HOUSE BILL REPORT HB 2161

As Passed House:

March 8, 2007

Title: An act relating to providing for consistency between code cities and noncode cities in the apportionment of investment funds.

Brief Description: Providing for consistency between code cities and noncode cities in the apportionment of investment funds.

Sponsors: By Representatives Simpson, Curtis, Eddy and Ormsby.

Brief History:

Committee Activity:

Local Government: 2/22/07, 2/26/07 [DP].

Floor Activity:

Passed House: 3/8/07, 96-0.

Brief Summary of Bill

 Allows income derived from a code city's common investment portfolio to be apportioned among the general or current expense fund as determined by ordinance or resolution.

HOUSE COMMITTEE ON LOCAL GOVERNMENT

Majority Report: Do pass. Signed by 7 members: Representatives Simpson, Chair; Eddy, Vice Chair; Curtis, Ranking Minority Member; Schindler, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Ross, B. Sullivan and Takko.

Staff: Jessica Nowakowski (786-7291) and Ethan Moreno (786-7386).

Background:

Cities may be classified as code cites or non-code cities and towns. Code cities have broad statutory home rule authority in matters of local concern. Code cities and non-code cities and towns have separate statutory requirements for governance and operation.

House Bill Report - 1 - HB 2161

This analysis was prepared by non-partisan legislative staff for the use of legislative members in their deliberations. This analysis is not a part of the legislation nor does it constitute a statement of legislative intent.

Excess and inactive funds in the treasury of a code or non-code city may be invested according to provisions prescribed in statute. Funds may be invested in:

- (1) U.S. bonds or certificates of indebtedness;
- (2) bonds or warrants of the state;
- (3) general obligation or utility revenue bonds or warrants;
- (4) bonds or warrants of a local improvement district; or
- (5) other investments authorized by law for any other taxing district.

The responsibility for determining the amount of money available in each fund for investment purposes in code cities must be made by the department, division, or board responsible for the administration of such funds. Unless otherwise restricted, moneys determined available may be invested on an individual fund basis or may be commingled within one common investment portfolio for the mutual benefit of all participating funds. If moneys are commingled in a common investment portfolio, all income subsequently derived must be apportioned among the various participating funds in direct proportion to the amount of money invested by each.

Any excess or inactive funds of a non-code city not invested for the specific benefit of any particular fund may be invested by the city treasurer for the benefit of the general or current expense fund.

All investments must be approved by the council or legislative body of the code or non-code city.

Summary of Bill:

Code cities must apportion any income derived from a common investment portfolio among the general or current expense fund as determined by ordinance or resolution.

Appropriation: None.

Fiscal Note: Not requested.

Effective Date: The bill takes effect 90 days after adjournment of session in which bill is

passed.

Staff Summary of Public Testimony:

(In support) There is a discrepancy in how investment income is allocated between code and non-code cities. Code cities would like the same authority as non-code cities to allocate investment income. Any investment must be done at the city council level by ordinance or resolution.

(Opposed) None.

Persons Testifying: Jim Justin, Association of Washington Cities.

Persons Signed In To Testify But Not Testifying: None.

House Bill Report - 3 - HB 2161