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HOUSE BILL 1615

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State of Washington

59th Legislature

2005 Regular Session

By Representatives Pettigrew, Kristiansen and Linville; by request of Department of Agriculture

Read first time 01/31/2005. Referred to Committee on Economic Development, Agriculture & Trade.

1 AN ACT Relating to managing livestock nutrients; amending RCW  
2 90.64.005, 90.64.010, 90.64.020, 90.64.023, 90.64.026, 90.64.028,  
3 90.64.030, 90.64.040, 90.64.050, 90.64.110, 90.64.150, 43.21B.001,  
4 43.21B.110, 43.21B.300, and 43.21B.310; adding a new chapter to Title  
5 16 RCW; creating a new section; recodifying RCW 90.64.005, 90.64.010,  
6 90.64.050, 90.64.110, 90.64.020, 90.64.120, 90.64.026, 90.64.028,  
7 90.64.023, 90.64.030, 90.64.040, 90.64.100, 90.64.813, and 90.64.150;  
8 decodifying RCW 90.64.900 and 90.64.901; repealing RCW 90.64.015,  
9 90.64.017, 90.64.070, 90.64.080, 90.64.130, 90.64.140, 90.64.160, and  
10 90.64.800; prescribing penalties; and providing an effective date.

11 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

12 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 1.** (1) This chapter applies to all operations  
13 that meet the definition of an animal feeding operation.

14 (2)(a) This chapter creates specific permit requirements consistent  
15 with the federal CAFO rule for all defined or designated concentrated  
16 animal feeding operations.

17 (b) All dairies are required to implement nutrient management plans  
18 and perform certain reporting.

1 (c) AFOs that are not CAFOs or dairies are not required to obtain  
2 permit coverage or have a plan under this chapter. However, no AFO is  
3 allowed to pollute waters of the state, and all AFOs may be inspected  
4 by the department under this chapter.

5 **Sec. 2.** RCW 90.64.005 and 1998 c 262 s 1 are each amended to read  
6 as follows:

7 ~~The legislature finds that there is a need ((to establish a clear  
8 and understandable process that provides for the proper and effective  
9 management of dairy nutrients that affect the quality of surface or  
10 ground waters in the state of Washington. The legislature finds that  
11 there is a need for a program that will provide a stable and  
12 predictable business climate upon which dairy farms may base future  
13 investment decisions.~~

14 ~~The legislature finds that federal regulations require a permit  
15 program for dairies with over seven hundred head of mature cows and,  
16 other specified dairy farms that directly discharge into waters or are  
17 otherwise significant contributors of pollution. The legislature finds  
18 that significant work has been ongoing over a period of time and that  
19 the intent of this chapter is to take the consensus that has been  
20 developed and place it into statutory form.~~

21 ~~It is also the intent of this chapter to establish an inspection  
22 and technical assistance program for dairy farms to address the  
23 discharge of pollution to surface and ground waters of the state that  
24 will lead to water quality compliance by the industry. A further  
25 purpose is to create a balanced program involving technical assistance,  
26 regulation, and enforcement with coordination and oversight of the  
27 program by a committee composed of industry, agency, and other  
28 representatives. Furthermore, it is the objective of this chapter to  
29 maintain the administration of the water quality program as it relates  
30 to dairy operations at the state level.~~

31 ~~It is also the intent of this chapter to recognize the existing  
32 working relationships between conservation districts, the conservation  
33 commission, and the department of ecology in protecting water quality  
34 of the state. A further purpose of this chapter is to provide  
35 statutory recognition of the coordination of the functions of  
36 conservation districts, the conservation commission, and the department  
37 of ecology pertaining to development of dairy waste management plans~~

1 ~~for the protection of water quality))~~ for an effective livestock  
2 nutrient management program for all segments of the livestock industry  
3 that meets and is consistent with federal water quality rules. The  
4 goals of the program are to provide clear guidance to animal feeding  
5 operations about their responsibilities under state and federal water  
6 quality laws and to implement the necessary program requirements in a  
7 consistent manner that will maintain a healthy and productive livestock  
8 industry in Washington state. It is the intent of the legislature that  
9 the department of agriculture continues the existing program for all  
10 licensed dairies, implements the revised program for CAFOs and AFOs,  
11 and carries out effective, fair, and equitable enforcement.

12 **Sec. 3.** RCW 90.64.010 and 1998 c 262 s 2 are each amended to read  
13 as follows:

14 Unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the definitions in  
15 this section apply throughout this chapter.

16 ~~(1) ("Advisory and oversight committee" means a balanced committee~~  
17 ~~of agency, dairy farm, and interest group representatives convened to~~  
18 ~~provide oversight and direction to the dairy nutrient management~~  
19 ~~program.~~

20 ~~(2) "Bypass" means the intentional diversion of waste streams from~~  
21 ~~any portion of a treatment facility.~~

22 ~~(3) "Catastrophic" means a tornado, hurricane, earthquake, flood,~~  
23 ~~or other extreme condition that causes an overflow from a required~~  
24 ~~waste retention structure.~~

25 ~~(4))~~ "Department" means the department of agriculture of the state  
26 of Washington.

27 (2) "Director" means the director of the department or the  
28 director's designee.

29 (3) "Animal feeding operation" or "AFO" means a lot or facility,  
30 other than an aquatic animal production facility, where the following  
31 conditions are met:

32 (a) Animals, other than aquatic animals, have been, are, or will be  
33 stabled or confined and fed or maintained for a total of forty-five  
34 days or more in any twelve-month period; and

35 (b) Crops, vegetation, forage growth, or postharvest residues are  
36 not sustained in the normal growing season over any portion of the lot  
37 or facility.

1       (4) "Certification" means:

2       (a) The acknowledgment by ~~((a local conservation district))~~ the  
3 department that a ~~((dairy))~~ livestock producer has constructed or  
4 otherwise put in place the elements and management necessary to  
5 implement his or her ~~((dairy))~~ livestock nutrient management plan; and

6       (b) The acknowledgment by a ~~((dairy))~~ livestock producer that he or  
7 she is managing ~~((dairy))~~ livestock nutrients and maintaining records  
8 as specified in his or her approved ~~((dairy))~~ livestock nutrient  
9 management plan.

10       (5) ~~((("Chronic" means a series of wet weather events that precludes~~  
11 ~~the proper operation of a dairy nutrient management system that is~~  
12 ~~designed for the current herd size.~~

13       ~~((6))~~ "Conservation commission" or "commission" means the  
14 conservation commission under chapter 89.08 RCW.

15       ~~((7))~~ (6) "Conservation districts" or "district" means a  
16 subdivision of state government organized under chapter 89.08 RCW.

17       ~~((8))~~ (7) "Concentrated ~~((dairy))~~ animal feeding operation" or  
18 "CAFO" means ~~((a dairy animal feeding operation subject to regulation~~  
19 ~~under this chapter which the director designates))~~ an AFO that is  
20 defined as a large CAFO or as a medium CAFO under this section, or that  
21 is designated as a CAFO under RCW 90.64.020 ~~((or meets the following~~  
22 ~~criteria:~~

23       ~~(a) Has more than seven hundred mature dairy cows, whether milked~~  
24 ~~or dry cows, that are confined; or~~

25       ~~(b) Has more than two hundred head of mature dairy cattle, whether~~  
26 ~~milked or dry cows, that are confined and either:~~

27       ~~(i) From which pollutants are discharged into navigable waters~~  
28 ~~through a manmade ditch, flushing system, or other similar manmade~~  
29 ~~device; or~~

30       ~~(ii) From which pollutants are discharged directly into surface or~~  
31 ~~ground waters of the state that originate outside of and pass over,~~  
32 ~~across, or through the facility or otherwise come into direct contact~~  
33 ~~with the animals confined in the operation.~~

34       ~~(9) "Dairy animal feeding operation" means a lot or facility where~~  
35 ~~the following conditions are met:~~

36       ~~(a) Dairy animals that have been, are, or will be stabled or~~  
37 ~~confined and fed for a total of forty five days or more in any twelve-~~  
38 ~~month period; and~~

1       ~~(b) Crops, vegetation forage growth, or postharvest residues are~~  
2 ~~not sustained in the normal growing season over any portion of the lot~~  
3 ~~or facility. Two or more dairy animal feeding operations under common~~  
4 ~~ownership are considered, for the purposes of this chapter, to be a~~  
5 ~~single dairy animal feeding operation if they adjoin each other or if~~  
6 ~~they use a common area for land application of wastes.~~

7       ~~(10)) (as recodified by this act). Two or more AFOs under common~~  
8 ~~ownership are considered to be a single AFO for the purposes of~~  
9 ~~determining the number of animals at an operation, if they adjoin each~~  
10 ~~other or if they use a common area or system for the disposal of~~  
11 ~~livestock nutrients.~~

12       ~~(8) "Dairy ((farm))" means any farm that is licensed to produce~~  
13 ~~milk under chapter 15.36 RCW.~~

14       ~~((11) "Dairy nutrient" means any organic waste produced by dairy~~  
15 ~~cows or a dairy farm operation.~~

16       ~~(12) "Dairy nutrient management plan" means a plan meeting the~~  
17 ~~requirements established under RCW 90.64.026.~~

18       ~~(13) "Dairy nutrient management technical assistance team" means~~  
19 ~~one or more professional engineers and local conservation district~~  
20 ~~employees convened to serve one of four distinct geographic areas in~~  
21 ~~the state.~~

22       ~~(14) "Dairy producer" means a person who owns or operates a dairy~~  
23 ~~farm.~~

24       ~~(15) "Department" means the department of ecology under chapter~~  
25 ~~43.21A RCW.~~

26       ~~(16) "Director" means the director of the department of ecology, or~~  
27 ~~his or her designee.~~

28       ~~(17) "Upset" means an exceptional incident in which there is an~~  
29 ~~unintentional and temporary noncompliance with technology based permit~~  
30 ~~effluent limitations because of factors beyond the reasonable control~~  
31 ~~of the dairy. An upset does not include noncompliance to the extent~~  
32 ~~caused by operational error, improperly designed treatment facilities,~~  
33 ~~inadequate treatment facilities, lack of preventive maintenance, or~~  
34 ~~careless or improper operation.~~

35       ~~(18) "Violation" means the following acts or omissions: (a) A~~  
36 ~~discharge of pollutants into the waters of the state, except those~~  
37 ~~discharges that are due to a chronic or catastrophic event, or to an~~

1 ~~upset as provided in 40 C.F.R. Sec. 122.41, or to a bypass as provided~~  
2 ~~in 40 C.F.R. Sec. 122.41, and that occur when:~~

3 ~~(i) A dairy producer has a current national pollutant discharge~~  
4 ~~elimination system permit with a wastewater system designed, operated,~~  
5 ~~and maintained for the current herd size and that contains all process-~~  
6 ~~generated wastewater plus average annual precipitation minus~~  
7 ~~evaporation plus contaminated storm water runoff from a twenty five~~  
8 ~~year, twenty four hour rainfall event for that specific location, and~~  
9 ~~the dairy producer has complied with all permit conditions, including~~  
10 ~~dairy nutrient management plan conditions for appropriate land~~  
11 ~~application practices; or~~

12 ~~(ii) A dairy producer does not have a national pollutant discharge~~  
13 ~~elimination system permit, but has complied with all of the elements of~~  
14 ~~a dairy nutrient management plan that: Prevents the discharge of~~  
15 ~~pollutants to waters of the state, is commensurate with the dairy~~  
16 ~~producer's current herd size, and is approved and certified under RCW~~  
17 ~~90.64.026;~~

18 ~~(b) Failure to register as required under RCW 90.64.017; or~~

19 ~~(c) The lack of an approved dairy nutrient management plan by July~~  
20 ~~1, 2002; or~~

21 ~~(d) The lack of a certified dairy nutrient management plan for a~~  
22 ~~dairy farm after December 31, 2003.)~~

23 (9) "Large concentrated animal feeding operation" or "large CAFO"  
24 means an AFO that stables or confines as many as or more than the  
25 numbers of animals specified in any of the following categories:

26 (a) 700 mature dairy cows, whether milked or dry;

27 (b) 1,000 veal calves;

28 (c) 1,000 cattle other than mature dairy cows or veal calves.  
29 Cattle includes but is not limited to heifers, steers, bulls, and  
30 cow/calf pairs;

31 (d) 2,500 swine each weighing 55 pounds or more;

32 (e) 10,000 swine each weighing less than 55 pounds;

33 (f) 500 horses;

34 (g) 10,000 sheep or lambs;

35 (h) 55,000 turkeys;

36 (i) 30,000 laying hens or broilers, if the AFO uses a liquid manure  
37 handling system;

1 (j) 125,000 chickens, other than laying hens, if the AFO uses other  
2 than a liquid manure handling system;

3 (k) 82,000 laying hens, if the AFO uses other than a liquid manure  
4 handling system;

5 (l) 30,000 ducks, if the AFO uses other than a liquid manure  
6 handling system; or

7 (m) 5,000 ducks, if the AFO uses a liquid manure handling system.

8 (10) "Livestock nutrient" means manure, bedding, compost, and raw  
9 materials or other materials commingled with manure or set aside for  
10 disposal or process wastewater, which means water directly or  
11 indirectly used in the operation of the AFO for any or all of the  
12 following: Spillage or overflow from animal or poultry watering  
13 systems; washing, cleaning, or flushing pens, barns, manure pits, or  
14 other AFO facilities; direct contact swimming, washing, or spray  
15 cooling of animals; or dust control. Process wastewater also includes  
16 any water which comes into contact with any raw materials, products, or  
17 byproducts including manure, litter, feed, milk, eggs, or bedding.

18 (11) "Livestock producer" means an owner or operator of an AFO,  
19 CAFO, or dairy.

20 (12) "Medium concentrated animal feeding operation" or "medium  
21 CAFO" means any AFO with the type and number of animals that fall  
22 within any of the ranges listed below and which has been defined or  
23 designated as a CAFO. An AFO is defined as a medium CAFO if:

24 (a) The type and number of animals that it stables or confines  
25 falls within any of the following ranges:

26 (i) 200 to 699 mature dairy cows, whether milked or dry;

27 (ii) 300 to 999 veal calves;

28 (iii) 300 to 999 cattle other than mature dairy cows or veal  
29 calves. Cattle includes but is not limited to heifers, steers, bulls,  
30 and cow/calf pairs;

31 (iv) 750 to 2,499 swine each weighing 55 pounds or more;

32 (v) 3,000 to 9,999 swine each weighing less than 55 pounds;

33 (vi) 150 to 499 horses;

34 (vii) 3,000 to 9,999 sheep or lambs;

35 (viii) 16,500 to 54,999 turkeys;

36 (ix) 9,000 to 29,999 laying hens or broilers, if the AFO uses a  
37 liquid manure handling system;

1 (x) 37,500 to 124,999 chickens, other than laying hens, if the AFO  
2 uses other than a liquid manure handling system;

3 (xi) 25,000 to 81,999 laying hens, if the AFO uses other than a  
4 liquid manure handling system;

5 (xii) 10,000 to 29,999 ducks, if the AFO uses other than a liquid  
6 manure handling system; or

7 (xiii) 1,500 to 4,999 ducks, if the AFO uses a liquid manure  
8 handling system; and

9 (b) Either one of the following conditions are met:

10 (i) Pollutants are discharged into waters of the state through a  
11 man-made ditch, flushing system, or other similar man-made device; or

12 (ii) Pollutants are discharged directly into waters of the state  
13 which originate outside of and pass over, across, or through the  
14 facility or otherwise come into direct contact with the animals  
15 confined in the operation.

16 (13) "Permit" means a combined state waste discharge and national  
17 pollutant discharge elimination system (NPDES) permit.

18 (14) "Person" means any political subdivision, government agency,  
19 municipality, industry, public or private corporation, partnership,  
20 association, firm, individual, or any other entity whatsoever.

21 (15) "Plan" means a livestock nutrient management plan.

22 (16) "Pollution" means contamination, or other alteration of the  
23 physical, chemical, or biological properties, of any waters of the  
24 state, including change in temperature, taste, color, turbidity, or  
25 odor of the waters, or such discharge of any liquid, gaseous, solid,  
26 radioactive, or other substance into any waters of the state as will or  
27 is likely to create a nuisance or render the waters harmful,  
28 detrimental, or injurious to the public health, safety, or welfare, or  
29 to domestic, commercial, industrial, agricultural, recreational, or  
30 other legitimate beneficial uses, or to livestock, wild animals, birds,  
31 fish, or other aquatic life.

32 (17) "Small concentrated animal feeding operation" or "small CAFO"  
33 means an AFO that is designated as a CAFO and is not a medium CAFO.

34 (18) "Waters" or "waters of the state" means lakes, rivers, ponds,  
35 streams, inland waters, underground waters, saltwaters, and all other  
36 surface waters and watercourses within the jurisdiction of the state of  
37 Washington.

1       **Sec. 4.** RCW 90.64.020 and 1993 c 221 s 3 are each amended to read  
2 as follows:

3       (1) The director (~~((of the department of ecology))~~) may designate any  
4 (~~((dairy animal feeding operation as a concentrated dairy animal feeding~~  
5 ~~operation))~~) AFO as a CAFO upon determining that it is a significant  
6 contributor of pollution to the (~~((surface or ground))~~) waters of the  
7 state.

8       (2) In making this designation, the director shall consider the  
9 following factors:

10       (a) The size of the (~~((animal feeding operation))~~) AFO and the amount  
11 of (~~((wastes))~~) livestock nutrients reaching waters of the state;

12       (b) The location of the (~~((animal feeding operation))~~) AFO relative  
13 to waters of the state;

14       (c) The means of conveyance of (~~((animal wastes and process waters))~~)  
15 livestock nutrients into the waters of the state;

16       (d) The slope, vegetation, rainfall, and other factors affecting  
17 the likelihood or frequency of discharge of (~~((animal wastes and process~~  
18 ~~wastewaters))~~) livestock nutrients into the waters of the state; (~~((and))~~)

19       (e) The effort by the AFO to stop the discharge; and

20       (f) Other relevant factors as established by the department by  
21 rule.

22       (~~((2) A notice of intent to apply for a permit shall not be~~  
23 ~~required from a concentrated dairy animal feeding operation designated~~  
24 ~~under this section until the director has conducted an on-site~~  
25 ~~inspection of the operation and determined that the operation should~~  
26 ~~and could be regulated under the permit program.))~~)

27       (3) An AFO shall not be designated as a CAFO under this section  
28 unless the director has conducted an on-site inspection of the  
29 operation and determined that the operation should be regulated under  
30 the permit program. In addition, no AFO with numbers of animals below  
31 those for a medium CAFO may be designated as a CAFO unless:

32       (a) Pollutants are discharged into waters of the state through a  
33 man-made ditch, flushing system, or other similar man-made device; or

34       (b) Pollutants are discharged directly into waters of the state  
35 which originate outside of the facility and pass over, across, or  
36 through the facility or otherwise come into direct contact with the  
37 animals confined in the operation.

1       **Sec. 5.** RCW 90.64.023 and 1998 c 262 s 5 are each amended to read  
2 as follows:

3       ~~(1) ((By October 1, 1998, the department shall initiate an~~  
4 ~~inspection program of all dairy farms in the state. The purpose of the~~  
5 ~~inspections is to:~~

6       ~~(a))~~ The department has the authority to conduct inspections under  
7 this chapter to:

8       (a) Determine if an animal feeding operation meets the definition  
9 of a CAFO under this chapter;

10       (b) Ensure compliance by AFOs, CAFOs, and dairies with state and  
11 federal water quality laws and rules, including those adopted under  
12 chapter 90.48 RCW;

13       (c) Determine whether a CAFO is complying with the terms and  
14 conditions of its permit;

15       (d) Survey for evidence of violations;

16       ~~((b))~~ (e) Identify corrective actions for actual or imminent  
17 discharges that violate or could violate the state's water quality  
18 standards or this chapter;

19       ~~((e))~~ (f) Monitor the development and implementation of ((dairy))  
20 livestock nutrient management plans; and

21       ~~((d))~~ (g) Identify ((dairy producers who would benefit from))  
22 AFOs, CAFOs, and dairies that are eligible for technical assistance or  
23 education programs.

24       ~~(2) ((Local conservation district employees may, at their~~  
25 ~~discretion, accompany department inspectors on any scheduled inspection~~  
26 ~~of dairy farms except random, unannounced inspections.~~

27       ~~(3) Follow up inspections shall be conducted by the department to~~  
28 ~~ensure that corrective and other actions as identified in the course of~~  
29 ~~initial inspections are being carried out. The department shall also~~  
30 ~~conduct such additional inspections as are necessary to ensure~~  
31 ~~compliance with state and federal water quality requirements, provided~~  
32 ~~that all licensed dairy farms shall be inspected once within two years~~  
33 ~~of the start of this program. The department, in consultation with the~~  
34 ~~advisory and oversight committee established in section 8 of this act,~~  
35 ~~shall develop performance based criteria to determine the frequency of~~  
36 ~~inspections.~~

37       ~~(4) Dairy farms)~~ The department shall inspect all CAFOs and  
38 dairies at least once every two years.

1 (3) CAFOs and dairies shall be prioritized for inspection based on  
2 ~~((the development of))~~ criteria that include, but are not limited to,  
3 the following factors:

4 (a) Existence or implementation of a ~~((dairy))~~ livestock nutrient  
5 management plan;

6 (b) Proximity to impaired waters of the state; ~~((and))~~

7 (c) Proximity to all other waters of the state~~((The criteria  
8 developed to implement this subsection (4) shall be reviewed by the  
9 advisory and oversight committee.))~~);

10 (d) Proximity to shellfish beds;

11 (e) Permit status;

12 (f) Compliance history; and

13 (g) Other relevant factors as may be determined by the department.

14 (4)(a) All CAFOs must make available during inspection those  
15 records required to be kept by the permit.

16 (b) Dairies not covered by a permit and AFOs shall make available  
17 during inspection records including, but not limited to, animal  
18 inventories for purposes of determining if the dairy or AFO is subject  
19 to regulation as a CAFO, to assess compliance with state and federal  
20 water quality laws, and to verify qualification for technical  
21 assistance programs, education programs, or any tax exemptions  
22 available under state law.

23 (5) The department may conduct follow-up inspections to ensure that  
24 corrective actions identified in the course of an inspection are being  
25 carried out. The department may conduct such additional inspections as  
26 are necessary to ensure compliance with administrative orders issued by  
27 the department and compliance with permit conditions and state and  
28 federal water quality laws and rules.

29 **Sec. 6.** RCW 90.64.026 and 1998 c 262 s 6 are each amended to read  
30 as follows:

31 ~~((Except for those producers who already have a certified dairy  
32 nutrient management plan as required under the terms and conditions of  
33 an individual or general national pollutant discharge elimination  
34 system permit, all dairy producers licensed under chapter 15.36 RCW,  
35 regardless of size, shall prepare a dairy))~~ All CAFOs and dairies are  
36 required to develop a livestock nutrient management plan. These plans  
37 must be approved by the department and certified as fully implemented

1 by the department and the livestock producer. If at any time ((a  
2 dairy)) compliance with a livestock nutrient management plan fails to  
3 prevent the discharge of pollutants or if complying with the plan would  
4 still pose a significant potential to discharge pollutants to waters of  
5 the state, ((it shall be required to be updated)) the livestock  
6 producer must revise the plan as directed by the department.

7 (2) ((By November 1, 1998, the conservation commission, in  
8 conjunction with the advisory and oversight committee established under  
9 section 8 of this act shall develop a document clearly describing the  
10 elements that a dairy nutrient management plan must contain to gain  
11 local conservation district approval.

12 (3) In developing the elements that an approved dairy nutrient  
13 management plan must contain, the commission may authorize the use of  
14 other methods and technologies than those developed by the natural  
15 resources conservation service when such alternatives have been  
16 evaluated by the advisory and oversight committee. Alternative methods  
17 and technologies shall meet the standards and specifications of:

18 (a) The natural resources conservation service as modified by the  
19 geographically based standards developed under RCW 90.64.140; or

20 (b) A professional engineer with expertise in the area of dairy  
21 nutrient management.

22 (4) In evaluating alternative technologies and methods, the  
23 principal objectives of the committee's evaluation shall be  
24 determining:

25 (a) Whether there is a substantial likelihood that, once  
26 implemented, the alternative technologies and methods would not violate  
27 water quality requirements;

28 (b) Whether more cost-effective methods can be successfully  
29 implemented in some or all categories of dairy operations; and

30 (c) Whether the technologies and methods approved or provided by  
31 the natural resources conservation service for use by confined animal  
32 feeding operations are necessarily required for other categories of  
33 dairy operations.

34 In addition, the committee shall encourage the conservation  
35 commission and the conservation districts to apply in dairy nutrient  
36 management plans technologies and methods that are appropriate to the  
37 needs of the specific type of operation and the specific farm site and

1 to avoid imposing requirements that are not necessary for the specific  
2 dairy producer to achieve compliance with water quality requirements.

3 (5) Such plans shall be submitted for approval to the local  
4 conservation district where the dairy farm is located, and shall be  
5 approved by conservation districts no later than by July 1, 2002. The  
6 conservation commission, in conjunction with conservation districts,  
7 shall develop a statewide schedule of plan development and approval to  
8 ensure adequate resources are available to have all plans approved by  
9 July 1, 2002.

10 (6) If a dairy producer leases land for dairy production from an  
11 owner who has prohibited the development of capital improvements, such  
12 as storage lagoons, on the leased property, the dairy producer shall  
13 indicate in his or her dairy nutrient management plan that such  
14 improvements are prohibited by the landowner and shall describe other  
15 methods, such as land application, that will be employed by the dairy  
16 producer to manage dairy nutrients.

17 (7) Notwithstanding the timelines in this section, any dairy farm  
18 licensed after September 1, 1998, shall have six months from the date  
19 of licensing to develop a dairy nutrient management plan and another  
20 eighteen months to fully implement that plan.

21 (8) If a plan contains the elements identified in subsection (2) of  
22 this section, a conservation district shall approve the plan no later  
23 than ninety days after receiving the plan. If the plan does not  
24 contain the elements identified in subsection (2) of this section, the  
25 local conservation district shall notify the dairy producer in writing  
26 of modifications needed in the plan no later than ninety days after  
27 receiving the plan. The dairy producer shall provide a revised plan  
28 that includes the needed modifications within ninety days of the date  
29 of the local conservation district notification. If the dairy producer  
30 does not agree with, or otherwise takes exception to, the modifications  
31 requested by the local conservation district, the dairy producer may  
32 initiate the appeals process described in RCW 90.64.028 within thirty  
33 days of receiving the letter of notification.

34 (9) An approved plan shall be certified by a conservation district  
35 and a dairy producer when the elements necessary to implement the plan  
36 have been constructed or otherwise put in place, and are being used as  
37 designed and intended. A certification form shall be developed by the  
38 conservation commission for use statewide and shall provide for a

1 signature by both a conservation district representative and a dairy  
2 producer. Certification forms shall be signed by December 31, 2003,  
3 and a copy provided to the department for recording in the data base  
4 established in RCW 90.64.130.

5 (10) ~~The ability of dairy producers to comply with the planning~~  
6 ~~requirements of this chapter depends, in many cases, on the~~  
7 ~~availability of federal and state funding to support technical~~  
8 ~~assistance provided by local conservation districts. Dairy producers~~  
9 ~~shall not be held responsible for noncompliance with the planning~~  
10 ~~requirements of this chapter if conservation districts are unable to~~  
11 ~~perform their duties under this chapter because of insufficient~~  
12 ~~funding.)) Livestock producers must develop plans using natural  
13 resource conservation service (NRCS) practice standards. Equivalent  
14 practices and standards may be used if the department determines they  
15 meet or exceed NRCS standards. The department shall establish by rule  
16 a technical review process to make determinations on proposed  
17 equivalent practices and standards.~~

18 (3) All CAFOs must meet livestock nutrient management plan  
19 deadlines for development and implementation required by this chapter,  
20 permit, or rule.

21 (4) At a minimum, a livestock nutrient management plan for a CAFO  
22 must include site-appropriate best management practices including those  
23 set out in 40 C.F.R. Sec. 412.4 (April 14, 2003), and procedures  
24 necessary to implement applicable effluent limitations including those  
25 set out in 40 C.F.R. Part 412 (April 14, 2003), and standards. The  
26 plan must, to the extent applicable:

27 (a) Ensure adequate storage of livestock nutrients, including  
28 procedures to ensure proper operation and maintenance of the storage  
29 facilities;

30 (b) Ensure proper management of dead animals to ensure that they  
31 are not disposed of in a liquid manure, storm water, or process  
32 wastewater storage or treatment system that is not specifically  
33 designed to treat animal mortalities;

34 (c) Ensure that clean water is diverted, as appropriate, from the  
35 production area;

36 (d) Prevent direct contact of confined animals with waters of the  
37 state;

1 (e) Ensure that chemicals and other contaminants handled on-site  
2 are not disposed of in any livestock nutrients or storm water storage  
3 or treatment system unless specifically designed to treat such  
4 chemicals and other contaminants;

5 (f) Identify appropriate site-specific conservation practices to be  
6 implemented, including as appropriate buffers or equivalent practices,  
7 to control runoff of pollutants to waters of the state;

8 (g) Identify protocols for appropriate testing of livestock  
9 nutrients and soil;

10 (h) Establish protocols to apply livestock nutrients in accordance  
11 with site-specific nutrient management practices that ensure  
12 appropriate agricultural utilization of the nutrients in the livestock  
13 nutrients; and

14 (i) Identify specific records that will be maintained to document  
15 the implementation and management of the minimum elements described in  
16 (a) through (h) of this subsection.

17 (5) A dairy that is not a CAFO by definition or designation has six  
18 months from the date of obtaining a license under chapter 15.36 RCW to  
19 obtain department approval of its livestock nutrient management plan  
20 and eighteen months from the date of plan approval to submit the plan  
21 to the department for certification.

22 (6) The plan for a dairy that is not a CAFO by definition or  
23 designation shall include the minimum elements as defined by the  
24 department by rule.

25 (7) If a plan contains the elements identified in subsection (6) of  
26 this section, or subsection (4) of this section and meets the permit  
27 requirements, the department shall approve the plan no later than  
28 ninety days after receiving the plan. If the plan does not contain the  
29 identified elements and permit requirements or the department  
30 determines that the plan does not meet alternate criteria, the  
31 department shall notify the livestock producer in writing of the denial  
32 and of modifications needed for plan compliance no later than ninety  
33 days after receiving the plan. The livestock producer must provide a  
34 revised plan that includes the needed modifications within ninety days  
35 of the date of the department's notification.

36 (8) An approved plan shall be certified by the department and the  
37 livestock producer when the plan is fully implemented and is being used  
38 as designed and intended.

1       (a) A certification form shall be developed by the department and  
2 shall provide for a signature by both the director and the livestock  
3 producer. The livestock producer must submit to the department a  
4 signed certification form within eighteen months of plan approval.

5       (b) Upon receipt of the completed certification form, the  
6 department shall determine within one hundred twenty days whether the  
7 approved plan has been fully implemented. If the department finds the  
8 plan is not fully implemented, the department shall deny certification.  
9 The department shall notify the livestock producer in writing of the  
10 reasons for the denial of certification and set a date by which full  
11 implementation must occur.

12       (9) AFOs that are not dairies may voluntarily develop and implement  
13 livestock nutrient management plans. The plans must meet the minimum  
14 elements required in subsection (6) of this section. Plan approval and  
15 certification shall follow the same process as identified in  
16 subsections (5) and (7) of this section.

17       (10) A dairy that is not a CAFO that fails to have an approved or  
18 a certified livestock nutrient management plan in place by the  
19 timelines specified in this section is in violation of this chapter.  
20 Each month beyond these deadlines that the dairy is out of compliance  
21 with the requirement for either plan approval or plan certification is  
22 considered a separate violation that may subject the dairy to  
23 penalties. The penalties are one hundred dollars per month for each  
24 violation up to a combined total of one thousand two hundred dollars  
25 and then the penalty is two hundred dollars per month for each  
26 violation up to a combined maximum of five thousand dollars.

27       **Sec. 7.** RCW 90.64.028 and 1998 c 262 s 7 are each amended to read  
28 as follows:

29       (1) (~~Conservation district~~) Department decisions pertaining to  
30 denial of approval or denial of certification of a (~~dairy~~) livestock  
31 nutrient management plan, including a denial of the use of alternative  
32 standards and practices; modification or amendment of a plan;  
33 conditions contained in a plan; application of any (~~dairy~~) livestock  
34 nutrient management practices, standards, methods, and technologies to  
35 a particular AFO, CAFO, or dairy (~~farm~~); and the failure to adhere to  
36 plan review and approval timelines identified in RCW 90.64.026 (as

1 recodified by this act) are appealable under this chapter.  
2 (~~Department actions pertaining to water quality violations are~~  
3 ~~appealable under chapter 90.48 RCW.~~

4 ~~In addition, a dairy producer who is constrained from complying~~  
5 ~~with the planning requirements of this chapter because of financial~~  
6 ~~hardship or local permitting delays may request a hearing before the~~  
7 ~~conservation commission and may request an extension of up to one year~~  
8 ~~beyond the approval and certification dates prescribed in this chapter~~  
9 ~~for plan approval and certification.))~~

10 (2) Within thirty days of receiving ((~~a local conservation~~  
11 ~~district~~)) notification regarding any of the decisions identified in  
12 subsection (1) of this section, a ((~~dairy~~)) livestock producer who  
13 disagrees with any of these decisions ((~~may request an informal hearing~~  
14 ~~before the conservation commission or~~)) may appeal ((~~directly~~)) to the  
15 pollution control hearings board. ((~~The commission shall issue a~~  
16 ~~written decision no later than thirty days after the informal hearing.~~

17 ~~(3) If the conservation commission reverses the decision of the~~  
18 ~~conservation district, the conservation district may appeal this~~  
19 ~~reversal to the pollution control hearings board according to the~~  
20 ~~procedure in chapter 43.21B RCW within thirty days of receipt of the~~  
21 ~~commission's decision.~~

22 ~~(4))~~ (3) When an appeals process is initiated under this section,  
23 the length of time extending from the start of the appeals process to  
24 its conclusion shall be added onto the timelines provided in this  
25 chapter for plan development, approval, and certification ((~~only if an~~  
26 ~~appeal is heard by the pollution control hearings board~~)).

27 **Sec. 8.** RCW 90.64.030 and 2003 c 325 s 3 are each amended to read  
28 as follows:

29 (1) ((~~Under the inspection program established in RCW 90.64.023,~~  
30 ~~the department may investigate a dairy farm to determine whether the~~  
31 ~~operation is discharging pollutants or has a record of discharging~~  
32 ~~pollutants into surface or ground waters of the state. Upon concluding~~  
33 ~~an investigation, the department shall make a written report of its~~  
34 ~~findings, including the results of any water quality measurements,~~  
35 ~~photographs, or other pertinent information, and provide a copy of the~~  
36 ~~report to the dairy producer within twenty days of the investigation.~~

1       ~~(2)~~) (a) The department shall investigate a ~~((written))~~ complaint  
2 filed with the department within three working days and shall make a  
3 written report of its findings including the results of any water  
4 quality measurements, photographs, or other pertinent information.  
5 Within twenty days of receiving a ~~((written))~~ complaint, a copy of the  
6 findings shall be provided to the ~~((dairy))~~ livestock producer subject  
7 to the complaint, and, if requested, to the complainant if the person  
8 gave his or her name and address to the department at the time the  
9 complaint was filed.

10       ~~((3))~~ (b) The department may consider past complaints against the  
11 same AFO, CAFO, or dairy ~~((farm))~~ from the same person and the results  
12 of its previous inspections, and has the discretion to decide whether  
13 to conduct an inspection if:

14       ~~((a))~~ (i) The same or a similar complaint or complaints have been  
15 filed against the same AFO, CAFO, or dairy ~~((farm))~~ within the  
16 immediately preceding six-month period; and

17       ~~((b))~~ (ii) The department made a determination that the activity  
18 that was the subject of the prior complaint was not a violation.

19       ~~((4))~~ (c) If the decision of the department is not to conduct an  
20 inspection, it shall document the decision and the reasons for the  
21 decision within twenty days. The department shall provide the decision  
22 to the complainant if the name and address were provided to the  
23 department, and to the ~~((dairy))~~ livestock producer subject to the  
24 complaint, and the department shall place the decision in the  
25 department's administrative records.

26       ~~((5))~~ (2) The report of findings of any inspection conducted as  
27 the result of ~~((either an oral or a written))~~ a complaint shall be  
28 placed in the department's administrative records. ~~((Only findings of  
29 violations shall be entered into the data base identified in RCW  
30 90.64.130.~~

31       ~~(6) A)~~ (3) An AFO, CAFO, or dairy ~~((farm))~~ that is determined to  
32 be a significant contributor of pollution based on actual water quality  
33 tests, photographs, or other pertinent information, or that violates  
34 the terms and conditions of a permit is subject to the provisions of  
35 this chapter and to the enforcement provisions of chapters 43.05 and  
36 90.48 RCW, including civil penalties levied under RCW 90.48.144 or this  
37 chapter.

1       ~~((7))~~ (4) If the department determines that an unresolved water  
2 quality problem from ~~((a))~~ an AFO, CAFO, or dairy ~~((farm))~~ requires  
3 immediate corrective action, the department shall notify the livestock  
4 producer ~~((and the district in which the problem is located))~~. When  
5 corrective actions are required to address such unresolved water  
6 quality problems, the department shall provide copies of all final  
7 ~~((dairy farm))~~ inspection reports and documentation of all formal  
8 regulatory and enforcement actions taken by the department against that  
9 particular ~~((dairy farm to the local conservation district and to the~~  
10 ~~appropriate dairy farm))~~ facility to the livestock producer within  
11 twenty days.

12       ~~((8) For a violation of water quality laws that is a first offense~~  
13 ~~for a dairy producer, the penalty may be waived to allow the producer~~  
14 ~~to come into compliance with water quality laws))~~ (5) The penalty may  
15 be waived for the first violation of water quality laws on an AFO,  
16 CAFO, or dairy to allow the livestock producer to come into compliance.  
17 The department shall record all ~~((legitimate))~~ violations and  
18 subsequent enforcement actions.

19       ~~((9))~~ (6) A discharge of pollutants, including a storm water  
20 discharge, ~~((to surface))~~ into waters of the state by an AFO, CAFO, or  
21 dairy shall not be considered a violation of this chapter, chapter  
22 90.48 RCW, or chapter 173-201A WAC, and shall therefore not be  
23 enforceable by the department, the department of ecology, or a third  
24 party, if at the time of the discharge, a violation is not occurring  
25 under ~~((RCW 90.64.010(18))~~ section 33 of this act. In addition, a  
26 ~~((dairy))~~ livestock producer shall not be held liable for violations of  
27 this chapter, chapter 90.48 RCW, chapter 173-201A WAC, or the federal  
28 clean water act due to the discharge of ~~((dairy))~~ livestock nutrients  
29 to waters of the state resulting from spreading these materials on  
30 lands other than where the nutrients were generated, when the nutrients  
31 are spread by persons other than the ~~((dairy))~~ livestock producer or  
32 the ~~((dairy))~~ producer's agent.

33       ~~((10))~~ (7) As provided under RCW 7.48.305, agricultural  
34 activities associated with the management of ~~((dairy))~~ livestock  
35 nutrients are presumed to be reasonable and shall not be found to  
36 constitute a nuisance unless the activity has a substantial adverse  
37 effect on public health and safety.

1        ~~((11))~~ (8) This section specifically acknowledges that if a  
2 holder of a general or individual national pollutant discharge  
3 elimination system permit complies with the permit and the ~~((dairy))~~  
4 livestock nutrient management plan conditions for appropriate land  
5 application practices, the permit provides compliance with the federal  
6 clean water act and acts as a shield against citizen or agency  
7 enforcement for any additions of pollutants to waters of the state or  
8 of the United States as authorized by the permit.

9        ~~((12) A dairy producer who fails to have an approved dairy  
10 nutrient management plan by July 1, 2002, or a certified dairy nutrient  
11 management plan by December 31, 2003, and for which no appeals have  
12 been filed with the pollution control hearings board, is in violation  
13 of this chapter. Each month beyond these deadlines that a dairy  
14 producer is out of compliance with the requirement for either plan  
15 approval or plan certification shall be considered separate violations  
16 of chapter 90.64 RCW that may be subject to penalties. Such penalties  
17 may not exceed one hundred dollars per month for each violation up to  
18 a combined total of five thousand dollars. The department has  
19 discretion in imposing penalties for failure to meet deadlines for plan  
20 approval or plan certification if the failure to comply is due to lack  
21 of state funding for implementation of the program. Failure to  
22 register as required in RCW 90.64.017 shall subject a dairy producer to  
23 a maximum penalty of one hundred dollars. Penalties shall be levied by  
24 the department.))~~

25        **Sec. 9.** RCW 90.64.040 and 1993 c 221 s 5 are each amended to read  
26 as follows:

27        Enforcement actions and administrative orders issued by the  
28 department ~~((of ecology))~~ may be appealed to the pollution control  
29 hearings board in accordance with the provisions of chapter 43.21B RCW.

30        **Sec. 10.** RCW 90.64.050 and 1998 c 262 s 12 are each amended to  
31 read as follows:

32        ~~((1))~~ The department has the ~~((following duties))~~ authority to  
33 implement and administer a livestock nutrient management program  
34 including, but not limited to, the authority to:

35        ~~((a))~~ (1) Enforce this chapter including carrying out inspections  
36 and enforcement actions, and assessing penalties;

1        (2) Identify existing or potential water quality problems resulting  
2 from ((dairy farms through implementation of the inspection program in  
3 RCW 90.64.023)) AFO, CAFO, or dairy activities and act to bring about  
4 compliance by livestock producers;

5        ~~((b))~~ (3) Inspect a ((dairy farm)) facility upon the request of  
6 ((a dairy)) the livestock producer;

7        ~~((c))~~ (4) Receive, process, and verify complaints concerning  
8 discharge of pollutants from ((all dairy farms)) any AFO, CAFO, or  
9 dairy;

10        ~~((d))~~ (5) Determine if ((a dairy related water quality problem  
11 requires immediate corrective action under the Washington state water  
12 pollution control laws, chapter 90.48 RCW, or the Washington state  
13 water quality standards adopted under chapter 90.48 RCW. The  
14 department shall maintain the lead enforcement responsibility)) an AFO,  
15 CAFO, or dairy is discharging pollutants;

16        ~~((e))~~ (6) Administer and enforce combined national pollutant  
17 discharge elimination system permits and state waste discharge permits  
18 for ((operators of)) concentrated ((dairy)) animal feeding operations,  
19 where required by federal regulations and state laws or upon request of  
20 a ((dairy)) livestock producer;

21        ~~((f) Participate on the advisory and oversight committee;~~

22        ~~(g) Encourage communication and cooperation between local~~  
23 ~~department personnel and the appropriate conservation district~~  
24 ~~personnel;~~

25        ~~(h))~~ (7) Require the use of ((dairy)) livestock nutrient  
26 management plans as required under this chapter ((for entities required  
27 to plan under this chapter; and

28        ~~(i) Provide to the commission and the advisory and oversight~~  
29 ~~committee an annual report of dairy farm inspection and enforcement~~  
30 ~~activities.~~

31        ~~(2) The department may not delegate its responsibilities in~~  
32 ~~enforcement));~~

33        (8) Provide technical assistance to AFOs, CAFOs, and dairies in  
34 gaining compliance with this chapter and in implementing livestock  
35 nutrient management plans to protect water quality;

36        (9) Approve and certify livestock nutrient management plans that  
37 meet the minimum standards developed under this chapter;

1       (10) Maintain and manage data necessary to administer the program  
2 effectively and to track compliance activity;

3       (11) Provide communication and outreach to representatives of  
4 agricultural and environmental organizations; and

5       (12) Coordinate with conservation districts or other agencies and  
6 organizations that provide education and technical or financial  
7 assistance programs for AFOs, CAFOs, and dairies.

8       **Sec. 11.** RCW 90.64.110 and 1993 c 221 s 12 are each amended to  
9 read as follows:

10       (1) In addition to the specific grants of rule-making authority in  
11 this chapter, the department may adopt rules as necessary to implement  
12 this chapter, including rules concerning the administration of permit  
13 programs.

14       (2) The department has the authority to adopt in rule any  
15 provisions in the following federal regulations: 40 C.F.R. parts 9,  
16 122, 123, 124, and 412 (April 14, 2003). The department is authorized  
17 to adopt rules to accommodate changes to federal regulations that are  
18 subsequently adopted by the United States environmental protection  
19 agency.

20       **Sec. 12.** RCW 90.64.150 and 2003 c 325 s 5 are each amended to read  
21 as follows:

22       ~~((The livestock nutrient management account is created in the~~  
23 ~~custody of the state treasurer.)) All receipts from monetary penalties~~  
24 levied pursuant to violations of this chapter must be deposited into  
25 the livestock nutrient management grant account hereby created within  
26 the agricultural local fund. Expenditures from the account may be used  
27 only to provide grants for research or education proposals that assist  
28 livestock operations to achieve compliance with state and federal water  
29 quality laws. The director ~~((of agriculture))~~ shall accept and  
30 prioritize research proposals and education proposals. Only the  
31 director or the director's designee may authorize expenditures from the  
32 account. The account is subject to allotment procedures under chapter  
33 43.88 RCW, but an appropriation is not required for expenditures.

34       NEW SECTION. **Sec. 13.** Any residual balance of funds remaining in

1 the livestock nutrient management account on the effective date of this  
2 section shall be transferred to the livestock nutrient management grant  
3 account within the agricultural local fund.

4 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 14.** (1) CAFOs shall maintain and make available  
5 to the department the records and annual reports as described in 40  
6 C.F.R. Sec. 122.42 (2), (3), and (4) (April 14, 2003). The department  
7 shall develop a standard annual reporting form and a submittal date by  
8 rule for the annual report from CAFOs.

9 (2) Dairies that are not a CAFO by definition or designation shall  
10 maintain and make available to the department all records required by  
11 their livestock nutrient management plans. These dairies must also  
12 submit a completed summary report to the department every two years  
13 beginning in 2006. The department shall develop and send out a  
14 standard reporting form and designate a submittal date by rule for the  
15 report. If the producer fails to submit a completed summary report by  
16 the submittal date, the department shall levy a penalty of one hundred  
17 dollars.

18 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 15.** (1) Confidential business information  
19 contained in a livestock nutrient management plan or a report submitted  
20 under section 14 of this act may be exempt from public disclosure under  
21 chapter 42.17 RCW if it relates to the processes of production unique  
22 to the AFO, CAFO, or dairy or may affect adversely the competitive  
23 position of the livestock producer if released to the public or a  
24 competitor. Before the department will withhold such information, the  
25 livestock producer will be required to show that disclosure of such  
26 information would clearly not be in the public interest and would  
27 substantially and irreparably damage the livestock producer or other  
28 persons, or would substantially and irreparably damage vital  
29 governmental functions, as set forth in RCW 42.17.330.

30 (2) This section does not apply to any information that is subject  
31 to disclosure under 40 C.F.R. Sec. 122.7 (April 14, 2003).

32 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 16.** The department may coordinate with  
33 Washington State University, the conservation commission, conservation  
34 districts, the department of ecology, other federal, state, and local  
35 agencies, and private organizations and individuals in implementing an

1 education program for improvement of nutrient management by dairies,  
2 AFOs, and CAFOs and to prevent livestock nutrients from degrading the  
3 quality of waters of the state. The department may refer livestock  
4 producers to conservation districts, Washington State University, and  
5 other entities for educational programs, technical assistance, or  
6 financial assistance.

7 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 17.** (1) Conservation districts may, at the  
8 request of a livestock producer, provide technical or financial  
9 assistance in developing or revising and implementing the producer's  
10 livestock nutrient management plan.

11 (2) Conservation districts may, at the request of a livestock  
12 producer or the department, verify that elements of a plan meet  
13 required standards.

14 (3) The conservation commission and conservation districts shall,  
15 to the extent practical and to the extent that funding allows, provide  
16 technical and financial assistance to livestock producers to assist  
17 them in complying with this chapter.

18 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 18.** The director shall establish a livestock  
19 nutrient management program advisory committee including members  
20 representing the livestock industry; the environmental community;  
21 local, state, and federal agencies; and other entities as deemed  
22 appropriate. The committee shall advise the director on administration  
23 of this chapter. The committee shall be appointed by the director and  
24 meet as determined by the director.

25 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 19.** When the environmental protection agency  
26 delegates authority under the federal clean water act to the department  
27 and the department of ecology relinquishes its authority under RCW  
28 90.48.260 to administer its national pollutant discharge elimination  
29 permit system authority and other duties regarding animal feeding  
30 operations and concentrated animal feeding operations, the department  
31 is hereby authorized to participate fully in the programs of the  
32 federal clean water act as well as to take all action necessary to  
33 secure to the state the benefits and to meet the requirements of that  
34 act for AFOs and CAFOs. Implementation shall be accomplished so that  
35 compliance with AFO and CAFO rules, permits, programs, and directives

1 will achieve compliance with all federal and state water pollution  
2 control laws. The powers granted in this section include, among  
3 others, and notwithstanding any provisions of chapter 90.48 RCW or  
4 otherwise, the following:

5 (1) Complete authority to establish and administer a livestock  
6 nutrient management program, including a pollution discharge  
7 elimination permit program which will allow the department to be the  
8 sole agency issuing permits required by such national system operating  
9 in the state of Washington. Program elements authorized may include,  
10 but are not limited to: (a) Issuance of permits; (b) termination and  
11 modification of permits for cause; (c) requirements for public notices  
12 and opportunities for public hearings; (d) requirements for inspection,  
13 monitoring, entry, and reporting; (e) enforcement of the program  
14 through penalties, emergency powers, and criminal sanctions; (f) a  
15 continuing planning process; and (g) user charges.

16 (2) The power to establish and administer a state program in a  
17 manner which will ensure the procurement of moneys, whether in the form  
18 of grants, loans, or otherwise, to assist in the construction,  
19 operation, and maintenance of various water pollution control  
20 facilities and works.

21 (3) The power to develop and implement appropriate programs  
22 pertaining to continuing planning processes.

23 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 20.** Until the department receives federal  
24 delegation for the NPDES CAFO program, the department of ecology shall  
25 remain responsible for NPDES permit administration as described under  
26 a memorandum of understanding between the department and the department  
27 of ecology. Sections 21 through 25 of this act are not effective until  
28 federal delegation occurs.

29 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 21.** (1) Any person who owns or operates an AFO  
30 or dairy that is defined as or is designated as a CAFO shall obtain a  
31 permit from the department.

32 (2) The permit issued by the department will be a combined state  
33 waste disposal permit and national pollutant discharge elimination  
34 system (NPDES) permit which meets the requirements of both the NPDES  
35 and state waste discharge permit systems.

1 (3) A livestock operation meeting the definition of large CAFO may  
2 seek a determination from the department that the large CAFO has no  
3 potential to discharge to the waters of the state. Within sixty days  
4 of such a request, the director will make a determination using the  
5 process and criteria of 40 C.F.R. Sec. 122.23(f) (April 14, 2003). A  
6 livestock operation that receives a determination that it has no  
7 potential to discharge is not required to apply for permit coverage.  
8 Such a livestock operation is not relieved from liability under this  
9 chapter for actual discharges.

10 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 22.** (1) Applications for permits must be made  
11 on forms prescribed by the department, which shall be consistent with  
12 the federal CAFO permit application form. An application for a permit  
13 shall be made:

14 (a) At least one hundred eighty days prior to commencement of  
15 operation of any new source CAFO;

16 (b) At least one hundred eighty days prior to the permit expiration  
17 date;

18 (c) Within ninety days of designation as a newly designated CAFO;  
19 or

20 (d) Within ninety days of the change in circumstance that causes a  
21 facility not covered by a permit to become defined as a CAFO.

22 (2) The department shall establish by rule public notice and public  
23 hearing requirements pertaining to department decisions on permits in  
24 conformance with the requirements of 40 C.F.R. Secs. 124.10, 124.11,  
25 and 124.12 (April 14, 2003) and any other applicable federal rule.

26 (3) When an application has been filed with the department that  
27 complies with this chapter and its rules, the department shall  
28 determine whether the management of livestock nutrients as proposed  
29 will pollute waters of the state in violation of the public policy of  
30 the state.

31 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 23.** The department shall issue a permit under  
32 section 21 of this act unless it finds that the disposal of livestock  
33 nutrients as proposed in the application will pollute or present a  
34 substantial potential to pollute the waters of the state in violation  
35 of state or federal law. The department shall have authority to  
36 specify conditions necessary to avoid such pollution in each permit

1 under which livestock nutrients may be disposed of by the permittee.  
2 Permits, whether individual or general, shall not be valid for more  
3 than five years from the date of issuance.

4 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 24.** A permit under section 21 of this act shall  
5 be subject to termination upon thirty days' notice in writing if the  
6 department finds:

7 (1) That it was procured by misrepresentation of any material fact  
8 or by lack of full disclosure in the application;

9 (2) That there has been a violation of the conditions thereof;

10 (3) That a material change in quantity or type of livestock  
11 nutrient disposal exists.

12 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 25.** In the event that a material change in the  
13 condition of the waters occurs, the department may, by appropriate  
14 order, modify permit conditions or specify additional conditions in  
15 permits previously issued.

16 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 26.** It is unlawful for any person regulated by  
17 this chapter to throw, drain, run, or otherwise discharge into any of  
18 the waters of this state, or to cause, permit, or suffer to be thrown,  
19 run, drained, allowed to seep, or otherwise discharged into such waters  
20 any organic or inorganic matter, including livestock nutrients, that  
21 shall cause or tend to cause pollution of such waters according to the  
22 determination of the department, as provided for in this chapter.

23 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 27.** If any discharge to waters of the state  
24 occurs, a CAFO shall notify the department as specified in the permit.  
25 A dairy that is not a CAFO shall notify the department within twenty-  
26 four hours and submit a written report within five days describing at  
27 a minimum: The discharge, receiving water, cause, dates, estimated  
28 quantities, corrective steps taken to repair impacts, and how it will  
29 prevent any future discharge.

30 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 28.** (1) The director has the authority to enter  
31 any AFO, CAFO, or dairy at any reasonable time and inspect property or  
32 facilities and records required under this chapter. Upon arrival at an  
33 AFO, CAFO, or dairy, the department shall present identification and

1 give verbal notification of the purpose of the inspection, which may  
2 include sampling and testing, to the livestock producer or his or her  
3 agent.

4 (2) If the director is denied access to property, facility, or  
5 records, the director may apply to a court of competent jurisdiction  
6 for a search warrant authorizing access to property, facilities, or  
7 records for purposes of inspections, sampling, or testing as authorized  
8 in this chapter. The court may upon the application issue a search  
9 warrant for the purposes requested.

10 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 29.** The department, with the assistance of the  
11 attorney general, is authorized to bring any appropriate action at law  
12 or in equity, including action for injunctive relief, in the name of  
13 the people of the state of Washington as may be necessary to carry out  
14 this chapter.

15 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 30.** (1) Whenever, in the opinion of the  
16 department, any person violates or creates a substantial potential to  
17 violate this chapter, or fails to control the polluting content of  
18 waste discharged or to be discharged into any waters of the state, the  
19 department shall notify the person of its determination by registered  
20 or certified mail. Such determination shall not constitute an order or  
21 directive under chapter 43.21B or 34.05 RCW. Within thirty days from  
22 the receipt of notice of the determination, the person must file with  
23 the department a full report stating what steps have been and are being  
24 taken to control the waste or pollution or to otherwise comply with the  
25 determination of the department. The department then shall issue such  
26 order or directive as it deems appropriate under the circumstances, and  
27 shall notify the person by registered or certified mail.

28 (2) Whenever the department deems immediate action is necessary to  
29 accomplish the purposes of this chapter, it may issue such order or  
30 directive, as appropriate under the circumstances, without first  
31 issuing a notice or determination pursuant to subsection (1) of this  
32 section. An order or directive issued pursuant to this subsection  
33 shall be served by registered or certified mail or personally upon any  
34 person to whom it is directed.

1        NEW SECTION.    **Sec. 31.** Any person found guilty of willfully  
2 violating this chapter, or any final written orders or directive of the  
3 department or a court in pursuance thereof, is guilty of a gross  
4 misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof shall be punished by a fine of  
5 up to ten thousand dollars and costs of prosecution, or by imprisonment  
6 in the county jail for not more than one year, or by both such fine and  
7 imprisonment in the discretion of the court. Each day upon which a  
8 willful violation of this chapter occurs may be deemed a separate and  
9 additional violation.

10        NEW SECTION.    **Sec. 32.** (1) Any person who:

11        (a)(i) Violates this chapter;

12        (ii) Fails to perform any duty imposed by this chapter;

13        (iii) Violates an order or other determination of the department or  
14 the director made under this chapter;

15        (iv) Violates the conditions of a permit issued under this chapter;  
16 or

17        (v) Otherwise causes a reduction in the quality of the state's  
18 waters below the standards set under chapter 90.48 RCW or, if no  
19 standards have been set, causes significant degradation of water  
20 quality, thereby damaging the state's waters; and

21        (b) Causes the death of, or injury to, fish, animals, vegetation,  
22 or other resources of the state;

23 shall be liable to pay the state and affected counties and cities  
24 damages in an amount determined under RCW 90.48.367.

25        (2) An action is not authorized under this section against any  
26 person operating in compliance with the conditions of a permit issued  
27 under this chapter.

28        NEW SECTION.    **Sec. 33.** (1) Except as provided in chapter 43.05  
29 RCW, every person who:

30        (a) Violates the terms or conditions of a permit issued under this  
31 chapter or chapter 90.48 RCW for an AFO or a CAFO;

32        (b) Operates a CAFO without a permit as required by this chapter or  
33 chapter 90.48 RCW; or

34        (c) Discharges livestock nutrients in violation of this chapter, or  
35 rules or orders adopted or issued under this chapter or chapter 90.48  
36 RCW,

1 shall incur, in addition to any other penalty as provided by law, a  
2 penalty in an amount of up to ten thousand dollars a day for every such  
3 violation. Each and every such violation shall be a separate and  
4 distinct offense, and in case of a continuing violation, every day's  
5 continuance shall be and be deemed to be a separate and distinct  
6 violation. Every act of commission or omission which procures, aids,  
7 or abets in the violation shall be considered a violation under this  
8 section and subject to the penalty provided for in this section. The  
9 penalty amount shall be set in consideration of the previous history of  
10 the violator and the severity of the violation's impact on public  
11 health or the environment in addition to other relevant factors. The  
12 department is authorized to set forth the procedures and the criteria  
13 for setting the penalty in rule.

14 (2) A discharge of pollutants into the waters of the state is a  
15 violation of this chapter, except those discharges that occur when:

16 (a) A livestock producer has a current national pollutant discharge  
17 elimination system permit with a wastewater system designed, operated,  
18 and maintained for the current herd size and that contains all process-  
19 generated wastewater plus average annual precipitation minus  
20 evaporation plus contaminated storm water runoff from a rainfall event  
21 as specified for the type of facility in 40 C.F.R. Part 412 for that  
22 specific location, and the livestock producer has complied with all  
23 permit conditions, including livestock nutrient management plan  
24 conditions for appropriate land application practices; or

25 (b) A livestock producer does not have a national pollutant  
26 discharge elimination system permit, but has complied with all of the  
27 elements of a livestock nutrient management plan that: Prevents the  
28 discharge of pollutants to waters of the state, is commensurate with  
29 the livestock producer's current herd size, and is approved and  
30 certified under RCW 90.64.026 (as recodified by this act).

31 (3) A livestock producer may assert upset as an affirmative defense  
32 to allegations of discharge. "Upset" means an exceptional incident in  
33 which there is an unintentional and temporary noncompliance with  
34 technology-based permit effluent limitations because of factors beyond  
35 the reasonable control of the producer. An upset does not include  
36 noncompliance to the extent caused by operational error, improperly  
37 designed treatment facilities, inadequate treatment facilities, lack of  
38 preventive maintenance, or careless or improper operation.

1        NEW SECTION.    **Sec. 34.**    (1) Notwithstanding any other provisions of  
2 this chapter, whenever it appears to the director that a person  
3 regulated by this chapter is causing water quality conditions to exist  
4 which require immediate action to protect the public health or welfare,  
5 the director may issue a written temporary order to cease and desist to  
6 the person responsible without prior notice or hearing, directing the  
7 person to either: (a) Immediately discontinue or modify the discharge  
8 into the waters of the state; or (b) appear before the department at  
9 the time and place specified in the order to provide the department  
10 information pertaining to the violations and conditions alleged in the  
11 order. The temporary order to cease and desist is effective upon  
12 service on the responsible person and will remain in effect until ten  
13 days after the informational meeting. The responsible person shall be  
14 given not less than twenty-four hours' notice of the informational  
15 meeting.

16        (2) Following the informational meeting or if the responsible  
17 person fails to attend the informational meeting, if the department  
18 determines that water quality conditions exist which require immediate  
19 action to protect the public health or welfare, the department may  
20 issue a written permanent order to cease and desist requiring the  
21 person to immediately discontinue or modify the discharge into waters.  
22 The permanent order to cease and desist is effective upon service. If  
23 this order is not immediately complied with, the attorney general, upon  
24 request of the department, may seek enforcement of the order in the  
25 superior court of the county in which the violation took place.  
26 Permanent orders to cease and desist issued by the department are  
27 appealable under chapter 43.21B RCW.

28        NEW SECTION.    **Sec. 35.**    (1) The department shall establish annual  
29 fees to collect expenses for issuing and administering permits issued  
30 under this chapter. This fee schedule shall apply to all permits,  
31 regardless of date of issuance, and fees shall be assessed  
32 prospectively. Fees shall be established in amounts to fully recover  
33 and not to exceed expenses incurred by the department in processing  
34 permit applications and modifications, monitoring and evaluating  
35 compliance with permits, conducting inspections, securing laboratory  
36 analysis of samples taken during inspections, reviewing plans and

1 documents directly related to operations of permittees, overseeing  
2 performance of delegated pretreatment programs, and supporting the  
3 overhead expenses that are directly related to these activities.

4 (2) An initial permit fee schedule shall be established by rule for  
5 applications received after delegation of national pollutant discharge  
6 elimination system permit authority from the environmental protection  
7 agency. Until the initial permit fee schedule is adopted, the fees  
8 established by the department of ecology shall be in effect.

9 (3) All fees collected under this section shall be deposited in the  
10 livestock nutrient management permit account within the agricultural  
11 local fund and used only for purposes of administering permits under  
12 this chapter.

13 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 36.** (1) Prior to issuing an order related to  
14 discharges from agricultural activity on agricultural land, the  
15 department shall consider whether an enforcement action would  
16 contribute to the conversion of agricultural land to nonagricultural  
17 uses. Any enforcement action shall attempt to minimize the possibility  
18 of such conversion.

19 (2) As used in this section:

20 (a) "Agricultural activity" means the growing, raising, or  
21 production of horticultural or viticultural crops, berries, poultry,  
22 livestock, grain, mint, hay, and dairy products.

23 (b) "Agricultural land" means at least five acres of land devoted  
24 primarily to the commercial production of livestock or agricultural  
25 commodities.

26 **Sec. 37.** RCW 43.21B.001 and 2004 c 204 s 1 are each amended to  
27 read as follows:

28 The definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter  
29 unless the context clearly requires otherwise.

30 (1) "Business days" means Monday through Friday exclusive of any  
31 state or federal holiday.

32 (2) "Date of receipt" means:

33 (a) Five business days after the date of mailing; or

34 (b) The date of actual receipt, when the actual receipt date can be  
35 proven by a preponderance of the evidence. The recipient's sworn  
36 affidavit or declaration indicating the date of receipt, which is

1 unchallenged by the agency, shall constitute sufficient evidence of  
2 actual receipt. The date of actual receipt, however, may not exceed  
3 forty-five days from the date of mailing.

4 (3) "Department" means the department of ecology, except for  
5 references pertaining to chapter 16.-- RCW (created by section 44 of  
6 this act), in which case "department" means the department of  
7 agriculture.

8 (4) "Director" means the director of ecology, except for references  
9 pertaining to chapter 16.-- RCW (created by section 44 of this act), in  
10 which case "director" means the director of the department of  
11 agriculture or a duly authorized representative.

12 **Sec. 38.** RCW 43.21B.110 and 2003 c 393 s 19 are each amended to  
13 read as follows:

14 (1) The hearings board shall only have jurisdiction to hear and  
15 decide appeals from the following decisions of the department, the  
16 department of agriculture, the director, local conservation districts,  
17 and the air pollution control boards or authorities as established  
18 pursuant to chapter 70.94 RCW, or local health departments:

19 (a) Civil penalties imposed pursuant to section 14 of this act,  
20 section 33 of this act, RCW 18.104.155, 70.94.431, 70.105.080,  
21 70.107.050, 88.46.090, 90.03.600, 90.48.144, 90.56.310, ~~((and))~~  
22 90.56.330, and 90.64.026 (as recodified by this act).

23 (b) Orders issued pursuant to section 30 of this act, section 34 of  
24 this act, RCW 18.104.043, 18.104.060, 43.27A.190, 70.94.211, 70.94.332,  
25 70.105.095, 86.16.020, 88.46.070, 90.14.130, 90.48.120, and 90.56.330.

26 (c) Except as provided in RCW 90.03.210(2), the issuance,  
27 modification, or termination of any permit, certificate, or license by  
28 the department or any air authority in the exercise of its  
29 jurisdiction, including the issuance or termination of a waste disposal  
30 permit, the denial of an application for a waste disposal permit, the  
31 modification of the conditions or the terms of a waste disposal permit,  
32 or a decision to approve or deny an application for a solid waste  
33 permit exemption under RCW 70.95.300.

34 (d) Decisions of local health departments regarding the grant or  
35 denial of solid waste permits pursuant to chapter 70.95 RCW.

36 (e) Decisions of local health departments regarding the issuance

1 and enforcement of permits to use or dispose of biosolids under RCW  
2 70.95J.080.

3 (f) Decisions of the department regarding waste-derived fertilizer  
4 or micronutrient fertilizer under RCW 15.54.820, and decisions of the  
5 department regarding waste-derived soil amendments under RCW 70.95.205.

6 (g) Decisions of (~~local conservation districts~~) the department of  
7 agriculture related to the denial of approval or denial of  
8 certification of a (~~dairy~~) livestock nutrient management plan;  
9 conditions contained in a plan; application of any (~~dairy~~) livestock  
10 nutrient management practices, standards, methods, and technologies to  
11 a particular (~~dairy farm~~) facility; and failure to adhere to the plan  
12 review and approval timelines in RCW 90.64.026 (as recodified by this  
13 act).

14 (h) Any other decision by the department or an air authority which  
15 pursuant to law must be decided as an adjudicative proceeding under  
16 chapter 34.05 RCW.

17 (2) The following hearings shall not be conducted by the hearings  
18 board:

19 (a) Hearings required by law to be conducted by the shorelines  
20 hearings board pursuant to RCW 90.64.026 (as recodified by this act),  
21 section 14 of this act, and chapter 90.58 RCW.

22 (b) Hearings conducted by the department pursuant to RCW 70.94.332,  
23 70.94.390, 70.94.395, 70.94.400, 70.94.405, 70.94.410, and 90.44.180.

24 (c) Proceedings conducted by the department, or the department's  
25 designee, under RCW 90.03.160 through 90.03.210 or 90.44.220.

26 (d) Hearings conducted by the department to adopt, modify, or  
27 repeal rules.

28 (e) Appeals of decisions by the department as provided in chapter  
29 43.21L RCW.

30 (3) Review of rules and regulations adopted by the hearings board  
31 shall be subject to review in accordance with the provisions of the  
32 Administrative Procedure Act, chapter 34.05 RCW.

33 **Sec. 39.** RCW 43.21B.300 and 2004 c 204 s 4 are each amended to  
34 read as follows:

35 (1) Any civil penalty provided in RCW 90.64.026 (as recodified by  
36 this act), section 14 of this act, section 33 of this act, RCW  
37 18.104.155, 70.94.431, 70.105.080, 70.107.050, 88.46.090, 90.03.600,

1 90.48.144, 90.56.310, and 90.56.330 shall be imposed by a notice in  
2 writing, either by certified mail with return receipt requested or by  
3 personal service, to the person incurring the penalty from the  
4 department, the department of agriculture, or the local air authority,  
5 describing the violation with reasonable particularity. Within thirty  
6 days after the notice is received, the person incurring the penalty may  
7 apply in writing to the department, the department of agriculture, or  
8 the authority, as appropriate, for the remission or mitigation of the  
9 penalty. Upon receipt of the application, the department, the  
10 department of agriculture, or authority may remit or mitigate the  
11 penalty upon whatever terms the department, the department of  
12 agriculture, or the authority in its discretion deems proper. The  
13 department, the department of agriculture, or the authority may  
14 ascertain the facts regarding all such applications in such reasonable  
15 manner and under such rules as it may deem proper and shall remit or  
16 mitigate the penalty only upon a demonstration of extraordinary  
17 circumstances such as the presence of information or factors not  
18 considered in setting the original penalty.

19 (2) Any penalty imposed under this section may be appealed to the  
20 pollution control hearings board in accordance with this chapter if the  
21 appeal is filed with the hearings board and served on the department,  
22 the department of agriculture, or authority thirty days after the date  
23 of receipt by the person penalized of the notice imposing the penalty  
24 or thirty days after the date of receipt of the notice of disposition  
25 of the application for relief from penalty.

26 (3) A penalty shall become due and payable on the later of:

27 (a) Thirty days after receipt of the notice imposing the penalty;

28 (b) Thirty days after receipt of the notice of disposition on  
29 application for relief from penalty, if such an application is made; or

30 (c) Thirty days after receipt of the notice of decision of the  
31 hearings board if the penalty is appealed.

32 (4) If the amount of any penalty is not paid to the department or  
33 the department of agriculture, as appropriate, within thirty days after  
34 it becomes due and payable, the attorney general, upon request of the  
35 department or the department of agriculture, shall bring an action in  
36 the name of the state of Washington in the superior court of Thurston  
37 county, or of any county in which the violator does business, to  
38 recover the penalty. If the amount of the penalty is not paid to the

1 authority within thirty days after it becomes due and payable, the  
2 authority may bring an action to recover the penalty in the superior  
3 court of the county of the authority's main office or of any county in  
4 which the violator does business. In these actions, the procedures and  
5 rules of evidence shall be the same as in an ordinary civil action.

6 (5) All penalties recovered shall be paid into the state treasury  
7 and credited to the general fund except those penalties imposed  
8 pursuant to RCW 18.104.155, which shall be credited to the reclamation  
9 account as provided in RCW 18.104.155(7), RCW 70.94.431, the  
10 disposition of which shall be governed by that provision, RCW  
11 70.105.080, which shall be credited to the hazardous waste control and  
12 elimination account, created by RCW 70.105.180, (~~and~~) RCW 90.56.330,  
13 which shall be credited to the coastal protection fund created by RCW  
14 90.48.390 and chapter 16.-- RCW (created by section 44 of this act)  
15 which shall be credited to the livestock nutrient management grant  
16 account created by RCW 90.64.150 (as recodified by this act).

17 **Sec. 40.** RCW 43.21B.310 and 2004 c 204 s 5 are each amended to  
18 read as follows:

19 (1) Except as provided in RCW 90.03.210(2), any order issued by the  
20 department, the department of agriculture, or local air authority  
21 pursuant to section 30 of this act, section 34 of this act, RCW  
22 70.94.211, 70.94.332, 70.105.095, 43.27A.190, 86.16.020, 88.46.070, or  
23 90.48.120(2) or any provision enacted after July 26, 1987, or any  
24 permit, certificate, or license issued by the department may be  
25 appealed to the pollution control hearings board if the appeal is filed  
26 with the board and served on the department, the department of  
27 agriculture, or authority within thirty days after the date of receipt  
28 of the order. Except as provided under chapter 70.105D RCW and RCW  
29 90.03.210(2), this is the exclusive means of appeal of such an order.

30 (2) The department, the department of agriculture, or the authority  
31 in its discretion may stay the effectiveness of an order during the  
32 pendency of such an appeal.

33 (3) At any time during the pendency of an appeal of such an order  
34 to the board, the appellant may apply pursuant to RCW 43.21B.320 to the  
35 hearings board for a stay of the order or for the removal thereof.

36 (4) Any appeal must contain the following in accordance with the  
37 rules of the hearings board:

- 1 (a) The appellant's name and address;
- 2 (b) The date and docket number of the order, permit, or license  
3 appealed;
- 4 (c) A description of the substance of the order, permit, or license  
5 that is the subject of the appeal;
- 6 (d) A clear, separate, and concise statement of every error alleged  
7 to have been committed;
- 8 (e) A clear and concise statement of facts upon which the requester  
9 relies to sustain his or her statements of error; and
- 10 (f) A statement setting forth the relief sought.
- 11 (5) Upon failure to comply with any final order of the department  
12 or the department of agriculture, the attorney general, on request of  
13 the department or the department of agriculture, may bring an action in  
14 the superior court of the county where the violation occurred or the  
15 potential violation is about to occur to obtain such relief as  
16 necessary, including injunctive relief, to insure compliance with the  
17 order. The air authorities may bring similar actions to enforce their  
18 orders.
- 19 (6) An appealable decision or order shall be identified as such and  
20 shall contain a conspicuous notice to the recipient that it may be  
21 appealed only by filing an appeal with the hearings board and serving  
22 it on the department or the department of agriculture within thirty  
23 days of the date of receipt.

24 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 41.** Section 18 of this act takes effect July 1,  
25 2006.

26 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 42.** The following acts or parts of acts are  
27 each repealed:

28 (1) RCW 90.64.015 (Environmental excellence program agreements--  
29 Effect on chapter) and 1997 c 381 s 29;

30 (2) RCW 90.64.017 (Registration of dairy producers--Information  
31 required--Information to producers regarding chapter) and 1998 c 262 s  
32 3;

33 (3) RCW 90.64.070 (Duties of conservation district) and 1998 c 262  
34 s 13 & 1993 c 221 s 8;

35 (4) RCW 90.64.080 (Duties of conservation commission) and 1998 c  
36 262 s 14 & 1993 c 221 s 9;

- 1 (5) RCW 90.64.130 (Data base) and 1998 c 262 s 9;
- 2 (6) RCW 90.64.140 (Technical assistance teams--Standards and
- 3 specifications for dairy nutrient management plans) and 1998 c 262 s
- 4 10;
- 5 (7) RCW 90.64.160 (Grants for dairy producers--Statement of
- 6 environmental benefits--Development of outcome-focused performance
- 7 measures) and 2001 c 227 s 4; and
- 8 (8) RCW 90.64.800 (Reports to the legislature) and 1998 c 262 s 17.

9 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 43.** RCW 90.64.900 and 90.64.901 are decodified.

10 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 44.** The following sections are codified or

11 recodified in the following order as a new chapter in Title 16 RCW:

- 12 (1) Intent and overview/authority
- 13 RCW 90.64.005
- 14 RCW 90.64.010
- 15 Section 1 of this act
- 16 RCW 90.64.050
- 17 RCW 90.64.110
- 18 RCW 90.64.020
- 19 (2) Permits
- 20 RCW 90.64.120
- 21 Section 19 of this act
- 22 Section 20 of this act
- 23 Section 21 of this act
- 24 Section 22 of this act
- 25 Section 23 of this act
- 26 Section 25 of this act
- 27 Section 24 of this act
- 28 Section 35 of this act
- 29 (3) Nutrient management plans
- 30 RCW 90.64.026
- 31 RCW 90.64.028
- 32 Section 14 of this act
- 33 Section 27 of this act
- 34 Section 15 of this act
- 35 (4) Field inspection and compliance
- 36 Section 26 of this act

1 RCW 90.64.023  
2 Section 28 of this act  
3 RCW 90.64.030  
4 Section 30 of this act  
5 Section 34 of this act  
6 Section 33 of this act  
7 Section 31 of this act  
8 RCW 90.64.040  
9 Section 29 of this act  
10 Section 32 of this act  
11 Section 36 of this act  
12 RCW 90.64.100  
13 (5) Miscellaneous  
14 Section 16 of this act  
15 Section 17 of this act  
16 RCW 90.64.813  
17 Section 18 of this act  
18 RCW 90.64.150  
19 Section 45 of this act

20 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 45.** If any provision of this act or its  
21 application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the  
22 remainder of the act or the application of the provision to other  
23 persons or circumstances is not affected.

--- END ---