CERTIFICATION OF ENROLLMENT

SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 1011

61st Legislature 2009 Regular Session

Passed by the House March 3, 2009 Yeas 96 Nays 1

Speaker of the House of Representatives

Passed by the Senate April 2, 2009 Yeas 41 Nays 4

President of the Senate

Approved

CERTIFICATE

I, Barbara Baker, Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives of the State of Washington, do hereby certify that the attached is **SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 1011** as passed by the House of Representatives and the Senate on the dates hereon set forth.

Chief Clerk

FILED

Secretary of State State of Washington

Governor of the State of Washington

## SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 1011

Passed Legislature - 2009 Regular Session

## State of Washington 61st Legislature 2009 Regular Session

**By** House Technology, Energy & Communications (originally sponsored by Representatives Morris, Chase, Hasegawa, Kagi, Darneille, Upthegrove, Hudgins, and Moeller)

READ FIRST TIME 02/19/09.

1 AN ACT Relating to regulating the use of identification devices; 2 amending RCW 19.300.010; adding new sections to chapter 19.300 RCW; and 3 creating a new section.

4 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

5 Sec. 1. RCW 19.300.010 and 2008 c 138 s 2 are each amended to read 6 as follows:

7 The definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter 8 unless the context clearly requires otherwise.

9 (1) <u>"Affiliate" means any company that controls, is controlled by,</u> 10 <u>or is under common control with another company. Affiliate may also</u> 11 <u>include a supplier, distributor, business partner, or any entity that</u> 12 <u>effects, administers, or enforces a government or business transaction.</u>

13 (2) "Identification device" means an item that uses radio frequency 14 identification technology or facial recognition technology.

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- ((<del>(2)</del>)) <u>(3) "Issued" means either:</u>
- 16 (a) To have provided the identification device to a person; or

(b) To have placed, requested the placement, or be the intended
 beneficiary of the placement of, the identification device in a
 product, product packaging, or product inventory mechanism.

(4) "Person" means a natural person who resides in Washington.

2 (((3))) (5) "Personal information" has the same meaning as in RCW 3 19.255.010.

4 (((4) "Data" means personal information, numerical values
5 associated with a person's facial features, or unique personal
6 identifier numbers stored on an identification device.

7 (5))) (6) "Radio frequency identification" means ((a technology 8 that uses radio waves to transmit data remotely to readers)) the use of 9 electromagnetic radiating waves or reactive field coupling in the radio 10 frequency portion of the spectrum to communicate to or from a tag 11 through a variety of modulation and encoding schemes to uniquely read 12 the identity of a radio frequency tag or other data stored on it.

13 ((<del>(6) "Reader" means a scanning device that is capable of using</del> 14 radio waves to communicate with an identification device and read the 15 data transmitted by that identification device.))

16 (7) "Remotely <u>reading</u>" means that no physical contact <u>is required</u> 17 between the identification device and the ((<del>reader is necessary in</del> 18 <del>order to transmit</del>)) <u>mechanical device that captures</u> data.

19 (8) "Unique personal identifier number" means a randomly assigned 20 string of numbers or symbols that is encoded on the identification 21 device and is intended to identify the identification device.

22 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 2. A new section is added to chapter 19.300 RCW 23 to read as follows:

(1) Except as provided in subsection (2) of this section, a governmental or business entity may not remotely read an identification device using radio frequency identification technology for commercial purposes, unless that governmental or business entity, or one of their affiliates, is the same governmental or business entity that issued the identification device.

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(2) This section does not apply to the following:

31 (a) Remotely reading or storing data from an identification device 32 as part of a commercial transaction initiated by the person in 33 possession of the identification device;

34 (b) Remotely reading or storing data from an identification device 35 for triage or medical care during a disaster and immediate 36 hospitalization or immediate outpatient care directly relating to a 37 disaster;

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(c) Remotely reading or storing data from an identification device
 by an emergency responder or health care professional for reasons
 relating to the health or safety of that person;

4 (d) Remotely reading or storing data from a person's identification
5 device issued to a patient for emergency purposes;

6 (e) Remotely reading or storing data from an identification device 7 of a person pursuant to court-ordered electronic monitoring;

or a

8 (f) Remotely reading or storing data from an identification device 9 of a person who is incarcerated in a correctional institution, juvenile 10 detention facility, or mental health facility;

(g) Remotely reading or storing data from an identification device by law enforcement or government personnel who need to read a lost identification device when the owner is unavailable for notice, knowledge, or consent, or those parties specifically authorized by law enforcement or government personnel for the limited purpose of reading a lost identification device when the owner is unavailable for notice, knowledge, or consent;

(h) Remotely reading or storing data from an identification device by law enforcement personnel who need to read a person's identification device after an accident in which the person is unavailable for notice, knowledge, or consent;

(i) Remotely reading or storing data from an identification device by a person or entity that in the course of operating its own identification device system collects data from another identification device, provided that the inadvertently received data comports with all of the following:

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(i) The data is not disclosed to any other party;

28 (ii) The data is not used for any purpose; and

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(iii) The data is not stored or is promptly destroyed;

30 (j) Remotely reading or storing data from a person's identification 31 device in the course of an act of good faith security research, 32 experimentation, or scientific inquiry including, but not limited to, 33 activities useful in identifying and analyzing security flaws and 34 vulnerabilities;

35 (k) Remotely reading or storing data from an identification device 36 by law enforcement personnel who need to scan a person's identification 37 device pursuant to a search warrant; and

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(1) Remotely reading or storing data from an identification device
 by a business if it is necessary to complete a transaction.

3 (3) The legislature finds that the practices covered by this 4 section are matters vitally affecting the public interest for the 5 purpose of applying the consumer protection act, chapter 19.86 RCW. A 6 violation of this chapter is not reasonable in relation to the 7 development and preservation of business and is an unfair or deceptive 8 act in trade or commerce and an unfair method of competition for the 9 purpose of applying the consumer protection act, chapter 19.86 RCW.

10 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 3. A new section is added to chapter 19.300 RCW 11 to read as follows:

12 The office of the attorney general shall, on an annual basis, make 13 recommendations to the legislature on other personally invasive 14 technologies that may warrant further legislative action.

15 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 4. If any provision of this act is found to be 16 in conflict with federal law or regulations, the conflicting provision 17 of this act is declared to be inoperative solely to the extent of the 18 conflict, and that finding or determination shall not affect the 19 operation of the remainder of this act.

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