Washington State House of Representatives Office of Program Research

BILL ANALYSIS

Criminal Justice & Corrections Committee

HB 2408

Brief Description: Modifying the statute of limitations toll for felony sex offenses.

Sponsors: Representatives O'Brien, Rodne, Ericks, Lovick and Anderson.

Brief Summary of Bill

• Changes to the date upon which the statute of limitations for a sex offense begins to run to the date when the crime was committed or one year after the date upon which the identity of the suspect is conclusively established through DNA testing, whichever is later.

Hearing Date: 1/13/06

Staff: Jim Morishima (786-7191).

Background:

In the criminal law, "statute of limitations" refers to the maximum period of time during which a criminal prosecution may be brought. For a few crimes, like murder, the statue of limitations is indefinite; i.e., a prosecution may be brought at any time following the commission of the crime. However, most crimes have a finite statute of limitations that begins to run from the date of the crimes' commission.

The statute of limitations for sex offenses varies depending on the offense involved. For example, the statute of limitations for child molestation in the third degree, rape in the third degree, and patronizing a juvenile prostitute is three years. The statute of limitations for rape in the first and second degrees is generally 10 years, but can be extended under certain circumstances if the victim is under the age of 14.

Summary of Bill:

The statute of limitations on a sex offense begins to run on the date when the crime was committed or one year after the date upon which the identity of the suspect is conclusively established through DNA testing, whichever is later.

Appropriation: None.

Fiscal Note: Available.

Effective Date: The bill contains an emergency clause and takes effect immediately.