<u>2SHB 2742</u> - S COMM AMD By Committee on Judiciary

## ADOPTED AS AMENDED 03/05/2010

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

3 "Sec. 1. RCW 46.20.385 and 2008 c 282 s 9 are each amended to read 4 as follows:

(1)(a) Beginning January 1, 2009, any person licensed under this 5 6 chapter who is convicted of ((any offense involving the use, consumption, or possession of alcohol while operating a motor vehicle 7 8 in)) a violation of RCW 46.61.502 or 46.61.504((, other than vehicular 9 homicide or vehicular assault)) or an equivalent local or out-of-state statute or ordinance, or a violation of RCW 46.61.520(1)(a) or 10 11 46.61.522(1)(b), or who has had or will have his or her license 12 suspended, revoked, or denied under RCW 46.20.3101, may submit to the 13 department an application for an ignition interlock driver's license. The department, upon receipt of the prescribed fee and upon determining 14 15 that the petitioner is eligible to receive the license, may issue an 16 ignition interlock driver's license.

(b) A person may apply for an ignition interlock driver's license anytime, including immediately after receiving the notices under RCW 46.20.308 or after his or her license is suspended, revoked, or denied. A person receiving an ignition interlock driver's license waives his or her right to a hearing or appeal under RCW 46.20.308.

(c) An applicant under this subsection shall provide proof to the satisfaction of the department that a functioning ignition interlock device has been installed on all vehicles operated by the person.

(i) The department shall require the person to maintain the device on all vehicles operated by the person and shall restrict the person to operating only vehicles equipped with the device, for the remainder of the period of suspension, revocation, or denial. The installation of an ignition interlock device is not necessary on vehicles owned, <u>leased, or rented</u> by a person's employer and <u>on those vehicles whose</u> 1 <u>care and/or maintenance is the temporary responsibility of the</u> 2 <u>employer, and driven at the direction of a person's employer</u> as a 3 requirement of employment during working hours. The person must 4 provide the department with a declaration pursuant to RCW 9A.72.085 5 from his or her employer stating that the person's employment requires 6 the person to operate a vehicle owned by the employer <u>or other persons</u> 7 during working hours.

8 (ii) Subject to any periodic renewal requirements established by the department under this section and subject to any applicable 9 10 compliance requirements under this chapter or other law, an ignition interlock driver's license granted upon a suspension or revocation 11 12 under RCW 46.61.5055 or 46.20.3101 extends through the remaining 13 portion of any concurrent or consecutive suspension or revocation that may be imposed as the result of administrative action and criminal 14 conviction arising out of the same incident. 15

16 (iii) The time period during which the person is licensed under 17 this section shall apply on a day-for-day basis toward satisfying the 18 period of time the ignition interlock device restriction is required 19 under RCW 46.20.720 and 46.61.5055.

20 (2) An applicant for an ignition interlock driver's license who 21 qualifies under subsection (1) of this section is eligible to receive 22 a license only if((÷

23 (a) Within seven years immediately preceding the date of the 24 offense that gave rise to the present conviction or incident, the 25 applicant has not committed vehicular homicide under RCW 46.61.520 or 26 vehicular assault under RCW 46.61.522; and

27 (b))) the applicant files satisfactory proof of financial 28 responsibility under chapter 46.29 RCW.

(3) Upon receipt of evidence that a holder of an ignition interlock 29 30 driver's license granted under this subsection no longer has a functioning ignition interlock device installed on all vehicles 31 32 operated by the driver, the director shall give written notice by 33 first-class mail to the driver that the ignition interlock driver's license shall be canceled. ((The effective date of cancellation shall 34 35 be fifteen days from the date of mailing the notice.)) If at any time 36 before the cancellation goes into effect the driver submits evidence 37 that a functioning ignition interlock device has been installed on all vehicles operated by the driver, the cancellation shall be stayed. 38 Ιf

the cancellation becomes effective, the driver may obtain, at no additional charge, a new ignition interlock driver's license upon submittal of evidence that a functioning ignition interlock device has been installed on all vehicles operated by the driver.

5 (4) A person aggrieved by the decision of the department on the 6 application for an ignition interlock driver's license may request a 7 hearing as provided by rule of the department.

8 The director shall cancel an ignition interlock driver's (5) license ((upon receipt of)) after receiving notice that the holder 9 thereof has been convicted of operating a motor vehicle in violation of 10 11 its restrictions, no longer meets the eligibility requirements, or ((of)) has been convicted of or found to have committed a separate 12 13 offense or any other act or omission that under this chapter would warrant suspension or revocation of a regular driver's license. 14 The department must give notice of the cancellation ((is effective as of 15 the date of the conviction, and continues with the same force and 16 effect as any suspension or revocation under this title)) as provided 17 under RCW 46.20.245. A person whose ignition interlock driver's 18 license has been canceled under this section may reapply for a new 19 20 ignition interlock driver's license if he or she is otherwise qualified 21 under this section and pays the fee required under RCW 46.20.380.

(6)(a) Unless costs are waived by the ignition interlock company or the person is indigent under RCW 10.101.010, the applicant shall pay the cost of installing, removing, and leasing the ignition interlock device and shall pay an additional fee of twenty dollars per month. Payments shall be made directly to the ignition interlock company. The company shall remit the additional twenty-dollar fee to the department.

(b) The department shall deposit the proceeds of the twenty-dollar fee into the ignition interlock device revolving account. Expenditures from the account may be used only to administer and operate the ignition interlock device revolving account program. The department shall adopt rules to provide monetary assistance according to greatest need and when funds are available.

(7) The department shall adopt rules to implement ignition
 interlock licensing. The department shall consult with the
 administrative office of the courts, the state patrol, the Washington
 association of sheriffs and police chiefs, ignition interlock

companies, and any other organization or entity the department deems
 appropriate.

3 **Sec. 2.** RCW 46.20.391 and 2008 c 282 s 6 are each amended to read 4 as follows:

5 (1) Any person licensed under this chapter who is convicted of an offense relating to motor vehicles for which suspension or revocation б of the driver's license is mandatory, other than vehicular homicide, 7 vehicular assault, driving while under the influence of intoxicating 8 liquor or any drug, or being in actual physical control of a motor 9 10 vehicle while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug, 11 may submit to the department an application for a temporary restricted 12 driver's license. The department, upon receipt of the prescribed fee and upon determining that the petitioner is eligible to receive the 13 14 license, may issue a temporary restricted driver's license and may set definite restrictions as provided in RCW 46.20.394. 15

16 (2)(a) A person licensed under this chapter whose driver's license 17 is suspended administratively due to failure to appear or pay a traffic 18 ticket under RCW 46.20.289; a violation of the financial responsibility 19 laws under chapter 46.29 RCW; or for multiple violations within a 20 specified period of time under RCW 46.20.291, may apply to the 21 department for an occupational driver's license.

(b) If the suspension is for failure to respond, pay, or comply with a notice of traffic infraction or conviction, the applicant must enter into a payment plan with the court.

(c) An occupational driver's license issued to an applicant described in (a) of this subsection shall be valid for the period of the suspension or revocation.

28 (3) An applicant for an occupational or temporary restricted 29 driver's license who qualifies under subsection (1) or (2) of this 30 section is eligible to receive such license only if:

31 (a) Within seven years immediately preceding the date of the 32 offense that gave rise to the present conviction or incident, the 33 applicant has not committed vehicular homicide under RCW 46.61.520 or 34 vehicular assault under RCW 46.61.522; and

35 (b) The applicant demonstrates that it is necessary for him or her 36 to operate a motor vehicle because he or she: (i) Is engaged in an occupation or trade that makes it essential
 that he or she operate a motor vehicle;

3 (ii) Is undergoing continuing health care or providing continuing4 care to another who is dependent upon the applicant;

5 (iii) Is enrolled in an educational institution and pursuing a 6 course of study leading to a diploma, degree, or other certification of 7 successful educational completion;

8 (iv) Is undergoing substance abuse treatment or is participating in 9 meetings of a twelve-step group such as Alcoholics Anonymous that 10 requires the petitioner to drive to or from the treatment or meetings;

(v) Is fulfilling court-ordered community service responsibilities; (vi) Is in a program that assists persons who are enrolled in a WorkFirst program pursuant to chapter 74.08A RCW to become gainfully employed and the program requires a driver's license;

15 (vii) Is in an apprenticeship, on-the-job training, or welfare-to-16 work program; or

(viii) Presents evidence that he or she has applied for a position in an apprenticeship or on-the-job training program for which a driver's license is required to begin the program, provided that a license granted under this provision shall be in effect for no longer than fourteen days; and

(c) The applicant files satisfactory proof of financial
 responsibility under chapter 46.29 RCW; and

24 (d) Upon receipt of evidence that a holder of an occupational driver's license granted under this subsection is no longer enrolled in 25 26 an apprenticeship or on-the-job training program, the director shall 27 give written notice by first-class mail to the driver that the occupational driver's license shall be canceled. ((The effective date 28 of cancellation shall be fifteen days from the date of mailing the 29 30 notice.)) If at any time before the cancellation goes into effect the driver submits evidence of continued enrollment in the program, the 31 cancellation shall be stayed. If the cancellation becomes effective, 32 the driver may obtain, at no additional charge, a new occupational 33 driver's license upon submittal of evidence of enrollment in another 34 35 program that meets the criteria set forth in this subsection; and

36 (e) The department shall not issue an occupational driver's license37 under (b)(iv) of this subsection if the applicant is able to receive

1 transit services sufficient to allow for the applicant's participation
2 in the programs referenced under (b)(iv) of this subsection.

3 (4) A person aggrieved by the decision of the department on the
4 application for an occupational or temporary restricted driver's
5 license may request a hearing as provided by rule of the department.

6 The director shall cancel an occupational or temporary (5) 7 restricted driver's license ((upon receipt of)) after receiving notice 8 that the holder thereof has been convicted of operating a motor vehicle 9 in violation of its restrictions, no longer meets the eligibility requirements, or ((of)) has been convicted of or found to have 10 committed a separate offense or any other act or omission that under 11 12 this chapter ((46.20 RCW)) would warrant suspension or revocation of a 13 regular driver's license. The department must give notice of the cancellation ((is effective as of the date of the conviction, and 14 continues with the same force and effect as any suspension or 15 revocation under this title)) as provided under RCW 46.20.245. A 16 person whose occupational or temporary restricted driver's license has 17 been canceled under this section may reapply for a new occupational or 18 temporary restricted driver's license if he or she is otherwise 19 20 qualified under this section and pays the fee required under RCW 21 46.20.380.

22 **Sec. 3.** RCW 46.20.720 and 2008 c 282 s 12 are each amended to read 23 as follows:

(1) The court may order that after a period of suspension, 24 25 revocation, or denial of driving privileges, and for up to as long as 26 the court has jurisdiction, any person convicted of any offense involving the use, consumption, or possession of alcohol while 27 operating a motor vehicle may drive only a motor vehicle equipped with 28 29 a functioning ignition interlock. The court shall establish a specific calibration setting at which the interlock will prevent the vehicle 30 from being started. The court shall also establish the period of time 31 32 for which interlock use will be required.

33 (2) Under RCW 46.61.5055((, 10.05.020, or section 18 of this act)) 34 and subject to the exceptions listed in that statute, the court shall 35 order any person convicted of ((an alcohol-related)) <u>a</u> violation of RCW 36 46.61.502 or 46.61.504 or an equivalent local ordinance ((or 37 participating in a deferred prosecution program under RCW 10.05.020 or 1 section 18 of this act for an alcohol-related violation of RCW
2 46.61.502 or 46.61.504 or an equivalent local ordinance)) to apply for
3 an ignition interlock driver's license from the department under RCW
4 66.20.385 and to have a functioning ignition interlock device installed
5 on all motor vehicles operated by the person.

6 (3) The department shall require that, after any applicable period 7 of suspension, revocation, or denial of driving privileges, a person 8 may drive only a motor vehicle equipped with a functioning ignition 9 interlock device if the person is convicted of ((an alcohol-related)) 10 <u>a</u> violation of RCW 46.61.502 or 46.61.504 or an equivalent local <u>or</u> 11 <u>out-of-state statute or</u> ordinance.

12 The department may waive the requirement for the use of such a 13 device if it concludes that such devices are not reasonably available in the local area. The installation of an ignition interlock device is 14 not necessary on vehicles owned, leased, or rented by a person's 15 employer and on those vehicles whose care and/or maintenance is the 16 17 temporary responsibility of the employer, and driven at the direction of a person's employer as a requirement of employment during working 18 The person must provide the department with a declaration 19 hours. pursuant to RCW 9A.72.085 from his or her employer stating that the 20 21 person's employment requires the person to operate a vehicle owned by 22 the employer or other persons during working hours.

The ignition interlock device shall be calibrated to prevent the motor vehicle from being started when the breath sample provided has an alcohol concentration of 0.025 or more. <u>Subject to the provisions of</u> <u>subsection (4) of this section, the period of time of the restriction</u> will be ((as follows)) no less than:

(a) For a person who has not previously been restricted under thissection, a period of one year;

30 (b) For a person who has previously been restricted under (a) of 31 this subsection, a period of five years;

32 (c) For a person who has previously been restricted under (b) of33 this subsection, a period of ten years.

34 (4) A restriction imposed under subsection (3) of this section 35 shall remain in effect until the department receives a declaration from 36 the person's ignition interlock device vendor, in a form provided or 37 approved by the department, certifying that there have been none of the 1 following incidents in the four consecutive months prior to the date of 2 release:

3 (a) An attempt to start the vehicle with a breath alcohol 4 concentration of 0.04 or more;

5 (b) Failure to take or pass any required retest; or

6 (c) Failure of the person to appear at the ignition interlock
7 device vendor when required for maintenance, repair, calibration,
8 monitoring, inspection, or replacement of the device.

9 Sec. 4. RCW 46.61.5055 and 2008 c 282 s 14 are each amended to 10 read as follows:

(1) Except as provided in RCW 46.61.502(6) or 46.61.504(6), a person who is convicted of a violation of RCW 46.61.502 or 46.61.504 and who has no prior offense within seven years shall be punished as follows:

(a) In the case of a person whose alcohol concentration was less than 0.15, or for whom for reasons other than the person's refusal to take a test offered pursuant to RCW 46.20.308 there is no test result indicating the person's alcohol concentration:

(i) By imprisonment for not less than one day nor more than one 19 20 Twenty-four consecutive hours of the imprisonment may not be year. 21 suspended or deferred unless the court finds that the imposition of 22 this mandatory minimum sentence would impose a substantial risk to the 23 offender's physical or mental well-being. Whenever the mandatory minimum sentence is suspended or deferred, the court shall state in 24 25 writing the reason for granting the suspension or deferral and the 26 facts upon which the suspension or deferral is based. In lieu of the 27 mandatory minimum term of imprisonment required under this subsection (1)(a)(i), the court may order not less than fifteen days of electronic 28 29 home monitoring. The offender shall pay the cost of electronic home monitoring. The county or municipality in which the penalty is being 30 31 imposed shall determine the cost. The court may also require the 32 offender's electronic home monitoring device to include an alcohol detection breathalyzer, and the court may restrict the amount of 33 alcohol the offender may consume during the time the offender is on 34 35 electronic home monitoring; and

36 (ii) By a fine of not less than three hundred fifty dollars nor

1 more than five thousand dollars. Three hundred fifty dollars of the 2 fine may not be suspended or deferred unless the court finds the 3 offender to be indigent; or

4 (b) In the case of a person whose alcohol concentration was at 5 least 0.15, or for whom by reason of the person's refusal to take a 6 test offered pursuant to RCW 46.20.308 there is no test result 7 indicating the person's alcohol concentration:

8 (i) By imprisonment for not less than two days nor more than one year. Two consecutive days of the imprisonment may not be suspended or 9 10 deferred unless the court finds that the imposition of this mandatory 11 minimum sentence would impose a substantial risk to the offender's 12 physical or mental well-being. Whenever the mandatory minimum sentence 13 is suspended or deferred, the court shall state in writing the reason for granting the suspension or deferral and the facts upon which the 14 suspension or deferral is based. In lieu of the mandatory minimum term 15 of imprisonment required under this subsection (1)(b)(i), the court may 16 17 order not less than thirty days of electronic home monitoring. The offender shall pay the cost of electronic home monitoring. The county 18 or municipality in which the penalty is being imposed shall determine 19 the cost. The court may also require the offender's electronic home 20 21 monitoring device to include an alcohol detection breathalyzer, and the 22 court may restrict the amount of alcohol the offender may consume 23 during the time the offender is on electronic home monitoring; and

(ii) By a fine of not less than five hundred dollars nor more than five thousand dollars. Five hundred dollars of the fine may not be suspended or deferred unless the court finds the offender to be indigent.

(2) Except as provided in RCW 46.61.502(6) or 46.61.504(6), a person who is convicted of a violation of RCW 46.61.502 or 46.61.504 and who has one prior offense within seven years shall be punished as follows:

(a) In the case of a person whose alcohol concentration was less
than 0.15, or for whom for reasons other than the person's refusal to
take a test offered pursuant to RCW 46.20.308 there is no test result
indicating the person's alcohol concentration:

(i) By imprisonment for not less than thirty days nor more than one
 year and sixty days of electronic home monitoring. The offender shall
 pay for the cost of the electronic monitoring. The county or

municipality where the penalty is being imposed shall determine the 1 2 cost. The court may also require the offender's electronic home monitoring device include an alcohol detection breathalyzer, and may 3 4 restrict the amount of alcohol the offender may consume during the time the offender is on electronic home monitoring. Thirty days of 5 imprisonment and sixty days of electronic home monitoring may not be б suspended or deferred unless the court finds that the imposition of 7 this mandatory minimum sentence would impose a substantial risk to the 8 9 offender's physical or mental well-being. Whenever the mandatory minimum sentence is suspended or deferred, the court shall state in 10 writing the reason for granting the suspension or deferral and the 11 12 facts upon which the suspension or deferral is based; and

(ii) By a fine of not less than five hundred dollars nor more than five thousand dollars. Five hundred dollars of the fine may not be suspended or deferred unless the court finds the offender to be indigent; or

(b) In the case of a person whose alcohol concentration was at least 0.15, or for whom by reason of the person's refusal to take a test offered pursuant to RCW 46.20.308 there is no test result indicating the person's alcohol concentration:

21 (i) By imprisonment for not less than forty-five days nor more than 22 one year and ninety days of electronic home monitoring. The offender shall pay for the cost of the electronic monitoring. The county or 23 24 municipality where the penalty is being imposed shall determine the The court may also require the offender's electronic home 25 cost. 26 monitoring device include an alcohol detection breathalyzer, and may 27 restrict the amount of alcohol the offender may consume during the time the offender is on electronic home monitoring. Forty-five days of 28 imprisonment and ninety days of electronic home monitoring may not be 29 30 suspended or deferred unless the court finds that the imposition of this mandatory minimum sentence would impose a substantial risk to the 31 32 offender's physical or mental well-being. Whenever the mandatory minimum sentence is suspended or deferred, the court shall state in 33 writing the reason for granting the suspension or deferral and the 34 35 facts upon which the suspension or deferral is based; and

36 (ii) By a fine of not less than seven hundred fifty dollars nor 37 more than five thousand dollars. Seven hundred fifty dollars of the 1 fine may not be suspended or deferred unless the court finds the 2 offender to be indigent.

3 (3) Except as provided in RCW 46.61.502(6) or 46.61.504(6), a 4 person who is convicted of a violation of RCW 46.61.502 or 46.61.504 5 and who has two or three prior offenses within seven years shall be 6 punished as follows:

7 (a) In the case of a person whose alcohol concentration was less 8 than 0.15, or for whom for reasons other than the person's refusal to 9 take a test offered pursuant to RCW 46.20.308 there is no test result 10 indicating the person's alcohol concentration:

(i) By imprisonment for not less than ninety days nor more than one 11 12 year and one hundred twenty days of electronic home monitoring. The 13 offender shall pay for the cost of the electronic monitoring. The 14 county or municipality where the penalty is being imposed shall determine the cost. The court may also require the offender's 15 electronic home monitoring device include an alcohol detection 16 breathalyzer, and may restrict the amount of alcohol the offender may 17 consume during the time the offender is on electronic home monitoring. 18 Ninety days of imprisonment and one hundred twenty days of electronic 19 home monitoring may not be suspended or deferred unless the court finds 20 21 that the imposition of this mandatory minimum sentence would impose a 22 substantial risk to the offender's physical or mental well-being. 23 Whenever the mandatory minimum sentence is suspended or deferred, the 24 court shall state in writing the reason for granting the suspension or 25 deferral and the facts upon which the suspension or deferral is based; 26 and

(ii) By a fine of not less than one thousand dollars nor more than five thousand dollars. One thousand dollars of the fine may not be suspended or deferred unless the court finds the offender to be indigent; or

31 (b) In the case of a person whose alcohol concentration was at 32 least 0.15, or for whom by reason of the person's refusal to take a 33 test offered pursuant to RCW 46.20.308 there is no test result 34 indicating the person's alcohol concentration:

(i) By imprisonment for not less than one hundred twenty days nor more than one year and one hundred fifty days of electronic home monitoring. The offender shall pay for the cost of the electronic monitoring. The county or municipality where the penalty is being

imposed shall determine the cost. The court may also require the 1 2 offender's electronic home monitoring device include an alcohol detection breathalyzer, and may restrict the amount of alcohol the 3 4 offender may consume during the time the offender is on electronic home monitoring. One hundred twenty days of imprisonment and one hundred 5 6 fifty days of electronic home monitoring may not be suspended or deferred unless the court finds that the imposition of this mandatory 7 minimum sentence would impose a substantial risk to the offender's 8 9 physical or mental well-being. Whenever the mandatory minimum sentence is suspended or deferred, the court shall state in writing the reason 10 11 for granting the suspension or deferral and the facts upon which the 12 suspension or deferral is based; and

(ii) By a fine of not less than one thousand five hundred dollars nor more than five thousand dollars. One thousand five hundred dollars of the fine may not be suspended or deferred unless the court finds the offender to be indigent.

(4) A person who is convicted of a violation of RCW 46.61.502 or 17 46.61.504 shall be punished under chapter 9.94A RCW if: (a) The person 18 19 has four or more prior offenses within ten years; or (b) the person has 20 ever previously been convicted of: (i) A violation of RCW 46.61.520 21 committed while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug; 22 (ii) a violation of RCW 46.61.522 committed while under the influence 23 of intoxicating liquor or any drug; or (iii) an out-of-state offense comparable to the offense specified in (b)(i) or (ii) of this 24 25 subsection.

(5)(a) The court shall require any person convicted of ((an alcohol-related)) <u>a</u> violation of RCW 46.61.502 or 46.61.504 <u>or an equivalent local ordinance</u> to apply for an ignition interlock driver's license from the department ((under RCW 46.20.385)) and to have a functioning ignition interlock device installed on all motor vehicles operated by the person.

32 (b) The installation of an ignition interlock device is not 33 necessary on vehicles owned, leased, or rented by a person's employer 34 and on those vehicles whose care and/or maintenance is the temporary 35 responsibility of the employer, and driven at the direction of a 36 person's employer as a requirement of employment during working hours. 37 The person must provide the department with a declaration pursuant to RCW 9A.72.085 from his or her employer stating that the person's
 employment requires the person to operate a vehicle owned by the
 employer or other persons during working hours.

4 (c) An ignition interlock device imposed under this section shall
5 be calibrated to prevent a motor vehicle from being started when the
6 breath sample provided has an alcohol concentration of 0.025 or more.

7 (d) The court may waive the requirement that a person ((obtain))
8 <u>apply for</u> an ignition interlock driver's license ((and operate only
9 vehicles equipped with a functioning ignition interlock device)) if the
10 court makes a specific finding in writing that:

11 (i) The person lives out-of-state and the devices are not 12 reasonably available in the person's local area((, that));

<u>(ii)</u> The person does not operate a vehicle((-)); or

13

(iii) The person is not eligible to receive an ignition interlock 14 15 driver's license under RCW 46.20.385 because the person is not a resident of Washington, is a habitual traffic offender, has already 16 applied for or is already in possession of an ignition interlock 17 driver's license, has never had a driver's license, has been certified 18 19 under chapter 74.20A RCW as noncompliant with a child support order, or 20 is subject to any other condition or circumstance that makes the person 21 ineligible to obtain an ignition interlock driver's license.

(e) ((When the requirement)) If a court finds that a person is not eligible to receive an ignition interlock driver's license under this section, the court is not required to make any further subsequent inquiry or determination as to the person's eligibility.

26 (f) If the court orders that a person ((obtain)) refrain from 27 consuming any alcohol and requires the person to apply for an ignition interlock driver's license ((and operate only vehicles equipped with a 28 functioning ignition interlock device is waived by the court)), and the 29 person states that he or she does not operate a motor vehicle or the 30 person is ineligible to obtain an ignition interlock driver's license, 31 the court shall order the person to submit to alcohol monitoring 32 through an alcohol detection breathalyzer device, transdermal sensor 33 device, or other technology designed to detect alcohol in a person's 34 35 The person shall pay for the cost of the monitoring. system. The 36 county or municipality where the penalty is being imposed shall 37 determine the cost.

1 (((f))) (g) The period of time for which ignition interlock use or 2 alcohol monitoring is required will be as follows:

3 (i) For a person who has not previously been restricted under this4 section, a period of one year;

5 (ii) For a person who has previously been restricted under ((<del>(f)</del>))
6 (g)(i) of this subsection, a period of five years;

7 (iii) For a person who has previously been restricted under ((<del>(f)</del>))
8 (g)(ii) of this subsection, a period of ten years.

9 (6) If a person who is convicted of a violation of RCW 46.61.502 or 10 46.61.504 committed the offense while a passenger under the age of 11 sixteen was in the vehicle, the court shall:

(a) In any case in which the installation and use of an interlock or other device is not mandatory under RCW 46.20.720 or other law, order the use of such a device for not less than sixty days following the restoration of the person's license, permit, or nonresident driving privileges; and

(b) In any case in which the installation and use of such a device is otherwise mandatory, order the use of such a device for an additional sixty days.

20 (7) In exercising its discretion in setting penalties within the 21 limits allowed by this section, the court shall particularly consider 22 the following:

(a) Whether the person's driving at the time of the offense was
 responsible for injury or damage to another or another's property; and

(b) Whether at the time of the offense the person was driving or inphysical control of a vehicle with one or more passengers.

(8) An offender punishable under this section is subject to thealcohol assessment and treatment provisions of RCW 46.61.5056.

(9) The license, permit, or nonresident privilege of a person convicted of driving or being in physical control of a motor vehicle while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or drugs must:

32 (a) If the person's alcohol concentration was less than 0.15, or if 33 for reasons other than the person's refusal to take a test offered 34 under RCW 46.20.308 there is no test result indicating the person's 35 alcohol concentration:

36 (i) Where there has been no prior offense within seven years, be37 suspended or denied by the department for ninety days;

(ii) Where there has been one prior offense within seven years, be
 revoked or denied by the department for two years; or

3 (iii) Where there have been two or more prior offenses within seven
4 years, be revoked or denied by the department for three years;

(b) If the person's alcohol concentration was at least 0.15:

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6 (i) Where there has been no prior offense within seven years, be 7 revoked or denied by the department for one year;

8 (ii) Where there has been one prior offense within seven years, be 9 revoked or denied by the department for nine hundred days; or

10 (iii) Where there have been two or more prior offenses within seven 11 years, be revoked or denied by the department for four years; or

12 (c) If by reason of the person's refusal to take a test offered 13 under RCW 46.20.308, there is no test result indicating the person's 14 alcohol concentration:

(i) Where there have been no prior offenses within seven years, berevoked or denied by the department for two years;

(ii) Where there has been one prior offense within seven years, berevoked or denied by the department for three years; or

(iii) Where there have been two or more previous offenses withinseven years, be revoked or denied by the department for four years.

The department shall grant credit on a day-for-day basis for any portion of a suspension, revocation, or denial already served under this subsection for a suspension, revocation, or denial imposed under RCW 46.20.3101 arising out of the same incident.

For purposes of this subsection (9), the department shall refer to the driver's record maintained under RCW 46.52.120 when determining the existence of prior offenses.

(10) After expiration of any period of suspension, revocation, or denial of the offender's license, permit, or privilege to drive required by this section, the department shall place the offender's driving privilege in probationary status pursuant to RCW 46.20.355.

(11)(a) In addition to any nonsuspendable and nondeferrable jail sentence required by this section, whenever the court imposes less than one year in jail, the court shall also suspend but shall not defer a period of confinement for a period not exceeding five years. The court shall impose conditions of probation that include: (i) Not driving a motor vehicle within this state without a valid license to drive and proof of financial responsibility for the future; (ii) not driving a

motor vehicle within this state while having an alcohol concentration 1 2 of 0.08 or more within two hours after driving; and (iii) not refusing to submit to a test of his or her breath or blood to determine alcohol 3 4 concentration upon request of a law enforcement officer who has reasonable grounds to believe the person was driving or was in actual 5 physical control of a motor vehicle within this state while under the б 7 influence of intoxicating liquor. The court may impose conditions of 8 probation that include nonrepetition, installation of an ignition interlock device on the probationer's motor vehicle, alcohol or drug 9 10 treatment, supervised probation, or other conditions that may be appropriate. The sentence may be imposed in whole or in part upon 11 12 violation of a condition of probation during the suspension period.

(b) For each violation of mandatory conditions of probation under (a)(i), (ii), or (iii) of this subsection, the court shall order the convicted person to be confined for thirty days, which shall not be suspended or deferred.

17 (c) For each incident involving a violation of a mandatory condition of probation imposed under this subsection, the license, 18 permit, or privilege to drive of the person shall be suspended by the 19 court for thirty days or, if such license, permit, or privilege to 20 21 drive already is suspended, revoked, or denied at the time the finding 22 of probation violation is made, the suspension, revocation, or denial 23 then in effect shall be extended by thirty days. The court shall 24 notify the department of any suspension, revocation, or denial or any 25 extension of a suspension, revocation, or denial imposed under this 26 subsection.

(12) A court may waive the electronic home monitoring requirementsof this chapter when:

(a) The offender does not have a dwelling, telephone service, or
 any other necessity to operate an electronic home monitoring system;

31

(b) The offender does not reside in the state of Washington; or

32 (c) The court determines that there is reason to believe that the 33 offender would violate the conditions of the electronic home monitoring 34 penalty.

Whenever the mandatory minimum term of electronic home monitoring is waived, the court shall state in writing the reason for granting the waiver and the facts upon which the waiver is based, and shall impose an alternative sentence with similar punitive consequences. The
 alternative sentence may include, but is not limited to, additional
 jail time, work crew, or work camp.

Whenever the combination of jail time and electronic home monitoring or alternative sentence would exceed three hundred sixtyfive days, the offender shall serve the jail portion of the sentence first, and the electronic home monitoring or alternative portion of the sentence shall be reduced so that the combination does not exceed three hundred sixty-five days.

10 (13) An offender serving a sentence under this section, whether or 11 not a mandatory minimum term has expired, may be granted an 12 extraordinary medical placement by the jail administrator subject to 13 the standards and limitations set forth in RCW 9.94A.728(((4+))) (3).

14 (14) For purposes of this section and RCW 46.61.502 and 46.61.504:

15

(a) A "prior offense" means any of the following:

16 (i) A conviction for a violation of RCW 46.61.502 or an equivalent 17 local ordinance;

(ii) A conviction for a violation of RCW 46.61.504 or an equivalentlocal ordinance;

20 (iii) A conviction for a violation of RCW 46.61.520 committed while 21 under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug;

(iv) A conviction for a violation of RCW 46.61.522 committed whileunder the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug;

(v) A conviction for a violation of RCW 46.61.5249, 46.61.500, or
9A.36.050 or an equivalent local ordinance, if the conviction is the
result of a charge that was originally filed as a violation of RCW
46.61.502 or 46.61.504, or an equivalent local ordinance, or of RCW
46.61.520 or 46.61.522;

(vi) An out-of-state conviction for a violation that would have been a violation of (a)(i), (ii), (iii), (iv), or (v) of this subsection if committed in this state;

32 (vii) A deferred prosecution under chapter 10.05 RCW granted in a 33 prosecution for a violation of RCW 46.61.502, 46.61.504, or an 34 equivalent local ordinance; or

35 (viii) A deferred prosecution under chapter 10.05 RCW granted in a 36 prosecution for a violation of RCW 46.61.5249, or an equivalent local 37 ordinance, if the charge under which the deferred prosecution was 1 granted was originally filed as a violation of RCW 46.61.502 or 2 46.61.504, or an equivalent local ordinance, or of RCW 46.61.520 or 3 46.61.522;

If a deferred prosecution is revoked based on a subsequent conviction for an offense listed in this subsection (14)(a), the subsequent conviction shall not be treated as a prior offense of the revoked deferred prosecution for the purposes of sentencing;

8 (b) "Within seven years" means that the arrest for a prior offense 9 occurred within seven years ((<del>of</del>)) <u>before or after</u> the arrest for the 10 current offense; and

11 (c) "Within ten years" means that the arrest for a prior offense 12 occurred within ten years ((<del>of</del>)) <u>before or after</u> the arrest for the 13 current offense.

14 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 5. A new section is added to chapter 46.61 RCW 15 to read as follows:

16 If a person is required, as part of the person's judgment and 17 sentence, to install an ignition interlock device on all motor vehicles operated by the person and the person is under the jurisdiction of the 18 municipality or county probation or supervision department, the 19 20 probation or supervision department must verify the installation of the 21 ignition interlock device or devices. The municipality or county 22 probation or supervision department satisfies the requirement to verify 23 the installation or installations if the municipality or county probation or supervision department receives written verification by 24 25 one or more companies doing business in the state that it has installed 26 the required device on each vehicle owned or operated by the person. 27 The municipality or county shall have no further obligation to supervise the use of the ignition interlock device or devices by the 28 29 person and shall not be civilly liable for any injuries or damages caused by the person for failing to use an ignition interlock device or 30 31 for driving under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug or 32 being in actual physical control of a motor vehicle under the influence 33 of intoxicating liquor or any drug.

34 **Sec. 6.** RCW 46.20.410 and 2008 c 282 s 8 are each amended to read 35 as follows:

36 <u>(1)</u> Any person convicted for violation of any restriction of an

1 occupational driver's license((-)) <u>or</u> a temporary restricted driver's 2 license((-) or an ignition interlock driver's license)) shall in 3 addition to the ((immediate revocation)) <u>cancellation</u> of such license 4 and any other penalties provided by law be fined not less than fifty 5 nor more than two hundred dollars or imprisoned for not more than six 6 months or both such fine and imprisonment.

7 (2) It is a gross misdemeanor for a person to violate any
8 restriction of an ignition interlock driver's license.

9 Sec. 7. RCW 46.20.342 and 2008 c 282 s 4 are each amended to read 10 as follows:

(1) It is unlawful for any person to drive a motor vehicle in this state while that person is in a suspended or revoked status or when his or her privilege to drive is suspended or revoked in this or any other state. Any person who has a valid Washington driver's license is not guilty of a violation of this section.

(a) A person found to be an habitual offender under chapter 46.65 16 RCW, who violates this section while an order of revocation issued 17 under chapter 46.65 RCW prohibiting such operation is in effect, is 18 guilty of driving while license suspended or revoked in the first 19 20 degree, a gross misdemeanor. Upon the first such conviction, the 21 person shall be punished by imprisonment for not less than ten days. 22 Upon the second conviction, the person shall be punished by 23 imprisonment for not less than ninety days. Upon the third or 24 subsequent conviction, the person shall be punished by imprisonment for 25 not less than one hundred eighty days. If the person is also convicted 26 of the offense defined in RCW 46.61.502 or 46.61.504, when both convictions arise from the same event, the minimum sentence of 27 confinement shall be not less than ninety days. The minimum sentence 28 29 of confinement required shall not be suspended or deferred. Α conviction under this subsection does not prevent a person from 30 31 petitioning for reinstatement as provided by RCW 46.65.080.

32 (b) A person who violates this section while an order of suspension 33 or revocation prohibiting such operation is in effect and while the 34 person is not eligible to reinstate his or her driver's license or 35 driving privilege, other than for a suspension for the reasons 36 described in (c) of this subsection, is guilty of driving while license 37 suspended or revoked in the second degree, a gross misdemeanor. <u>For</u>

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the purposes of this subsection, a person is not considered to be eligible to reinstate his or her driver's license or driving privilege if the person is eligible to obtain an ignition interlock driver's license but did not obtain such a license. This subsection applies when a person's driver's license or driving privilege has been suspended or revoked by reason of:

7 (i) A conviction of a felony in the commission of which a motor8 vehicle was used;

9

(ii) A previous conviction under this section;

10 (iii) A notice received by the department from a court or diversion 11 unit as provided by RCW 46.20.265, relating to a minor who has 12 committed, or who has entered a diversion unit concerning an offense 13 relating to alcohol, legend drugs, controlled substances, or imitation 14 controlled substances;

(iv) A conviction of RCW 46.20.410, relating to the violation of restrictions of an occupational driver's license, a temporary restricted driver's license, or an ignition interlock driver's license;

18 (v) A conviction of RCW 46.20.345, relating to the operation of a 19 motor vehicle with a suspended or revoked license;

20 (vi) A conviction of RCW 46.52.020, relating to duty in case of 21 injury to or death of a person or damage to an attended vehicle;

(vii) A conviction of RCW 46.61.024, relating to attempting to
 elude pursuing police vehicles;

24 (viii) A conviction of RCW 46.61.500, relating to reckless driving;

(ix) A conviction of RCW 46.61.502 or 46.61.504, relating to a
 person under the influence of intoxicating liquor or drugs;

27

(x) A conviction of RCW 46.61.520, relating to vehicular homicide;

28 (xi) A conviction of RCW 46.61.522, relating to vehicular assault;

29 (xii) A conviction of RCW 46.61.527(4), relating to reckless 30 endangerment of roadway workers;

31 (xiii) A conviction of RCW 46.61.530, relating to racing of 32 vehicles on highways;

(xiv) A conviction of RCW 46.61.685, relating to leaving childrenin an unattended vehicle with motor running;

35 (xv) A conviction of RCW 46.61.740, relating to theft of motor 36 vehicle fuel;

37 (xvi) A conviction of RCW 46.64.048, relating to attempting,
 38 aiding, abetting, coercing, and committing crimes;

(xvii) An administrative action taken by the department under
 chapter 46.20 RCW; or

3 (xviii) A conviction of a local law, ordinance, regulation, or 4 resolution of a political subdivision of this state, the federal 5 government, or any other state, of an offense substantially similar to 6 a violation included in this subsection.

(c) A person who violates this section when his or her driver's 7 8 license or driving privilege is, at the time of the violation, suspended or revoked solely because (i) the person must furnish proof 9 10 of satisfactory progress in a required alcoholism or drug treatment program, (ii) the person must furnish proof of financial responsibility 11 12 for the future as provided by chapter 46.29 RCW, (iii) the person has 13 failed to comply with the provisions of chapter 46.29 RCW relating to 14 uninsured accidents, (iv) the person has failed to respond to a notice of traffic infraction, failed to appear at a requested hearing, 15 violated a written promise to appear in court, or has failed to comply 16 17 with the terms of a notice of traffic infraction or citation, as provided in RCW 46.20.289, (v) the person has committed an offense in 18 another state that, if committed in this state, would not be grounds 19 for the suspension or revocation of the person's driver's license, (vi) 20 21 the person has been suspended or revoked by reason of one or more of 22 the items listed in (b) of this subsection, but was eligible to 23 reinstate his or her driver's license or driving privilege at the time 24 of the violation, or (vii) the person has received traffic citations or notices of traffic infraction that have resulted in a suspension under 25 26 RCW 46.20.267 relating to intermediate drivers' licenses, or any 27 combination of (i) through (vii), is guilty of driving while license suspended or revoked in the third degree, a misdemeanor. 28 For the purposes of this subsection, a person is not considered to be eligible 29 to reinstate his or her driver's license or driving privilege if the 30 person is eligible to obtain an ignition interlock driver's license but 31 did not obtain such a license. 32

33 (2) Upon receiving a record of conviction of any person or upon 34 receiving an order by any juvenile court or any duly authorized court 35 officer of the conviction of any juvenile under this section, the 36 department shall:

37 (a) For a conviction of driving while suspended or revoked in the38 first degree, as provided by subsection (1)(a) of this section, extend

the period of administrative revocation imposed under chapter 46.65 RCW for an additional period of one year from and after the date the person would otherwise have been entitled to apply for a new license or have his or her driving privilege restored; or

5 (b) For a conviction of driving while suspended or revoked in the 6 second degree, as provided by subsection (1)(b) of this section, not 7 issue a new license or restore the driving privilege for an additional 8 period of one year from and after the date the person would otherwise 9 have been entitled to apply for a new license or have his or her 10 driving privilege restored; or

11 (c) Not extend the period of suspension or revocation if the 12 conviction was under subsection (1)(c) of this section. If the 13 conviction was under subsection (1)(a) or (b) of this section and the 14 court recommends against the extension and the convicted person has 15 obtained a valid driver's license, the period of suspension or 16 revocation shall not be extended.

17 **Sec. 8.** RCW 46.20.740 and 2008 c 282 s 13 are each amended to read 18 as follows:

(1) The department shall attach or imprint a notation on the 19 20 driving record of any person restricted under RCW 46.20.720 ((or)), 21 46.61.5055, or 10.05.140 stating that the person may operate only a 22 motor vehicle equipped with a functioning ignition interlock device. 23 The department shall determine the person's eligibility for licensing 24 based upon written verification by a company doing business in the 25 state that it has installed the required device on a vehicle owned or 26 operated by the person seeking reinstatement. If, based upon 27 notification from the interlock provider or otherwise, the department determines that an ignition interlock required under this section is no 28 29 longer installed or functioning as required, the department shall suspend the person's license or privilege to drive. Whenever the 30 31 license or driving privilege of any person is suspended or revoked as a result of noncompliance with an ignition interlock requirement, the 32 suspension shall remain in effect until the person provides notice 33 34 issued by a company doing business in the state that a vehicle owned or 35 operated by the person is equipped with a functioning ignition 36 interlock device.

1 (2) It is a <u>gross</u> misdemeanor for a person with such a notation on 2 his or her driving record to operate a motor vehicle that is not so 3 equipped.

4 **Sec. 9.** RCW 10.05.020 and 2008 c 282 s 16 are each amended to read 5 as follows:

б (1) Except as provided in subsection (2) of this section ( $(\sigma r)$ 7 section 18 of this act)), the petitioner shall allege under oath in the petition that the wrongful conduct charged is the result of or caused 8 9 by alcoholism, drug addiction, or mental problems for which the person is in need of treatment and unless treated the probability of future 10 11 recurrence is great, along with a statement that the person agrees to 12 pay the cost of a diagnosis and treatment of the alleged problem or 13 problems if financially able to do so. The petition shall also contain 14 a case history and written assessment prepared by an approved alcoholism treatment program as designated in chapter 70.96A RCW if the 15 16 petition alleges alcoholism, an approved drug program as designated in 17 chapter 71.24 RCW if the petition alleges drug addiction, or by an approved mental health center if the petition alleges a mental problem. 18

(2) In the case of a petitioner charged with a misdemeanor or gross 19 20 misdemeanor under chapter 9A.42 RCW, the petitioner shall allege under 21 oath in the petition that the petitioner is the natural or adoptive 22 parent of the alleged victim; that the wrongful conduct charged is the 23 result of parenting problems for which the petitioner is in need of services; that the petitioner is in need of child welfare services 24 25 under chapter 74.13 RCW to improve his or her parenting skills in order 26 to better provide his or her child or children with the basic 27 necessities of life; that the petitioner wants to correct his or her conduct to reduce the likelihood of harm to his or her minor children; 28 that in the absence of child welfare services the petitioner may be 29 unable to reduce the likelihood of harm to his or her minor children; 30 31 and that the petitioner has cooperated with the department of social and health services to develop a plan to receive appropriate child 32 welfare services; along with a statement that the person agrees to pay 33 34 the cost of the services if he or she is financially able to do so. 35 The petition shall also contain a case history and a written service 36 plan from the department of social and health services.

(3) Before entry of an order deferring prosecution, a petitioner 1 2 shall be advised of his or her rights as an accused and execute, as a condition of receiving treatment, a statement that contains: (a) An 3 acknowledgment of his or her rights; (b) an acknowledgment and waiver 4 of the right to testify, the right to a speedy trial, the right to call 5 witnesses to testify, the right to present evidence in his or her б 7 defense, and the right to a jury trial; (c) a stipulation to the 8 admissibility and sufficiency of the facts contained in the written police report; and (d) an acknowledgment that the statement will be 9 entered and used to support a finding of guilty if the court finds 10 cause to revoke the order granting deferred prosecution. 11 The 12 petitioner shall also be advised that he or she may, if he or she 13 proceeds to trial and is found quilty, be allowed to seek suspension of some or all of the fines and incarceration that may be ordered upon the 14 condition that he or she seek treatment and, further, that he or she 15 may seek treatment from public and private agencies at any time without 16 17 regard to whether or not he or she is found guilty of the offense 18 charged. He or she shall also be advised that the court will not 19 accept a petition for deferred prosecution from a person who: (i) Sincerely believes that he or she is innocent of the charges; (ii) 20 21 sincerely believes that he or she does not, in fact, suffer from 22 alcoholism, drug addiction, or mental problems((, unless the petition 23 for deferred prosecution is under section 18 of this act)); or (iii) in 24 the case of a petitioner charged under chapter 9A.42 RCW, sincerely believes that he or she does not need child welfare services. 25

26 (4) Before entering an order deferring prosecution, the court shall 27 make specific findings that: (a) The petitioner has stipulated to the admissibility and sufficiency of the facts as contained in the written 28 29 police report; (b) the petitioner has acknowledged the admissibility of 30 the stipulated facts in any criminal hearing on the underlying offense or offenses held subsequent to revocation of the order granting 31 32 deferred prosecution; (c) the petitioner has acknowledged and waived the right to testify, the right to a speedy trial, the right to call 33 witnesses to testify, the right to present evidence in his or her 34 35 defense, and the right to a jury trial; and (d) the petitioner's 36 statements were made knowingly and voluntarily. Such findings shall be 37 included in the order granting deferred prosecution.

1 **Sec. 10.** RCW 10.05.090 and 2008 c 282 s 17 are each amended to 2 read as follows:

3 If a petitioner, who has been accepted for a deferred prosecution, 4 fails or neglects to carry out and fulfill any term or condition of the petitioner's treatment plan or any term or condition imposed in 5 connection with the installation of an interlock or other device under б RCW 46.20.720 ((or 46.20.385)), the facility, center, institution, or 7 8 agency administering the treatment or the entity administering the use of the device, shall immediately report such breach to the court, the 9 10 prosecutor, and the petitioner or petitioner's attorney of record, together with its recommendation. The court upon receiving such a 11 12 report shall hold a hearing to determine whether the petitioner should 13 be removed from the deferred prosecution program. At the hearing, evidence shall be taken of the petitioner's alleged failure to comply 14 with the treatment plan or device installation and the petitioner shall 15 have the right to present evidence on his or her own behalf. 16 The court 17 shall either order that the petitioner continue on the treatment plan 18 or be removed from deferred prosecution. ((If the petitioner's 19 noncompliance is based on a violation of a term or condition imposed in connection with the installation of an ignition interlock device under 20 21 RCW 46.20.385, the court shall either order that the petitioner comply 22 with the term or condition or be removed from deferred prosecution.)) 23 If removed from deferred prosecution, the court shall enter judgment 24 pursuant to RCW 10.05.020 and, if the charge for which the deferred 25 prosecution was granted was a misdemeanor or gross misdemeanor under 26 Title 46 RCW, shall notify the department of licensing of the removal 27 and entry of judgment.

28 **Sec. 11.** RCW 10.05.160 and 2008 c 282 s 19 are each amended to 29 read as follows:

30 The prosecutor may appeal an order granting deferred prosecution on 31 any or all of the following grounds:

32 (1) Prior deferred prosecution has been granted to the defendant;

33 (2) Failure of the court to obtain proof of insurance or a34 treatment plan conforming to the requirements of this chapter;

35 (3) Failure of the court to comply with the requirements of RCW 36 10.05.100; 1 (4) Failure of the evaluation facility to provide the information 2 required in RCW 10.05.040 and 10.05.050, if the defendant has been 3 referred to the facility for treatment. If an appeal on such basis is 4 successful, the trial court may consider the use of another treatment 5 program;

(5) Failure of the court to order the installation of an ignition
interlock or other device under RCW ((46.20.720 or 46.20.385))
10.05.140.

9 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 12. This act takes effect January 1, 2011."

<u>2SHB 2742</u> - S COMM AMD By Committee on Judiciary

## ADOPTED AS AMENDED 03/05/2010

10 On page 1, line 2 of the title, after "drugs;" strike the remainder 11 of the title and insert "amending RCW 46.20.385, 46.20.391, 46.20.720, 12 46.61.5055, 46.20.410, 46.20.342, 46.20.740, 10.05.020, 10.05.090, and 13 10.05.160; adding a new section to chapter 46.61 RCW; prescribing 14 penalties; and providing an effective date."

EFFECT: Clarifies that the restriction to drive only a motor vehicle equipped with a functioning ignition interlock device (IID) will remain in effect until the department of licensing receives a declaration from the person's ignition interlock vendor certifying that there have been four consecutive months of incident free behavior prior to the date of release from the restriction.

--- END ---