HB 1476 - S AMD 445

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By Senators Hatfield, Jacobsen, Prentice, Morton

ADOPTED 04/12/2007

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 1. (1) The legislature finds that:

4 (a) Seven rockfish stocks, including canary and yelloweye rockfish,
5 have been designated under federal law by the national marine fisheries
6 services as overfished on the west coast.

7 (b) The department of fish and wildlife has classified certain 8 rockfish species within Puget Sound as critically depressed. These 9 common species of rockfish have undergone dramatic declines in Puget 10 Sound and the coast during the past three decades.

11 (c) The Pacific fishery management council and the department of 12 fish and wildlife have eliminated the directed commercial fisheries and greatly reduced the recreational fishing opportunity for these species. 13 14 (d) Due to the interactions of these depleted stocks with the healthier ones, commercial and recreational fisheries have been 15 16 severely constrained in recent years in order to rebuild the populations of these overfished rockfish. For many of these stocks 17 18 there have been no recent stock assessments, or the current assessments are based on poor data. Improved survey information is essential for 19 20 assessing abundance and to monitor progress toward rebuilding efforts 21 on the coast and in Puget Sound.

(e) Department of fish and wildlife staff have been developing 2.2 23 underwater robot technology or remote operated vehicles to 24 scientifically estimate the abundance of rockfish populations in both the nearshore and in deep waters. These new assessment techniques, 25 coupled with existing bottom trawl surveys, will be used to estimate 26 27 current abundance and future recovery of rockfish populations along the 28 coast of Washington and in Puget Sound.

(2) Therefore, the legislature intends to implement a targetedsurcharge on commercial licenses issued by the department of fish and

wildlife that provides for the retention or landing of ground fish, and a targeted surcharge on recreational saltwater fishing licenses. Funds derived from the surcharge will be used by the department of fish and wildlife solely for the purpose of conducting rockfish research and stock assessments.

6 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 2. A new section is added to chapter 77.12 RCW 7 to read as follows:

(1) The department is directed to develop and implement a rockfish 8 research and stock assessment program. Using funds from the rockfish 9 research account created in subsection (2) of this section, the 10 11 department must conduct Puget Sound basin and coastal surveys with new and existing technology to estimate the current abundance and future 12 recovery of rockfish populations and other groundfish species. 13 The stock assessment must include an evaluation of the potential for marine 14 fish enhancement. Beginning December 2008, and every two years 15 16 thereafter, the department shall report to the appropriate committees 17 of the legislature on the status of the stock assessment program.

(2) The rockfish research account is created in the custody of the 18 state treasurer. All receipts from surcharges assessed on commercial 19 20 and recreational fishing licenses for the purposes of rockfish research 21 must be deposited into the account. Expenditures from the account may be used only for rockfish research, including stock assessments. Only 22 23 the director of the department or the director's designee may authorize 24 expenditures from the account. The account is subject to allotment procedures under chapter 43.88 RCW, but an appropriation is not 25 26 required for expenditures.

27 **Sec. 3.** RCW 77.65.150 and 2006 c 186 s 1 are each amended to read 28 as follows:

(1) The director shall issue the charter licenses and angler permits listed in this section according to the requirements of this title. The licenses and permits and their annual fees and surcharges are:

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| 1 | | Annual Fee | | | | |
|----|-----|---------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------|--|
| 2 | | (RCW 77.95.090 Surcharge) | | Governing | | |
| 3 | | License or Permit | (Section 2 of this act Surcharge) | | Section | |
| 4 | | | Resident | Nonresident | | |
| 5 | (a) | Nonsalmon charter | \$225 | \$375 | | |
| б | | | (plus \$35 for section 2 | (plus \$35 for section 2 of | | |
| 7 | | | of this act Surcharge) | this act Surcharge) | | |
| 8 | (b) | Salmon charter | \$380 | \$685 | RCW 77.70.050 | |
| 9 | | | (plus \$100) | (plus \$100) | | |
| 10 | | | (plus \$35 for section 2 | (plus \$35 for section 2 of | | |
| 11 | | | of this act Surcharge) | this act Surcharge) | | |
| 12 | (c) | Salmon angler | \$ 0 | \$ 0 | RCW 77.70.060 | |
| 13 | (d) | Salmon roe | \$ 95 | \$ 95 | RCW 77.65.350 | |

14 (2) A salmon charter license designating a vessel is required to 15 operate a charter boat from which persons may, for a fee, fish for 16 salmon, other food fish, and shellfish. The director may issue a 17 salmon charter license only to a person who meets the qualifications of 18 RCW 77.70.050.

(3) A nonsalmon charter license designating a vessel is required to
operate a charter boat from which persons may, for a fee, fish for food
fish other than salmon, <u>albacore tuna</u>, and shellfish.

(4)(a) "Charter boat" means a vessel from which persons may, for a fee, fish for food fish or shellfish for personal use in those state waters set forth in (b) of this subsection. "Charter boat" also means a vessel from which persons may, for a fee, fish for food fish or shellfish for personal use in offshore waters or in the waters of other states. The director may specify by rule when a vessel is a "charter boat" within this definition.

(b) A person may not operate a vessel from which persons may, for
a fee, fish for food fish or shellfish in Puget Sound, Grays Harbor,
Willapa Bay, Pacific Ocean waters, Lake Washington, or the Columbia
river below the bridge at Longview unless the vessel is designated on
a charter boat license.

(5) A charter boat licensed in Oregon may fish without a Washington
 charter license under the same rules as Washington charter boat
 operators in ocean waters within the jurisdiction of Washington state
 from the southern border of the state of Washington to Leadbetter

Point, as long as the Oregon vessel does not take on or discharge passengers for any purpose from any Washington port, the Washington shore, or a dock, landing, or other point in Washington. The provisions of this subsection shall be in effect as long as the state of Oregon has reciprocal laws and regulations.

(6) A salmon charter license under subsection (1)(b) of this 6 7 section may be renewed if the license holder notifies the department by May 1st of that year that he or she will not participate in the fishery 8 during that calendar year. The license holder must pay the one 9 hundred-dollar enhancement surcharge and a thirty-five dollar surcharge 10 to be deposited in the rockfish research account created in section 2 11 of this act, plus a fifteen-dollar handling charge, in order to be 12 13 considered a valid renewal and eligible to renew the license the 14 following year.

15 **Sec. 4.** RCW 77.65.210 and 2005 c 20 s 4 are each amended to read 16 as follows:

17 (1) Except as provided in subsection (2) of this section, a person may not use a commercial fishing vessel to deliver food fish or 18 shellfish taken for commercial purposes in offshore waters to a port in 19 20 the state without a nonlimited entry delivery license. As used in this 21 section, "deliver" and "delivery" mean arrival at a place or port, and include arrivals from offshore waters to waters within the state and 22 23 arrivals ashore from offshore waters. As used in this section, "food 24 fish" does not include salmon. As used in this section, "shellfish" does not include ocean pink shrimp, coastal crab, or fish or shellfish 25 taken under an emerging commercial fisheries license if taken from off-26 shore waters. The annual license fee for a nonlimited entry delivery 27 license is one hundred ten dollars for residents and two hundred 28 dollars for nonresidents, and an additional thirty-five dollar 29 surcharge for both residents and nonresidents to be deposited in the 30 rockfish research account created in section 2 of this act. 31

(2) Holders of salmon troll fishery licenses issued under RCW
77.65.160, salmon delivery licenses issued under RCW 77.65.170, crab
pot fishery licenses issued under RCW 77.65.220, food fish trawl--NonPuget Sound fishery licenses, and emerging commercial fishery licenses
issued under RCW 77.65.200, Dungeness crab--coastal fishery licenses,
ocean pink shrimp delivery licenses, shrimp trawl--Non-Puget Sound

1 fishery licenses, and emerging commercial fishery licenses issued under 2 RCW 77.65.220 may deliver food fish or shellfish taken in offshore 3 waters without a nonlimited entry delivery license.

4 (3) A nonlimited entry delivery license authorizes no taking of 5 food fish or shellfish from state waters.

6 **Sec. 5.** RCW 77.32.470 and 2005 c 192 s 1 are each amended to read 7 as follows:

8 (1) A personal use saltwater, freshwater, combination, temporary, 9 or family fishing weekend license is required for all persons fifteen 10 years of age or older to fish for or possess fish taken for personal 11 use from state waters or offshore waters.

(2) The fees for annual personal use saltwater, freshwater, orcombination licenses are as follows:

(a) A combination license allows the holder to fish for or possess
fish, shellfish, and seaweed from state waters or offshore waters. The
fee for this license is thirty-six dollars for residents, seventy-two
dollars for nonresidents, and five dollars for youth. There is an
additional fifty-cent surcharge for this license, to be deposited in
the rockfish research account created section 2 of this act.

20 (b) A saltwater license allows the holder to fish for or possess 21 fish taken from saltwater areas. The fee for this license is eighteen 22 dollars for residents, thirty-six dollars for nonresidents, and five 23 dollars for resident seniors. <u>There is an additional fifty-cent</u> 24 <u>surcharge for this license, to be deposited in the rockfish research</u> 25 <u>account created section 2 of this act.</u>

(c) A freshwater license allows the holder to fish for, take, or possess food fish or game fish species in all freshwater areas. The fee for this license is twenty dollars for residents, forty dollars for nonresidents, and five dollars for resident seniors.

30 (3)(a) A temporary combination fishing license is valid for one to 31 five consecutive days and allows the holder to fish for or possess 32 fish, shellfish, and seaweed taken from state waters or offshore 33 waters. The fee for this temporary fishing license is:

34 (i) One day - Seven dollars for residents and fourteen dollars for35 nonresidents;

36 (ii) Two days - Ten dollars for residents and twenty dollars for 37 nonresidents; (iii) Three days - Thirteen dollars for residents and twenty-six
 dollars for nonresidents;

3 (iv) Four days - Fifteen dollars for residents and thirty dollars
4 for nonresidents; and

5 (v) Five days - Seventeen dollars for residents and thirty-four 6 dollars for nonresidents.

7 (b) The fee for a charter stamp is seven dollars for a one-day 8 temporary combination fishing license for residents and nonresidents 9 for use on a charter boat as defined in RCW 77.65.150.

10 (c) A transaction fee to support the automated licensing system 11 will be taken from the amounts set forth in this subsection for 12 temporary licenses.

(d) Except for active duty military personnel serving in any branch of the United States armed forces, the temporary combination fishing license is not valid on game fish species for an eight-consecutive-day period beginning on the opening day of the lowland lake fishing season. (e) There is an additional fifty-cent surcharge on the temporary combination fishing license and the associated charter stamp, to be

19 <u>deposited in the rockfish research account created in section 2 of this</u> 20 <u>act.</u>

(4) A family fishing weekend license allows for a maximum of six anglers: One resident and five youth; two residents and four youth; or one resident, one nonresident, and four youth. This license allows the holders to fish for or possess fish taken from state waters or offshore waters. The fee for this license is twenty dollars. This license is only valid during periods as specified by rule of the department.

(5) The commission may adopt rules to create and sell combination licenses for all hunting and fishing activities at or below a fee equal to the total cost of the individual license contained within any combination.

31 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 6. This act is necessary for the immediate 32 preservation of the public peace, health, or safety, or support of the 33 state government and its existing public institutions, and takes effect 34 immediately."

ADOPTED 04/12/2007

On page 1, line 1 of the title, after "licenses;" strike the 1 2 remainder of the title and insert "amending RCW 77.65.150, 77.65.210, 3 and 77.32.470; adding a new section to chapter 77.12 RCW; creating a 4 new section; and declaring an emergency."

EFFECT: The department of fish and wildlife is required to develop and implement a program that will research and conduct a stock assessment of the rockfish populations in the state. The required rockfish research is funded through a series of surcharges on fishing licenses. Surcharges on commercial licenses are set at \$35. Surcharges on recreational licenses are set at 50 cents.

The revenue generated from the surcharges is to be deposited into the newly created rockfish research account. The account is a nonappropriated account and expenditures may only be authorized by the director of the department. The revenue in the account may be used only for rockfish research, including assessment of stocks.

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