FINAL BILL REPORT HB 2829

C 219 L 06

Synopsis as Enacted

Brief Description: Modifying provisions concerning the regulation of driver training schools.

Sponsors: By Representatives Wallace, Curtis, Haigh, Springer, Morrell, Hunt, Takko, Schual-Berke, Murray and Moeller; by request of Department of Licensing.

House Committee on Transportation Senate Committee on Transportation

Background:

From 1979 until 2002, the Department of Licensing (DOL) was responsible for completing yearly inspections of driver training schools, vehicles, and student records. The Office of the Superintendent of Public Instruction (OSPI) was responsible for teacher qualifications and training, curriculum development, and insuring that schools and instructors were following the curriculum requirements.

With legislation enacted in 2002, the DOL became the sole agency responsible for overseeing the driver training school program. Driver training schools must meet standards set by the DOL, and driver training schools must be annually approved by the DOL. The OSPI continues to set the curriculum in schools, while the Driver Instructors Advisory Committee recommends the curriculum for the driver training schools. The Advisory Committee also updates the instructor certification standards, taking into consideration the standards set by the OSPI.

When the 2002 legislation was passed, there were approximately 119 schools and 407 instructors. As of June 2005, there were 214 schools, and almost 800 instructor applications had been processed by the DOL.

Summary:

The licensing of driver training schools and instructors is under the authority of the Uniform Regulation of Business and Professions Act, giving the DOL the same authority over these groups as it has for other licensees. The DOL's ability to take disciplinary action for a variety of acts is also under the Uniform Regulation of Business and Professions Act.

The definition of "fraudulent business practices" includes a variety of practices such as operating a driver training school without a license, making false or misleading statements in an application, failing to keep proper records, and issuing driver training certificates without requiring completion of necessary training and instruction.

House Bill Report - 1 - HB 2829

A driver training school must be inspected and its business practices reviewed prior to licensure, and a transfer of ownership requires an application to the DOL. The application fee for a driver training school license is set by the DOL by rule, along with a number of other fees.

In order to qualify for an instructor's license, an applicant must meet a variety of requirements including passage of an exam and 60 hours of instruction in the training of drivers. Once licensed, driver instructors are required to undertake professional development according to standards set by the director of the DOL, and instructor's licenses must be prominently displayed. Revoked or cancelled instructor licenses must be surrendered to the DOL within 10 days of the date of action.

The requirement to undergo a criminal background check includes all staff who come into contact with students, and periodic rechecking is required.

The DOL is responsible for compiling the driver training school curriculum and the curriculum must include information regarding the intermediate driver's license restrictions and sanctions.

Votes on Final Passage:

House 82 13 Senate 48 0

Effective: March 24, 2006