CERTIFICATION OF ENROLLMENT

ENGROSSED SECOND SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 3186

60th Legislature 2008 Regular Session

Passed by the House March 8, 2008 Yeas 64 Nays 29 Speaker of the House of Representatives Passed by the Senate March 4, 2008 Yeas 34 Nays 13	I, Barbara Baker, Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives of the State of Washington, do hereby certify that the attached is ENGROSSED SECOND SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 3186 as passed by the House of Representatives and the Senate on the dates hereon set forth.		
			Chief Cler
		President of the Senate	
		Approved	FILED
Governor of the State of Washington	Secretary of State State of Washington		
Governor or the state or washington			

ENGROSSED SECOND SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 3186

AS AMENDED BY THE SENATE

Passed Legislature - 2008 Regular Session

State of Washington 60th Legislature 2008 Regular Session

By House Appropriations Subcommittee on General Government & Audit Review (originally sponsored by Representative Nelson)

READ FIRST TIME 02/07/08.

- 1 AN ACT Relating to beach management districts; amending RCW 2 36.61.010, 36.61.020, 36.61.025, 36.61.030, 36.61.040, 36.61.050, 3 36.61.060, 36.61.070, 36.61.080, 36.61.090, 36.61.100, 36.61.110, 36.61.115, 36.61.160, 4 36.61.120, 36.61.140, 36.61.170, 36.61.190, 5 36.61.200, 36.61.220, 36.61.230, 36.61.260, 36.61.270, 36.94.020, 39.34.190, 86.09.151, and 35.21.403; adding a new section to chapter 6 7 36.61 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 43.21A RCW; and creating a new section. 8
- 9 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:
- 10 **Sec. 1.** RCW 36.61.010 and 1987 c 432 s 1 are each amended to read 11 as follows:
- The legislature finds that the environmental, recreational, and aesthetic values of many of the state's lakes are threatened by eutrophication and other deterioration and that existing governmental authorities are unable to adequately improve and maintain the quality of the state's lakes.
- 17 The legislature intends that an ecosystem-based beach management
- 18 approach should be used to help promote the health of aquatic
- 19 ecosystems and that such a management approach be undertaken in a

manner that retains ecosystem values within the state. This management approach should use long-term strategies that focus on reducing nutrient inputs from human activities affecting the aquatic ecosystem, such as decreasing nutrients into storm water sewers, decreasing fertilizer application, promoting the proper disposal of pet waste, promoting the use of vegetative borders, promoting the reduction of nutrients from on-site septic systems where appropriate, and protecting riparian areas. Organic debris, including vegetation, driftwood, seaweed, kelp, and organisms, are extremely important to beach ecosystems.

It is the purpose of this chapter to establish a governmental mechanism by which property owners can embark on a program of lake or beach improvement and maintenance for their and the general public's benefit, health, and welfare. Public property, including state property, shall be considered the same as private property in this chapter, except liens for special assessments and liens for rates and charges shall not extend to public property. Lake bottom property and marine property below the line of the ordinary high water mark shall not be considered to be benefited, shall not be subject to special assessments or rates and charges, and shall not receive voting rights under this chapter.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. A new section is added to chapter 36.61 RCW to read as follows:

- (1) Beach management districts may be created for the purpose of controlling and removing aquatic plants or vegetation. These districts must develop a plan for these activities, in consultation with appropriate federal, state, and local agencies. The plan must include an element addressing nutrient loading from land use activities in a subbasin that is a tributary to the area targeted for management. The plan must be consistent with the action agenda approved by the Puget Sound partnership, where applicable.
- (2) Plans for the control and removal of aquatic plants or vegetation must, to the greatest extent possible, meet the following requirements:
- 35 (a) Avoid or minimize the excess removal of living and nonliving 36 nontarget native vegetation and organisms;

- 1 (b) Avoid or minimize management activities that will result in 2 compacting beach sand, gravel, and substrate;
 - (c) Minimize adverse impacts to: (i) The project site when disposing of excessive accumulations of vegetation; and (ii) other areas of the beach or deep water environment; and
 - (d) Retain all natural habitat features on the beach, including retaining trees, stumps, logs, and large rocks in their natural location.
 - (3) Seaweed removal under this section may only occur on the shore of a saltwater body that lies between the extreme low tide and the ordinary high water mark, as those terms are defined in RCW 90.58.030.
- 12 (4) The control or removal of native aquatic plants or vegetation 13 shall be authorized in the following areas:
- 14 (a) Beaches or near shore areas located within at least one mile of 15 a ferry terminal that are in a county with a population of one million 16 or more residents; and
 - (b) Beaches or near shore areas in a city that meets the following:
- 18 (i) Is adjacent to Puget Sound;

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- 19 (ii) Has at least eighty-five thousand residents;
- 20 (iii) Shares a common boundary with a neighboring county; and
- 21 (iv) Is in a county with a population of one million or more 22 residents.
- 23 **Sec. 3.** RCW 36.61.020 and 2000 c 184 s 5 are each amended to read as follows:
 - Any county may create lake <u>or beach</u> management districts to finance the improvement and maintenance of lakes <u>or beaches</u> located within or partially within the boundaries of the county. All or a portion of a lake <u>or beach</u> and the adjacent land areas may be included within one or more lake <u>or beach</u> management districts. More than one lake <u>or beach</u>, or portions of lakes <u>or beaches</u>, and the adjacent land areas may be included in a single lake <u>or beach</u> management district.
- Special assessments or rates and charges may be imposed on the property included within a lake <u>or beach</u> management district to finance lake <u>or beach</u> improvement and maintenance activities, including: (1) ((The control or removal of)) Controlling or removing aquatic plants and vegetation; (2) <u>improving</u> water quality; (3) ((the control of)) controlling water levels; (4) <u>treating</u> and <u>diverting</u> storm water

((diversion and treatment)); (5) controlling agricultural waste
((control)); (6) studying lake or marine water quality problems and
solutions; (7) cleaning and maintaining ditches and streams entering
the lake or marine waters or leaving the lake; ((and)) (8) monitoring
air quality; and (9) the related administrative, engineering, legal,
and operational costs, including the costs of creating the lake or
beach management district.

Special assessments or rates and charges may be imposed annually on all the land in a lake <u>or beach</u> management district for the duration of the lake <u>or beach</u> management district without a related issuance of lake <u>or beach</u> management district bonds or revenue bonds. Special assessments also may be imposed in the manner of special assessments in a local improvement district with each landowner being given the choice of paying the entire special assessment in one payment, or to paying installments, with lake <u>or beach</u> management district bonds being issued to obtain moneys not derived by the initial full payment of the special assessments, and the installments covering all of the costs related to issuing, selling, and redeeming the lake <u>or beach</u> management district bonds.

- **Sec. 4.** RCW 36.61.025 and 2000 c 184 s 4 are each amended to read 21 as follows:
- To improve the ability of counties to finance long-term lake <u>or</u>
 beach management objectives, lake <u>or beach</u> management districts may be
 created for any needed period of time.
- **Sec. 5.** RCW 36.61.030 and 1987 c 432 s 3 are each amended to read as follows:

A lake <u>or beach</u> management district may be initiated upon either the adoption of a resolution of intention by a county legislative authority or the filing of a petition signed by ten landowners or the owners of at least fifteen percent of the acreage contained within the proposed lake <u>or beach</u> management district, whichever is greater. A petition or resolution of intention shall set forth: (1) The nature of the lake <u>or beach</u> improvement or maintenance activities proposed to be financed; (2) the amount of money proposed to be raised by special assessments or rates and charges; (3) if special assessments are to be imposed, whether the special assessments will be imposed annually for

the duration of the lake <u>or beach</u> management district, or the full special assessments will be imposed at one time, with the possibility of installments being made to finance the issuance of lake <u>or beach</u> management district bonds, or both methods; (4) if rates and charges are to be imposed, the annual amount of revenue proposed to be collected and whether revenue bonds payable from the rates and charges are proposed to be issued; (5) the number of years proposed for the duration of the lake <u>or beach</u> management district; and (6) the proposed boundaries of the lake <u>or beach</u> management district.

The county legislative authority may require the posting of a bond of up to five thousand dollars before the county considers the proposed creation of a lake <u>or beach</u> management district initiated by petition. The bond may only be used by the county to finance its costs in studying, holding hearings, making notices, preparing special assessment rolls or rolls showing the rates and charges on each parcel, and conducting elections related to the lake <u>or beach</u> management district if the proposed lake <u>or beach</u> management district is not created.

A resolution of intention shall also designate the number of the proposed lake <u>or beach</u> management district, and fix a date, time, and place for a public hearing on the formation of the proposed lake <u>or beach</u> management district. The date for the public hearing shall be at least thirty days and no more than ninety days after the adoption of the resolution of intention unless an emergency exists.

Petitions shall be filed with the county legislative authority. The county legislative authority shall determine the sufficiency of the signatures, which shall be conclusive upon all persons. No person may withdraw his or her name from a petition after it is filed. If the county legislative authority determines a petition to be sufficient and the proposed lake <u>or beach</u> management district appears to be in the public interest and the financing of the lake <u>or beach</u> improvement or maintenance activities is feasible, it shall adopt a resolution of intention, setting forth all of the details required to be included when a resolution of intention is initiated by the county legislative authority.

Sec. 6. RCW 36.61.040 and 1994 c 264 s 9 are each amended to read 37 as follows:

Notice of the public hearing shall be published in at least two consecutive issues of a newspaper of general circulation in the proposed lake or beach management district, the date of the first publication to be at least fifteen days prior to the date fixed for the public hearing by the resolution of intention. Notice of the public hearing shall also be given to the owner or reputed owner of any lot, tract, parcel of land, or other property within the proposed lake or beach management district by mailing the notice at least fifteen days before the date fixed for the public hearing to the owner or reputed owner of the property as shown on the tax rolls of the county assessor at the address shown thereon. Notice of the public hearing shall also be mailed to the departments of fish and wildlife, natural resources, and ecology at least fifteen days before the date fixed for the public hearing.

Notices of the public hearing shall: (1) Refer to the resolution of intention; (2) designate the proposed lake or beach management district by number; (3) set forth a proposed plan describing: nature of the proposed lake or beach improvement or maintenance activities; (b) the amount of special assessments or rates and charges proposed to be raised by the lake or beach management district; (c) if special assessments are proposed to be imposed, whether the special assessments will be imposed annually for the duration of the lake or beach management district, or the full special assessments will be payable at one time, with the possibility of periodic installments being paid and lake or beach management bonds being issued, or both; (d) if rates and charges are proposed to be imposed, the annual amount of revenue proposed to be collected and whether revenue bonds payable from the rates and charges are proposed to be issued; and (e) the proposed duration of the lake or beach management district; and (4) indicate the date, time, and place of the public hearing designated in the resolution of intention.

In the case of the notice sent to each owner or reputed owner by mail, the notice shall set forth the estimated amount of the cost of the lake <u>or beach</u> improvement or maintenance activities to be borne by special assessment, or annual special assessments, or rates and charges on the lot, tract, parcel of land, or other property owned by the owner or reputed owner.

If the county legislative authority has designated a committee of itself or an officer to hear complaints and make recommendations to the full county legislative authority, as provided in RCW 36.61.060, the notice shall also describe this additional step before the full county legislative authority may adopt a resolution creating the lake or beach management district.

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7 **Sec. 7.** RCW 36.61.050 and 1994 c 264 s 10 are each amended to read 8 as follows:

The county legislative authority shall hold a public hearing on the proposed lake <u>or beach</u> management district at the date, time, and place designated in the resolution of intention.

At this hearing the county legislative authority shall hear objections from any person affected by the formation of the lake or beach management district. Representatives of the departments of fish and wildlife, natural resources, and ecology shall be afforded opportunities to make presentations on and comment on the proposal. Members of the public shall be afforded an opportunity to comment on The county legislative authority must consider the proposal. recommendations provided to it by the departments of fish and wildlife, natural resources, and ecology. The public hearing may be extended to other times and dates declared at the public hearing. legislative authority may make such changes in the boundaries of the lake or beach management district or such modification in plans for the proposed lake or beach improvement or maintenance activities as it deems necessary. The county legislative authority may not change boundaries of the lake or beach management district to include property that was not included previously without first passing an amended resolution of intention and giving new notice to the owners or reputed owners of property newly included in the proposed lake or beach management district in the manner and form and within the time provided for the original notice. The county legislative authority shall not alter the plans for the proposed lake or beach improvement or maintenance activities to result in an increase in the amount of money proposed to be raised, and shall not increase the amount of money proposed to be raised, without first passing an amended resolution of intention and giving new notice to property owners in the manner and form and within the time provided for the original notice.

1 **Sec. 8.** RCW 36.61.060 and 1985 c 398 s 10 are each amended to read 2 as follows:

A county legislative authority may adopt an ordinance providing for a committee of itself, or an officer, to hold public hearings on the proposed formation of a lake <u>or beach</u> management district and hear objections to the proposed formation as provided in RCW 36.61.050. The committee or officer shall make a recommendation to the full legislative authority, which need not hold a public hearing on the proposed creation of the lake <u>or beach</u> management district. The full county legislative authority by resolution may approve or disapprove the recommendation and submit the question of creating the lake <u>or beach</u> management district to the property owners as provided in RCW 36.61.070 through 36.61.100.

14 **Sec. 9.** RCW 36.61.070 and 1987 c 432 s 5 are each amended to read 15 as follows:

After the public hearing, the county legislative authority may adopt a resolution submitting the question of creating the lake or beach management district to the owners of land within the proposed lake or beach management district, including publicly owned land, if the county legislative authority finds that it is in the public interest to create the lake or beach management district and the financing of the lake or beach improvement and maintenance activities is feasible. The resolution shall also include: (1) A plan describing the proposed lake or beach improvement and maintenance activities which avoid adverse impacts on fish and wildlife and provide for appropriate measures to protect and enhance fish and wildlife; (2) the number of years the lake or beach management district will exist; (3) the amount to be raised by special assessments or rates and charges; (4) if special assessments are to be imposed, whether the special assessments shall be imposed annually for the duration of the lake or beach management district or only once with the possibility of installments being imposed and lake or beach management bonds being issued, or both, and, if both types of special assessments are proposed to be imposed, the lake or beach improvement or maintenance activities proposed to be financed by each type of special assessment; (5) if rates and charges are to be imposed, a description of the rates and charges and the possibility of revenue bonds being issued that are payable from the

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rates and charges; and (6) the estimated special assessment or rate and charge proposed to be imposed on each parcel included in the proposed lake or beach management district.

No lake <u>or beach</u> management district may be created by a county that includes territory located in another county without the approval of the legislative authority of the other county.

7 **Sec. 10.** RCW 36.61.080 and 1987 c 432 s 6 are each amended to read 8 as follows:

9 (1) A ballot shall be mailed to each owner or reputed owner of any 10 lot, tract, parcel of land, or other property within the proposed lake 11 management district, including publicly owned land, which ballot shall 12 contain the following proposition:

"Shall lake management district No. . . . be formed?

(2) A ballot shall be mailed to each owner or reputed owner of any lot, tract, parcel of land, or other property within the proposed beach management district, including publicly owned land, which ballot shall contain the following proposition:

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"Shall beach management district No. . . . be formed?

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(3) In addition, the ballot shall contain appropriate spaces for the signatures of the landowner or landowners, or officer authorized to cast such a ballot. Each ballot shall include a description of the property owner's property and the estimated special assessment, or rate and charge, proposed to be imposed upon the property. A copy of the instructions and the resolution submitting the question to the landowners shall also be included.

32 **Sec. 11.** RCW 36.61.090 and 1987 c 432 s 7 are each amended to read 33 as follows:

34 The balloting shall be subject to the following conditions, which 35 shall be included in the instructions mailed with each ballot, as 36 provided in RCW 36.61.080: (1) All ballots must be signed by the owner 37 or reputed owner of property according to the assessor's tax rolls; (2)

each ballot must be returned to the county legislative authority not later than ((five o'clock)) 5:00 p.m. of a specified day, which shall be at least twenty but not more than thirty days after the ballots are mailed; (3) each property owner shall mark his or her ballot for or against the creation of the proposed lake or beach management district, with the ballot weighted so that the property owner has one vote for each dollar of estimated special assessment or rate and charge proposed to be imposed on his or her property; and (4) the valid ballots shall be tabulated and a simple majority of the votes cast shall determine whether the proposed lake or beach management district shall be approved or rejected.

Sec. 12. RCW 36.61.100 and 1987 c 432 s 8 are each amended to read 13 as follows:

If the proposal receives a simple majority vote in favor of creating the lake <u>or beach</u> management district, the county legislative authority shall adopt an ordinance creating the lake <u>or beach</u> management district and may proceed with establishing the special assessments or rates and charges, collecting the special assessments or rates and charges, and performing the lake <u>or beach</u> improvement or maintenance activities. If a proposed lake management district includes more than one lake and its adjacent areas, the lake management district may only be established if the proposal receives a simple majority vote in favor of creating it by the voters on each lake and its adjacent areas. The county legislative authority shall publish a notice in a newspaper of general circulation in a lake <u>or beach</u> management district indicating that such an ordinance has been adopted within ten days of the adoption of the ordinance.

The ballots shall be available for public inspection after they are counted.

Sec. 13. RCW 36.61.110 and 1985 c 398 s 11 are each amended to read as follows:

No lawsuit may be maintained challenging the jurisdiction or authority of the county legislative authority to proceed with the lake or beach improvement and maintenance activities and creating the lake or beach management district or in any way challenging the validity of the actions or decisions or any proceedings relating to the actions or

decisions unless the lawsuit is served and filed no later than forty days after publication of a notice that the ordinance has been adopted ordering the lake <u>or beach</u> improvement and maintenance activities and creating the lake <u>or beach</u> management district. Written notice of the appeal shall be filed with the county legislative authority and clerk of the superior court in the county in which the property is situated.

Sec. 14. RCW 36.61.115 and 1987 c 432 s 9 are each amended to read 8 as follows:

A special assessment, or rate and charge, on any lot, tract, parcel of land, or other property shall not be increased beyond one hundred ten percent of the estimated special assessment, or rate and charge, proposed to be imposed as provided in the resolution adopted in RCW 36.61.070, unless the creation of a lake <u>or beach</u> management district is approved under another mailed ballot election that reflects the weighted voting arising from such increases.

Sec. 15. RCW 36.61.120 and 1985 c 398 s 12 are each amended to read as follows:

After a lake <u>or beach</u> management district is created, the county shall prepare a proposed special assessment roll. A separate special assessment roll shall be prepared for annual special assessments if both annual special assessments and special assessments paid at one time are imposed. The proposed special assessment roll shall list:

(1) Each separate lot, tract, parcel of land, or other property in the lake <u>or beach</u> management district; (2) the acreage of such property, and the number of feet of lake <u>or beach</u> frontage, if any; (3) the name and address of the owner or reputed owner of each lot, tract, parcel of land, or other property as shown on the tax rolls of the county assessor; and (4) the special assessment proposed to be imposed on each lot, tract, parcel of land, or other property.

At the time, date, and place fixed for a public hearing, the county legislative authority shall act as a board of equalization and hear objections to the special assessment roll, and at the times to which the public hearing may be adjourned, the county legislative authority may correct, revise, raise, lower, change, or modify the special

assessment roll or any part thereof, or set the proposed special assessment roll aside and order a new proposed special assessment roll to be prepared. The county legislative authority shall confirm and approve a special assessment roll by adoption of a resolution.

If a proposed special assessment roll is amended to raise any special assessment appearing thereon or to include omitted property, a new public hearing shall be held. The new public hearing shall be limited to considering the increased special assessments or omitted property. Notices shall be sent to the owners or reputed owners of the affected property in the same manner and form and within the time provided for the original notice.

Objections to a proposed special assessment roll must be made in writing, shall clearly state the grounds for objections, and shall be filed with the governing body prior to the public hearing. Objections to a special assessment or annual special assessments that are not made as provided in this section shall be deemed waived and shall not be considered by the governing body or a court on appeal.

Sec. 16. RCW 36.61.140 and 1985 c 398 s 14 are each amended to read as follows:

Notice of the original public hearing on the proposed special assessment roll, and any public hearing held as a result of raising special assessments or including omitted property, shall be published and mailed to the owner or reputed owner of the property as provided in RCW 36.61.040 for the public hearing on the formation of the lake or beach management district. However, the notice need only provide the total amount to be collected by the special assessment roll and shall state that: (1) A public hearing on the proposed special assessment roll will be held, giving the time, date, and place of the public hearing; (2) the proposed special assessment roll is available for public perusal, giving the times and location where the proposed special assessment roll is available for public perusal; (3) objections to the proposed special assessment must be in writing, include clear grounds for objections, and must be filed prior to the public hearing; and (4) failure to so object shall be deemed to waive an objection.

Notices mailed to the owners or reputed owners shall additionally indicate the amount of special assessment ascribed to the particular

lot, tract, parcel of land, or other property owned by the person so notified.

Sec. 17. RCW 36.61.160 and 1987 c 432 s 10 are each amended to read as follows:

Whenever special assessments are imposed, all property included within a lake <u>or beach</u> management district shall be considered to be the property specially benefited by the lake <u>or beach</u> improvement or maintenance activities and shall be the property upon which special assessments are imposed to pay the costs and expenses of the lake <u>or beach</u> improvement or maintenance activities, or such part of the costs and expenses as may be chargeable against the property specially benefited. The special assessments shall be imposed on property in accordance with the special benefits conferred on the property up to but not in excess of the total costs and expenses of the lake <u>or beach</u> improvement or maintenance activities as provided in the special assessment roll.

Special assessments may be measured by front footage, acreage, the extent of improvements on the property, or any other factors that are deemed to fairly reflect special benefits, including those authorized under RCW 35.51.030. Special assessments may be calculated by using more than one factor. Zones around the public improvement may be used that reflect different levels of benefit in each zone that are measured by a front footage, acreage, the extent of improvements, or other factors.

Public property, including property owned by the state of Washington, shall be subject to special assessments to the same extent that private property is subject to the special assessments, except no lien shall extend to public property.

Sec. 18. RCW 36.61.170 and 1985 c 398 s 17 are each amended to 30 read as follows:

The total annual special assessments may not exceed the estimated cost of the lake <u>or beach</u> improvement or maintenance activities proposed to be financed by such special assessments, as specified in the resolution of intention. The total of special assessments imposed in a lake <u>or beach</u> management district that are of the nature of special assessments imposed in a local improvement district shall not

- 1 exceed one hundred fifty percent of the estimated total cost of the
- 2 lake or beach improvement or maintenance activities that are proposed
- 3 to be financed by the lake or beach management district as specified in
- 4 the resolution of intention. After a lake or beach management district
- 5 has been created, the resolution of intention may be amended to
- 6 increase the amount to be financed by the lake or beach management
- 7 district by using the same procedure in which a lake or beach
- 8 management district is created.

- **Sec. 19.** RCW 36.61.190 and 1985 c 398 s 19 are each amended to 10 read as follows:
 - Special assessments and installments on any special assessment shall be collected by the county treasurer.

The county treasurer shall publish a notice indicating that the special assessment roll has been confirmed and that the special assessments are to be collected. The notice shall indicate the duration of the lake or beach management district and shall describe whether the special assessments will be paid in annual payments for the duration of the lake or beach management district, or whether the full special assessments will be payable at one time, with the possibility of periodic installments being paid and lake or beach management bonds being issued, or both.

If the special assessments are to be payable at one time, the notice additionally shall indicate that all or any portion of the special assessments may be paid within thirty days from the date of publication of the first notice without penalty or interest. This notice shall be published in a newspaper of general circulation in the lake <u>or beach</u> management district.

Within ten days of the first newspaper publication, the county treasurer shall notify each owner or reputed owner of property whose name appears on the special assessment roll, at the address shown on the special assessment roll, for each item of property described on the list: (1) Whether one special assessment payable at one time or special assessments payable annually have been imposed; (2) the amount of the property subject to the special assessment or annual special assessments; and (3) the total amount of the special assessment due at one time, or annual amount of special assessments due. If the special

- 1 assessment is due at one time, the notice shall also describe the 2 thirty-day period during which the special assessment may be paid
- 3 without penalty, interest, or cost.

Sec. 20. RCW 36.61.200 and 1985 c 398 s 20 are each amended to read as follows:

If the special assessments are to be payable at one time, all or any portion of any special assessment may be paid without interest, penalty, or costs during this thirty-day period and placed into a special fund to defray the costs of the lake or beach improvement or maintenance activities. The remainder shall be paid in installments as provided in a resolution adopted by the county legislative authority, but the last installment shall be due at least two years before the maximum term of the bonds issued to pay for the improvements or maintenance. The installments shall include amounts sufficient to redeem the bonds issued to pay for the lake or beach improvement and maintenance activities. A twenty-day period shall be allowed after the due date of any installment within which no interest, penalty, or costs on the installment may be imposed.

The county shall establish by ordinance an amount of interest that will be imposed on late special assessments imposed annually or at once, and on installments of a special assessment. The ordinance shall also specify the penalty, in addition to the interest, that will be imposed on a late annual special assessment, special assessment, or installment which shall not be less than five percent of the delinquent special assessment or installment.

The owner of any lot, tract, parcel of land, or other property charged with a special assessment may redeem it from all liability for the unpaid amount of the installments by paying, to the county treasurer, the remaining portion of the installments that is attributable to principal on the lake <u>or beach</u> management district bonds.

- Sec. 21. RCW 36.61.220 and 1985 c 398 s 22 are each amended to read as follows:
- Within fifteen days after a county creates a lake <u>or beach</u> management district, the county shall cause to be filed with the county treasurer, a description of the lake <u>or beach</u> improvement and

maintenance activities proposed that the lake or beach management 1 2 district finances, the lake or beach management district number, and a copy of the diagram or print showing the boundaries of the lake or 3 beach management district and preliminary special assessment roll or 4 abstract of same showing thereon the lots, tracts, parcels of land, and 5 other property that will be specially benefited thereby and the 6 7 estimated cost and expense of such lake or beach improvement and maintenance activities to be borne by each lot, tract, parcel of land, 8 or other property. The treasurer shall immediately post the proposed 9 10 special assessment roll upon his or her index of special assessments against the properties affected by the lake or beach improvement or 11 12 maintenance activities.

13 **Sec. 22.** RCW 36.61.230 and 1985 c 398 s 23 are each amended to 14 read as follows:

The special assessment or annual special assessments imposed upon the respective lots, tracts, parcels of land, and other property in the special assessment roll or annual special assessment roll confirmed by resolution of the county legislative authority for the purpose of paying the cost and expense in whole or in part of any lake or beach improvement or maintenance activities shall be a lien upon the property assessed from the time the special assessment roll is placed in the hands of the county treasurer for collection, but as between the grantor and grantee, or vendor and vendee of any real property, when there is no express agreement as to payment of the special assessments against the real property, the lien of such special assessments shall attach thirty days after the filing of the diagram or print and the estimated cost and expense of such lake or beach improvement or maintenance activities to be borne by each lot, tract, parcel of land, or other property, as provided in RCW 36.61.220. Interest and penalty shall be included in and shall be a part of the special assessment lien. No lien shall extend to public property subjected to special assessments.

The special assessment lien shall be paramount and superior to any other lien or encumbrance theretofore or thereafter created except a lien for general taxes.

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1 **Sec. 23.** RCW 36.61.260 and 2000 c 184 s 6 are each amended to read 2 as follows:

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(1) Counties may issue lake <u>or beach</u> management district bonds in accordance with this section. Lake <u>or beach</u> management district bonds may be issued to obtain money sufficient to cover that portion of the special assessments that are not paid within the thirty-day period provided in RCW 36.61.190.

Whenever lake <u>or beach</u> management district bonds are proposed to be issued, the county legislative authority shall create a special fund or funds for the lake <u>or beach</u> management district from which all or a portion of the costs of the lake <u>or beach</u> improvement and maintenance activities shall be paid. Lake <u>or beach</u> management district bonds shall not be issued in excess of the costs and expenses of the lake <u>or beach</u> improvement and maintenance activities and shall not be issued prior to twenty days after the thirty days allowed for the payment of special assessments without interest or penalties.

Lake <u>or beach</u> management district bonds shall be exclusively payable from the special fund or funds and from a guaranty fund that the county may have created out of a portion of proceeds from the sale of the lake <u>or beach</u> management district bonds.

(2) Lake or beach management district bonds shall not constitute a general indebtedness of the county issuing the bond nor an obligation, general or special, of the state. The owner of any lake or beach management district bond shall not have any claim for the payment thereof against the county that issues the bonds except for payment from the special assessments made for the lake or beach improvement or maintenance activities for which the lake or beach management district bond was issued and from a lake or beach management district guaranty fund that may have been created. The county shall not be liable to the owner of any lake or beach management district bond for any loss to the lake or beach management district guaranty fund occurring in the lawful operation of the fund. The owner of a lake or beach management district bond shall not have any claim against the state arising from the lake or beach management district bond, special assessments, or guaranty fund. Tax revenues shall not be used to secure or guarantee the payment of the principal of or interest on lake or beach management district bonds.

The substance of the limitations included in this subsection shall be plainly printed, written, engraved, or reproduced on: (a) Each lake or beach management district bond that is a physical instrument; (b) the official notice of sale; and (c) each official statement associated with the lake or beach management district bonds.

- (3) If the county fails to make any principal or interest payments on any lake <u>or beach</u> management district bond or to promptly collect any special assessment securing the bonds when due, the owner of the lake <u>or beach</u> management district bond may obtain a writ of mandamus from any court of competent jurisdiction requiring the county to collect the special assessments, foreclose on the related lien, and make payments out of the special fund or guaranty fund if one exists. Any number of owners of lake <u>or beach</u> management districts may join as plaintiffs.
- (4) A county may create a lake <u>or beach</u> management district bond guaranty fund for each issue of lake <u>or beach</u> management district bonds. The guaranty fund shall only exist for the life of the lake <u>or beach</u> management district bonds with which it is associated. A portion of the bond proceeds may be placed into a guaranty fund. Unused moneys remaining in the guaranty fund during the last two years of the installments shall be used to proportionally reduce the required level of installments and shall be transferred into the special fund into which installment payments are placed.
- (5) Lake <u>or beach</u> management district bonds shall be issued and sold in accordance with chapter 39.46 RCW. The authority to create a special fund or funds shall include the authority to create accounts within a fund.
- **Sec. 24.** RCW 36.61.270 and 1987 c 432 s 11 are each amended to 29 read as follows:

Whenever rates and charges are to be imposed in a lake <u>or beach</u> management district, the county legislative authority shall prepare a roll of rates and charges that includes those matters required to be included in a special assessment roll and shall hold a public hearing on the proposed roll of rates and charges as provided under RCW 36.61.120 through 36.61.150 for a special assessment roll. The county legislative authority shall have full jurisdiction and authority to fix, alter, regulate, and control the rates and charges imposed by a

lake <u>or beach</u> management district and may classify the rates or charges by any reasonable factor or factors, including benefit, use, front footage, acreage, the extent of improvements on the property, the type of improvements on the property, uses to which the property is put, service to be provided, and any other reasonable factor or factors. The flexibility to establish rates and charges includes the authority to reduce rates and charges on property owned by low-income persons.

Except as provided in this section, the collection of rates and charges, lien status of unpaid rates and charges, and method of foreclosing on such liens shall be subject to the provisions of chapter 36.94 RCW. Public property, including state property, shall be subject to the rates and charges to the same extent that private property is subject to them, except that liens may not be foreclosed on the public property, and the procedure for imposing such rates and charges on state property shall conform with the procedure provided for in chapter 79.44 RCW concerning the imposition of special assessments upon state property. The total amount of rates and charges cannot exceed the cost of lake or beach improvement or maintenance activities proposed to be financed by such rates and charges, as specified in the resolution of intention. Revenue bonds exclusively payable from the rates and charges may be issued by the county under chapter 39.46 RCW.

Sec. 25. RCW 36.94.020 and 1997 c 447 s 11 are each amended to 23 read as follows:

The construction, operation, and maintenance of a system of sewerage and/or water is a county purpose. Subject to the provisions of this chapter, every county has the power, individually or in conjunction with another county or counties to adopt, provide for, accept, establish, condemn, purchase, construct, add to, operate, and maintain a system or systems of sanitary and storm sewers, including outfalls, interceptors, plans, and facilities and services necessary for sewerage treatment and disposal, and/or system or systems of water supply within all or a portion of the county. However, counties shall not have power to condemn sewerage and/or water systems of any municipal corporation or private utility.

Such county or counties shall have the authority to control, regulate, operate, and manage such system or systems and to provide funds therefor by general obligation bonds, revenue bonds, local

improvement district bonds, utility local improvement district or local improvement district assessments, and in any other lawful fiscal manner. Rates or charges for on-site inspection and maintenance services may not be imposed under this chapter on the development, construction, or reconstruction of property.

Under this chapter, after July 1, 1998, any requirements for pumping the septic tank of an on-site sewage system should be based, among other things, on actual measurement of accumulation of sludge and scum by a trained inspector, trained owner's agent, or trained owner. Training must occur in a program approved by the state board of health or by a local health officer.

Before adopting on-site inspection and maintenance utility services, or incorporating residences into an on-site inspection and maintenance or sewer utility under this chapter, notification must be provided, prior to the applicable public hearing, to all residences within the proposed service area that have on-site systems permitted by the local health officer. The notice must clearly state that the residence is within the proposed service area and must provide information on estimated rates or charges that may be imposed for the service.

A county shall not provide on-site sewage system inspection, pumping services, or other maintenance or repair services under this section using county employees unless the on-site system is connected by a publicly owned collection system to the county's sewerage system, and the on-site system represents the first step in the sewage disposal process. Nothing in this section shall affect the authority of a state or local health officer to carry out their responsibilities under any other applicable law.

A county may, as part of a system of sewerage established under this chapter, provide for, finance, and operate any of the facilities and services and may exercise the powers expressly authorized for county storm water, flood control, pollution prevention, and drainage services and activities under chapters 36.89, 86.12, 86.13, and 86.15 RCW. A county also may provide for, finance, and operate the facilities and services and may exercise any of the powers authorized for aquifer protection areas under chapter 36.36 RCW; for lake or beach management districts under chapter 36.61 RCW; for diking districts, and diking, drainage, and sewerage improvement districts under chapters

85.05, 85.08, 85.15, 85.16, and 85.18 RCW; and for shellfish protection 1 2 districts under chapter 90.72 RCW. However, if a county by reference to any of those statutes assumes as part of its system of sewerage any 3 powers granted to such areas or districts and not otherwise available 4 5 to a county under this chapter, then (1) the procedures and restrictions applicable to those areas or districts apply to the 6 7 county's exercise of those powers, and (2) the county may not simultaneously impose rates and charges under this chapter and under 8 the statutes authorizing such areas or districts for substantially the 9 10 same facilities and services, but must instead impose uniform rates and charges consistent with RCW 36.94.140. By agreement with such an area 11 12 or district that is not part of a county's system of sewerage, a county 13 may operate that area's or district's services or facilities, but a 14 county may not dissolve any existing area or district except in 15 accordance with any applicable provisions of the statute under which that area or district was created. 16

Sec. 26. RCW 39.34.190 and 2003 c 327 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:

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(1) The legislative authority of a city or county and the governing body of any special purpose district enumerated in subsection (2) of this section may authorize up to ten percent of its water-related revenues to be expended in the implementation of watershed management plan projects or activities that are in addition to the county's, city's, or district's existing water-related services or activities. Such limitation on expenditures shall not apply ((to additional revenues for watershed plan implementation that are authorized by voter approval under section 5 of this act or)) to water-related revenues of a public utility district organized according to Title 54 RCW. Waterrelated revenues include rates, charges, and fees for the provision of services relating to water supply, treatment, distribution, and management generally, and those general revenues of the local government that are expended for water management purposes. government may not expend for this purpose any revenues that were authorized by voter approval for other specified purposes or that are specifically dedicated to the repayment of municipal bonds or other debt instruments.

- 1 (2) The following special purpose districts may exercise the authority provided by this section:
- 3 (a) Water districts, sewer districts, and water-sewer districts 4 organized under Title 57 RCW;
 - (b) Public utility districts organized under Title 54 RCW;
- 6 (c) Irrigation, reclamation, conservation, and similar districts 7 organized under Titles 87 and 89 RCW;
 - (d) Port districts organized under Title 53 RCW;
- 9 (e) Diking, drainage, and similar districts organized under Title 10 85 RCW;
- 11 (f) Flood control and similar districts organized under Title 86 12 RCW;
- 13 (g) Lake <u>or beach</u> management districts organized under chapter 14 36.61 RCW;
 - (h) Aquifer protection areas organized under chapter 36.36 RCW; and
- 16 (i) Shellfish protection districts organized under chapter 90.72 17 RCW.
 - (3) The authority for expenditure of local government revenues provided by this section shall be applicable broadly to the implementation of watershed management plans addressing water supply, water transmission, water quality treatment or protection, or any other water-related purposes. Such plans include but are not limited to plans developed under the following authorities:
 - (a) Watershed plans developed under chapter 90.82 RCW;
 - (b) Salmon recovery plans developed under chapter 77.85 RCW;
 - (c) Watershed management elements of comprehensive land use plans developed under the growth management act, chapter 36.70A RCW;
 - (d) Watershed management elements of shoreline master programs developed under the shoreline management act, chapter 90.58 RCW;
- 30 (e) Nonpoint pollution action plans developed under the Puget Sound 31 water quality management planning authorities of chapter 90.71 RCW and 32 chapter 400-12 WAC;
 - (f) Other comprehensive management plans addressing watershed health at a WRIA level or sub-WRIA basin drainage level;
 - (g) Coordinated water system plans under chapter 70.116 RCW and similar regional plans for water supply; and
- 37 (h) Any combination of the foregoing plans in an integrated 38 watershed management plan.

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1 (4) The authority provided by this section to expend revenues for 2 watershed management plan implementation shall be construed broadly to 3 include, but not be limited to:

- (a) The coordination and oversight of plan implementation, including funding a watershed management partnership for this purpose;
- 6 (b) Technical support, monitoring, and data collection and 7 analysis;
- 8 (c) The design, development, construction, and operation of projects included in the plan; and
- 10 (d) Conducting activities and programs included as elements in the 11 plan.
- **Sec. 27.** RCW 86.09.151 and 1986 c 278 s 52 are each amended to 13 read as follows:
 - (1) Said flood control districts shall have full authority to carry out the objects of their creation and to that end are authorized to acquire, purchase, hold, lease, manage, improve, repair, occupy, and sell real and personal property or any interest therein, either inside or outside the boundaries of the district, to enter into and perform any and all necessary contracts, to appoint and employ the necessary officers, agents and employees, to sue and be sued, to exercise the right of eminent domain, to levy and enforce the collection of special assessments and in the manner herein provided against the lands within the district, for district revenues, and to do any and all lawful acts required and expedient to carry out the purpose of this chapter.
 - (2) In addition to the powers conferred in this chapter and those in chapter 85.38 RCW, flood control districts may engage in activities authorized under RCW 36.61.020 for lake <u>or beach</u> management districts using procedures granted in this chapter and in chapter 85.38 RCW.
- **Sec. 28.** RCW 35.21.403 and 1985 c 398 s 27 are each amended to 30 read as follows:
 - Any city or town may establish lake <u>and beach</u> management districts within its boundaries as provided in chapter 36.61 RCW. When a city or town establishes a lake <u>or beach</u> management district pursuant to chapter 36.61 RCW, the term "county legislative authority" shall be deemed to mean the city or town governing body, the term "county" shall

- 1 be deemed to mean the city or town, and the term "county treasurer"
- 2 shall be deemed to mean the city or town treasurer or other fiscal
- 3 officer.

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- 4 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 29.** A new section is added to chapter 43.21A 5 RCW to read as follows:
 - (1) The department shall, within available funds, provide technical assistance to community groups and county and city legislative authorities requesting assistance with the development of beach management programs. The department shall work with the departments of fish and wildlife, natural resources, and the Puget Sound partnership in coordinating agency assistance to community groups and county and city legislative authorities.
 - (2) The department shall coordinate with relevant state agencies and marine resources committees established in the area of beach management districts to provide technical assistance to beach management districts.
 - (3) The department shall, within available funds, coordinate with relevant state agencies to provide technical assistance to beach management districts so that beach management districts are able to ensure that proposed beach improvement and maintenance plans and activities of these districts are consistent with applicable federal, state, and local laws, and federal, state, and local resource management plans including, but not limited to:
 - (a) Shoreline master programs;
 - (b) Development regulations adopted to protect critical areas;
- 26 (c) State and federally identified habitat conservation plans and species recovery plans;
 - (d) State marine species management plans; and
- 29 (e) Shoreline and nearshore protection and restoration plans.
- 30 (4) The department, in consultation with the Puget Sound 31 partnership, shall monitor and assess the results of the removal of 32 native aquatic plants and vegetation in areas designated in section 33 2(4) of this act, and provide recommendations regarding areas for 34 future designations.
- 35 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 30.** If specific funding for the purposes of

- 1 this act, referencing this act by bill or chapter number, is not
- 2 provided by June 30, 2008, in the omnibus appropriations act, this act
- 3 is null and void.

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