<u>SSB 6872</u> - S AMD 464 By Senators Keiser, Prentice

PULLED 04/12/2010

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

3 "Sec. 1. RCW 74.46.010 and 1998 c 322 s 1 are each amended to read 4 as follows:

5 (1) This chapter may be known and cited as the "nursing facility 6 medicaid payment system."

7 (2) The purposes of this chapter are to <u>set forth principles to</u> 8 <u>guide the nursing facility medicaid payment system and</u> specify the 9 manner by which legislative appropriations for medicaid nursing 10 facility services are to be allocated as payment rates among nursing 11 facilities((, and to set forth auditing, billing, and other 12 administrative standards associated with payments to nursing home 13 facilities)).

14 (3) The legislature finds that the medicaid nursing facility rates 15 calculated under this chapter provide sufficient reimbursement to 16 efficient and economically operating facilities and bear a reasonable 17 relationship to costs.

18 Sec. 2. RCW 74.46.020 and 2010 c 94 s 29 are each amended to read 19 as follows:

20 Unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the definitions in 21 this section apply throughout this chapter.

(1) (("Accrual method of accounting" means a method of accounting in which revenues are reported in the period when they are earned, regardless of when they are collected, and expenses are reported in the period in which they are incurred, regardless of when they are paid.

26 (2)) "Appraisal" means the process of estimating the fair market 27 value or reconstructing the historical cost of an asset acquired in a 28 past period as performed by a professionally designated real estate 29 appraiser with no pecuniary interest in the property to be appraised. 1 It includes a systematic, analytic determination and the recording and 2 analyzing of property facts, rights, investments, and values based on 3 a personal inspection and inventory of the property.

4 (((3))) (2) "Arm's-length transaction" means a transaction resulting from good-faith bargaining between a buyer and seller who are 5 not related organizations and have adverse positions in the market б place. Sales or exchanges of nursing home facilities among two or more 7 8 parties in which all parties subsequently continue to own one or more of the facilities involved in the transactions shall not be considered 9 as arm's-length transactions for purposes of this chapter. 10 Sale of a nursing home facility which is subsequently leased back to the seller 11 12 within five years of the date of sale shall not be considered as an 13 arm's-length transaction for purposes of this chapter.

14 (((4))) <u>(3)</u> "Assets" means economic resources of the contractor, 15 recognized and measured in conformity with generally accepted 16 accounting principles.

17 (((5))) (4) "Audit" or "department audit" means an examination of 18 the records of a nursing facility participating in the medicaid payment 19 system, including but not limited to: The contractor's financial and 20 statistical records, cost reports and all supporting documentation and 21 schedules, receivables, and resident trust funds, to be performed as 22 deemed necessary by the department and according to department rule.

23 (((6) "Bad debts" means amounts considered to be uncollectible from 24 accounts and notes receivable.

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(7) "Beneficial owner" means:

26 (a) Any person who, directly or indirectly, through any contract, 27 arrangement, understanding, relationship, or otherwise has or shares:

28 (i) Voting power which includes the power to vote, or to direct the 29 voting of such ownership interest; and/or

30 (ii) Investment power which includes the power to dispose, or to 31 direct the disposition of such ownership interest;

32 (b) Any person who, directly or indirectly, creates or uses a 33 trust, proxy, power of attorney, pooling arrangement, or any other 34 contract, arrangement, or device with the purpose or effect of 35 divesting himself or herself of beneficial ownership of an ownership 36 interest or preventing the vesting of such beneficial ownership as part 37 of a plan or scheme to evade the reporting requirements of this 38 chapter;

- 1 (c) Any person who, subject to (b) of this subsection, has the 2 right to acquire beneficial ownership of such ownership interest within sixty days, including but not limited to any right to acquire: 3
 - (i) Through the exercise of any option, warrant, or right;
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(ii) Through the conversion of an ownership interest;

- б (iii) Pursuant to the power to revoke a trust, discretionary 7 account, or similar arrangement; or
- (iv) Pursuant to the automatic termination of a trust, 8 9 discretionary account, or similar arrangement;

except that, any person who acquires an ownership interest or power 10 11 specified in (c)(i), (ii), or (iii) of this subsection with the purpose or effect of changing or influencing the control of the contractor, or 12 13 in connection with or as a participant in any transaction having such purpose or effect, immediately upon such acquisition shall be deemed to 14 be the beneficial owner of the ownership interest which may be acquired 15 through the exercise or conversion of such ownership interest or power; 16 (d) Any person who in the ordinary course of business is a pledgee 17 of ownership interest under a written pledge agreement shall not be 18 deemed to be the beneficial owner of such pledged ownership interest 19 20 until the pledgee has taken all formal steps necessary which are 21 required to declare a default and determines that the power to vote or to direct the vote or to dispose or to direct the disposition of such 22 pledged ownership interest will be exercised; except that: 23

24 (i) The pledgee agreement is bona fide and was not entered into 25 with the purpose nor with the effect of changing or influencing the 26 control of the contractor, nor in connection with any transaction 27 having such purpose or effect, including persons meeting the conditions set forth in (b) of this subsection; and 28

(ii) The pledgee agreement, prior to default, does not grant to the 29 30 pledgee:

31 (A) The power to vote or to direct the vote of the pledged 32 ownership interest; or

33 (B) The power to dispose or direct the disposition of the pledged 34 ownership interest, other than the grant of such power(s) pursuant to 35 a pledge agreement under which credit is extended and in which the 36 pledgee is a broker or dealer.

(8))) (5) "Capitalization" means the recording of an expenditure as 37 38 an asset.

1 (((9))) <u>(6)</u> "Case mix" means a measure of the intensity of care and 2 services needed by the residents of a nursing facility or a group of 3 residents in the facility.

4 (((10))) <u>(7)</u> "Case mix index" means a number representing the 5 average case mix of a nursing facility.

6 (((11))) <u>(8)</u> "Case mix weight" means a numeric score that 7 identifies the relative resources used by a particular group of a 8 nursing facility's residents.

9 (((12))) <u>(9)</u> "Certificate of capital authorization" means a 10 certification from the department for an allocation from the biennial 11 capital financing authorization for all new or replacement building 12 construction, or for major renovation projects, receiving a certificate 13 of need or a certificate of need exemption under chapter 70.38 RCW 14 after July 1, 2001.

15 (((13))) (10) "Contractor" means a person or entity licensed under 16 chapter 18.51 RCW to operate a medicare and medicaid certified nursing 17 facility, responsible for operational decisions, and contracting with 18 the department to provide services to medicaid recipients residing in 19 the facility.

20 (((14))) <u>(11)</u> "Default case" means no initial assessment has been 21 completed for a resident and transmitted to the department by the 22 cut-off date, or an assessment is otherwise past due for the resident, 23 under state and federal requirements.

24 (((15))) <u>(12)</u> "Department" means the department of social and 25 health services (DSHS) and its employees.

26 (((16))) <u>(13)</u> "Depreciation" means the systematic distribution of 27 the cost or other basis of tangible assets, less salvage, over the 28 estimated useful life of the assets.

29 (((17))) <u>(14)</u> "Direct care" means nursing care and related care 30 provided to nursing facility residents. Therapy care shall not be 31 considered part of direct care.

32 (((18))) <u>(15)</u> "Direct care supplies" means medical, pharmaceutical, 33 and other supplies required for the direct care of a nursing facility's 34 residents.

35 (((19))) <u>(16)</u> "Entity" means an individual, partnership, 36 corporation, limited liability company, or any other association of 37 individuals capable of entering enforceable contracts.

((((20)))) (17) "Equity" means the net book value of all tangible and 1 2 intangible assets less the recorded value of all liabilities, as 3 recognized and measured in conformity with generally accepted 4 accounting principles.

(((21))) <u>(18)</u> "Essential community provider" means a facility which 5 is the only nursing facility within a commuting distance radius of at б 7 least forty minutes duration, traveling by automobile.

8 (((22))) <u>(19)</u> "Facility" or "nursing facility" means a nursing home licensed in accordance with chapter 18.51 RCW, excepting nursing homes 9 10 certified as institutions for mental diseases, or that portion of a 11 multiservice facility licensed as a nursing home, or that portion of a 12 hospital licensed in accordance with chapter 70.41 RCW which operates 13 as a nursing home.

((((23))) (20) "Fair market value" means the replacement cost of an 14 asset less observed physical depreciation on the date for which the 15 market value is being determined. 16

17 ((((24)))) (21) "Financial statements" means statements prepared and 18 presented in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles 19 including, but not limited to, balance sheet, statement of operations, statement of changes in financial position, and related notes. 20

21 (((25))) (22) "Generally accepted accounting principles" means 22 accounting principles approved by the financial accounting standards 23 board (FASB) or its successor.

24 (((26) "Goodwill" means the excess of the price paid for a nursing facility business over the fair market value of all net identifiable 25 26 tangible and intangible assets acquired, as measured in accordance with 27 generally accepted accounting principles.

28 (27))) (23) "Grouper" means a computer software product that groups 29 individual nursing facility residents into case mix classification 30 groups based on specific resident assessment data and computer logic.

((((28)))) (24) "High labor-cost county" means an urban county in 31 32 which the median allowable facility cost per case mix unit is more than ten percent higher than the median allowable facility cost per case mix 33 unit among all other urban counties, excluding that county. 34

35 ((((29)))) (25) "Historical cost" means the actual cost incurred in 36 acquiring and preparing an asset for use, including feasibility 37 studies, architect's fees, and engineering studies.

1 (((30))) (26) "Home and central office costs" means costs that are incurred in the support and operation of a home and central office. Home and central office costs include centralized services that are performed in support of a nursing facility. The department may exclude from this definition costs that are nonduplicative, documented, ordinary, necessary, and related to the provision of care services to authorized patients.

8 (((31) "Imprest fund" means a fund which is regularly replenished
9 in exactly the amount expended from it.

10 (32) "Joint facility costs" means any costs which represent 11 resources which benefit more than one facility, or one facility and any 12 other entity.

13 (33))) (27) "Large nonessential community providers" means 14 nonessential community providers with more than sixty licensed beds, 15 regardless of how many beds are set up or in use.

(28) "Lease agreement" means a contract between two parties for the 16 17 possession and use of real or personal property or assets for a specified period of time in exchange for specified periodic payments. 18 Elimination (due to any cause other than death or divorce) or addition 19 of any party to the contract, expiration, or modification of any lease 20 21 term in effect on January 1, 1980, or termination of the lease by 22 either party by any means shall constitute a termination of the lease agreement. An extension or renewal of a lease agreement, whether or 23 24 not pursuant to a renewal provision in the lease agreement, shall be 25 considered a new lease agreement. A strictly formal change in the 26 lease agreement which modifies the method, frequency, or manner in which the lease payments are made, but does not increase the total 27 lease payment obligation of the lessee, shall not be considered 28 29 modification of a lease term.

30 (((34))) <u>(29)</u> "Medical care program" or "medicaid program" means 31 medical assistance, including nursing care, provided under RCW 32 74.09.500 or authorized state medical care services.

33 (((35))) <u>(30)</u> "Medical care recipient," "medicaid recipient," or 34 "recipient" means an individual determined eligible by the department 35 for the services provided under chapter 74.09 RCW.

36 (((36))) <u>(31)</u> "Minimum data set" means the overall data component 37 of the resident assessment instrument, indicating the strengths, needs, 38 and preferences of an individual nursing facility resident. 1 (((37))) (32) "Net book value" means the historical cost of an 2 asset less accumulated depreciation.

3 (((38))) (33) "Net invested funds" means the net book value of 4 tangible fixed assets employed by a contractor to provide services 5 under the medical care program, including land, buildings, and 6 equipment as recognized and measured in conformity with generally 7 accepted accounting principles.

8 (((39))) <u>(34)</u> "Nonurban county" means a county which is not located 9 in a metropolitan statistical area as determined and defined by the 10 United States office of management and budget or other appropriate 11 agency or office of the federal government.

12 (((40) "Operating lease" means a lease under which rental or lease 13 expenses are included in current expenses in accordance with generally 14 accepted accounting principles.

15 (41))) (35) "Owner" means a sole proprietor, general or limited 16 partners, members of a limited liability company, and beneficial 17 interest holders of five percent or more of a corporation's outstanding 18 stock.

19 (((42) "Ownership interest" means all interests beneficially owned 20 by a person, calculated in the aggregate, regardless of the form which 21 such beneficial ownership takes.

22 (43)) (36) "Patient day" or "resident day" means a calendar day of 23 care provided to a nursing facility resident, regardless of payment 24 source, which will include the day of admission and exclude the day of discharge; except that, when admission and discharge occur on the same 25 26 day, one day of care shall be deemed to exist. A "medicaid day" or 27 "recipient day" means a calendar day of care provided to a medicaid 28 recipient determined eligible by the department for services provided under chapter 74.09 RCW, subject to the same conditions regarding 29 30 admission and discharge applicable to a patient day or resident day of 31 care.

32 (((44) "Professionally designated real estate appraiser" means an 33 individual who is regularly engaged in the business of providing real 34 estate valuation services for a fee, and who is deemed qualified by a 35 nationally recognized real estate appraisal educational organization on 36 the basis of extensive practical appraisal experience, including the 37 writing of real estate valuation reports as well as the passing of 38 written examinations on valuation practice and theory, and who by 1 virtue of membership in such organization is required to subscribe and

2 adhere to certain standards of professional practice as such 3 organization prescribes.

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(45))) (37) "Qualified therapist" means:

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(137) (37) Qualified therapist means:

(a) A mental health professional as defined by chapter 71.05 RCW;

6 (b) An intellectual disabilities professional who is a therapist 7 approved by the department who has had specialized training or one 8 year's experience in treating or working with persons with intellectual 9 or developmental disabilities;

10 (c) A speech pathologist who is eligible for a certificate of 11 clinical competence in speech pathology or who has the equivalent 12 education and clinical experience;

13 (d) A physical therapist as defined by chapter 18.74 RCW;

(e) An occupational therapist who is a graduate of a program in occupational therapy, or who has the equivalent of such education or training; and

17 (f) A respiratory care practitioner certified under chapter 18.8918 RCW.

19 (((46))) (38) "Rate" or "rate allocation" means the medicaid per-20 patient-day payment amount for medicaid patients calculated in 21 accordance with the allocation methodology set forth in part E of this 22 chapter.

23 ((47) "Real property," whether leased or owned by the contractor, 24 means the building, allowable land, land improvements, and building 25 improvements associated with a nursing facility.

26 (48))) (39) "Rebased rate" or "cost-rebased rate" means a facility-27 specific component rate assigned to a nursing facility for a particular 28 rate period established on desk-reviewed, adjusted costs reported for 29 that facility covering at least six months of a prior calendar year 30 designated as a year to be used for cost-rebasing payment rate 31 allocations under the provisions of this chapter.

32 (((49))) <u>(40)</u> "Records" means those data supporting all financial 33 statements and cost reports including, but not limited to, all general 34 and subsidiary ledgers, books of original entry, and transaction 35 documentation, however such data are maintained.

36 (((50) "Related organization" means an entity which is under common 37 ownership and/or control with, or has control of, or is controlled by, 38 the contractor. 1 (a) "Common ownership" exists when an entity is the beneficial 2 owner of five percent or more ownership interest in the contractor and 3 any other entity.

4 (b) "Control" exists where an entity has the power, directly or
5 indirectly, significantly to influence or direct the actions or
6 policies of an organization or institution, whether or not it is
7 legally enforceable and however it is exercisable or exercised.

8 (51) "Related care" means only those services that are directly 9 related to providing direct care to nursing facility residents. These 10 services include, but are not limited to, nursing direction and 11 supervision, medical direction, medical records, pharmacy services, 12 activities, and social services.

13 (52))) (41) "Resident assessment instrument," including federally 14 approved modifications for use in this state, means a federally 15 mandated, comprehensive nursing facility resident care planning and 16 assessment tool, consisting of the minimum data set and resident 17 assessment protocols.

18 (((53))) <u>(42)</u> "Resident assessment protocols" means those 19 components of the resident assessment instrument that use the minimum 20 data set to trigger or flag a resident's potential problems and risk 21 areas.

22 (((54))) <u>(43)</u> "Resource utilization groups" means a case mix 23 classification system that identifies relative resources needed to care 24 for an individual nursing facility resident.

25 (((55) "Restricted fund" means those funds the principal and/or 26 income of which is limited by agreement with or direction of the donor 27 to a specific purpose.

28 (56))) (44) "Secretary" means the secretary of the department of 29 social and health services.

30 (((57))) (45) "Small nonessential community providers" means 31 nonessential community providers with sixty or fewer licensed beds, 32 regardless of how many beds are set up or in use.

33 <u>(46)</u> "Support services" means food, food preparation, dietary, 34 housekeeping, and laundry services provided to nursing facility 35 residents.

36 ((((58)))) <u>(47)</u> "Therapy care" means those services required by a 37 nursing facility resident's comprehensive assessment and plan of care, 1 that are provided by qualified therapists, or support personnel under 2 their supervision, including related costs as designated by the 3 department.

4 (((59))) (48) "Title XIX" or "medicaid" means the 1965 amendments
5 to the social security act, P.L. 89-07, as amended and the medicaid
6 program administered by the department.

7 (((60))) <u>(49)</u> "Urban county" means a county which is located in a 8 metropolitan statistical area as determined and defined by the United 9 States office of management and budget or other appropriate agency or 10 office of the federal government.

11 (((61) "Vital local provider" means a facility that meets the 12 following qualifications:

13 (a) It reports a home office with an address located in Washington 14 state; and

15 (b) The sum of medicaid days for all Washington facilities 16 reporting that home office as their home office was greater than two 17 hundred fifteen thousand in 2003; and

18 (c) The facility was recognized as a "vital local provider" by the 19 department as of April 1, 2007.

The definition of "vital local provider" shall expire, and have no force or effect, after June 30, 2007. After that date, no facility's payments under this chapter shall in any way be affected by its prior determination or recognition as a vital local provider.))

24 **Sec. 3.** RCW 74.46.431 and 2009 c 570 s 1 are each amended to read 25 as follows:

(1) ((Effective July 1, 1999,)) Nursing facility medicaid payment
rate allocations shall be facility-specific and shall have ((seven))
<u>six</u> components: Direct care, therapy care, support services,
operations, property, <u>and</u> financing allowance((, and variable return)).
The department shall establish and adjust each of these components, as
provided in this section and elsewhere in this chapter, for each
medicaid nursing facility in this state.

33 (2) Component rate allocations in therapy care((-,)) and support 34 services((, variable return, operations, property, and financing 35 allowance for essential community providers as defined in this 36 chapter)) for all facilities shall be based upon a minimum facility 37 occupancy of eighty-five percent of licensed beds, regardless of how

many beds are set up or in use. ((For all facilities other than 1 2 essential community providers, effective July 1, 2001, component rate allocations in direct care, therapy care, support services, and 3 variable return shall be based upon a minimum facility occupancy of 4 eighty-five percent of licensed beds. For all facilities other than 5 6 essential community providers, effective July 1, 2002, the component rate allocations in operations, property, and financing allowance shall 7 be based upon a minimum facility occupancy of ninety percent of 8 9 licensed beds, regardless of how many beds are set up or in use.)) Component rate allocations in operations, property, and financing 10 allowance for essential community providers shall be based upon a 11 minimum facility occupancy of eighty-five percent of licensed beds, 12 regardless of how many beds are set up or in use. Component rate 13 allocations in operations, property, and financing allowance for small 14 nonessential community providers shall be based upon a minimum facility 15 16 occupancy of ninety percent of licensed beds, regardless of how many beds are set up or in use. Component rate allocations in operations, 17 property, and financing allowance for large nonessential community 18 providers shall be based upon a minimum facility occupancy of ninety-19 five percent of licensed beds, regardless of how many beds are set up 20 21 or in use. For all facilities, ((effective July 1, 2006,)) the component rate allocation in direct care shall be based upon actual 22 facility occupancy. The median cost limits used to set component rate 23 24 allocations shall be based on the applicable minimum occupancy percentage. In determining each facility's therapy care component rate 25 26 allocation under RCW 74.46.511, the department shall apply the 27 applicable minimum facility occupancy adjustment before creating the array of facilities' adjusted therapy costs per adjusted resident day. 28 29 In determining each facility's support services component rate allocation under RCW 74.46.515(3), the department shall apply the 30 applicable minimum facility occupancy adjustment before creating the 31 array of facilities' adjusted support services costs per adjusted 32 33 resident day. In determining each facility's operations component rate allocation under RCW 74.46.521(3), the department shall apply the 34 35 minimum facility occupancy adjustment before creating the array of 36 facilities' adjusted general operations costs per adjusted resident 37 day.

1 (3) Information and data sources used in determining medicaid 2 payment rate allocations, including formulas, procedures, cost report 3 periods, resident assessment instrument formats, resident assessment 4 methodologies, and resident classification and case mix weighting 5 methodologies, may be substituted or altered from time to time as 6 determined by the department.

7 (4)(a) Direct care component rate allocations shall be established using adjusted cost report data covering at least six months. 8 9 ((Adjusted cost report data from 1996 will be used for October 1, 1998, through June 30, 2001, direct care component rate allocations; adjusted 10 11 cost report data from 1999 will be used for July 1, 2001, through June 12 30, 2006, direct care component rate allocations. Adjusted cost report 13 data from 2003 will be used for July 1, 2006, through June 30, 2007, direct care component rate allocations. Adjusted cost report data from 14 2005 will be used for July 1, 2007, through June 30, 2009, direct care 15 16 component rate allocations.)) Effective July 1, 2009, the direct care component rate allocation shall be rebased ((biennially, and thereafter 17 for each odd-numbered year beginning July 1st)), using the adjusted 18 cost report data for the calendar year two years immediately preceding 19 20 the rate rebase period, so that adjusted cost report data for calendar 21 year 2007 is used for July 1, 2009, through June 30, ((2011)) 2012. Beginning July 1, 2012, the direct care component rate allocation shall 22 be rebased biennially during every even-numbered year thereafter using 23 24 adjusted cost report data from two years prior to the rebase period, so adjusted cost report data for calendar year 2010 is used for July 1, 25 2012, through June 30, 2014, and so forth. 26

27 (b) ((Direct care component rate allocations based on 1996 cost report data shall be adjusted annually for economic trends and 28 conditions by a factor or factors defined in the biennial 29 appropriations act. A different economic trends and conditions 30 31 adjustment factor or factors may be defined in the biennial appropriations act for facilities whose direct care component rate is 32 set equal to their adjusted June 30, 1998, rate, as provided in RCW 33 34 74.46.506(5)(i).

35 (c) Direct care component rate allocations based on 1999 cost 36 report data shall be adjusted annually for economic trends and 37 conditions by a factor or factors defined in the biennial 38 appropriations act. A different economic trends and conditions 1 adjustment factor or factors may be defined in the biennial 2 appropriations act for facilities whose direct care component rate is 3 set equal to their adjusted June 30, 1998, rate, as provided in RCW 4 74.46.506(5)(i).

5 (d) Direct care component rate allocations based on 2003 cost 6 report data shall be adjusted annually for economic trends and conditions by a factor or factors defined in the biennial 7 appropriations act. A different economic trends and conditions 8 adjustment factor or factors may be defined in the biennial 9 appropriations act for facilities whose direct care component rate is 10 11 set equal to their adjusted June 30, 2006, rate, as provided in RCW 12 74.46.506(5)(i).

13 (e))) Direct care component rate allocations established in accordance with this chapter shall be adjusted annually for economic 14 15 trends and conditions by a factor or factors defined in the biennial appropriations act. The economic trends and conditions factor or 16 factors defined in the biennial appropriations act shall not be 17 compounded with the economic trends and conditions factor or factors 18 19 defined in any other biennial appropriations acts before applying it to 20 the direct care component rate allocation established in accordance 21 with this chapter. When no economic trends and conditions factor or 22 factors for either fiscal year are defined in a biennial appropriations 23 act, no economic trends and conditions factor or factors defined in any 24 earlier biennial appropriations act shall be applied solely or 25 compounded to the direct care component rate allocation established in 26 accordance with this chapter.

27 (5)(a) Therapy care component rate allocations shall be established 28 using adjusted cost report data covering at least six months. ((Adjusted cost report data from 1996 will be used for October 1, 1998, 29 30 through June 30, 2001, therapy care component rate allocations; adjusted cost report data from 1999 will be used for July 1, 2001, 31 through June 30, 2005, therapy care component rate allocations. 32 Adjusted cost report data from 1999 will continue to be used for July 33 1, 2005, through June 30, 2007, therapy care component rate 34 35 allocations. Adjusted cost report data from 2005 will be used for July 1, 2007, through June 30, 2009, therapy care component rate 36 37 allocations.)) Effective July 1, 2009, ((and thereafter for each 38 odd-numbered year beginning July 1st,)) the therapy care component rate

allocation shall be cost rebased ((biennially, using the adjusted cost 1 2 report data for the calendar year two years immediately preceding the rate rebase period)), so that adjusted cost report data for calendar 3 4 year 2007 is used for July 1, 2009, through June 30, ((2011)) 2012. Beginning July 1, 2012, the therapy care component rate allocation 5 6 shall be rebased biennially during every even-numbered year thereafter 7 using adjusted cost report data from two years prior to the rebase period, so adjusted cost report data for calendar year 2010 is used for 8 July 1, 2012, through June 30, 2014, and so forth. 9

care component rate allocations established 10 (b) Therapy in 11 accordance with this chapter shall be adjusted annually for economic 12 trends and conditions by a factor or factors defined in the biennial 13 appropriations act. The economic trends and conditions factor or factors defined in the biennial appropriations act shall not be 14 compounded with the economic trends and conditions factor or factors 15 defined in any other biennial appropriations acts before applying it to 16 the therapy care component rate allocation established in accordance 17 with this chapter. When no economic trends and conditions factor or 18 19 factors for either fiscal year are defined in a biennial appropriations 20 act, no economic trends and conditions factor or factors defined in any 21 earlier biennial appropriations act shall be applied solely or 22 compounded to the therapy care component rate allocation established in 23 accordance with this chapter.

24 (6)(a) Support services component rate allocations shall be 25 established using adjusted cost report data covering at least six 26 months. ((Adjusted cost report data from 1996 shall be used for 27 October 1, 1998, through June 30, 2001, support services component rate allocations; adjusted cost report data from 1999 shall be used for July 28 1, 2001, through June 30, 2005, support services component rate 29 30 allocations. Adjusted cost report data from 1999 will continue to be 31 used for July 1, 2005, through June 30, 2007, support services component rate allocations. Adjusted cost report data from 2005 will 32 be used for July 1, 2007, through June 30, 2009, support services 33 component rate allocations.)) Effective July 1, 2009, ((and thereafter 34 35 for each odd-numbered year beginning July 1st,)) the support services 36 component rate allocation shall be cost rebased ((biennially, using the 37 adjusted cost report data for the calendar year two years immediately preceding the rate rebase period)), so that adjusted cost report data 38

1 for calendar year 2007 is used for July 1, 2009, through June 30, 2 ((2011)) 2012. Beginning July 1, 2012, the support services component 3 rate allocation shall be rebased biennially during every even-numbered 4 year thereafter using adjusted cost report data from two years prior to 5 the rebase period, so adjusted cost report data for calendar year 2010 6 is used for July 1, 2012, through June 30, 2014, and so forth.

7 (b) Support services component rate allocations established in accordance with this chapter shall be adjusted annually for economic 8 9 trends and conditions by a factor or factors defined in the biennial appropriations act. The economic trends and conditions factor or 10 11 factors defined in the biennial appropriations act shall not be 12 compounded with the economic trends and conditions factor or factors 13 defined in any other biennial appropriations acts before applying it to support services component rate allocation established 14 the in accordance with this chapter. When no economic trends and conditions 15 16 factor or factors for either fiscal year are defined in a biennial appropriations act, no economic trends and conditions factor or factors 17 defined in any earlier biennial appropriations act shall be applied 18 19 solely or compounded to the support services component rate allocation 20 established in accordance with this chapter.

21 (7)(a) Operations component rate allocations shall be established 22 using adjusted cost report data covering at least six months. ((Adjusted cost report data from 1996 shall be used for October 1, 23 24 1998, through June 30, 2001, operations component rate allocations; 25 adjusted cost report data from 1999 shall be used for July 1, 2001, 26 through June 30, 2006, operations component rate allocations. Adjusted 27 cost report data from 2003 will be used for July 1, 2006, through June 30, 2007, operations component rate allocations. Adjusted cost report 28 data from 2005 will be used for July 1, 2007, through June 30, 2009, 29 operations component rate allocations.)) Effective July 1, 2009, ((and 30 31 thereafter for each odd-numbered year beginning July 1st,)) the rate allocation shall be 32 operations component cost rebased 33 ((biennially, using the adjusted cost report data for the calendar year 34 two years immediately preceding the rate rebase period)), so that 35 adjusted cost report data for calendar year 2007 is used for July 1, 36 2009, through June 30, ((2011)) 2012. Beginning July 1, 2012, the operations care component rate allocation shall be rebased biennially 37 during every even-numbered year thereafter using adjusted cost report 38

1 data from two years prior to the rebase period, so adjusted cost report 2 data for calendar year 2010 is used for July 1, 2012, through June 30, 3 2014, and so forth.

4 (b) Operations component rate allocations established in accordance with this chapter shall be adjusted annually for economic trends and 5 б conditions by a factor or factors defined in the biennial appropriations act. The economic trends and conditions factor or 7 8 factors defined in the biennial appropriations act shall not be 9 compounded with the economic trends and conditions factor or factors 10 defined in any other biennial appropriations acts before applying it to the operations component rate allocation established in accordance with 11 12 this chapter. When no economic trends and conditions factor or factors 13 for either fiscal year are defined in a biennial appropriations act, no economic trends and conditions factor or factors defined in any earlier 14 biennial appropriations act shall be applied solely or compounded to 15 the operations component rate allocation established in accordance with 16 17 this chapter. ((A different economic trends and conditions adjustment 18 factor or factors may be defined in the biennial appropriations act for 19 facilities whose operations component rate is set equal to their adjusted June 30, 2006, rate, as provided in RCW 74.46.521(4). 20

(8) For July 1, 1998, through September 30, 1998, a facility's property and return on investment component rates shall be the facility's June 30, 1998, property and return on investment component rates, without increase. For October 1, 1998, through June 30, 1999, a facility's property and return on investment component rates shall be rebased utilizing 1997 adjusted cost report data covering at least six months of data.

28 (9)) (8) Total payment rates under the nursing facility medicaid 29 payment system shall not exceed facility rates charged to the general 30 public for comparable services.

31 (((10) Medicaid contractors shall pay to all facility staff a 32 minimum wage of the greater of the state minimum wage or the federal 33 minimum wage.

(11)) (9) The department shall establish in rule procedures,
 principles, and conditions for determining component rate allocations
 for facilities in circumstances not directly addressed by this chapter,
 including but not limited to: ((The need to prorate)) Inflation
 adjustments for partial-period cost report data, newly constructed

facilities, existing facilities entering the medicaid program for the 1 2 first time or after a period of absence from the program, existing facilities with expanded new bed capacity, existing medicaid facilities 3 following a change of ownership of the nursing facility business, 4 ((facilities banking beds or converting beds back into service,)) 5 6 facilities temporarily reducing the number of set-up beds during a remodel, facilities having less than six months of either resident 7 assessment, cost report data, or both, under the current contractor 8 9 prior to rate setting, and other circumstances.

10 (((12))) <u>(10)</u> The department shall establish in rule procedures, 11 principles, and conditions, including necessary threshold costs, for 12 adjusting rates to reflect capital improvements or new requirements 13 imposed by the department or the federal government. Any such rate 14 adjustments are subject to the provisions of RCW 74.46.421.

(((13) Effective July 1, 2001, medicaid rates shall continue to be 15 revised downward in all components, in accordance with department 16 rules, for facilities converting banked beds to active service under 17 18 chapter 70.38 RCW, by using the facility's increased licensed bed 19 capacity to recalculate minimum occupancy for rate setting. However, 20 for facilities other than essential community providers which bank beds 21 under chapter 70.38 RCW, after May 25, 2001, medicaid rates shall be 22 revised upward, in accordance with department rules, in direct care, therapy care, support services, and variable return components only, by 23 24 using the facility's decreased licensed bed capacity to recalculate minimum occupancy for rate setting, but no upward revision shall be 25 26 made to operations, property, or financing allowance component rates. 27 The direct care component rate allocation shall be adjusted, without using the minimum occupancy assumption, for facilities that convert 28 banked beds to active service, under chapter 70.38 RCW, beginning on 29 July 1, 2006. Effective July 1, 2007, component rate allocations for 30 direct care shall be based on actual patient days regardless of whether 31 a facility has converted banked beds to active service. 32

33 (14))) (11) Effective July 1, 2010, there shall be no rate 34 adjustment for facilities with banked beds. For purposes of 35 calculating minimum occupancy, licensed beds include any beds banked 36 under chapter 70.38 RCW.

37 (12) Facilities obtaining a certificate of need or a certificate of
 38 need exemption under chapter 70.38 RCW after June 30, 2001, must have

1 a certificate of capital authorization in order for (a) the 2 depreciation resulting from the capitalized addition to be included in 3 calculation of the facility's property component rate allocation; and 4 (b) the net invested funds associated with the capitalized addition to 5 be included in calculation of the facility's financing allowance rate 6 allocation.

7 Sec. 4. RCW 74.46.435 and 2001 1st sp.s. c 8 s 7 are each amended 8 to read as follows:

9 (1) ((Effective July 1, 2001,)) The property component rate allocation for each facility shall be determined by dividing the sum of 10 11 the reported allowable prior period actual depreciation, subject to 12 ((RCW 74.46.310 through 74.46.380)) department rule, adjusted for any 13 capitalized additions or replacements approved by the department, and 14 the retained savings from such cost center, by the greater of a facility's total resident days ((for the facility)) in the prior period 15 16 or resident days as calculated on eighty-five percent facility occupancy for essential community providers, ninety percent occupancy 17 for small nonessential community providers, or ninety-five percent 18 facility occupancy for large nonessential community providers. 19 20 ((Effective July 1, 2002, the property component rate allocation for 21 all facilities, except essential community providers, shall be set by 22 using the greater of a facility's total resident days from the most recent cost report period or resident days calculated at ninety percent 23 facility occupancy.)) If a capitalized addition or retirement of an 24 25 asset will result in a different licensed bed capacity during the 26 ensuing period, the prior period total resident days used in computing 27 the property component rate shall be adjusted to anticipated resident day level. 28

(2) A nursing facility's property component rate allocation shall
 be rebased annually, effective July 1st, in accordance with this
 section and this chapter.

32 (3) When a certificate of need for a new facility is requested, the 33 department, in reaching its decision, shall take into consideration 34 per-bed land and building construction costs for the facility which 35 shall not exceed a maximum to be established by the secretary.

36 (4) ((Effective July 1, 2001, for the purpose of calculating a 37 nursing facility's property component rate, if a contractor has elected

to bank licensed beds prior to April 1, 2001, or elects to convert 1 2 banked beds to active service at any time, under chapter 70.38 RCW, the department shall use the facility's new licensed bed capacity to 3 4 recalculate minimum occupancy for rate setting and revise the property component rate, as needed, effective as of the date the beds are banked 5 6 or converted to active service. However, in no case shall the department use less than eighty-five percent occupancy of the 7 facility's licensed bed capacity after banking or conversion. 8 Effective July 1, 2002, in no case, other than essential community 9 10 providers, shall the department use less than ninety percent occupancy 11 of the facility's licensed bed capacity after conversion.

12 (5)) The property component rate allocations calculated in 13 accordance with this section shall be adjusted to the extent necessary 14 to comply with RCW 74.46.421.

15 Sec. 5. RCW 74.46.437 and 2001 1st sp.s. c 8 s 8 are each amended 16 to read as follows:

(1) ((Beginning July 1, 1999,)) The department shall establish for each medicaid nursing facility a financing allowance component rate allocation. The financing allowance component rate shall be rebased annually, effective July 1st, in accordance with the provisions of this section and this chapter.

22 (2) ((Effective July 1, 2001,)) The financing allowance shall be 23 determined by multiplying the net invested funds of each facility by .10, and dividing by the greater of a nursing facility's total resident 24 25 days from the most recent cost report period or resident days 26 calculated on eighty-five percent facility occupancy for essential community providers, ninety percent facility occupancy for small 27 nonessential community providers, or ninety-five percent occupancy for 28 large nonessential community providers. ((Effective July 1, 2002, the 29 financing allowance component rate allocation for all facilities, other 30 than essential community providers, shall be set by using the greater 31 32 of a facility's total resident days from the most recent cost report period or resident days calculated at ninety percent facility 33 34 occupancy.)) However, assets acquired on or after May 17, 1999, shall 35 be grouped in a separate financing allowance calculation that shall be 36 multiplied by ((.085)) 0.04. The financing allowance factor of ((.085)) 0.04 shall not be applied to the net invested funds pertaining 37

to new construction or major renovations receiving certificate of need 1 2 approval or an exemption from certificate of need requirements under chapter 70.38 RCW, or to working drawings that have been submitted to 3 the department of health for construction review approval, prior to May 4 If a capitalized addition, renovation, replacement, or 5 17, 1999. 6 retirement of an asset will result in a different licensed bed capacity during the ensuing period, the prior period total resident days used in 7 8 computing the financing allowance shall be adjusted to the greater of 9 the anticipated resident day level or eighty-five percent of the new licensed bed capacity for essential community providers, ninety percent 10 of the new licensed bed capacity for small nonessential community 11 providers, or ninety-five percent of the new licensed bed capacity for 12 13 large nonessential community providers. ((Effective July 1, 2002, for all facilities, other than essential community providers, the total 14 resident days used to compute the financing allowance after a 15 capitalized addition, renovation, replacement, or retirement of an 16 asset shall be set by using the greater of a facility's total resident 17 days from the most recent cost report period or resident days 18 19 calculated at ninety percent facility occupancy.))

20 (3) In computing the portion of net invested funds representing the 21 net book value of tangible fixed assets, the same assets, depreciation bases, lives, and methods referred to in ((RCW 74.46.330, 74.46.350, 22 74.46.360, 74.46.370, and 74.46.380)) rule, including owned and leased 23 24 assets, shall be utilized, except that the capitalized cost of land upon which the facility is located and such other contiguous land which 25 26 is reasonable and necessary for use in the regular course of providing 27 resident care shall also be included. Subject to provisions and limitations contained in this chapter, for land purchased by owners or 28 lessors before July 18, 1984, capitalized cost of land shall be the 29 30 buyer's capitalized cost. For all partial or whole rate periods after July 17, 1984, if the land is purchased after July 17, 1984, 31 capitalized cost shall be that of the owner of record on July 17, 1984, 32 or buyer's capitalized cost, whichever is lower. In the case of leased 33 facilities where the net invested funds are unknown or the contractor 34 35 is unable to provide necessary information to determine net invested 36 funds, the secretary shall have the authority to determine an amount 37 for net invested funds based on an appraisal conducted according to ((RCW 74.46.360(1))) <u>department rule</u>. 38

1 (4) ((Effective July 1, 2001, for the purpose of calculating a 2 nursing facility's financing allowance component rate, if a contractor has elected to bank licensed beds prior to May 25, 2001, or elects to 3 convert banked beds to active service at any time, under chapter 70.38 4 RCW, the department shall use the facility's new licensed bed capacity 5 б to recalculate minimum occupancy for rate setting and revise the 7 financing allowance component rate, as needed, effective as of the date the beds are banked or converted to active service. However, in no 8 9 case shall the department use less than eighty-five percent occupancy of the facility's licensed bed capacity after banking or conversion. 10 11 Effective July 1, 2002, in no case, other than for essential community 12 providers, shall the department use less than ninety percent occupancy 13 of the facility's licensed bed capacity after conversion.

14 (5))) The financing allowance rate allocation calculated in 15 accordance with this section shall be adjusted to the extent necessary 16 to comply with RCW 74.46.421.

17 **Sec. 6.** RCW 74.46.439 and 1999 c 353 s 12 are each amended to read 18 as follows:

19 (1) In the case of a facility that was leased by the contractor as 20 of January 1, 1980, in an arm's-length agreement, which continues to be leased under the same lease agreement, ((and for which the annualized 21 lease payment, plus any interest and depreciation expenses associated 22 23 with contractor-owned assets, for the period covered by the prospective rates, divided by the contractor's total resident days, minus the 24 25 property component rate allocation, is more than the sum of the 26 financing allowance and the variable return rate determined according 27 to this chapter, the following shall apply:

(a) The financing allowance shall be recomputed substituting the 28 fair market value of the assets as of January 1, 1982, as determined by 29 30 the department of general administration through an appraisal procedure, less accumulated depreciation on the lessor's assets since 31 January 1, 1982, for the net book value of the assets in determining 32 net invested funds for the facility. A determination by the department 33 34 of general administration of fair market value shall be final unless 35 the procedure used to make such a determination is shown to be 36 arbitrary and capricious.

1 (b) The sum of the financing allowance computed under (a) of this 2 subsection and the variable return rate shall be compared to the 3 annualized lease payment, plus any interest and depreciation associated 4 with contractor-owned assets, for the period covered by the prospective 5 rates, divided by the contractor's total resident days, minus the 6 property component rate. The lesser of the two amounts shall be called 7 the alternate return on investment rate.

8 (c) The sum of the financing allowance and variable return rate 9 determined according to this chapter or the alternate return on 10 investment rate, whichever is greater, shall be added to the 11 prospective rates of the contractor.

12 (2) In the case of a facility that was leased by the contractor as of January 1, 1980, in an arm's-length agreement, if the lease is 13 renewed or extended under a provision of the lease, the treatment 14 provided in subsection (1) of this section shall be applied, except 15 that in the case of renewals or extensions made subsequent to April 1, 16 1985, reimbursement for the annualized lease payment shall be no 17 greater than the reimbursement for the annualized lease payment for the 18 last year prior to the renewal or extension of the lease. 19

20 (3)) the financing allowance rate will be the greater of the rate 21 existing on June 30, 2010, or the rate calculated under RCW 74.46.437.

22 (2) The alternate return on investment component rate allocations 23 calculated in accordance with this section shall be adjusted to the 24 extent necessary to comply with RCW 74.46.421.

25 **Sec. 7.** RCW 74.46.475 and 1998 c 322 s 21 are each amended to read 26 as follows:

(((1))) The department shall analyze the submitted cost report or 27 a portion thereof of each contractor for each report period to 28 29 determine if the information is correct, complete, reported in conformance with department instructions and generally accepted 30 31 accounting principles, the requirements of this chapter, and such rules as the department may adopt. If the analysis finds that the cost 32 report is incorrect or incomplete, the department may make adjustments 33 34 to the reported information for purposes of establishing payment rate 35 allocations. A schedule of such adjustments shall be provided to 36 contractors and shall include an explanation for the adjustment and the

dollar amount of the adjustment. Adjustments shall be subject to
 review and appeal as provided in this chapter.

3 (((2) The department shall accumulate data from properly completed 4 cost reports, in addition to assessment data on each facility's 5 resident population characteristics, for use in:

6 (a) Exception profiling; and

7 (b) Establishing rates.

8 (3) The department may further utilize such accumulated data for
9 analytical, statistical, or informational purposes as necessary.))

10 **Sec. 8.** RCW 74.46.485 and 2009 c 570 s 2 are each amended to read 11 as follows:

12 (1) The department shall:

13 Employ the resource utilization (a) group III mix case 14 classification methodology. The department shall use the forty-four group index maximizing model for the resource utilization group III 15 16 grouper version 5.10, but the department may revise or update the 17 classification methodology to reflect advances or refinements in 18 resident assessment or classification, subject to federal requirements; 19 and

20 (b) Implement minimum data set 3.0 under the authority of this 21 section and RCW 74.46.431(3). The department must notify nursing home 22 contractors twenty-eight days in advance the date of implementation of 23 the minimum data set 3.0. In the notification, the department must identify for all ((quarterly)) semiannual rate settings following the 24 25 date of minimum data set 3.0 implementation a previously established 26 ((quarterly)) semiannual case mix adjustment established for the ((quarterly)) <u>semiannual</u> rate settings that will be used 27 for ((quarterly)) semiannual case mix calculations in direct care until 28 29 minimum data set 3.0 is fully implemented. After the department has fully implemented minimum data set 3.0, it must adjust any ((quarter)) 30 31 semiannual rate setting in which it used the previously established 32 ((quarterly)) case mix adjustment using the new minimum data set 3.0 data. 33

34 (2) A default case mix group shall be established for cases in
 35 which the resident dies or is discharged for any purpose prior to
 36 completion of the resident's initial assessment. The default case mix

1 group and case mix weight for these cases shall be designated by the 2 department.

3 (3) A default case mix group may also be established for cases in 4 which there is an untimely assessment for the resident. The default 5 case mix group and case mix weight for these cases shall be designated 6 by the department.

7 Sec. 9. RCW 74.46.496 and 2006 c 258 s 4 are each amended to read 8 as follows:

9 (1) Each case mix classification group shall be assigned a case mix 10 weight. The case mix weight for each resident of a nursing facility 11 for each calendar quarter or six-month period during a calendar year 12 shall be based on data from resident assessment instruments completed 13 for the resident and weighted by the number of days the resident was in 14 each case mix classification group. Days shall be counted as provided 15 in this section.

16 (2) The case mix weights shall be based on the average minutes per registered nurse, licensed practical nurse, and certified nurse aide, 17 for each case mix group, and using the ((health care financing 18 administration of the)) United States department of health and human 19 20 services 1995 nursing facility staff time measurement study stemming 21 from its multistate nursing home case mix and quality demonstration 22 Those minutes shall be weighted by statewide ratios of project. 23 registered nurse to certified nurse aide, and licensed practical nurse to certified nurse aide, wages, including salaries and benefits, which 24 25 shall be based on 1995 cost report data for this state.

26

(3) The case mix weights shall be determined as follows:

(a) Set the certified nurse aide wage weight at 1.000 and calculate wage weights for registered nurse and licensed practical nurse average wages by dividing the certified nurse aide average wage into the registered nurse average wage and licensed practical nurse average wage;

(b) Calculate the total weighted minutes for each case mix group in the resource utilization group III classification system by multiplying the wage weight for each worker classification by the average number of minutes that classification of worker spends caring for a resident in that resource utilization group III classification group, and summing the products; 1 (c) Assign a case mix weight of 1.000 to the resource utilization 2 group III classification group with the lowest total weighted minutes 3 and calculate case mix weights by dividing the lowest group's total 4 weighted minutes into each group's total weighted minutes and rounding 5 weight calculations to the third decimal place.

(4) The case mix weights in this state may be revised if the б 7 ((health care financing administration)) United States department of 8 health and human services updates its nursing facility staff time 9 measurement studies. The case mix weights shall be revised, but only 10 when direct care component rates are cost-rebased as provided in 11 subsection (5) of this section, to be effective on the July 1st 12 effective date of each cost-rebased direct care component rate. 13 However, the department may revise case mix weights more frequently if, 14 and only if, significant variances in wage ratios occur among direct care staff in the different caregiver classifications identified in 15 16 this section.

(5) Case mix weights shall be revised when direct care component
 rates are cost-rebased as provided in RCW 74.46.431(4).

19 Sec. 10. RCW 74.46.501 and 2006 c 258 s 5 are each amended to read 20 as follows:

(1) From individual case mix weights for the applicable quarter, the department shall determine two average case mix indexes for each medicaid nursing facility, one for all residents in the facility, known as the facility average case mix index, and one for medicaid residents, known as the medicaid average case mix index.

26 (2)(a) In calculating a facility's two average case mix indexes for 27 each quarter, the department shall include all residents or medicaid residents, as applicable, who were physically in the facility during 28 29 the quarter in question based on the resident assessment instrument completed by the facility and the requirements and limitations for the 30 31 instrument's completion and transmission (January 1st through March 31st, April 1st through June 30th, July 1st through September 30th, or 32 October 1st through December 31st). 33

(b) The facility average case mix index shall exclude all default
 cases as defined in this chapter. However, the medicaid average case
 mix index shall include all default cases.

1 (3) Both the facility average and the medicaid average case mix 2 indexes shall be determined by multiplying the case mix weight of each 3 resident, or each medicaid resident, as applicable, by the number of 4 days, as defined in this section and as applicable, the resident was at 5 each particular case mix classification or group, and then averaging.

6 (4)(((a))) In determining the number of days a resident is 7 classified into a particular case mix group, the department shall 8 determine a start date for calculating case mix grouping periods as 9 ((follows:

10 (i) If a resident's initial assessment for a first stay or a return 11 stay in the nursing facility is timely completed and transmitted to the 12 department by the cutoff date under state and federal requirements and 13 as described in subsection (5) of this section, the start date shall be 14 the later of either the first day of the quarter or the resident's 15 facility admission or readmission date;

16 (ii) If a resident's significant change, quarterly, or annual 17 assessment is timely completed and transmitted to the department by the 18 cutoff date under state and federal requirements and as described in 19 subsection (5) of this section, the start date shall be the date the 20 assessment is completed;

21 (iii) If a resident's significant change, quarterly, or annual 22 assessment is not timely completed and transmitted to the department by 23 the cutoff date under state and federal requirements and as described 24 in subsection (5) of this section, the start date shall be the due date 25 for the assessment.

26 (b) If state or federal rules require more frequent assessment, the 27 same principles for determining the start date of a resident's 28 classification in a particular case mix group set forth in subsection 29 (4)(a) of this section shall apply.

30 (c) In calculating the number of days a resident is classified into 31 a particular case mix group, the department shall determine an end date 32 for calculating case mix grouping periods as follows:

33 (i) If a resident is discharged before the end of the applicable 34 quarter, the end date shall be the day before discharge;

35 (ii) If a resident is not discharged before the end of the 36 applicable quarter, the end date shall be the last day of the quarter;

37 (iii) If a new assessment is due for a resident or a new assessment
 38 is completed and transmitted to the department, the end date of the

previous assessment shall be the earlier of either the day before the assessment is due or the day before the assessment is completed by the nursing facility)) specified by rule.

4 (5) The cutoff date for the department to use resident assessment 5 data, for the purposes of calculating both the facility average and the 6 medicaid average case mix indexes, and for establishing and updating a 7 facility's direct care component rate, shall be one month and one day 8 after the end of the quarter for which the resident assessment data 9 applies.

10 (6) ((A threshold of ninety percent, as described and calculated in this subsection, shall be used to determine the case mix index each 11 quarter. The threshold shall also be used to determine which 12 13 facilities' costs per case mix unit are included in determining the ceiling, floor, and price. For direct care component rate allocations 14 established on and after July 1, 2006, the threshold of ninety percent 15 shall be used to determine the case mix index each quarter and to 16 determine which facilities' costs per case mix unit are included in 17 determining the ceiling and price. If the facility does not meet the 18 19 ninety percent threshold, the department may use an alternate case mix 20 index to determine the facility average and medicaid average case mix 21 indexes for the quarter. The threshold is a count of unique minimum data set assessments, and it shall include resident assessment 22 23 instrument tracking forms for residents discharged prior to completing 24 an initial assessment. The threshold is calculated by dividing a facility's count of residents being assessed by the average census for 25 26 the facility. A daily census shall be reported by each nursing 27 facility as it transmits assessment data to the department. The department shall compute a quarterly average census based on the daily 28 census. If no census has been reported by a facility during a 29 30 specified quarter, then the department shall use the facility's licensed beds as the denominator in computing the threshold. 31

(7))(a) Although the facility average and the medicaid average case mix indexes shall both be calculated quarterly, the <u>cost-rebasing</u> <u>period</u> facility average case mix index will be used throughout the applicable cost-rebasing period in combination with cost report data as specified by RCW 74.46.431 and 74.46.506, to establish a facility's allowable cost per case mix unit. A facility's medicaid average case 1 mix index shall be used to update a nursing facility's direct care
2 component rate ((quarterly)) semiannually.

3 (b) The facility average case mix index used to establish each 4 nursing facility's direct care component rate shall be based on an 5 average of calendar quarters of the facility's average case mix 6 indexes((-

7 (i) For October 1, 1998, direct care component rates, the 8 department shall use an average of facility average case mix indexes 9 from the four calendar quarters of 1997.

10 (ii) For July 1, 2001, direct care component rates, the department 11 shall use an average of facility average case mix indexes from the four 12 calendar quarters of 1999.

13 (iii) Beginning on July 1, 2006, when establishing the direct care 14 component rates, the department shall use an average of facility case 15 mix indexes)) from the four calendar quarters occurring during the cost 16 report period used to rebase the direct care component rate allocations 17 as specified in RCW 74.46.431.

(c) The medicaid average case mix index used to update or 18 recalibrate a nursing facility's direct care 19 component rate ((quarterly)) semiannually shall be from the calendar ((quarter)) six-20 21 month period commencing ((six)) nine months prior to the effective date 22 of the ((quarterly)) semiannual rate. For example, ((October 1, 1998)) July 1, 2010, through December 31, ((1998)) 2010, direct care component 23 24 rates shall utilize case mix averages from the ((April 1, 1998)) October 1, 2009, through ((June 30, 1998)) March 31, 2010, calendar 25 26 quarters, and so forth.

27 **Sec. 11.** RCW 74.46.506 and 2007 c 508 s 3 are each amended to read 28 as follows:

(1) The direct care component rate allocation corresponds to the provision of nursing care for one resident of a nursing facility for one day, including direct care supplies. Therapy services and supplies, which correspond to the therapy care component rate, shall be excluded. The direct care component rate includes elements of case mix determined consistent with the principles of this section and other applicable provisions of this chapter.

36 (2) ((Beginning October 1, 1998,)) <u>The department shall determine</u>
 37 and update ((quarterly)) <u>semiannually</u> for each nursing facility serving

medicaid residents a facility-specific per-resident day direct care 1 2 component rate allocation, to be effective on the first day of each ((calendar quarter)) <u>six-month period</u>. In determining direct care 3 component rates the department shall utilize, as specified in this 4 section, minimum data set resident assessment data for each resident of 5 6 the facility, as transmitted to, and if necessary corrected by, the department in the resident assessment instrument format approved by 7 8 federal authorities for use in this state.

9 (3) The department may question the accuracy of assessment data for 10 any resident and utilize corrected or substitute information, however 11 derived, in determining direct care component rates. The department is 12 authorized to impose civil fines and to take adverse rate actions 13 against a contractor, as specified by the department in rule, in order 14 to obtain compliance with resident assessment and data transmission 15 requirements and to ensure accuracy.

16 (4) Cost report data used in setting direct care component rate 17 allocations shall be for rate periods as specified in RCW 18 74.46.431(4)(a).

(5) ((Beginning October 1, 1998,)) The department shall rebase each nursing facility's direct care component rate allocation as described in RCW 74.46.431, adjust its direct care component rate allocation for economic trends and conditions as described in RCW 74.46.431, and update its medicaid average case mix index <u>as described in RCW</u> <u>74.46.496 and 74.46.501</u>, consistent with the following:

(a) ((Reduce)) Adjust total direct care costs reported by each nursing facility for the applicable cost report period specified in RCW 74.46.431(4)(a) to reflect any department adjustments, and to eliminate reported resident therapy costs and adjustments, in order to derive the facility's total allowable direct care cost;

(b) Divide each facility's total allowable direct care cost by its 30 adjusted resident days for the same report period, ((increased if 31 32 necessary to a minimum occupancy of eighty-five percent; that is, the 33 greater of actual or imputed occupancy at eighty-five percent of licensed beds,)) to derive the facility's allowable direct care cost 34 35 per resident day((. However, effective July 1, 2006, each facility's 36 allowable direct care costs shall be divided by its adjusted resident 37 days without application of a minimum occupancy assumption));

(c) ((Adjust the facility's per resident day direct care cost by
 the applicable factor specified in RCW 74.46.431(4) to derive its
 adjusted allowable direct care cost per resident day;

4 (d))) Divide each facility's adjusted allowable direct care cost 5 per resident day by the facility average case mix index for the 6 applicable quarters specified by RCW 74.46.501(((7)(b))) (6)(c) to 7 derive the facility's allowable direct care cost per case mix unit;

(((e) Effective for July 1, 2001, rate setting,)) (d) Divide 8 9 nursing facilities into at least two and, if applicable, three peer Those located in nonurban counties; those located in high 10 groups: 11 labor-cost counties, if any; and those located in other urban counties; 12 $\left(\left(\frac{f}{f}\right)\right)$ (e) Array separately the allowable direct care cost per 13 case mix unit for all facilities in nonurban counties; for all facilities in high labor-cost counties, if applicable; and for all 14 15 facilities in other urban counties, and determine the median allowable

16 direct care cost per case mix unit for each peer group;

17 (((g) Except as provided in (i) of this subsection, from October 1, 18 1998, through June 30, 2000, determine each facility's quarterly direct 19 care component rate as follows:

20 (i) Any facility whose allowable cost per case mix unit is less 21 than eighty-five percent of the facility's peer group median established under (f) of this subsection shall be assigned a cost per 22 23 case mix unit equal to eighty-five percent of the facility's peer group median, and shall have a direct care component rate allocation equal to 24 the facility's assigned cost per case mix unit multiplied by that 25 26 facility's medicaid average case mix index from the applicable quarter 27 specified in RCW 74.46.501(7)(c);

(ii) Any facility whose allowable cost per case mix unit is greater 28 than one hundred fifteen percent of the peer group median established 29 30 under (f) of this subsection shall be assigned a cost per case mix unit equal to one hundred fifteen percent of the peer group median, and 31 32 shall have a direct care component rate allocation equal to the facility's assigned cost per case mix unit multiplied by that 33 34 facility's medicaid average case mix index from the applicable quarter 35 specified in RCW 74.46.501(7)(c);

36 (iii) Any facility whose allowable cost per case mix unit is 37 between eighty-five and one hundred fifteen percent of the peer group 38 median established under (f) of this subsection shall have a direct 1 care component rate allocation equal to the facility's allowable cost 2 per case mix unit multiplied by that facility's medicaid average case 3 mix index from the applicable quarter specified in RCW 74.46.501(7)(c); 4 (h) Except as provided in (i) of this subsection, from July 1, 5 2000, through June 30, 2006, determine each facility's quarterly direct 6 care component rate as follows:

7 (i) Any facility whose allowable cost per case mix unit is less than ninety percent of the facility's peer group median established 8 9 under (f) of this subsection shall be assigned a cost per case mix unit equal to ninety percent of the facility's peer group median, and shall 10 11 have a direct care component rate allocation equal to the facility's 12 assigned cost per case mix unit multiplied by that facility's medicaid 13 average case mix index from the applicable quarter specified in RCW 14 74.46.501(7)(c);

(ii) Any facility whose allowable cost per case mix unit is greater 15 16 than one hundred ten percent of the peer group median established under (f) of this subsection shall be assigned a cost per case mix unit equal 17 to one hundred ten percent of the peer group median, and shall have a 18 direct care component rate allocation equal to the facility's assigned 19 20 cost per case mix unit multiplied by that facility's medicaid average 21 case mix index from the applicable quarter specified in RCW 22 74.46.501(7)(c);

23 (iii) Any facility whose allowable cost per case mix unit is 24 between ninety and one hundred ten percent of the peer group median 25 established under (f) of this subsection shall have a direct care 26 component rate allocation equal to the facility's allowable cost per 27 case mix unit multiplied by that facility's medicaid average case mix 28 index from the applicable quarter specified in RCW 74.46.501(7)(c);

29 (i)(i) Between October 1, 1998, and June 30, 2000, the department 30 shall compare each facility's direct care component rate allocation 31 calculated under (g) of this subsection with the facility's nursing 32 services component rate in effect on September 30, 1998, less therapy 33 costs, plus any exceptional care offsets as reported on the cost 34 report, adjusted for economic trends and conditions as provided in RCW 35 74.46.431. A facility shall receive the higher of the two rates.

36 (ii) Between July 1, 2000, and June 30, 2002, the department shall 37 compare each facility's direct care component rate allocation 38 calculated under (h) of this subsection with the facility's direct care

1 component rate in effect on June 30, 2000. A facility shall receive the higher of the two rates. Between July 1, 2001, and June 30, 2002, 2 if during any quarter a facility whose rate paid under (h) of this 3 subsection is greater than either the direct care rate in effect on 4 5 June 30, 2000, or than that facility's allowable direct care cost per б case mix unit calculated in (d) of this subsection multiplied by that 7 facility's medicaid average case mix index from the applicable quarter specified in RCW 74.46.501(7)(c), the facility shall be paid in that 8 9 and each subsequent quarter pursuant to (h) of this subsection and shall not be entitled to the greater of the two rates. 10

11 (iii) Between July 1, 2002, and June 30, 2006, all direct care 12 component rate allocations shall be as determined under (h) of this 13 subsection.

(iv) Effective July 1, 2006, for all providers, except vital local
 providers as defined in this chapter, all direct care component rate
 allocations shall be as determined under (j) of this subsection.

17 (v) Effective July 1, 2006, through June 30, 2007, for vital local 18 providers, as defined in this chapter, direct care component rate 19 allocations shall be determined as follows:

20 (A) The department shall calculate:

21 (I) The sum of each facility's July 1, 2006, direct care component 22 rate allocation calculated under (j) of this subsection and July 1, 23 2006, operations component rate calculated under RCW 74.46.521; and

24 (II) The sum of each facility's June 30, 2006, direct care and 25 operations component rates.

26 (B) If the sum calculated under (i)(v)(A)(I) of this subsection is less than the sum calculated under (i)(v)(A)(II) of this subsection, 27 the facility shall have a direct care component rate allocation equal 28 to the facility's June 30, 2006, direct care component rate allocation. 29 (C) If the sum calculated under (i)(v)(A)(I) of this subsection is 30 31 greater than or equal to the sum calculated under (i)(v)(A)(II) of this subsection, the facility's direct care component rate shall be 32 calculated under (j) of this subsection; 33

34 (j) Except as provided in (i) of this subsection, from July 1, 35 2006, forward, and for all future rate setting,)) (f) Determine each 36 facility's ((quarterly)) semiannual direct care component rate as 37 follows:

(i) Any facility whose allowable cost per case mix unit is greater 1 2 than one hundred twelve percent of the peer group median established under $\left(\left(\frac{f}{f}\right)\right)$ (e) of this subsection shall be assigned a cost per case 3 4 mix unit equal to one hundred twelve percent of the peer group median, and shall have a direct care component rate allocation equal to the 5 6 facility's assigned cost per case mix unit multiplied by that 7 facility's medicaid average case mix index from the applicable ((quarter)) six-month period specified in RCW 74.46.501(((7))) (6)(c); 8

9 (ii) Any facility whose allowable cost per case mix unit is less 10 than or equal to one hundred twelve percent of the peer group median 11 established under (((f))) (e) of this subsection shall have a direct 12 care component rate allocation equal to the facility's allowable cost 13 per case mix unit multiplied by that facility's medicaid average case 14 mix index from the applicable ((quarter)) six-month period specified in 15 RCW 74.46.501(((f))) (6)(c).

16 (6) The direct care component rate allocations calculated in 17 accordance with this section shall be adjusted to the extent necessary 18 to comply with RCW 74.46.421.

(7) Costs related to payments resulting from increases in direct care component rates, granted under authority of RCW 74.46.508(((1))) for a facility's exceptional care residents, shall be offset against the facility's examined, allowable direct care costs, for each report year or partial period such increases are paid. Such reductions in allowable direct care costs shall be for rate setting, settlement, and other purposes deemed appropriate by the department.

26 Sec. 12. RCW 74.46.508 and 2003 1st sp.s. c 6 s 1 are each amended 27 to read as follows:

(((+))) The department is authorized to increase the direct care component rate allocation calculated under RCW 74.46.506(5) for residents who have unmet exceptional care needs as determined by the department in rule. The department may, by rule, establish criteria, patient categories, and methods of exceptional care payment.

33 (((2) The department may by July 1, 2003, adopt rules and implement 34 a system of exceptional care payments for therapy care.

35 (a) Payments may be made on behalf of facility residents who are 36 under age sixty-five, not eligible for medicare, and can achieve 1 significant progress in their functional status if provided with
2 intensive therapy care services.

3 (b) Payments may be made only after approval of a rehabilitation 4 plan of care for each resident on whose behalf a payment is made under 5 this subsection, and each resident's progress must be periodically 6 monitored.))

7 **Sec. 13.** RCW 74.46.511 and 2008 c 263 s 3 are each amended to read 8 as follows:

9 (1) The therapy care component rate allocation corresponds to the provision of medicaid one-on-one therapy provided by a qualified 10 11 therapist as defined in this chapter, including therapy supplies and 12 therapy consultation, for one day for one medicaid resident of a 13 nursing facility. ((The therapy care component rate allocation for October 1, 1998, through June 30, 2001, shall be based on adjusted 14 therapy costs and days from calendar year 1996. The therapy component 15 16 rate allocation for July 1, 2001, through June 30, 2007, shall be based 17 on adjusted therapy costs and days from calendar year 1999. Effective July 1, 2007,)) The therapy care component rate allocation shall be 18 based on adjusted therapy costs and days as described in RCW 19 20 74.46.431(5). The therapy care component rate shall be adjusted for 21 economic trends and conditions as specified in RCW 74.46.431(5), and shall be determined in accordance with this section. In determining 22 23 each facility's therapy care component rate allocation, the department 24 shall apply the applicable minimum facility occupancy adjustment before 25 creating the array of facilities' adjusted therapy care costs per 26 adjusted resident day.

(2) In rebasing, as provided in RCW 74.46.431(5)(a), the department
 shall take from the cost reports of facilities the following reported
 information:

30 (a) Direct one-on-one therapy charges for all residents by payer31 including charges for supplies;

32 (b) The total units or modules of therapy care for all residents by 33 type of therapy provided, for example, speech or physical. A unit or 34 module of therapy care is considered to be fifteen minutes of one-on-35 one therapy provided by a qualified therapist or support personnel; and 36 (c) Therapy consulting expenses for all residents. 1 (3) The department shall determine for all residents the total cost 2 per unit of therapy for each type of therapy by dividing the total 3 adjusted one-on-one therapy expense for each type by the total units 4 provided for that therapy type.

5 (4) The department shall divide medicaid nursing facilities in this 6 state into two peer groups:

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(a) Those facilities located within urban counties; and

(b) Those located within nonurban counties.

The department shall array the facilities in each peer group from 9 highest to lowest based on their total cost per unit of therapy for 10 each therapy type. The department shall determine the median total 11 cost per unit of therapy for each therapy type and add ten percent of 12 13 median total cost per unit of therapy. The cost per unit of therapy 14 for each therapy type at a nursing facility shall be the lesser of its cost per unit of therapy for each therapy type or the median total cost 15 per unit plus ten percent for each therapy type for its peer group. 16

17 (5) The department shall calculate each nursing facility's therapy18 care component rate allocation as follows:

19 (a) To determine the allowable total therapy cost for each therapy 20 type, the allowable cost per unit of therapy for each type of therapy 21 shall be multiplied by the total therapy units for each type of 22 therapy;

(b) The medicaid allowable one-on-one therapy expense shall be calculated taking the allowable total therapy cost for each therapy type times the medicaid percent of total therapy charges for each therapy type;

(c) The medicaid allowable one-on-one therapy expense for each therapy type shall be divided by total adjusted medicaid days to arrive at the medicaid one-on-one therapy cost per patient day for each therapy type;

31 (d) The medicaid one-on-one therapy cost per patient day for each 32 therapy type shall be multiplied by total adjusted patient days for all residents to calculate the total allowable one-on-one therapy expense. 33 The lesser of the total allowable therapy consultant expense for the 34 35 therapy type or a reasonable percentage of allowable therapy consultant 36 expense for each therapy type, as established in rule by the 37 department, shall be added to the total allowable one-on-one therapy 38 expense to determine the allowable therapy cost for each therapy type;

(e) The allowable therapy cost for each therapy type shall be added
 together, the sum of which shall be the total allowable therapy expense
 for the nursing facility;

4 (f) The total allowable therapy expense will be divided by the 5 greater of adjusted total patient days from the cost report on which 6 the therapy expenses were reported, or patient days at eighty-five 7 percent occupancy of licensed beds. The outcome shall be the nursing 8 facility's therapy care component rate allocation.

9 (6) The therapy care component rate allocations calculated in 10 accordance with this section shall be adjusted to the extent necessary 11 to comply with RCW 74.46.421.

12 (7) The therapy care component rate shall be suspended for medicaid 13 residents in qualified nursing facilities designated by the department 14 who are receiving therapy paid by the department outside the facility 15 daily rate ((under RCW 74.46.508(2))).

16 Sec. 14. RCW 74.46.515 and 2008 c 263 s 4 are each amended to read 17 as follows:

(1) The support services component rate allocation corresponds to
 the provision of food, food preparation, dietary, housekeeping, and
 laundry services for one resident for one day.

(2) ((Beginning October 1, 1998,)) The department shall determine
 each medicaid nursing facility's support services component rate
 allocation using cost report data specified by RCW 74.46.431(6).

(3) To determine each facility's support services component rateallocation, the department shall:

26 (a) Array facilities' adjusted support services costs per adjusted 27 resident day, as determined by dividing each facility's total allowable support services costs by its adjusted resident days for the same 28 29 report period, increased if necessary to a minimum occupancy provided by RCW 74.46.431(2), for each facility from facilities' cost reports 30 31 from the applicable report year, for facilities located within urban counties, and for those located within nonurban counties and determine 32 the median adjusted cost for each peer group; 33

(b) Set each facility's support services component rate at the
 lower of the facility's per resident day adjusted support services
 costs from the applicable cost report period or the adjusted median per

resident day support services cost for that facility's peer group,
 either urban counties or nonurban counties, plus ten percent; and

3 (c) Adjust each facility's support services component rate for
4 economic trends and conditions as provided in RCW 74.46.431(6).

5 (4) The support services component rate allocations calculated in 6 accordance with this section shall be adjusted to the extent necessary 7 to comply with RCW 74.46.421.

8 **Sec. 15.** RCW 74.46.521 and 2007 c 508 s 5 are each amended to read 9 as follows:

10 (1) The operations component rate allocation corresponds to the 11 general operation of a nursing facility for one resident for one day, 12 including but not limited to management, administration, utilities, accounting 13 office supplies, and bookkeeping, minor building 14 maintenance, minor equipment repairs and replacements, and other supplies and services, exclusive of direct care, therapy care, support 15 services, property, and financing allowance((, and variable return)). 16

(2) ((Except as provided in subsection (4) of this section, 17 beginning October 1, 1998,)) The department shall determine each 18 medicaid nursing facility's operations component rate allocation using 19 20 cost report data specified by RCW 74.46.431(7)(a). ((Effective July 1, 21 2002,)) Operations component rates for ((all facilities except)) essential community providers shall be based upon a minimum occupancy 22 23 of ((ninety)) eighty-five percent of licensed beds((, and no operations component rate shall be revised in response to beds banked on or after 24 25 May 25, 2001, under chapter 70.38 RCW)). Operations component rates 26 for small nonessential community providers shall be based upon a minimum occupancy of ninety percent of licensed beds. Operations 27 component rates for large nonessential community providers shall be 28 based upon a minimum occupancy of ninety-five percent of licensed beds. 29 30 (3) ((Except as provided in subsection (4) of this section,)) For all calculations and adjustments in this subsection, the department 31 shall use the greater of the facility's actual occupancy or an imputed 32 occupancy equal to eighty-five percent for essential community 33 providers, ninety percent for small nonessential community providers, 34 35 or ninety-five percent for large nonessential community providers. To determine each facility's operations component rate the department 36 37 shall:

(a) Array facilities' adjusted general operations costs per 1 2 adjusted resident day, as determined by dividing each facility's total allowable operations cost by its adjusted resident days for the same 3 4 report period((, increased if necessary to a minimum occupancy of ninety percent; that is, the greater of actual or imputed occupancy at 5 ninety percent of licensed beds, for each facility from facilities' б 7 cost reports from the applicable report year,)) for facilities located 8 within urban counties and for those located within nonurban counties and determine the median adjusted cost for each peer group; 9

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(b) Set each facility's operations component rate at the lower of:

(i) The facility's per resident day adjusted operations costs from the applicable cost report period adjusted if necessary ((to a)) for minimum occupancy ((of eighty-five percent of licensed beds before July 1, 2002, and ninety percent effective July 1, 2002)); or

(ii) The adjusted median per resident day general operations cost for that facility's peer group, urban counties or nonurban counties; and

(c) Adjust each facility's operations component rate for economic
 trends and conditions as provided in RCW 74.46.431(7)(b).

20 (4)(((a) Effective July 1, 2006, through June 30, 2007, for any 21 facility whose direct care component rate allocation is set equal to 22 its June 30, 2006, direct care component rate allocation, as provided 23 in RCW 74.46.506(5), the facility's operations component rate 24 allocation shall also be set equal to the facility's June 30, 2006, 25 operations component rate allocation.

26 (b) The operations component rate allocation for facilities whose 27 operations component rate is set equal to their June 30, 2006, 28 operations component rate, shall be adjusted for economic trends and 29 conditions as provided in RCW 74.46.431(7)(b).

30 (5)) The operations component rate allocations calculated in 31 accordance with this section shall be adjusted to the extent necessary 32 to comply with RCW 74.46.421.

33 **Sec. 16.** RCW 74.46.835 and 1998 c 322 s 46 are each amended to 34 read as follows:

(1) Payment for direct care at the pilot nursing facility in King
 county designed to meet the service needs of residents living with
 AIDS, as defined in RCW 70.24.017, and as specifically authorized for

1 this purpose under chapter 9, Laws of 1989 1st ex. sess., shall be 2 exempt from case mix methods of rate determination set forth in this 3 chapter and shall be exempt from the direct care metropolitan 4 statistical area peer group cost limitation set forth in this chapter.

5 (2) Direct care component rates at the AIDS pilot facility shall be 6 based on direct care reported costs at the pilot facility, utilizing 7 the same ((three-year,)) rate-setting cycle prescribed for other 8 nursing facilities, and as supported by a staffing benchmark based upon 9 a department-approved acuity measurement system.

10 (3) The provisions of RCW 74.46.421 and all other rate-setting 11 principles, cost lids, and limits, including settlement as provided in 12 RCW 74.46.165 shall apply to the AIDS pilot facility.

13 (4) This section applies only to the AIDS pilot nursing facility.

14 **Sec. 17.** RCW 74.46.800 and 1998 c 322 s 42 are each amended to 15 read as follows:

(1) The department shall have authority to adopt, amend, and rescind such administrative rules and definitions as it deems necessary to carry out the policies and purposes of this chapter and to resolve issues and develop procedures ((that it deems necessary)) to implement, update, and improve ((the case mix elements of)) the nursing facility medicaid payment system.

(2) Nothing in this chapter shall be construed to require the department to adopt or employ any calculations, steps, tests, methodologies, alternate methodologies, indexes, formulas, mathematical or statistical models, concepts, or procedures for medicaid rate setting or payment that are not expressly called for in this chapter.

27 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 18. A new section is added to chapter 74.46 RCW 28 to read as follows:

29 The department shall establish, by rule, the procedures, 30 principles, and conditions for the nursing facility medicaid payment 31 system addressed by the following principles:

32 (1) The department must receive complete, annual reporting of all 33 costs and the financial condition of each contractor, prepared and 34 presented in a standardized manner. The department shall establish, by 35 rule, due dates, requirements for cost report completion, actions required for improperly completed or late cost reports, fines for any
 statutory or regulatory noncompliance, retention requirements, and
 public disclosure requirements.

4 (2) The department shall examine all cost reports to determine 5 whether the information is correct, complete, and reported in 6 compliance with this chapter, department rules and instructions, and 7 generally accepted accounting principles.

8 (3) Each contractor must establish and maintain, as a service to 9 the resident, a bookkeeping system incorporated into the business 10 records for all resident funds entrusted to the contractor and received 11 by the contractor for the resident. The department shall adopt rules 12 to ensure that resident personal funds handled by the contractor are 13 maintained by each contractor in a manner that is, at a minimum, 14 consistent with federal requirements.

(4) The department shall have the authority to audit resident trustfunds and receivables, at its discretion.

(5) Contractors shall provide the department access to the nursing facility, all financial and statistical records, and all working papers that are in support of the cost report, receivables, and resident trust funds.

(6) The department shall establish a settlement process in order to reconcile medicaid resident days to billed days and medicaid payments for the preceding calendar year. The settlement process shall ensure that any savings in the direct care or therapy care component rates be shifted only between direct care and therapy care component rates, and shall not be shifted into any other rate components.

(7) The department shall define and identify allowable andunallowable costs.

(8) A contractor shall bill the department for care provided to
medicaid recipients, and the department shall pay a contractor for
service rendered under the facility contract and appropriately billed.
Billing and payment procedures shall be specified by rule.

(9) The department shall establish the conditions for participationin the nursing facility medicaid payment system.

35 (10) The department shall establish procedures and a rate setting 36 methodology for a change of ownership.

37 (11) The department shall establish, consistent with federal38 requirements for nursing facilities participating in the medicaid

program, an appeals or exception procedure that allows individual nursing home providers an opportunity to receive prompt administrative review of payment rates with respect to such issues as the department deems appropriate.

5 (12) The department shall have authority to adopt, amend, and 6 rescind such administrative rules and definitions as it deems necessary 7 to carry out the policies and purposes of this chapter.

8 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 19. A new section is added to chapter 74.46 RCW 9 to read as follows:

10 The department shall establish, by rule, the procedures, 11 principles, and conditions for a pay-for-performance supplemental payment structure that provides payment add-ons for high performing 12 To the extent that funds are appropriated for this 13 facilities. purpose, the pay-for-performance structure will include a one percent 14 reduction in payments to facilities with exceptionally high direct care 15 16 staff turnover, and a method by which the funding that is not paid to 17 these facilities is then used to provide a supplemental payment to facilities with lower direct care staff turnover. 18

19 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 20.** The following acts or parts of acts are 20 each repealed:

21 (1) RCW 74.46.030 (Principles of reporting requirements) and 1980 22 c 177 s 3;

23 (2) RCW 74.46.040 (Due dates for cost reports) and 1998 c 322 s 3,
24 1985 c 361 s 4, 1983 1st ex.s. c 67 s 1, & 1980 c 177 s 4;

25 (3) RCW 74.46.050 (Improperly completed or late cost report--26 Fines--Adverse rate actions--Rules) and 1998 c 322 s 4, 1985 c 361 s 5, 27 & 1980 c 177 s 5;

(4) RCW 74.46.060 (Completing cost reports and maintaining records)
and 1998 c 322 s 5, 1985 c 361 s 6, 1983 1st ex.s. c 67 s 2, & 1980 c
177 s 6;

31 (5) RCW 74.46.080 (Requirements for retention of records by the 32 contractor) and 1998 c 322 s 6, 1985 c 361 s 7, 1983 1st ex.s. c 67 s 33 3, & 1980 c 177 s 8;

34 (6) RCW 74.46.090 (Retention of cost reports and resident
 35 assessment information by the department) and 1998 c 322 s 7, 1985 c
 361 s 8, & 1980 c 177 s 9;

(7) RCW 74.46.100 (Purposes of department audits--Examination--1 2 Incomplete or incorrect reports--Contractor's duties--Access to 3 facility--Fines--Adverse rate actions) and 1998 c 322 s 8, 1985 c 361 4 s 9, 1983 1st ex.s. c 67 s 4, & 1980 c 177 s 10; (8) RCW 74.46.155 (Reconciliation of medicaid resident days to 5 billed days and medicaid payments -- Payments due -- Accrued interest --6 7 Withholding funds) and 1998 c 322 s 9; 8 (9) RCW 74.46.165 (Proposed settlement report--Payment refunds--Overpayments--Determination of unused rate funds--Total and component 9 payment rates) and 2001 1st sp.s. c 8 s 2 & 1998 c 322 s 10; 10 11 (10) RCW 74.46.190 (Principles of allowable costs) and 1998 c 322 12 s 11, 1995 1st sp.s. c 18 s 96, 1983 1st ex.s. c 67 s 12, & 1980 c 177 13 s 19; 14 (11) RCW 74.46.200 (Offset of miscellaneous revenues) and 1980 c 177 s 20; 15 (12) RCW 74.46.220 (Payments to related organizations--Limits--16 17 Documentation) and 1998 c 322 s 12 & 1980 c 177 s 22; (13) RCW 74.46.230 (Initial cost of operation) and 1998 c 322 s 13, 18 19 1993 sp.s. c 13 s 3, & 1980 c 177 s 23; (14) RCW 74.46.240 (Education and training) and 1980 c 177 s 24; 20 21 (15) RCW 74.46.250 (Owner or relative--Compensation) and 1980 c 177 22 s 25; 23 (16) RCW 74.46.270 (Disclosure and approval or rejection of cost 24 allocation) and 1998 c 322 s 14, 1983 1st ex.s. c 67 s 13, & 1980 c 177 s 27; 25 26 (17) RCW 74.46.280 (Management fees, agreements--Limitation on 27 scope of services) and 1998 c 322 s 15, 1993 sp.s. c 13 s 4, & 1980 c 28 177 s 28; 29 (18) RCW 74.46.290 (Expense for construction interest) and 1980 c 30 177 s 29; (19) RCW 74.46.300 (Operating leases of office equipment--Rules) 31 and 1998 c 322 s 16 & 1980 c 177 s 30; 32 (20) RCW 74.46.310 (Capitalization) and 1983 1st ex.s. c 67 s 16 & 33 1980 c 177 s 31; 34 35 (21) RCW 74.46.320 (Depreciation expense) and 1980 c 177 s 32; 36 (22) RCW 74.46.330 (Depreciable assets) and 1980 c 177 s 33; 37 (23) RCW 74.46.340 (Land, improvements--Depreciation) and 1980 c 177 s 34; 38

1 (24) RCW 74.46.350 (Methods of depreciation) and 1999 c 353 s 13 & 2 1980 c 177 s 35; (25) RCW 74.46.360 (Cost basis of land and depreciation base of 3 4 depreciable assets) and 1999 c 353 s 2, 1997 c 277 s 1, 1991 sp.s. c 8 5 s 18, & 1989 c 372 s 14; (26) RCW 74.46.370 (Lives of assets) and 1999 c 353 s 14, 1997 c б 7 277 s 2, & 1980 c 177 s 37; (27) RCW 74.46.380 (Depreciable assets) and 1993 sp.s. c 13 s 5, 8 1991 sp.s. c 8 s 12, & 1980 c 177 s 38; 9 (28) RCW 74.46.390 (Gains and losses upon replacement 10 of depreciable assets) and 1980 c 177 s 39; 11 12 (29) RCW 74.46.410 (Unallowable costs) and 2007 c 508 s 1, 2001 1st 13 sp.s. c 8 s 3, 1998 c 322 s 17, 1995 1st sp.s. c 18 s 97, 1993 sp.s. c 14 13 s 6, 1991 sp.s. c 8 s 15, 1989 c 372 s 2, 1986 c 175 s 3, 1983 1st ex.s. c 67 s 17, & 1980 c 177 s 41; 15 16 (30) RCW 74.46.433 (Variable return component rate allocation) and 17 2006 c 258 s 3, 2001 1st sp.s. c 8 s 6, & 1999 c 353 s 9; (31) RCW 74.46.445 (Contractors--Rate adjustments) and 1999 c 353 18 19 s 15; (32) RCW 74.46.533 (Combined and estimated rebased rates--20 21 Determination--Hold harmless provision) and 2007 c 508 s 6; 22 (33) RCW 74.46.600 (Billing period) and 1980 c 177 s 60; (34) RCW 74.46.610 (Billing procedure--Rules) and 1998 c 322 s 32, 23 24 1983 1st ex.s. c 67 s 33, & 1980 c 177 s 61; (35) RCW 74.46.620 (Payment) and 1998 c 322 s 33 & 1980 c 177 s 62; 25 26 (36) RCW 74.46.625 (Supplemental payments) and 1999 c 392 s 1; 27 (37) RCW 74.46.630 (Charges to patients) and 1998 c 322 s 34 & 1980 28 c 177 s 63; 29 (38) RCW 74.46.640 (Suspension of payments) and 1998 c 322 s 35, 30 1995 1st sp.s. c 18 s 112, 1983 1st ex.s. c 67 s 34, & 1980 c 177 s 64; (39) RCW 74.46.650 (Termination of payments) and 1998 c 322 s 36 & 31 32 1980 c 177 s 65; (40) RCW 74.46.660 (Conditions of participation) and 1998 c 322 s 33 37, 1992 c 215 s 1, 1991 sp.s. c 8 s 13, & 1980 c 177 s 66; 34 35 (41) RCW 74.46.680 (Change of ownership--Assignment of department's 36 contract) and 1998 c 322 s 38, 1985 c 361 s 2, & 1980 c 177 s 68; 37 (42) RCW 74.46.690 (Change of ownership--Final reports--Settlement)

and 1998 c 322 s 39, 1995 1st sp.s. c 18 s 113, 1985 c 361 s 3, 1983 1 2 1st ex.s. c 67 s 36, & 1980 c 177 s 69; (43) RCW 74.46.700 (Resident personal funds--Records--Rules) and 3 4 1991 sp.s. c 8 s 19 & 1980 c 177 s 70; (44) RCW 74.46.711 (Resident personal funds--Conveyance upon death 5 of resident) and 2001 1st sp.s. c 8 s 14 & 1995 1st sp.s. c 18 s 69; б 7 (45) RCW 74.46.770 (Contractor appeals--Challenges of laws, rules, 8 or contract provisions--Challenge based on federal law) and 1998 c 322 s 40, 1995 1st sp.s. c 18 s 114, 1983 1st ex.s. c 67 s 39, & 1980 c 177 9 10 s 77; (46) RCW 74.46.780 (Appeals or exception procedure) and 1998 c 322 11 12 s 41, 1995 1st sp.s. c 18 s 115, 1989 c 175 s 159, 1983 1st ex.s. c 67 13 s 40, & 1980 c 177 s 78; 14 (47) RCW 74.46.790 (Denial, suspension, or revocation of license or provisional license--Penalties) and 1980 c 177 s 79; 15 (48) RCW 74.46.820 (Public disclosure) and 2005 c 274 s 356, 1998 16 17 c 322 s 43, 1985 c 361 s 14, 1983 1st ex.s. c 67 s 41, & 1980 c 177 s 18 82; (49) RCW 74.46.900 (Severability--1980 c 177) and 1980 c 177 s 93; 19 (50) RCW 74.46.901 (Effective dates--1983 1st ex.s. c 67; 1980 c 20 21 177) and 1983 1st ex.s. c 67 s 49, 1981 1st ex.s. c 2 s 10, & 1980 c 22 177 s 94; 23 (51) RCW 74.46.902 (Section captions--1980 c 177) and 1980 c 177 s 24 89; 25 (52) RCW 74.46.905 (Severability--1983 1st ex.s. c 67) and 1983 1st 26 ex.s. c 67 s 43; and 27 (53) RCW 74.46.906 (Effective date--1998 c 322 §§ 1-37, 40-49, and 28 52-54) and 1998 c 322 s 55.

29 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 21.** This act is necessary for the immediate 30 preservation of the public peace, health, or safety, or support of the 31 state government and its existing public institutions, and takes effect 32 July 1, 2010."

PULLED 04/12/2010

On page 1, line 1 of the title, after "payments;" strike the 1 2 remainder of the title and insert "amending RCW 74.46.010, 74.46.020, 3 74.46.431, 74.46.435, 74.46.437, 74.46.439, 74.46.475, 74.46.485, 4 74.46.496, 74.46.501, 74.46.506, 74.46.508, 74.46.511, 74.46.515, 74.46.521, 74.46.835, and 74.46.800; adding new sections to chapter 5 74.46 RCW; repealing RCW 74.46.030, 74.46.040, 74.46.050, 74.46.060, 6 7 74.46.080, 74.46.090, 74.46.100, 74.46.155, 74.46.165, 74.46.190, 8 74.46.200, 74.46.220, 74.46.230, 74.46.240, 74.46.250, 74.46.270, 74.46.300, 74.46.280, 74.46.290, 74.46.310, 74.46.320, 74.46.330, 9 74.46.340, 74.46.350, 74.46.360, 74.46.370, 74.46.380, 74.46.390, 10 74.46.410, 74.46.433, 74.46.445, 74.46.533, 74.46.600, 74.46.610, 11 74.46.625, 74.46.630, 12 74.46.620, 74.46.640, 74.46.650, 74.46.660, 13 74.46.680, 74.46.690, 74.46.700, 74.46.711, 74.46.770, 74.46.780, 74.46.790, 74.46.820, 74.46.900, 74.46.901, 74.46.902, 74.46.905, and 14 74.46.906; providing an effective date; and declaring an emergency." 15

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