ESHB 2116 - S AMD **454**

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By Senator Rockefeller

ADOPTED 04/22/2009

1 Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the 2 following:

- 3 "Sec. 1. RCW 90.50A.020 and 1993 c 329 s 1 are each amended to 4 read as follows:
 - (1) The water pollution control revolving fund is hereby established in the state treasury. Moneys in this fund may be spent only after legislative appropriation. Moneys in the fund may be spent only in a manner consistent with this chapter.
 - (2) The water pollution control revolving fund shall consist of:
- 10 (a) All capitalization grants provided by the federal government 11 under the federal water quality act of 1987;
- 12 (b) Other moneys provided by the federal government including funds
 13 under the American recovery and reinvestment act of 2009 for water
 14 pollution control facilities and related activities to achieve federal
 15 water pollution requirements;
- 16 <u>(c)</u> All state matching funds appropriated or authorized by the 17 legislature;
- 18 (((c))) <u>(d)</u> Any other revenues derived from gifts or bequests 19 pledged to the state for the purpose of providing financial assistance 20 for water pollution control projects;
 - (((d))) (e) All repayments of moneys borrowed from the fund;
- $((\frac{(e)}{(e)}))$ (f) All interest payments made by borrowers from the fund;
- 23 $((\frac{f}{f}))$ (g) Any other fee or charge levied in conjunction with 24 administration of the fund; and
- $((\frac{g}{g}))$ Any new funds as a result of leveraging.
- 26 (3) The state treasurer may invest and reinvest moneys in the water 27 pollution control revolving fund in the manner provided by law. All 28 earnings from such investment and reinvestment shall be credited to the 29 water pollution control revolving fund.

1 **Sec. 2.** RCW 90.50A.030 and 2007 c 341 s 38 are each amended to read as follows:

The department shall use the moneys in the water pollution control revolving fund to provide financial assistance, as provided in the water quality act of 1987 and ((as provided in)) RCW 90.50A.040, and pursuant to other federal requirements for achieving state and federal water pollution control for protection of the state's waters:

(1) To make loans, on the condition that:

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- 9 (a) Such loans are made at or below market interest rates, 10 including interest free loans, at terms not to exceed twenty years;
 - (b) Annual principal and interest payments will commence not later than one year after completion of any project and all loans will be fully amortized not later ((then)) than twenty years after project completion;
- 15 (c) The recipient of a loan will establish a dedicated source of 16 revenue for repayment of loans; and
 - (d) The fund will be credited with all payments of principal and interest on all loans.
 - (2) Loans, including additional subsidization to eligible recipients in the form of forgiveness of principal and negative interest loans or grants or any combination thereof, may be made for the following purposes:
 - (a) To public bodies for the construction or replacement of water pollution control facilities as defined in section 212 of the federal water quality act of 1987;
 - (b) For the implementation of a management program established under section 319 of the federal water quality act of 1987 relating to the management of nonpoint sources of pollution, subject to the requirements of that act; ((and))
 - (c) For development and implementation of a conservation and management plan under section 320 of the federal water quality act of 1987 relating to the national estuary program, subject to the requirements of that act; and
- 34 (d) For the planning, design, and construction of publicly owned
 35 wastewater treatment facilities, including publicly owned industrial
 36 wastewater treatment facilities that relieve a city of the burden of
 37 processing industrial wastewater.

- (3) The department may also use the money in the water pollution control revolving fund provided by congress for additional subsidization to eligible recipients in the form of forgiveness of principal, negative interest loans or grants or any combination thereof. Uses of forgiveness of principal and negative interest loans or grants include but are not limited to the following purposes:
- (a) To public bodies for the construction or replacement of water pollution control facilities as defined in section 212 of the federal water quality act of 1987;
- (b) For the implementation of a management program established under section 319 of the federal water quality act of 1987 relating to the management of nonpoint sources of pollution, subject to the requirements of that act;
- (c) For development and implementation of a conservation and management plan under section 320 of the federal water quality act of 1987 relating to the national estuary program, subject to the requirements of that act;
 - (d) For storm water projects; and

- (e) For combined sewer overflow projects.
- (4) If additional subsidization is made available from moneys provided by congress to eligible recipients in the form of forgiveness of principal or negative interest loans or grants or any combination thereof, the department shall accept applications consistent with this chapter.
- (5) The department may also use the moneys in the fund for the following purposes:
- (a) To buy or refinance the water pollution control facilities' debt obligations of public bodies at or below market rates, if such debt was incurred after March 7, 1985;
 - (b) To guarantee, or purchase insurance for, public body obligations for water pollution control facility construction or replacement or activities if the guarantee or insurance would improve credit market access or reduce interest rates, or to provide loans to a public body for this purpose;
- 35 (c) As a source of revenue or security for the payment of principal 36 and interest on revenue or general obligation bonds issued by the state 37 if the proceeds of the sale of such bonds will be deposited in the 38 fund;

1 (d) To earn interest on fund accounts; and

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- 2 (e) To pay the expenses of the department in administering the 3 water pollution control revolving fund according to administrative 4 reserves authorized by federal and state law.
 - ((+4))) (6) The department shall present a biennial progress report on the use of moneys from the account to the appropriate committees of the legislature. The report shall consist of a list of each recipient, project description, and amount of the grant, loan, or both.
- 9 (((5) The department may not use the moneys in the water pollution control revolving fund for grants.))
- 11 (7) When prioritizing project applications for loans, forgiveness
 12 of principal, and negative interest loans or grants or any combination
 13 thereof for water pollution control facilities, the department shall
 14 consider the following:
- 15 <u>(a) The protection and improvement of water quality and public</u> 16 health;
- 17 <u>(b) The cost to residential ratepayers if they must finance water</u>
 18 <u>pollution control facilities without state assistance;</u>
- (c) Actions required under federal and state permits and compliance orders, including projects with a history of noncompliance;
- 21 (d) Readiness of the project to proceed with planning, design, or 22 construction;
 - (e) The cost-effectiveness of the project based on an analysis of alternatives, including regionalization;
- 25 <u>(f) Whether the entity receiving assistance is a Puget Sound</u> 26 <u>partner, as defined in RCW 90.71.010;</u>
- 27 <u>(g) Whether the project is referenced in the action agenda</u>
 28 developed by the Puget Sound partnership under RCW 90.71.310;
 - (h) Effective one calendar year following the development and statewide availability of model evergreen community management plans and ordinances under RCW 35.105.050, whether the project is sponsored by an entity that has been recognized, and what gradation of recognition was received, in the evergreen community recognition program created in RCW 35.105.030;
- 34 program created in RCW 35.105.030;
 35 (i) The extent to which the applicant count
 - (i) The extent to which the applicant county or city, or if the applicant is another public body, the extent to which the county or city in which the applicant public body is located, has established

- programs to mitigate nonpoint pollution of the surface or subterranean water sought to be protected by the water pollution control facility named in the application for state assistance; and
- (j) The recommendations of the Puget Sound partnership, created in RCW 90.71.210, and any other board, council, commission, or group established by the legislature or a state agency to study water pollution control issues in the state.
- 8 **Sec. 3.** RCW 90.50A.040 and 2007 c 341 s 39 are each amended to 9 read as follows:
- Moneys deposited in the water pollution control revolving fund shall be administered by the department. In administering the fund, the department shall:

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- (1) Consistent with RCW 90.50A.030 and 90.50A.080, allocate funds for loans, forgiveness of principal, negative interest loans or grants or any combination thereof in accordance with the annual project priority list in accordance with section 212 of the federal water pollution control act as amended in 1987, and allocate funds under sections 319 and 320 according to the provisions of that act, and allocate funds for separate competitive programs relating to storm water systems, sewer systems, and septic systems prioritized on a worst case first need basis;
- (2) Use accounting, audit, and fiscal procedures that conform to generally accepted government accounting standards;
- (3) Prepare any reports required by the federal government as a condition to awarding federal capitalization grants;
- (4) Adopt by rule any procedures or standards necessary to carry out the provisions of this chapter;
- 28 (5) Enter into agreements with the federal environmental protection agency;
 - (6) Cooperate with local, substate regional, and interstate entities regarding state assessment reports and state management programs related to the nonpoint source management programs as noted in section 319(c) of the federal water pollution control act amendments of 1987 and estuary programs developed under section 320 of that act;
 - (7) Comply with provisions of the water quality act of 1987; and
- 36 (8) After January 1, 2010, not provide funding for projects

- 1 designed to address the restoration of Puget Sound that are in conflict
- 2 with the action agenda developed by the Puget Sound partnership under
- 3 RCW 90.71.310.

fund shall:

- NEW SECTION. Sec. 4. A new section is added to chapter 90.50A RCW to read as follows:
- Any public body receiving a loan, forgiveness of principal, or negative interest loan or grant or any combination thereof from the
- 9 (1) Appear on the annual project priority list to be identified for 10 funding under section 212 of the federal water pollution control act 11 amendments of 1987 or be eligible under sections 319 and 320 of that 12 act;
- 13 (2) Submit an application to the department;
- 14 (3) Establish and maintain a dedicated source of revenue or other 15 acceptable source of revenue for the repayment of the loan; and
- 16 (4) Demonstrate to the satisfaction of the department it has 17 sufficient legal authority to incur the debt for the loan that it is 18 applying for.
- 19 **Sec. 5.** RCW 90.50A.060 and 1988 c 284 s 7 are each amended to read 20 as follows:
- If a public body defaults on <u>loan</u> payments due to the fund, the state may withhold any amounts otherwise due to the public body and direct that such funds be applied to the indebtedness and deposited into the account.
- 25 **Sec. 6.** RCW 90.48.110 and 2007 c 343 s 13 are each amended to read as follows:
- 27 (1) Except under subsection (2) of this section, all engineering reports, plans, and specifications for the construction of new sewerage 28 29 systems, sewage treatment or disposal plants or systems, or for improvements or extensions to existing sewerage systems or sewage 30 treatment or disposal plants, and the proposed method of future 31 32 operation and maintenance of said facility or facilities, shall be 33 submitted to and be approved by the department, before construction 34 thereof may begin. No approval shall be given until the department is

satisfied that said plans and specifications and the methods of operation and maintenance submitted are adequate to protect the quality of the state's waters as provided for in this chapter.

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- (a) The department shall require, through the development of rules, that plans established in this subsection (1) include the following elements:
 - (i) Reviews and updates of sewer plans on a six-year cycle, including asset management and financial planning;
- 9 <u>(ii) An equitable sewer user charge system for residential,</u>
 10 <u>commercial, and industrial users to cover all financial obligation of</u>
 11 the planned sewer utility;
- (iii) Connection fees for new connections to a sewer system that
 reflect a fair share cost of infrastructure from which new connections
 will benefit;
 - (iv) A capital wastewater facilities reserve fund dedicated to paying for wastewater infrastructure and equipment replacement; and
 - (v) A sewer use ordinance that restricts certain connections and wastes to protect a local government's investment and enhance the wastewater treatment's process stability and effluent quality. The ordinance must, at least:
- 21 (A) Require new sewers and connections to be properly designed and constructed;
 - (B) Require a provision with a timeline and proximity in which existing and future residences must connect to the sewer system;
 - (C) Prohibit inflow sources into the sewer system; and
 - (D) Prohibit introduction of toxic or hazardous wastes into the sewer system in an amount or concentration that endangers the public's safety or the physical integrity of the system which may cause violations of the national pollutant discharge elimination system permit or state waste discharge permit.
 - (b) Approval under this chapter is not required for large on-site sewage systems permitted by the department of health under chapter 70.118B RCW or for on-site sewage systems regulated by local health jurisdictions under rules of the state board of health.
 - (2) To promote efficiency in service delivery and intergovernmental cooperation in protecting the quality of the state's waters, the department may delegate the authority for review and approval of engineering reports, plans, and specifications for the construction of

- new sewerage systems, sewage treatment or disposal plants or systems, or for improvements or extensions to existing sewerage system or sewage treatment or disposal plants, and the proposed method of future operations and maintenance of said facility or facilities and industrial pretreatment systems, to local units of government requesting such delegation and meeting criteria established by the department.
- 8 (3) For any new or revised general sewer plan submitted for review under this section, the department shall review and either approve, 9 10 conditionally approve, reject, or request amendments within ninety days of the receipt of the submission of the plan. The department may 11 12 extend this ninety-day time limitation for new submittals by up to an 13 additional ninety days if insufficient time exists to adequately review the general sewer plan. For rejections of plans or extensions of the 14 timeline, the department shall provide in writing to the local 15 government entity the reason for such action. 16 In addition, the 17 governing body of the local government entity and the department may mutually agree to an extension of the deadlines contained in this 18 section. 19
- 20 **Sec. 7.** RCW 70.146.070 and 2008 c 299 s 26 are each amended to 21 read as follows:
- 22 (1) When making grants or loans for water pollution control 23 facilities, the department shall consider the following:
 - (a) The protection of water quality and public health;

- 25 (b) The cost to residential ratepayers if they had to finance water 26 pollution control facilities without state assistance;
- 27 (c) Actions required under federal and state permits and compliance 28 orders;
- 29 (d) The level of local fiscal effort by residential ratepayers 30 since 1972 in financing water pollution control facilities;
- 31 (e) Except as otherwise conditioned by RCW 70.146.110, whether the 32 entity receiving assistance is a Puget Sound partner, as defined in RCW 33 90.71.010;
- 34 (f) Whether the project is referenced in the action agenda 35 developed by the Puget Sound partnership under RCW 90.71.310;
- 36 (g) Except as otherwise provided in RCW 70.146.120, and effective one calendar year following the development and statewide availability

of model evergreen community management plans and ordinances under RCW 35.105.050, whether the project is sponsored by an entity that has been recognized, and what gradation of recognition was received, in the evergreen community recognition program created in RCW 35.105.030;

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- (h) The extent to which the applicant county or city, or if the applicant is another public body, the extent to which the county or city in which the applicant public body is located, has established programs to mitigate nonpoint pollution of the surface or subterranean water sought to be protected by the water pollution control facility named in the application for state assistance; and
- (i) The recommendations of the Puget Sound partnership, created in RCW 90.71.210, and any other board, council, commission, or group established by the legislature or a state agency to study water pollution control issues in the state.
- (2) Except where necessary to address a public health need or substantial environmental degradation, a county, city, or town planning under RCW 36.70A.040 may not receive a grant or loan for water pollution control facilities unless it has adopted a comprehensive plan, including a capital facilities plan element, and development regulations as required by RCW 36.70A.040. This subsection does not require any county, city, or town planning under RCW 36.70A.040 to adopt a comprehensive plan or development regulations before requesting or receiving a grant or loan under this chapter if such request is made before the expiration of the time periods specified in RCW 36.70A.040. A county, city, or town planning under RCW 36.70A.040 which has not adopted a comprehensive plan and development regulations within the time periods specified in RCW 36.70A.040 is not prohibited from receiving a grant or loan under this chapter if the comprehensive plan and development regulations are adopted as required by RCW 36.70A.040 before submitting a request for a grant or loan.
- (3) Whenever the department is considering awarding grants or loans for public facilities to special districts requesting funding for a proposed facility located in a county, city, or town planning under RCW 36.70A.040, it shall consider whether the county, city, or town planning under RCW 36.70A.040 in whose planning jurisdiction the proposed facility is located has adopted a comprehensive plan and development regulations as required by RCW 36.70A.040.

(4) When making grants or loans for water pollution control facilities, the department may award grants or provide loans to publicly owned industrial wastewater treatment facilities that relieve a city of the burden of processing industrial wastewater.

- (5) After January 1, 2010, any project designed to address the effects of water pollution on Puget Sound may be funded under this chapter only if the project is not in conflict with the action agenda developed by the Puget Sound partnership under RCW 90.71.310.
- **Sec. 8.** RCW 90.48.290 and 1987 c 109 s 145 are each amended to 10 read as follows:

The department is authorized to make and administer grants within appropriations authorized by the legislature to any municipal or public corporation, or political subdivision within the state for the purpose of aiding in the construction of water pollution control projects necessary to prevent the discharge of untreated or inadequately treated sewage or other waste into the waters of the state including, but not limited to, projects for the control of storm or surface waters which will provide for the removal of waste or polluting materials therefrom.

Grants so made by the department shall be subject to the following limitations:

- (1) No grant shall be made in an amount which exceeds the recipient's contribution to the estimated cost of the project: PROVIDED, That the following shall be considered a part of the recipient's contribution:
- (a) Any grant received by the recipient from the federal government pursuant to section 8(f) of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act (33 U.S.C. 466) for the project;
- (b) Any expenditure which is made by any municipal or public corporation, or political subdivision within the state as a part of a joint effort with the recipient to carry out the project and which has not been used as a matching contribution for another grant made pursuant to this chapter, and
- 33 (c) Any expenditure for the project made by the recipient out of 34 moneys advanced by the department from a revolving fund and repayable 35 to said fund.
- 36 (2) No grant shall be made for any project which does not qualify 37 for and receive a grant of federal funds under the provisions of the

- Federal Water Pollution Control Act as now or hereafter amended: 1 2 PROVIDED, That this restriction shall not apply to state grants made in any biennium over and above the amount of such grants required to match 3 4 all federal funds allocated to the state for such biennium. As such, grants may be made for the planning, design, and construction of any 5 publicly owned wastewater treatment facilities, including publicly 6 owned industrial wastewater treatment facilities that relieve a city of 7 the burden of processing industrial wastewater. 8
- 9 (3) No grant shall be made to any municipal or public corporation, or political subdivision for any project located within a drainage 10 basin unless the department shall have previously adopted a 11 12 comprehensive water pollution control and abatement plan and unless the project is found by the department to conform with such basin 13 comprehensive plan: PROVIDED, That the requirement for a project to 14 conform to a comprehensive water pollution control and abatement plan 15 may be waived by the department for any grant application filed with 16 the department prior to July 1, 1974, in those situations where the 17 18 department finds the public interest would be served better by approval 19 of any grant application made prior to adoption of such plan than by 20 its denial.
- 21 (4) Recipients of grants shall meet such qualifications and follow 22 such procedures in applying for grants as shall be established by the 23 department.
- (5) Grants may be made to reimburse recipients for expenditures made after July 1, 1967, for projects which meet the requirements of this section and were commenced after the recipient had filed a grant application with the department.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 9. The department of ecology may adopt rules to implement this act.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 10. This act is necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, or safety, or support of the state government and its existing public institutions, and takes effect immediately."

<u>ESHB 2116</u> - S AMD By Senator Rockefeller

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ADOPTED 04/22/2009

On page 1, line 1 of the title, after "control;" strike the remainder of the title and insert "amending RCW 90.50A.020, 90.50A.030, 90.50A.040, 90.50A.060, 90.48.110, 70.146.070, and 90.48.290; adding a new section to chapter 90.50A RCW; creating a new section; and declaring an emergency."

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