felony harassment offense pursuant to RCW 10.77.090(4):

(i) The victim of the sex, violent, or felony harassment offense that was dismissed pursuant to RCW 10.77.090(4) preceding commitment under RCW 71.05.280(3) or 71.05.320(2)(c) or the victim's next of kin if the crime was a homicide;

29 (ii) Any witnesses who testified against the person in any court 30 proceedings; and

(iii) Any person specified in writing by the prosecuting attorney. Information regarding victims, next of kin, or witnesses requesting the notice, information regarding any other person specified in writing by the prosecuting attorney to receive the notice, and the notice are confidential and shall not be available to the person committed under this chapter.

(c) The thirty-day notice requirements contained in this subsection
 shall not apply to emergency medical transfers.

3 (d) The existence of the notice requirements in this subsection 4 will not require any extension of the release date in the event the 5 release plan changes after notification.

(2) If a person committed under RCW 71.05.280(3) or 71.05.320(2)(c) 6 following dismissal of a sex, violent, or felony harassment offense 7 pursuant to RCW 10.77.090(4) escapes, the superintendent shall 8 9 immediately notify, by the most reasonable and expedient means available, the chief of police of the city and the sheriff of the 10 county in which the person resided immediately before the person's 11 12 arrest. If previously requested, the superintendent shall also notify 13 the witnesses and the victim of the sex, violent, or felony harassment 14 offense that was dismissed pursuant to RCW 10.77.090(4) preceding commitment under RCW 71.05.280(3) or 71.05.320(2) or the victim's next 15 of kin if the crime was a homicide. In addition, the secretary shall 16 17 also notify appropriate parties pursuant to RCW ((71.05.410)) 71.05.390(18). If the person is recaptured, the superintendent shall 18 send notice to the persons designated in this subsection as soon as 19 possible but in no event later than two working days after the 20 21 department learns of such recapture.

(3) If the victim, the victim's next of kin, or any witness is
under the age of sixteen, the notice required by this section shall be
sent to the parent or legal guardian of the child.

(4) The superintendent shall send the notices required by this chapter to the last address provided to the department by the requesting party. The requesting party shall furnish the department with a current address.

29 (5) For purposes of this section the following terms have the 30 following meanings:

31 (a) "Violent offense" means a violent offense under RCW 9.94A.030;

32

(b) "Sex offense" means a sex offense under RCW 9.94A.030;

33 (c) "Next of kin" means a person's spouse, parents, siblings, and 34 children;

35 (d) "Felony harassment offense" means a crime of harassment as 36 defined in RCW 9A.46.060 that is a felony.

1 sec. 811. RCW 71.05.445 and 2004 c 166 s 4 are each amended to
2 read as follows:

3 (1) The definitions in this subsection apply throughout this4 section unless the context clearly requires otherwise.

5 (a) "Information related to mental health services" means all 6 information and records compiled, obtained, or maintained in the course 7 of providing services to either voluntary or involuntary recipients of 8 services by a mental health service provider. This may include 9 documents of legal proceedings under this chapter or chapter 71.34 or 10 10.77 RCW, or somatic health care information.

(b) "Mental health service provider" means a public or private 11 12 agency that provides services to persons with mental disorders as 13 defined under RCW 71.05.020 and receives funding from public sources. 14 This includes evaluation and treatment facilities as defined in RCW 71.05.020, community mental health service delivery systems, 15 or 16 community mental health programs as defined in RCW 71.24.025, and 17 facilities conducting competency evaluations and restoration under chapter 10.77 RCW. 18

(2)(a) Information related to mental health services delivered to 19 a person subject to chapter 9.94A or 9.95 RCW shall be released, upon 20 21 request, by a mental health service provider to department of 22 corrections personnel for whom the information is necessary to carry out the responsibilities of their office. The information must be 23 24 provided only for the purposes of completing presentence investigations 25 or risk assessment reports, supervision of an incarcerated offender or offender under supervision in the community, planning for and provision 26 27 of supervision of an offender, or assessment of an offender's risk to the community. The request shall be in writing and shall not require 28 the consent of the subject of the records. 29

(b) If an offender subject to chapter 9.94A or 9.95 RCW has failed 30 31 to report for department of corrections supervision or in the event of 32 an emergent situation that poses a significant risk to the public or the offender, information related to mental health services delivered 33 to the offender and, if known, information regarding where the offender 34 is likely to be found shall be released by the mental health services 35 provider to the department of corrections upon request. 36 The initial 37 request may be written or oral. All oral requests must be subsequently 38 confirmed in writing. Information released in response to an oral

request is limited to a statement as to whether the offender is or is 1 2 not being treated by the mental health services provider and the address or information about the location or whereabouts of the 3 offender. Information released in response to a written request may 4 include information identified by rule as provided in subsections (4) 5 and (5) of this section. For purposes of this subsection a written 6 7 request includes requests made by e-mail or facsimile so long as the requesting person at the department of corrections is clearly 8 identified. The request must specify the information being requested. 9 10 Disclosure of the information requested does not require the consent of the subject of the records unless the offender has received relief from 11 12 disclosure under RCW 9.94A.562, 70.96A.155, or 71.05.132.

(3)(a) When a mental health service provider conducts its initial assessment for a person receiving court-ordered treatment, the service provider shall inquire and shall be told by the offender whether he or she is subject to supervision by the department of corrections.

17 (b) When a person receiving court-ordered treatment or treatment ordered by the department of corrections discloses to his or her mental 18 health service provider that he or she is subject to supervision by the 19 department of corrections, the mental health services provider shall 20 21 notify the department of corrections that he or she is treating the 22 offender and shall notify the offender that his or her community corrections officer will be notified of the treatment, provided that if 23 24 the offender has received relief from disclosure pursuant to RCW 9.94A.562, 70.96A.155, or 71.05.132 and the offender has provided the 25 26 mental health services provider with a copy of the order granting 27 relief from disclosure pursuant to RCW 9.94A.562, 70.96A.155, or 71.05.132, the mental health services provider is not required to 28 notify the department of corrections that the mental health services 29 provider is treating the offender. The notification may be written or 30 oral and shall not require the consent of the offender. If an oral 31 notification is made, it must be confirmed by a written notification. 32 For purposes of this section, a written notification includes 33 notification by e-mail or facsimile, so long as the notifying mental 34 35 health service provider is clearly identified.

36 (4) The information to be released to the department of corrections37 shall include all relevant records and reports, as defined by rule,

necessary for the department of corrections to carry out its duties,
 including those records and reports identified in subsection (2) of
 this section.

4 (5) The department and the department of corrections, in 5 consultation with regional support networks, mental health service 6 providers as defined in subsection (1) of this section, mental health 7 consumers, and advocates for persons with mental illness, shall adopt 8 rules to implement the provisions of this section related to the type 9 and scope of information to be released. These rules shall:

10 (a) Enhance and facilitate the ability of the department of 11 corrections to carry out its responsibility of planning and ensuring 12 community protection with respect to persons subject to sentencing 13 under chapter 9.94A or 9.95 RCW, including accessing and releasing or 14 disclosing information of persons who received mental health services 15 as a minor; and

(b) Establish requirements for the notification of persons under the supervision of the department of corrections regarding the provisions of this section.

19 (6) The information received by the department of corrections under 20 this section shall remain confidential and subject to the limitations 21 on disclosure outlined in chapter 71.05 RCW, except as provided in RCW 22 72.09.585.

(7) No mental health service provider or individual employed by a mental health service provider shall be held responsible for information released to or used by the department of corrections under the provisions of this section or rules adopted under this section except under RCW ((71.05.670 and)) 71.05.440.

(8) Whenever federal law or federal regulations restrict the release of information contained in the treatment records of any patient who receives treatment for alcoholism or drug dependency, the release of the information may be restricted as necessary to comply with federal law and regulations.

33 (9) This section does not modify the terms and conditions of 34 disclosure of information related to sexually transmitted diseases 35 under chapter 70.24 RCW.

(10) The department shall, subject to available resources,
electronically, or by the most cost-effective means available, provide
the department of corrections with the names, last dates of services,

and addresses of specific regional support networks and mental health service providers that delivered mental health services to a person subject to chapter 9.94A or 9.95 RCW pursuant to an agreement between the departments.

5 **Sec. 812.** RCW 71.05.640 and 2000 c 94 s 11 are each amended to 6 read as follows:

7 (1) Procedures shall be established by resource management services 8 to provide reasonable and timely access to individual treatment 9 records. However, access may not be denied at any time to records of 10 all medications and somatic treatments received by the individual.

11 (2) Following discharge, the individual shall have a right to a 12 complete record of all medications and somatic treatments prescribed 13 during evaluation, admission, or commitment and to a copy of the 14 discharge summary prepared at the time of his or her discharge. A 15 reasonable and uniform charge for reproduction may be assessed.

16 (3) Treatment records may be modified prior to inspection to 17 protect the confidentiality of other patients or the names of any other 18 persons referred to in the record who gave information on the condition 19 that his or her identity remain confidential. Entire documents may not 20 be withheld to protect such confidentiality.

(4) At the time of discharge all individuals shall be informed by resource management services of their rights as provided in RCW ((71.05.610)) 71.05.620 through 71.05.690.

24 **Sec. 813.** RCW 71.05.680 and 1999 c 13 s 11 are each amended to 25 read as follows:

Any person who requests or obtains confidential information pursuant to RCW ((71.05.610)) 71.05.620 through 71.05.690 under false pretenses shall be guilty of a gross misdemeanor.

29 **Sec. 814.** RCW 71.05.690 and 1999 c 13 s 12 are each amended to 30 read as follows:

31 The department shall adopt rules to implement RCW ((71.05.610))
32 71.05.620 through 71.05.680.

33 Sec. 815. RCW 71.24.035 and 2001 c 334 s 7 and 2001 c 323 s 10 are 34 each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

1 (1) The department is designated as the state mental health 2 authority.

3 (2) The secretary shall provide for public, client, and licensed 4 service provider participation in developing the state mental health 5 program, developing contracts with regional support networks, and any 6 waiver request to the federal government under medicaid.

7 (3) The secretary shall provide for participation in developing the 8 state mental health program for children and other underserved 9 populations, by including representatives on any committee established 10 to provide oversight to the state mental health program.

(4) The secretary shall be designated as the county authority if a county fails to meet state minimum standards or refuses to exercise responsibilities under RCW 71.24.045.

14 (5) The secretary shall:

(a) Develop a biennial state mental health program that
incorporates county biennial needs assessments and county mental health
service plans and state services for mentally ill adults and children.
The secretary may also develop a six-year state mental health plan;

(b) Assure that any regional or county community mental health program provides access to treatment for the county's residents in the following order of priority: (i) The acutely mentally ill; (ii) chronically mentally ill adults and severely emotionally disturbed children; and (iii) the seriously disturbed. Such programs shall provide:

25 (A) Outpatient services;

26

(B) Emergency care services for twenty-four hours per day;

(C) Day treatment for mentally ill persons which includes training in basic living and social skills, supported work, vocational rehabilitation, and day activities. Such services may include therapeutic treatment. In the case of a child, day treatment includes age-appropriate basic living and social skills, educational and prevocational services, day activities, and therapeutic treatment;

(D) Screening for patients being considered for admission to state mental health facilities to determine the appropriateness of admission; (E) Employment services, which may include supported employment, transitional work, placement in competitive employment, and other workrelated services, that result in mentally ill persons becoming engaged in meaningful and gainful full or part-time work. Other sources of

1 funding such as the division of vocational rehabilitation may be 2 utilized by the secretary to maximize federal funding and provide for 3 integration of services;

4

5

(F) Consultation and education services; and

(G) Community support services;

6 (c) Develop and adopt rules establishing state minimum standards
7 for the delivery of mental health services pursuant to RCW 71.24.037
8 including, but not limited to:

9 (i) Licensed service providers. The secretary shall provide for 10 deeming of compliance with state minimum standards for those entities 11 accredited by recognized behavioral health accrediting bodies 12 recognized and having a current agreement with the department;

13

(ii) Regional support networks; and

14 (iii) Inpatient services, evaluation and treatment services and 15 facilities under chapter 71.05 RCW, resource management services, and 16 community support services;

17 (d) Assure that the special needs of minorities, the elderly, 18 disabled, children, and low-income persons are met within the 19 priorities established in this section;

(e) Establish a standard contract or contracts, consistent with state minimum standards, which shall be used in contracting with regional support networks or counties. The standard contract shall include a maximum fund balance, which shall not exceed ten percent;

(f) Establish, to the extent possible, a standardized auditing procedure which minimizes paperwork requirements of county authorities and licensed service providers. The audit procedure shall focus on the outcomes of service and not the processes for accomplishing them;

(g) Develop and maintain an information system to be used by the 28 state, counties, and regional support networks that includes a tracking 29 method which allows the department and regional support networks to 30 identify mental health clients' participation in any mental health 31 32 service or public program on an immediate basis. The information system shall not include individual patient's case history files. 33 Confidentiality of client information and records shall be maintained 34 as provided in this chapter and in RCW 71.05.390, ((71.05.400, 35 71.05.410,)) 71.05.420, ((71.05.430,)) and 71.05.440. The design of 36 37 the system and the data elements to be collected shall be reviewed by the work group appointed by the secretary under section 5(1) of this 38

1 act and representing the department, regional support networks, service 2 providers, consumers, and advocates. The data elements shall be 3 designed to provide information that is needed to measure performance 4 and achieve the service outcomes ((identified in section 5 of this 5 act));

б

(h) License service providers who meet state minimum standards;

7 (i) Certify regional support networks that meet state minimum
8 standards;

9 (j) Periodically monitor the compliance of certified regional 10 support networks and their network of licensed service providers for 11 compliance with the contract between the department, the regional 12 support network, and federal and state rules at reasonable times and in 13 a reasonable manner;

14 (k) Fix fees to be paid by evaluation and treatment centers to the 15 secretary for the required inspections;

16 (1) Monitor and audit counties, regional support networks, and 17 licensed service providers as needed to assure compliance with 18 contractual agreements authorized by this chapter; and

(m) Adopt such rules as are necessary to implement the department'sresponsibilities under this chapter.

(6) The secretary shall use available resources only for regionalsupport networks.

(7) Each certified regional support network and licensed service 23 24 provider shall file with the secretary, on request, such data, 25 statistics, schedules, and information as the secretary reasonably requires. A certified regional support network or licensed service 26 27 provider which, without good cause, fails to furnish any data, statistics, schedules, or information as requested, or files fraudulent 28 reports thereof, may have its certification or license revoked or 29 30 suspended.

(8) The secretary may suspend, revoke, limit, or restrict a certification or license, or refuse to grant a certification or license for failure to conform to: (a) The law; (b) applicable rules and regulations; (c) applicable standards; or (d) state minimum standards.

(9) The superior court may restrain any regional support network or service provider from operating without certification or a license or any other violation of this section. The court may also review, pursuant to procedures contained in chapter 34.05 RCW, any denial,

1 suspension, limitation, restriction, or revocation of certification or 2 license, and grant other relief required to enforce the provisions of 3 this chapter.

4 (10) Upon petition by the secretary, and after hearing held upon 5 reasonable notice to the facility, the superior court may issue a 6 warrant to an officer or employee of the secretary authorizing him or 7 her to enter at reasonable times, and examine the records, books, and 8 accounts of any regional support network or service provider refusing 9 to consent to inspection or examination by the authority.

10 (11) Notwithstanding the existence or pursuit of any other remedy, 11 the secretary may file an action for an injunction or other process 12 against any person or governmental unit to restrain or prevent the 13 establishment, conduct, or operation of a regional support network or 14 service provider without certification or a license under this chapter.

(12) The standards for certification of evaluation and treatment facilities shall include standards relating to maintenance of good physical and mental health and other services to be afforded persons pursuant to this chapter and chapters 71.05 and 71.34 RCW, and shall otherwise assure the effectuation of the purposes of these chapters.

(13)(a) The department, in consultation with affected parties, 20 21 shall establish a distribution formula that reflects county needs 22 assessments based on the number of persons who are acutely mentally ill, chronically mentally ill, severely emotionally disturbed children, 23 24 and seriously disturbed. The formula shall take into consideration the impact on counties of demographic factors in counties which result in 25 concentrations of priority populations as set forth in subsection 26 27 (5)(b) of this section. These factors shall include the population concentrations resulting from commitments under chapters 71.05 and 28 71.34 RCW to state psychiatric hospitals, as well as concentration in 29 urban areas, at border crossings at state boundaries, and other 30 significant demographic and workload factors. 31

32 (b) The formula shall also include a projection of the funding 33 allocations that will result for each county, which specifies 34 allocations according to priority populations, including the allocation 35 for services to children and other underserved populations.

36 (c) After July 1, 2003, the department may allocate up to two 37 percent of total funds to be distributed to the regional support 38 networks for incentive payments to reward the achievement of superior

1 outcomes, or significantly improved outcomes, as measured by a 2 statewide performance measurement system consistent with the framework 3 recommended in the joint legislative audit and review committee's 4 performance audit of the mental health system. The department shall 5 annually report to the legislature on its criteria and allocation of 6 the incentives provided under this subsection.

7 (14) The secretary shall assume all duties assigned to the 8 nonparticipating counties under chapters 71.05, 71.34, and 71.24 RCW. 9 Such responsibilities shall include those which would have been 10 assigned to the nonparticipating counties under regional support 11 networks.

The regional support networks, or the secretary's assumption of all responsibilities under chapters 71.05, 71.34, and 71.24 RCW, shall be included in all state and federal plans affecting the state mental health program including at least those required by this chapter, the medicaid program, and P.L. 99-660. Nothing in these plans shall be inconsistent with the intent and requirements of this chapter.

18

(15) The secretary shall:

(a) Disburse funds for the regional support networks within sixty
days of approval of the biennial contract. The department must either
approve or reject the biennial contract within sixty days of receipt.

(b) Enter into biennial contracts with regional support networks. The contracts shall be consistent with available resources. No contract shall be approved that does not include progress toward meeting the goals of this chapter by taking responsibility for: (i) Short-term commitments; (ii) residential care; and (iii) emergency response systems.

(c) Allocate one hundred percent of available resources to the regional support networks in accordance with subsection (13) of this section. Incentive payments authorized under subsection (13) of this section may be allocated separately from other available resources.

32 (d) Notify regional support networks of their allocation of 33 available resources at least sixty days prior to the start of a new 34 biennial contract period.

35 (e) Deny funding allocations to regional support networks based 36 solely upon formal findings of noncompliance with the terms of the 37 regional support network's contract with the department. Written

notice and at least thirty days for corrective action must precede any
 such action. In such cases, regional support networks shall have full
 rights to appeal under chapter 34.05 RCW.

4 (16) The department, in cooperation with the state congressional
5 delegation, shall actively seek waivers of federal requirements and
6 such modifications of federal regulations as are necessary to allow
7 federal medicaid reimbursement for services provided by free-standing
8 evaluation and treatment facilities certified under chapter 71.05 RCW.
9 The department shall periodically report its efforts to the appropriate
10 committees of the senate and the house of representatives.

11

12

PART IX MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

13 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 901. RCW 71.05.035 is recodified as a new 14 section in chapter 71A.12 RCW.

15 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 902. A new section is added to chapter 43.20A
16 RCW to read as follows:

Beginning July 1, 2007, the secretary shall require, in the 17 contracts the department negotiates pursuant to chapters 71.24 and 18 19 70.96A RCW, that any vendor rate increases provided for mental health 20 and chemical dependency treatment providers or programs who are parties to the contract or subcontractors of any party to the contract shall be 21 prioritized to those providers and programs that maximize the use of 22 evidence-based and research-based practices, as those terms are defined 23 24 in section 703 of this act, unless otherwise designated by the 25 legislature.

26 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 903. If any provision of this act or its 27 application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the 28 remainder of the act or the application of the provision to other 29 persons or circumstances is not affected.

30 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 904. A new section is added to chapter 82.14
31 RCW to read as follows:

32 (1) A county legislative authority may authorize, fix, and impose33 a sales and use tax in accordance with the terms of this chapter.

(2) The tax authorized in this section shall be in addition to any 1 2 other taxes authorized by law and shall be collected from those persons who are taxable by the state under chapters 82.08 and 82.12 RCW upon 3 the occurrence of any taxable event within the county. The rate of tax 4 5 shall equal one-tenth of one percent of the selling price in the case of a sales tax, or value of the article used, in the case of a use tax. 6 7 (3) Moneys collected under this section shall be used solely for the purpose of providing new or expanded chemical dependency or mental 8 9 health treatment services and for the operation of new or expanded 10 therapeutic court programs. Moneys collected under this section shall not be used to supplant existing funding for these purposes. 11

12 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 905. This act shall be so applied and construed 13 as to effectuate its general purpose to make uniform the law with 14 respect to the subject of this act among those states which enact it.

15 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 906. Captions and part headings used in this 16 act are not part of the law.

17 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 907.** (1) If specific funding for the purposes 18 of sections 203, 217, 220, 221, 401, 406, 612, 701, and 705 of this 19 act, referencing the section by section number and by bill or chapter 20 number, is not provided by June 30, 2005, each section not referenced 21 is null and void.

(2) If specific funding for the purposes of sections 302 through
374 of this act, referencing these sections by section numbers and by
bill or chapter number, or by RCW citation, is not provided by June 30,
2009, sections 302 through 374 of this act are null and void.

26 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 908. The code reviser shall alphabetize and 27 renumber the definitions, and correct any internal references affected 28 by this act.

29 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 909. The code reviser shall, not later than 30 January 1, 2009, report to the appropriate policy committees of the 31 legislature which sections, or portions thereof, should be repealed on 32 the effective date of sections 302 through 374 of this act. The report 33 shall include draft legislation.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 910. (1) The secretary of the department of
 social and health services may adopt rules as necessary to implement
 the provisions of this act.

4 (2) The secretary of corrections may adopt rules as necessary to 5 implement the provisions of this act.

6 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 911. (1) Except for sections 302 through 374 7 and 603 of this act, this act is necessary for the immediate 8 preservation of the public peace, health, or safety, or support of the 9 state government and its existing public institutions, and takes effect 10 July 1, 2005.

11

(2) Section 603 of this act takes effect July 1, 2006.

12 (3) Sections 302 through 374 of this act take effect July 1, 2009."

2SSB 5763 - S AMD 182

By Senators Hargrove, Stevens

ADOPTED 03/10/2005

13 On page 1, line 2 of the title, after "2005;" strike the remainder 14 of the title and insert "amending RCW 71.05.020, 71.24.025, 10.77.010, 15 71.05.360, 71.05.215, 71.05.370, 71.05.420, 71.05.620, 71.05.630, 71.05.640, 71.05.660, 71.05.550, 2.28.170, 74.09.010, 71.05.157, 16 17 5.60.060, 18.83.110, 18.225.105, 71.05.235, 71.05.310, 71.05.425, 71.05.445, 71.05.640, 71.05.680, and 71.05.690; reenacting and amending 18 RCW 71.05.390 and 71.24.035; adding new sections to chapter 71.05 RCW; 19 adding new sections to chapter 70.96A RCW; adding a new section to 20 21 chapter 13.34 RCW; adding new sections to chapter 2.28 RCW; adding a 22 new section to chapter 26.12 RCW; adding new sections to chapter 74.09 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 71.24 RCW; adding a new section to 23 24 chapter 72.09 RCW; adding new sections to chapter 71.02 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 71A.12 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 25 43.20A RCW; adding a new section to chapter 82.14 RCW; adding new 26 27 chapters to Title 70 RCW; creating new sections; recodifying RCW 28 71.05.370 and 71.05.035; repealing RCW 71.05.060, 71.05.070, 71.05.090, 29 71.05.200, 71.05.250, 71.05.450, 71.05.460, 71.05.470, 71.05.480,

1 71.05.490, 71.05.155, 71.05.395, 71.05.400, 71.05.410, 71.05.430,

2 71.05.610, 71.05.650, and 71.05.670; prescribing penalties; providing

3 effective dates; providing expiration dates; and declaring an

4 emergency."

<u>EFFECT</u>: The striking amendment makes 3 changes:

1. It amends the involuntary medication language to reflect ongoing work with the hospitals and DSHS;

2. It requires the integrated screening and assessment be developed in consultation with the team charged with developing the state plan for co-occurring disorders; and

3. Starting in 2007, vendor rate increases for mental health and chemical dependency providers be prioritized to those who have maximized the use of best practices.

--- END ---