ESHB 1004 - S COMM AMD

By Committee on Environment, Water & Energy

## NOT ADOPTED 04/13/2009

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

3 "Sec. 1. RCW 19.260.020 and 2006 c 194 s 1 are each amended to 4 read as follows:

5 The definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter 6 unless the context clearly requires otherwise.

7 (1) "Automatic commercial ice cube machine" means a factory-made 8 assembly, not necessarily shipped in one package, consisting of a 9 condensing unit and ice-making section operating as an integrated unit 10 with means for making and harvesting ice cubes. It may also include 11 integrated components for storing or dispensing ice, or both.

12 (2) (("Ballast" means a device used with an electric discharge lamp 13 to obtain necessary circuit conditions, such as voltage, current, and 14 waveform, for starting and operating the lamp.

15 (3) "Commercial clothes washer" means a soft mount horizontal or 16 vertical-axis clothes washer that: (a) Has a clothes container 17 compartment no greater than 3.5 cubic feet in the case of a horizontal-18 axis product or no greater than 4.0 cubic feet in the case of a 19 vertical-axis product; and (b) is designed for use by more than one 10 household, such as in multifamily housing, apartments, or coin 11 laundries.

(4) "Commercial prerinse spray valve" means a handheld device designed and marketed for use with commercial dishwashing and warewashing equipment and that sprays water on dishes, flatware, and other food service items for the purpose of removing food residue prior to their cleaning)) "Bottle-type water dispenser" means a water dispenser that uses a bottle or reservoir as the source of potable water.

29 <u>(3) "Commercial hot food holding cabinet" means a heated, fully</u> 30 <u>enclosed compartment, with one or more solid or partial glass doors,</u> that is designed to maintain the temperature of hot food that has been cooked in a separate appliance. "Commercial hot food holding cabinet" does not include heated glass merchandising cabinets, drawer warmers, or cook and hold appliances.

((<del>(5)</del>)) <u>(4)</u>(a) "Commercial refrigerators and freezers" means 5 6 refrigerators, freezers, or refrigerator-freezers designed for use by commercial or institutional facilities for the purpose of storing or 7 8 merchandising food products, beverages, or ice at specified 9 temperatures that: (i) Incorporate most components involved in the 10 vapor-compression cycle and the refrigerated compartment in a single cabinet; and (ii) may be configured with either solid or transparent 11 12 doors as a reach-in cabinet, pass-through cabinet, roll-in cabinet, or 13 roll-through cabinet.

(b) "Commercial refrigerators and freezers" does not include: (i)
Products with 85 cubic feet or more of internal volume; (ii) walk-in
refrigerators or freezers; (iii) consumer products that are federally
regulated pursuant to 42 U.S.C. Sec. 6291 et seq.; (iv) products
without doors; or (v) freezers specifically designed for ice cream.

19 ((<del>(6)</del>)) <u>(5)</u> "Compensation" means money or any other valuable thing, 20 regardless of form, received or to be received by a person for services 21 rendered.

22 (6) "Cook and hold appliance" means a multiple mode appliance
23 intended for cooking food that may be used to hold the temperature of
24 the food that has been cooked in the same appliance.

25 (7) "Department" means the department of community, trade, and 26 economic development.

(8) (("High-intensity discharge lamp" means a lamp in which light is produced by the passage of an electric current through a vapor or gas, and in which the light-producing arc is stabilized by bulb wall temperature and the arc tube has a bulb wall loading in excess of three watts per square centimeter.

32 (9) "Metal halide lamp" means a high-intensity discharge lamp in 33 which the major portion of the light is produced by radiation of metal 34 halides and their products of dissociation, possibly in combination 35 with metallic vapors.

36 (10) "Metal halide lamp fixture" means a light fixture designed to
37 be operated with a metal halide lamp and a ballast for a metal halide

1 lamp)) "Drawer warmer" means an appliance that consists of one or more
2 heated drawers and that is designed to hold hot food that has been
3 cooked in a separate appliance at a specified temperature.

4 (9) "Heated glass merchandising cabinet" means an appliance with a
5 heated cabinet constructed of glass or clear plastic doors which, with
6 seventy percent or more clear area, is designed to display and maintain
7 the temperature of hot food that has been cooked in a separate
8 appliance.

9 (10) "Hot water dispenser" means a small electric water heater that 10 has a measured storage volume of no greater than one gallon.

11 (11) "Minitank electric water heater" means a small electric water
12 heater that has a measured storage volume of more than one gallon and
13 a rated storage of volume less than twenty gallons.

14 ((<del>(11)</del>)) <u>(12)</u> "Pass-through cabinet" means a commercial 15 refrigerator or freezer with hinged or sliding doors on both the front 16 and rear of the unit.

17 (((12) "Probe-start metal halide ballast" means a ballast used to 18 operate metal halide lamps which does not contain an igniter and which 19 instead starts lamps by using a third starting electrode "probe" in the 20 arc tube.))

21 (13) <u>"Point-of-use water dispenser" means a water dispenser that</u>
22 <u>uses a pressurized water utility connection as the source of potable</u>
23 <u>water.</u>

(14) "Pool heater" means an appliance designed for heating
 nonpotable water contained at atmospheric pressure for swimming pools,
 spas, hot tubs, and similar applications.

27 (15) "Portable electric spa" means a factory-built electric spa or
 28 hot tub, supplied with equipment for heating and circulating water.

29 (16) "Reach-in cabinet" means a commercial refrigerator or freezer 30 with hinged or sliding doors or lids, but does not include roll-in or 31 roll-through cabinets or pass-through cabinets.

32 ((<del>(14)</del>)) <u>(17) "Residential pool pump" means a pump used to</u> 33 <u>circulate and filter pool water in order to maintain clarity and</u> 34 <u>sanitation.</u>

35 <u>(18)(a)</u> "Roll-in cabinet" means a commercial refrigerator or 36 freezer with hinged or sliding doors that allow wheeled racks of 37 product to be rolled into the unit. (b) "Roll-through cabinet" means a commercial refrigerator or
 freezer with hinged or sliding doors on two sides of the cabinet that
 allow wheeled racks of product to be rolled through the unit.

4 (((15)(a) "Single-voltage external AC to DC power supply" means a device that: (i) Is designed to convert line voltage alternating 5 6 current input into lower voltage direct current output; (ii) is able to 7 convert to only one DC output voltage at a time; (iii) is sold with, or 8 intended to be used with, a separate end-use product that constitutes 9 the primary power load; (iv) is contained within a separate physical enclosure from the end-use product; (v) is connected to the end-use 10 11 product via a removable or hard-wired male/female electrical connection, cable, cord, or other wiring; and (vi) has a nameplate 12 13 output power less than or equal to 250 watts.

14 (b) "Single voltage external AC to DC power supply" does not 15 include: (i) Products with batteries or battery packs that physically 16 attach directly to the power supply unit; (ii) products with a battery 17 chemistry or type selector switch and indicator light; or (iii) 18 products with a battery chemistry or type selector switch and a state 19 of charge meter.

20 (16))) (19) "Showerhead" means a device through which water is 21 discharged for a shower bath.

22 (20) "Showerhead tub spout diverter combination" means a group of 23 plumbing fittings sold as a matched set and consisting of a control 24 valve, a tub spout diverter, and a showerhead.

25 (21) "State-regulated incandescent reflector lamp" means a lamp 26 that is not colored or designed for rough or vibration service 27 applications, that has an inner reflective coating on the outer bulb to 28 direct the light, an E26 medium screw base, and a rated voltage or 29 voltage range that lies at least partially within 115 to 130 volts, and 30 that falls into one of the following categories:

(a) A bulged reflector or elliptical reflector bulb shape and which
 has a diameter which equals or exceeds 2.25 inches;

33 (b) A reflector, parabolic aluminized reflector, or similar bulb34 shape and which has a diameter of 2.25 to 2.75 inches.

35 (((17) "Transformer" means a device consisting of two or more coils 36 of insulated wire and that is designed to transfer alternating current 37 by electromagnetic induction from one coil to another to change the 38 original voltage or current value. 1 (18)(a) "Unit heater" means a self-contained, vented fan-type
2 commercial space heater that uses natural gas or propane, and that is
3 designed to be installed without ducts within a heated space.

(b) "Unit heater" does not include any products covered by federal standards established pursuant to 42 U.S.C. Sec. 6291 et seq. or any product that is a direct vent, forced flue heater with a sealed combustion burner)) (22) "Tub spout diverter" means a device designed to stop the flow of water into a bathtub and to divert it so that the water discharges through a showerhead.

10 (23) "Wine chillers designed and sold for use by an individual" 11 means refrigerators designed and sold for the cooling and storage of 12 wine by an individual.

13 Sec. 2. RCW 19.260.030 and 2006 c 194 s 2 are each amended to read 14 as follows:

(1) This chapter applies to the following types of new productssold, offered for sale, or installed in the state:

(a) Automatic commercial ice cube machines;

18 (b) ((commercial clothes washers; (c) commercial prerinse spray 19 valves; (d))) Commercial refrigerators and freezers; (((e) metal halide 20 lamp fixtures; (f) single-voltage external AC to DC power supplies; 21 (g)))

22 (c) State-regulated incandescent reflector lamps; ((and (h) unit 23 heaters))

- 24 (d) Wine chillers designed and sold for use by an individual;
- 25 (e) Hot water dispensers and minitank electric water heaters;
- 26 (f) Bottle-type water dispensers and point-of-use water dispensers;
- 27 (g) Pool heaters, residential pool pumps, and portable electric
- 28 <u>spas;</u>

17

29 (h) Tub spout diverters; and

30 <u>(i) Commercial hot food holding cabinets</u>.

31 (2) This chapter applies equally to products whether they are sold, 32 offered for sale, or installed as ((a)) stand-alone products or as 33 ((a)) components of ((another)) other products.

34  $(((\frac{2}{2})))$  (3) This chapter does not apply to:

35 (a) <u>New products manufactured in the state and sold outside the</u> 36 state((-))<u>;</u> 1 (b) <u>New products manufactured outside the state and sold at</u> 2 wholesale inside the state for final retail sale and installation 3 outside the state( $(\tau)$ )<u>;</u>

4 (c) <u>P</u>roducts installed in mobile manufactured homes at the time of 5 construction((-)); or

6 (d) <u>Products</u> designed expressly for installation and use in 7 recreational vehicles.

8 **Sec. 3.** RCW 19.260.040 and 2006 c 194 s 3 are each amended to read 9 as follows:

10 The ((<del>legislature establishes the following</del>)) minimum efficiency 11 standards ((<del>for</del>)) <u>specified in this section apply to</u> the types of new 12 products set forth in RCW 19.260.030.

13 (1)(a) Automatic commercial ice cube machines must have daily 14 energy use and daily water use no greater than the applicable values in 15 the following table:

16				Maximum	Maximum condenser
17			Harvest rate	energy use	water use
18	Equipment type	Type of cooling	(lbs. ice/24 hrs.)	(kWh/100 lbs.)	(gallons/100 lbs. ice)
19	Ice-making head	water	<500	7.800055H	200022H
20			>=500<1436	5.580011H	200022H
21			>=1436	4.0	200022H
22	Ice-making head	air	450	10.260086H	Not applicable
23			>=450	6.890011H	Not applicable
24	Remote condensing but	air	<1000	8.850038	Not applicable
25	not remote compressor		>=1000	5.10	Not applicable
26	Remote condensing and	air	<934	8.850038H	Not applicable
27	remote compressor		>=934	5.3	Not applicable
28	Self-contained models	water	<200	11.400190H	1910315H
29			>=200	7.60	1910315H
30	Self-contained models	air	<175	18.00469H	Not applicable
31			>=175	9.80	Not applicable

32 Where H= harvest rate in pounds per twenty-four hours which must be reported within 5% of the tested value.

33 "Maximum water use" applies only to water used for the condenser.

1 (b) For purposes of this section, automatic commercial ice cube 2 machines shall be tested in accordance with <u>the</u> ARI 810-2003 test 3 method as published by the air-conditioning and refrigeration 4 institute. Ice- making heads include all automatic commercial ice cube 5 machines that are not split system ice makers or self-contained models 6 as defined in ARI 810-2003.

7 (2) ((Commercial clothes washers must have a minimum modified 8 energy factor of 1.26. For the purposes of this section, capacity and 9 modified energy factor are defined and measured in accordance with the 10 current federal test method for clothes washers as found at 10 C.F.R. 11 Sec. 430.23.

12 (3) Commercial prerinse spray valves must have a flow rate equal to 13 or less than 1.6 gallons per minute when measured in accordance with 14 the American society for testing and materials' "Standard Test Method 15 for Prerinse Spray Valves," ASTM F2324-03.

16 (4))(a) Commercial refrigerators and freezers must meet the 17 applicable requirements listed in the following table:

18	Equipment Type	Doors	Maximum Daily Energy Consumption (kWh)
19	Reach-in cabinets, pass-through cabinets,	Solid	0.10V+2.04
20	and roll-in or roll-through cabinets that are	Transparent	0.12V+3.34
	refrigerators		
21	Reach-in cabinets, pass-through cabinets,	Transparent	.126V+3.51
22	and roll-in or roll-through cabinets that are		
23	"pulldown" refrigerators		
24	Reach-in cabinets, pass-through cabinets,	Solid	0.40V+1.38
25	and roll-in or roll-through cabinets that are	Transparent	0.75V + 4.10
	freezers		
26	Reach-in cabinets that are refrigerator-	Solid	0.27AV - 0.71
27	freezers		
28	with an AV of 5.19 or higher		

29 kWh= kilowatt hours

30 V= total volume (ft<sup>3</sup>)

31 AV = adjusted volume = [1.63 x freezer volume (ft<sup>3</sup>)] + refrigerator volume (ft<sup>3</sup>)

32 (b) For purposes of this section, "pulldown" designates products 33 designed to take a fully stocked refrigerator with beverages at 90 34 degrees F and cool those beverages to a stable temperature of 38 35 degrees F within 12 hours or less. Daily energy consumption shall be 1 measured in accordance with the American national standards 2 institute/American society of heating, refrigerating and air-3 conditioning engineers test method 117-2002, except that the back-4 loading doors of pass-through and roll-through refrigerators and 5 freezers must remain closed throughout the test, and except that the 6 controls of all appliances must be adjusted to obtain the following 7 product temperatures.

8	Product or compartment type	Integrated average product temperature in degrees Fahrenheit	
9	Refrigerator	38±2	
10	Freezer	0 <u>+</u> 2	
11	(( <del>(5) Metal halide lamp fixtures designed to be operated with lamps</del>		
12	rated greater than or equal to	- 150 watts but less than or equal to 500	
13	watts shall not contain a probe start metal halide lamp ballast.		
14	(6)(a) Single-voltage external AC to DC power supplies shall meet		
15	the requirements in the follow	ing table:	

16	Nameplate output	Minimum Efficiency in Active Mode
17	<1 Watt	0.49 * Nameplate Output
18	>or=1 Watt and < or=49 Watts	0.09 * Ln (Nameplate Output)+ 0.49
19	<del>&gt;49 Watts</del>	<del>0.84</del>
20		Maximum Energy Consumption in No-Load Mode
21	< 10 Watts	<del>0.5 Watts</del>
22	$\rightarrow$ or= 10 Watts and $<$ or= 250 Watts	0.75 Watts

23	Where Ln (Nameplate Output) - Natural Logarithm of the nameplate output expressed in Watts
24	(b) For the purposes of this section, efficiency of single voltage
25	external AC to DC power supplies shall be measured in accordance with
26	the United States environmental protection agency's "Test Method for
27	Calculating the Energy Efficiency of Single Voltage External AC to DC
28	and AC to AC Power Supplies, " by Ecos Consulting and Power Electronics
29	Application Center, dated August 11, 2004.
30	(7))) (3)(a) The lamp electrical power input of state-regulated
31	incandescent reflector lamps shall meet the minimum average lamp

31 incandescent reflector lamps shall meet the minimum average lamp 32 efficacy requirements for federally regulated incandescent reflector 33 lamps ((contained)) specified in 42 U.S.C. Sec. 6295(i)(l)(A)-(B).

1	(b) The following types of incandescent lamps are exempt from these
2	requirements:
3	(i) Lamps rated at fifty watts or less of the following types: BR
4	30, ER 30, BR 40, and ER 40;
5	(ii) Lamps rated at sixty-five watts of the following types: BR
6	30, BR 40, and ER 40; and
7	(iii) R 20 lamps of forty-five watts or less.
8	(( <del>(8) Unit heaters must be equipped with intermittent ignition</del>
9	devices and must have either power venting or an automatic flue
10	damper.))
11	(4)(a) Wine chillers designed and sold for use by an individual
12	must meet requirements specified in the California Code of Regulations,
13	Title 20, section 1605.3 in effect as of the effective date of this
14	section.
15	(b) Wine chillers designed and sold for use by an individual shall
16	be tested in accordance with the method specified in the California
17	Code of Regulations, Title 20, section 1604 in effect as of the
18	effective date of this section.
19	(5)(a) The standby energy consumption of bottle-type water
20	dispensers, and point-of-use water dispensers, dispensing both hot and
21	cold water, manufactured on or after January 1, 2010, shall not exceed
22	<u>1.2 kWh/day.</u>
23	(b) The test method for water dispensers shall be the environmental
24	protection agency energy star program requirements for bottled water
25	coolers version 1.1.
26	(6)(a) The standby energy consumption of hot water dispensers and
27	minitank electric water heaters manufactured on or after January 1,
28	2010, shall be not greater than 35 watts.
29	(b) This subsection does not apply to any water heater:
30	<u>(i) That is within the scope of 42 U.S.C. Sec. 6292(a)(4) or</u>
31	<u>6311(1);</u>
32	(ii) That has a rated storage volume of less than 20 gallons; and
33	(iii) For which there is no federal test method applicable to that
34	type of water heater.
35	(c) Hot water dispensers shall be tested in accordance with the
36	method specified in the California Code of Regulations, Title 20,
37	section 1604 in effect as of the effective date of this section.

1	<u>(d) Minitank e</u>	<u>lectric water heaters shall</u>	<u>be tested in accordance</u>	
2	with the method specified in the California Code of Regulations, Title			
3	20, section 1604 in effect as of the effective date of this section.			
4	(7) The following standards are established for pool heaters,			
5	<u>residential pool p</u>	umps, and portable electric	spas:	
6	<u>(a) Natural ga</u>	s pool heaters shall not b	<u>e equipped with constant</u>	
7	<u>burning pilots.</u>			
8	<u>(b) Residentia</u>	l pool pump motors manufact	<u>ured on or after January</u>	
9	<u>1, 2010, must mee</u>	t requirements specified in	<u>n the California Code of</u>	
10	<u>Regulations, Title</u>	20, section 1605.3 in eff	ect as of the effective	
11	date of this section.			
12	(c) Portable electric spas manufactured on or after January 1,			
13	2010, must meet requirements specified in the California Code of			
14	Regulations, Title 20, section 1605.3 in effect as of the effective			
15	date of this section.			
16	(d) Portable electric spas must be tested in accordance with the			
17	method specified	in the California Code of	<u>Regulations, Title 20,</u>	
18	section 1604 in effect as of the effective date of this section.			
19	<u>(8)(a) The lea</u>	kage rate of tub spout diver	rters shall be no greater	
20	than the applicable requirements shown in the following table:			
21			Maximum Leakage Rate	
22	Appliance	Testing Conditions	Effective January 1, 2009	
23		When new	<u>0.01 gpm</u>	
24	Tub spout diverters	After 15,000 cycles of diverting	<u>0.05 gpm</u>	
25	(b) Showerhead-tub spout diverter combinations shall meet both the			
26	standard for showerheads and the standard for tub spout diverters.			
27	(9)(a) The idle energy rate of commercial hot food holding cabinets			
28	manufactured on or after January 1, 2010, shall be no greater than 40			
29	watts per cubic foot of measured interior volume.			
30	(b) The idle energy rate of commercial hot food holding cabinets			
31	shall be determined using ANSI/ASTM F2140-01 standard test method for			
32	the performance of hot food holding cabinets (test for idle energy rate			
33	dry test). Commercial hot food holding cabinet interior volume shall			
34	be calculated using straight line segments following the gross interior			

1 dimensions of the appliance and using the following equation: Interior

2 height x interior width x interior depth. Interior volume shall not

3 account for racks, air plenums, or other interior parts.

4 **Sec. 4.** RCW 19.260.050 and 2006 c 194 s 4 are each amended to read 5 as follows:

б (1) No new ((commercial prerinse spray valve, commercial clothes 7 washer,)) commercial refrigerator or freezer((-)) or state-regulated incandescent reflector lamp((, or unit heater)) manufactured on or 8 after January 1, 2007, may be sold or offered for sale in the state 9 unless the efficiency of the new product meets or exceeds the 10 11 efficiency standards set forth in RCW 19.260.040. No new automatic 12 commercial ice cube machine((, single-voltage external AC to DC power supply, or metal halide lamp fixtures)) manufactured on or after 13 January 1, 2008, may be sold or offered for sale in the state unless 14 the efficiency of the new product meets or exceeds the efficiency 15 standards set forth in RCW 19.260.040. 16

(2) On or after January 1, 2008, no new ((commercial prerinse spray 17 valve, commercial clothes washer,)) commercial refrigerator or 18 freezer((, single-voltage external AC to DC power supply,)) or state-19 20 regulated incandescent reflector lamp((, or unit heater)) manufactured 21 on or after January 1, 2007, may be installed for compensation in the 22 state unless the efficiency of the new product meets or exceeds the 23 efficiency standards set forth in RCW 19.260.040. On or after January 1, 2009, no new automatic commercial ice cube machine ((or metal halide 24 25 lamp fixtures)) manufactured on or after January 1, 2008, may be 26 installed for compensation in the state unless the efficiency of the 27 new product meets or exceeds the efficiency standards set forth in RCW 19.260.040. 28

(3) Standards for ((metal halide lamp fixtures and)) stateregulated incandescent reflector lamps are effective on the dates in subsections (1) and (2) of this section.

32 (4) The following products, if manufactured on or after January 1, 33 2010, may not be sold or offered in the state unless the efficiency of 34 the new product meets or exceeds the efficiency standards set forth in 35 <u>RCW 19.260.040:</u>

36 (a) Wine chillers designed and sold for use by an individual;

37 (b) Hot water dispensers and minitank electric water heaters;

- 1 (c) Bottle-type water dispensers and point-of-use water dispensers; 2 (d) Pool heaters, residential pool pumps, and portable electric 3 spas; 4 (e) Tub spout diverters; and 5 (f) Commercial hot food holding cabinets. 6 (5) The following products, if manufactured on or after January 1,
- 7 <u>2010, may not be installed for compensation in the state on or after</u> 8 January 1, 2011, unless the efficiency of the new product meets or
- 9 exceeds the efficiency standards set forth in RCW 19.260.040:
- 10 (a) Wine chillers designed and sold for use by an individual;
- 11 (b) Hot water dispensers and minitank electric water heaters;
- 12 (c) Bottle-type water dispensers and point-of-use water dispensers;
- 13 (d) Pool heaters, residential pool pumps, and portable electric 14 spas;
- 15 (e) Tub spout diverters; and

16 (f) Commercial hot food holding cabinets.

17 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 5. If any provision of this act or its 18 application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the 19 remainder of the act or the application of the provision to other 20 persons or circumstances is not affected."

## ESHB 1004 - S COMM AMD

By Committee on Environment, Water & Energy

## NOT ADOPTED 04/13/2009

On page 1, line 1 of the title, after "Relating to" strike the remainder of the title and insert "revising the energy efficiency code; and amending RCW 19.260.020, 19.260.030, 19.260.040, and 19.260.050."