**SB 5738** - S AMD 59

By Senators Oemig, Fairley and Roach

## PULLED 3/12/2007

1 On page 3, strike all of Section 3 and insert the following:

2 "Sec. 3. RCW 29A.44.090 and 2003 c 111 s 1109 are each amended to 3 read as follows:

4 ((A registered voter shall not be allowed to vote in the precinct in which he or she is registered at any election or primary for which 5 that voter has cast an absentee ballot. A registered voter who has 6 requested an absentee ballot for a primary or special or general 7 election but chooses to vote at the voter's precinct polling place in 8 that primary or election shall cast a provisional ballot. The 9 canvassing board shall not count the ballot if it finds that the voter 10 has also voted by absentee ballot in that primary or election.)) If a 11 registered voter who was issued an absentee or mail ballot requests to 12 vote at a polling place, the precinct election officer shall attempt to 13 14 confirm whether the voter has already returned an absentee or mail ballot. Confirmation may be achieved by accessing the county voter 15 registration system by electronic, telephonic, or other means. 16

17 (a) If the precinct election officer is able to confirm that the 18 voter has not already returned an absentee or mail ballot, the voter 19 may be issued a regular ballot. In order to prevent multiple voting, 20 the voter must be immediately credited or flagged in the voter 21 registration system as having voted. If an absentee or mail ballot is 22 subsequently returned, the canvassing board may not count the absentee 23 or mail ballot.

(b) If the precinct election officer is unable to confirm whether the voter has already returned a ballot, the voter must be issued a provisional ballot. If the voter has already returned an absentee or mail ballot, the canvassing board may not count the provisional ballot. If the canvassing board counts the provisional ballot and an absentee or mail ballot is subsequently returned, the canvassing board may not count the absentee or mail ballot." **EFFECT:** When a voter who was issued an absentee or mail ballot requests to vote at a polling place, the election officer must confirm whether the voter has returned the absentee or mail ballot. If the election officer can confirm that a ballot has not been returned, the voter shall be issued a regular ballot, and the election officer must immediately credit the voter with voting to prevent multiple voting. If an absentee or mail ballot is subsequently returned, the ballot must not be counted. If the election officer is unable to confirm whether a ballot has been returned, the voter must be issued a provisional ballot, which will be counted if an absentee or mail ballot has not been returned.