## CERTIFICATION OF ENROLLMENT

### SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 1832

# 60th Legislature 2007 Regular Session

Passed by the House March 7, 2007 Yeas 94 Nays 0	CERTIFICATE  I, Richard Nafziger, Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives of the State of Washington, do hereby
Passed by the Senate April 13, 2007 Yeas 49 Nays 0	the dates hereon set forth.
	Chief Clerk
President of the Senate	
Approved	FILED
Governor of the State of Washington	Secretary of State State of Washington

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#### SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 1832

Passed Legislature - 2007 Regular Session

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State of Washington 60th Legislature 2007 Regular Session

By House Committee on State Government & Tribal Affairs (originally sponsored by Representatives Hunt, Chandler, Williams, Ormsby and Condotta)

READ FIRST TIME 02/27/07.

- 1 AN ACT Relating to limitation on actions; and amending RCW
- 2 42.17.400 and 42.17.410.

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- 3 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:
- 4 **Sec. 1.** RCW 42.17.400 and 1975 1st ex.s. c 294 s 27 are each 5 amended to read as follows:
  - (1) The attorney general and the prosecuting authorities of political subdivisions of this state may bring civil actions in the name of the state for any appropriate civil remedy, including but not limited to the special remedies provided in RCW 42.17.390.
- 10 The attorney general and the prosecuting authorities 11 political subdivisions of this state may investigate or cause to be 12 investigated the activities of any person who there is reason to 13 believe is or has been acting in violation of this chapter, and may 14 require any such person or any other person reasonably believed to have 15 information concerning the activities of such person to appear at a 16 time and place designated in the county in which such person resides or 17 is found, to give such information under oath and to produce all accounts, bills, receipts, books, paper and documents which may be 18

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1 relevant or material to any investigation authorized under this 2 chapter.

- (3) When the attorney general or the prosecuting authority of any political subdivision of this state requires the attendance of any person to obtain such information or the production of the accounts, bills, receipts, books, papers, and documents which may be relevant or material to any investigation authorized under this chapter, he shall issue an order setting forth the time when and the place where attendance is required and shall cause the same to be delivered to or sent by registered mail to the person at least fourteen days before the date fixed for attendance. Such order shall have the same force and effect as a subpoena, shall be effective statewide, and, upon application of the attorney general or said prosecuting authority, obedience to the order may be enforced by any superior court judge in the county where the person receiving it resides or is found, in the same manner as though the order were a subpoena. The court, after hearing, for good cause, and upon application of any person aggrieved by the order, shall have the right to alter, amend, revise, suspend, or postpone all or any part of its provisions. In any case where the order is not enforced by the court according to its terms, the reasons for the court's actions shall be clearly stated in writing, and such action shall be subject to review by the appellate courts by certiorari or other appropriate proceeding.
  - (4) Any person who has notified the attorney general and the prosecuting attorney in the county in which the violation occurred in writing that there is reason to believe that some provision of this chapter is being or has been violated may himself bring in the name of the state any of the actions (hereinafter referred to as a citizen's action) authorized under this chapter.
    - (a) This citizen action may be brought only if:
  - (i) The attorney general and the prosecuting attorney have failed to commence an action hereunder within forty-five days after such notice ((and)):
  - (ii) Such person has thereafter further notified the attorney general and prosecuting attorney that said person will commence a citizen's action within ten days upon their failure so to  $do((\frac{1}{2}))$ :

    (iii) The attorney general and the prosecuting attorney have in

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fact failed to bring such action within ten days of receipt of said
second notice; and

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- (iv) The citizen's action is filed within two years after the date when the alleged violation occurred.
- (b) If the person who brings the citizen's action prevails, the judgment awarded shall escheat to the state, but he shall be entitled to be reimbursed by the state of Washington for costs and attorney's fees he has incurred: PROVIDED, That in the case of a citizen's action which is dismissed and which the court also finds was brought without reasonable cause, the court may order the person commencing the action to pay all costs of trial and reasonable attorney's fees incurred by the defendant.
- (5) In any action brought under this section, the court may award 13 14 to the state all costs of investigation and trial, including a reasonable attorney's fee to be fixed by the court. If the violation 15 is found to have been intentional, the amount of the judgment, which 16 17 shall for this purpose include the costs, may be trebled as punitive damages. If damages or trebled damages are awarded in such an action 18 brought against a lobbyist, the judgment may be awarded against the 19 20 lobbyist, and the lobbyist's employer or employers joined 21 defendants, jointly, severally, or both. If the defendant prevails, he 22 shall be awarded all costs of trial, and may be awarded a reasonable attorney's fee to be fixed by the court to be paid by the state of 23 24 Washington.
- 25 **Sec. 2.** RCW 42.17.410 and 1982 c 147 s 18 are each amended to read 26 as follows:
- Except as provided in RCW 42.17.400(4)(a)(iv), any action brought under the provisions of this chapter must be commenced within five years after the date when the violation occurred.

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