CERTIFICATION OF ENROLLMENT

## SECOND SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 2481

61st Legislature 2010 Regular Session

Passed by the House March 6, 2010 Yeas 94 Nays 1

Speaker of the House of Representatives

Passed by the Senate March 3, 2010 Yeas 47 Nays 0

President of the Senate

Approved

CERTIFICATE

I, Barbara Baker, Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives of the State of Washington, do hereby certify that the attached is **SECOND SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 2481** as passed by the House of Representatives and the Senate on the dates hereon set forth.

Chief Clerk

FILED

Secretary of State State of Washington

Governor of the State of Washington

## SECOND SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 2481

## AS AMENDED BY THE SENATE

Passed Legislature - 2010 Regular Session

## State of Washington 61st Legislature 2010 Regular Session

**By** House General Government Appropriations (originally sponsored by Representatives Van De Wege, Kretz, Blake, Hinkle, Ormsby, Dunshee, McCoy, Eddy, Upthegrove, Carlyle, Haler, Morrell, Warnick, and Kessler; by request of Commissioner of Public Lands)

READ FIRST TIME 02/09/10.

AN ACT Relating to the department of natural resources authority to enter into forest biomass supply agreements; amending RCW 79.02.010, 43.30.020, 76.06.180, 79.15.100, 79.15.220, 79.15.510, and 79.15.510; adding a new chapter to Title 79 RCW; creating a new section; providing an effective date; and providing expiration dates.

6 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

NEW SECTION. 7 **Sec. 1.** The legislature finds that the utilization of forest biomass materials located on state lands will assist in 8 9 achieving the purposes of the forest biomass energy demonstration project under RCW 43.30.835, facilitate and support the emerging forest 10 11 biomass market and clean energy economy, and enable the department to encourage biomass energy development on state trust lands for the trust 12 13 land's potential long-term benefits to trust beneficiaries. The legislature finds that biomass utilization on state forest lands must 14 15 be accomplished in a manner that retains organic components of the 16 forest necessary to restore or sustain forest ecological functions.

17 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 2. (1) The department may maintain a list of 18 all potential sources of forest biomass on state lands for the purposes

of identifying and making forest biomass, as defined in RCW 79.02.010, 1 2 available for sale, exploration, collection, processing, storage, 3 stockpiling, and conversion into energy, biofuels, for use in a 4 biorefinery, or any other similar use. Prior to entering an agreement authorized by section 3(1) or 4 of this act, the department shall 5 complete an inventory of the available biomass in the area that will be б 7 subject to the agreement, except that no inventory will be required as 8 a prerequisite for demonstration projects authorized pursuant to RCW 9 The inventory must contain, at a minimum, an estimated 43.30.835. 10 amount of the forest biomass available in the area that will be subject 11 to the agreement and a determination of the ecological and operational 12 sustainability of the volumetric limit established by the agreement 13 under section 3(5) of this act.

(2) The data developed for each inventoried area will be compiled 14 for the list authorized by this section. In order to utilize the list 15 to limit or terminate any agreement authorized under this act, the 16 17 department must determine that the overall supply of forest biomass in 18 a region or watershed has been reduced to a point such that further 19 exploration and collection of forest biomass may not be ecologically or 20 operationally sustainable or might otherwise threaten long-term forest 21 health.

22 NEW SECTION. Sec. 3. (1) The department is authorized to enter 23 forest biomass supply contracts on terms and conditions acceptable to 24 the department for terms of up to five years, except as provided in 25 subsection (4) of this section, for the purpose of providing a supply 26 of forest biomass during the term of the contract except as the term of the contract may be limited under subsection (2) of this section, 27 provided that such a contract must terminate automatically upon the 28 29 removal of the agreed volume of biomass and the completion of other 30 conditions of the contract.

(2) The department may authorize the sale of forest biomass in a contract for the sale of valuable materials under chapter 79.15 RCW provided that the department complies with the provisions of this chapter and: (a) Requires a separate bid and selects an apparent highest bidder for the forest biomass separately from the sale of valuable materials; (b) expressly includes forest biomass as an element of the sale of the valuable materials to be sold in the sales contract;

1 or (c) a combination of (a) and (b) of this subsection. The term of 2 the contract for the removal of biomass, if the sale is made in 3 conformance with this subsection, must not exceed the term of the 4 contract for valuable materials sold under chapter 79.15 RCW.

5 (3) The department may: (a) Enter into direct sales contracts for 6 forest biomass, without public auction, based upon procedures adopted 7 by the board to ensure competitive market prices and accountability; or 8 (b) enter into contracts for forest biomass at public auction or by 9 sealed bid to the highest bidder in a manner consistent with the sale 10 procedures established for the sale of valuable materials in chapter 11 79.15 RCW or as may be adopted by the board.

12 (4) In the event a contracting entity makes a qualifying capital 13 investment of fifty million dollars or more, the department may enter into an agreement for up to fifteen years. Such an agreement must 14 include provisions that are periodically adjusted for market 15 In addition, the conditions of the contract must include 16 conditions. 17 provisions that allow the department, when in the best interest of 18 trust beneficiaries, to maintain the availability of biomass resources 19 on state lands to existing pulp and paper operations or other existing biomass processing operations that are using such resources, in 20 21 quantities typical for the period of five years preceding the effective 22 date of this section. For the purposes of this section, "qualifying capital investment" means a planned and committed investment at the 23 24 time the contract is set with the requirement that at least fifty million dollars be invested before the removal of any biomass under the 25 26 contract.

27 (5) The department must specify in each contract an annual volumetric limit of the total cubic volume or tons of forest biomass to 28 be supplied from a specific unit, geographically delineated area, or 29 30 region within a watershed or watersheds on an ecologically and operationally sustainable basis. The department shall adopt general 31 32 procedures for making the biomass supply availability determinations 33 under this subsection. The procedures must be written to ensure that biomass utilization on forest lands managed by the department is 34 35 accomplished in a manner that retains organic components of the forest 36 necessary to restore or sustain forest ecological functions. The 37 department shall develop utilization standards and operational methods 38 in recognition of the variability of on-site conditions. The

department may unilaterally amend the volume to be supplied by providing the contracting party with a minimum of six months notice prior to reducing the contract volume to be supplied if the department determines, under section 2 of this act, that the available supply has been reduced to a point such that further removal of forest biomass may not be ecologically or operationally sustainable or may adversely affect long-term forest health.

8 (6) At the expiration of the contract term, the department may renew the contract for up to three additional five year periods on 9 10 terms and conditions acceptable to the department, if the department (a) An ecologically and operationally sustainable supply of 11 finds: 12 forest biomass is available for the term of the contract; (b) the 13 payment under the contract represents the fair market value at the time 14 of the renewal; and (c) the purchaser agrees to the estimated amount of biomass material available. 15

(7) Where the department sells forest biomass in a contract for 16 17 sale of valuable materials under subsection (2) of this section, any valuable material conveyed as timber in such a contract must count 18 19 toward the achievement of annual or decadal targets developed in the sustainable timber harvest calculation required by RCW 79.10.320, or 20 21 similar targets for timber harvest volume, even where the purchaser 22 uses that material as a biomass energy feedstock. All other biomass 23 volume conveyed as authorized in this chapter must not be counted 24 toward such sustainable timber harvest targets.

(8) All contractors and their operations authorized under this
 section shall comply with all applicable state and federal laws and
 regulations.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 4. The department is authorized to lease state 28 29 lands for the purpose of the sale, exploration, collection, processing, stockpiling, and conversion of biomass into energy 30 storage, or biofuels, the development of a biorefinery, or for any other resource 31 32 use derived from biomass if the department is able to obtain a fair market rental return to the state or the appropriate constitutional or 33 34 statutory trust and if the lease is in the best interest of the state 35 and the affected trust, as follows:

36 (1) Leases authorized under this chapter may be entered into by

public auction, in accordance with the provisions of RCW 79.13.140, or public auction.

3 (2) All leases must contain such terms and conditions as may be 4 prescribed by the department in accordance with the provision of this 5 act and to ensure that removal of forest biomass is ecologically and 6 operationally sustainable. Leases authorized under this act may be for 7 a term of no more than fifty years.

8 (3) For leases that involve the development of biomass processing, biofuel manufacturing, or biomass energy production facilities, the 9 10 department may include provisions for reduced rent until an approved plan of development is completed and the facility is operational, 11 12 provided that provisions are included to require: (a) Adequate assurances to protect the department's interest in a future rental 13 14 income stream; (b) the demonstration of reasonable progress consistent with an approved plan of development; and (c) a lump sum payment to the 15 department in the amount of the difference between the fair market rent 16 and the reduced rent, if the approved plan of development is not 17 18 completed in the time required in the plan.

19 (4) The department may require the payment of production rent or other compensation for the use of the land and biomass materials on the 20 21 If the department is not entering a supply contract under land. 22 section 3 of this act for any forest biomass to be supplied for the 23 lease purposes from the leased land, then the department must require 24 a royalty payment for the contribution to value of any product created by the lessee that is associated with forest biomass removed from the 25 26 leased land in an amount fixed by the board.

(5) All lessees and their operations authorized under this section shall comply with all applicable state and federal laws and regulations.

30 Sec. 5. (1) For the purpose of improving forest NEW SECTION. 31 health on state trust lands, and to better clarify the relationship of forest biomass with the by-products of forest health and fuel reduction 32 treatments that have been traditionally utilized for other products, 33 34 the department of natural resources shall evaluate how the supply 35 agreements in sections 3 and 4 of this act could be utilized to sustain 36 or create rural jobs and timber manufacturing infrastructure, and to sell state timber to traditional types of timber purchasers. 37 The

department shall report its findings to the appropriate committees of 1 2 the legislature by December 15, 2010, and the evaluation must at a 3 minimum identify how such supply agreements could:

4 (a) Ensure the department of natural resources meets its fiduciary 5 responsibility to the state's trust beneficiaries;

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(b) Restore or sustain a competitive market for state timber sales; 7 (c) Generate returns for the trust that are commensurate with 8 fluctuating market prices; and

9 (d) Ensure environmental compliance with all pertinent state and 10 federal laws, and provide for ecologically and operationally sustainable biomass removal. 11

12 (2) For the purposes of proving the concepts evaluated in this 13 section, the department may, in addition to the authorities granted in 14 section 3 of this act, establish a five-year forest health and fuel reduction supply agreement demonstration project. Solicitation of 15 private industry partners for such a project must be competitive, must 16 17 focus on areas where traditional forest products manufacturing infrastructure and rural jobs have been lost, and should consider 18 prioritizing partners utilizing materials for both traditional forest 19 products and biomass energy conversion. 20

21 Sec. 6. RCW 79.02.010 and 2004 c 199 s 201 are each amended to 22 read as follows:

The definitions in this section apply throughout this title unless 23 24 the context clearly requires otherwise.

25 (1) "Aquatic lands" means all state-owned tidelands, shorelands, 26 harbor areas, and the beds of navigable waters as defined in ((chapter 27 79.90)) RCW 79.105.060 that are administered by the department.

(2) "Board" means the board of natural resources.

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(3) "Commissioner" means the commissioner of public lands.

(4) "Community and technical college forest reserve lands" means 30 lands managed under RCW 79.02.420. 31

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(5) "Department" means the department of natural resources.

33 (6) "Improvements" means anything considered a fixture in law 34 placed upon or attached to lands administered by the department that 35 has changed the value of the lands or any changes in the previous 36 condition of the fixtures that changes the value of the lands.

(7) "Land bank lands" means lands acquired under RCW 79.19.020. 37

(8) "Person" means an individual, partnership, corporation,
 association, organization, cooperative, public or municipal
 corporation, or agency of a federal, state, or local governmental unit,
 however designated.

5 (9) "Public lands" means lands of the state of Washington 6 administered by the department including but not limited to state 7 lands, state forest lands, and aquatic lands.

8 (10) "State forest lands" means lands acquired under RCW 79.22.010,
 9 79.22.040, and 79.22.020.

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(11) "State lands" includes:

11 (a) School lands, that is, lands held in trust for the support of 12 the common schools;

13 (b) University lands, that is, lands held in trust for university 14 purposes;

15 (c) Agricultural college lands, that is, lands held in trust for 16 the use and support of agricultural colleges;

(d) Scientific school lands, that is, lands held in trust for theestablishment and maintenance of a scientific school;

19 (e) Normal school lands, that is, lands held in trust for state 20 normal schools;

(f) Capitol building lands, that is, lands held in trust for the purpose of erecting public buildings at the state capital for legislative, executive, and judicial purposes;

(g) Institutional lands, that is, lands held in trust for statecharitable, educational, penal, and reformatory institutions; and

(h) Land bank, escheat, donations, and all other lands, except
aquatic lands, administered by the department that are not devoted to
or reserved for a particular use by law.

(12) "Valuable materials" means any product or material on the lands, such as forest products, forage or agricultural crops, stone, gravel, sand, peat, and all other materials of value except: (a) <u>Mineral, coal, petroleum, and gas as provided for under chapter 79.14</u> RCW; and (b) forest biomass as provided for under chapter 79.-- RCW (the new chapter created in section 14 of this act).

35 (13)(a) "Forest biomass" means the by-products of: Current forest 36 management activities; current forest protection treatments prescribed 37 or permitted under chapter 76.04 RCW; or the by-products of forest 38 health treatment prescribed or permitted under chapter 76.06 RCW.

1	(b) "Forest biomass" does not include wood pieces that have been
2	treated with chemical preservatives such as: Creosote,
3	pentachlorophenol, or copper-chrome-arsenic; wood from existing old
4	growth forests; wood required to be left on-site under chapter 76.09
5	RCW, the state forest practices act; and implementing rules, and other
6	legal and contractual requirements; or municipal solid waste.
7	Sec. 7. RCW 43.30.020 and 2009 c 163 s 6 are each amended to read
8	as follows:
9	The definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter
10	unless the context clearly requires otherwise.
11	(1) "Administrator" means the administrator of the department of
12	natural resources.
13	(2) "Agency" and "state agency" means any branch, department, or
14	unit of the state government, however designated or constituted.
15	(3) "Board" means the board of natural resources.
16	(4) "Commissioner" means the commissioner of public lands.
17	(5) "Department" means the department of natural resources.
18	(6) (( <del>"Forest biomass" means the by-products of: Current forest</del>
19	practices prescribed or permitted under chapter 76.09 RCW; current
20	forest protection treatments prescribed or permitted under chapter
21	76.04 RCW; or the by-products of forest health treatments prescribed or
22	permitted under chapter 76.06 RCW. "Forest biomass" does not include
23	wood pieces that have been treated with chemical preservatives such as:
24	Creosote, pentachlorophenol, or copper-chrome-arsenic; wood from old
25	growth forests, except wood removed for forest health treatments under
26	chapter 76.06 RCW and RCW 79.15.540; wood required by chapter 76.09 RCW
27	for large woody debris recruitment; or municipal solid waste.
28	(7)) "Supervisor" means the supervisor of natural resources.
29	<b>Sec. 8.</b> RCW 76.06.180 and 2007 c 480 s 7 are each amended to read
30	as follows:
31	(1) Prior to issuing a forest health hazard warning or forest

(1) Prior to issuing a forest health hazard warning or forest health hazard order, the commissioner shall consider the findings and recommendations of the forest health technical advisory committee and shall consult with county government officials, forest landowners and forest land managers, consulting foresters, and other interested parties to gather information on the threat, opportunities or constraints on treatment options, and other information they may
 provide. The commissioner, or a designee, shall conduct a public
 hearing in a county within the geographical area being considered.

4 (2) The commissioner of public lands may issue a forest health 5 hazard warning when he or she deems such action is necessary to manage 6 the development of a threat to forest health or address an existing 7 threat to forest health. A decision to issue a forest health hazard 8 warning may be based on existing forest stand conditions and:

9 (a) The presence of an uncharacteristic insect or disease outbreak 10 that has or is likely to (i) spread to multiple forest ownerships and 11 cause extensive damage to forests; or (ii) significantly increase 12 forest fuel that is likely to further the spread of uncharacteristic 13 fire;

(b) When, due to extensive physical damage from wind or ice storm or other cause, there are (i) insect populations building up to large scale levels; or (ii) significantly increased forest fuels that are likely to further the spread of uncharacteristic fire; or

18 (c) When otherwise determined by the commissioner to be 19 appropriate.

20 (3) The commissioner of public lands may issue a forest health 21 hazard order when he or she deems such action is necessary to address 22 a significant threat to forest health. A decision to issue a forest 23 health hazard order may be based on existing forest stand conditions 24 and:

(a) The presence of an uncharacteristic insect or disease outbreak
that has (i) spread to multiple forest ownerships and has caused and is
likely to continue to cause extensive damage to forests; or (ii)
significantly increased forest fuels that are likely to further the
spread of uncharacteristic fire;

30 (b) When, due to extensive physical damage from wind or ice storm 31 or other cause (i) insect populations are causing extensive damage to 32 forests; or (ii) significantly increased forest fuels are likely to 33 further the spread of uncharacteristic fire;

34 (c) Insufficient landowner action under a forest health hazard 35 warning; or

36 (d) When otherwise determined by the commissioner to be 37 appropriate.

(4) A forest health hazard warning or forest health hazard order 1 2 shall be issued by use of a commissioner's order. General notice of the commissioner's order shall be published in a newspaper of general 3 circulation in each county within the area covered by the order and on 4 5 the department's web site. The order shall specify the boundaries of the area affected, including federal and tribal lands, the forest stand б 7 conditions that would make a parcel subject to the provisions of the 8 order, and the actions landowners or land managers should take to If the forest health hazard warning or order 9 reduce the hazard. 10 relates to land managed by the department, the warning or order may also contain provisions for the department's utilization of any forest 11 biomass pursuant to chapter 79.-- RCW (the new chapter created in 12 13 section 14 of this act).

14 (5) Written notice of a forest health hazard warning or forest 15 health hazard order shall be provided to forest landowners of 16 specifically affected property.

17 (a) The notice shall set forth:

18 (i) The reasons for the action;

19 (ii) The boundaries of the area affected, including federal and 20 tribal lands;

(iii) Suggested actions that should be taken by the forest landowner under a forest health hazard warning or the actions that must be taken by a forest landowner under a forest health hazard order;

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(iv) The time within which such actions should or must be taken;

(v) How to obtain information or technical assistance on forest
 health conditions and treatment options;

(vi) The right to request mitigation under subsection (6) of this
section and appeal under subsection (7) of this section;

29 (vii) These requirements are advisory only for federal and tribal 30 lands.

(b) The notice shall be served by personal service or by mail to the latest recorded real property owner, as shown by the records of the county recording officer as defined in RCW 65.08.060. Service by mail is effective on the date of mailing. Proof of service shall be by affidavit or declaration under penalty of perjury.

(6) Forest landowners who have been issued a forest health hazard
 order under subsection (5) of this section may apply to the department
 for the remission or mitigation of such order. The application shall

be made to the department within fifteen days after notice of the order 1 2 has been served. Upon receipt of the application, the department may remit or mitigate the order upon whatever terms the department in its 3 discretion deems proper, provided the department deems the remission or 4 5 mitigation to be in the best interests of carrying out the purposes of this chapter. The department may ascertain the facts regarding all б 7 such applications in such reasonable manner and under such rule as it 8 deems proper.

9 (7) Forest landowners who have been issued a forest health hazard 10 order under subsection (5) of this section may appeal the order to the 11 forest practices appeals board.

(a) The appeal shall be filed within thirty days after notice of the order has been served, unless application for mitigation has been made to the department. When such an application for mitigation is made, such appeal shall be filed within thirty days after notice of the disposition of the application for mitigation has been served.

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(b) The appeal must set forth:

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(i) The name and mailing address of the appellant;

19 (ii) The name and mailing address of the appellant's attorney, if 20 any;

(iii) A duplicate copy of the forest health hazard order;

(iv) A separate and concise statement of each error alleged to havebeen committed;

(v) A concise statement of facts upon which the appellant relies tosustain the statement of error; and

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(vi) A statement of the relief requested.

27 (8) A forest health hazard order issued under subsection (5) of this section is effective thirty days after date of service unless 28 application for remission or mitigation is made or an appeal is filed. 29 When an application for remission or mitigation is made, the order is 30 effective thirty days after notice setting forth the disposition of the 31 32 application is served unless an appeal is filed from such disposition. Whenever an appeal of the order is filed, the order shall become 33 effective only upon completion of all administrative and judicial 34 35 review proceedings and the issuance of a final decision confirming the 36 order in whole or in part.

(9) Upon written request, the department may certify as adequate a
 forest health management plan developed by a forest landowner, before

or in response to a forest health hazard warning or forest health hazard order, if the plan is likely to achieve the desired result and the terms of the plan are being diligently followed by the forest landowner. The certification of adequacy shall be determined by the department in its sole discretion, and be provided to the requestor in writing.

7 **Sec. 9.** RCW 79.15.100 and 2004 c 177 s 5 are each amended to read 8 as follows:

9 (1) Valuable materials may be sold separately from the land as a 10 "lump sum sale" or as a "scale sale."

11 (a) "Lump sum sale" means any sale offered with a single total 12 price applying to all the material conveyed.

13 (b) "Scale sale" means any sale offered with per unit prices to be 14 applied to the material conveyed.

15 (2) Payment for lump sum sales must be made as follows:

16 (a) Lump sum sales under five thousand dollars appraised value17 require full payment on the day of sale.

(b) Lump sum sales appraised at over five thousand dollars but
under one hundred thousand dollars may require full payment on the day
of sale.

(c) Lump sum sales requiring full payment on the day of sale may be paid in cash or by certified check, cashier's check, bank draft, or money order, all payable to the department.

(3) Except for sales paid in full on the day of sale or sales with
adequate bid bonds, an initial deposit not to exceed twenty-five
percent of the actual or projected purchase price shall be made on the
day of sale.

(a) Sales with bid bonds are subject to the day of sale payment and
 replacement requirements prescribed by RCW 79.15.110.

30 (b) The initial deposit must be maintained until all contract 31 obligations of the purchaser are satisfied. However, all or a portion 32 of the initial deposit may be applied as the final payment for the 33 valuable materials in the event the department determines that adequate 34 security exists for the performance or fulfillment of any remaining 35 obligations of the purchaser under the sale contract.

36 (4) Advance payments or other adequate security acceptable to the

1 department is required for valuable materials sold on a scale sale 2 basis or a lump sum sale not requiring full payment on the day of sale.

3 (a) The purchaser must notify the department before any operation4 takes place on the sale site.

5 (b) Upon notification as provided in (a) of this subsection, the 6 department must require advanced payment or may allow purchasers to 7 submit adequate security.

8 (c) The amount of advanced payments or security must be determined 9 by the department and must at all times equal or exceed the value of 10 timber cut and other valuable materials processed or removed until paid 11 for.

12 (d) Security may be bank letters of credit, payment bonds, 13 assignments of savings accounts, assignments of certificates of 14 deposit, or other methods acceptable to the department as adequate 15 security.

16 (5) All valuable material must be removed from the sale area within 17 the period specified in the contract.

(a) The specified period may not exceed five years from date of
 purchase except for stone, sand, gravel, fill material, or building
 stone.

(b) The specified period for stone, sand, gravel, fill material, orbuilding stone may not exceed thirty years.

(c) In all cases, any valuable material not removed from the land within the period specified in the contract reverts to the state. <u>The</u> <u>department may utilize any remaining forest biomass in accordance with</u> <u>chapter 79.-- RCW (the new chapter created in section 14 of this act).</u>

(6) The department may extend a contract beyond the normal termination date specified in the sale contract as the time for removal of valuable materials when, in the department's judgment, the purchaser is acting in good faith and endeavoring to remove the materials. The extension is contingent upon payment of the fees specified below.

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(a) The extended time for removal shall not exceed:

33 (i) Forty years from date of purchase for stone, sand, gravel, fill 34 material, or building stone;

35 (ii) A total of ten years beyond the original termination date for36 all other valuable materials.

37 (b) An extension fee fixed by the department will be charged based38 on the estimated loss of income per acre to the state resulting from

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1 the granting of the extension plus interest on the unpaid portion of 2 the contract. The board must periodically fix and adopt by rule the 3 interest rate, which shall not be less than six percent per annum.

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(c) The sale contract shall specify:

5 (i) The applicable rate of interest as fixed at the day of sale and 6 the maximum extension payment; and

7 (ii) The method for calculating the unpaid portion of the contract8 upon which interest is paid.

9 (d) The minimum extension fee is fifty dollars per extension plus 10 interest on the unpaid portion of the contract.

(e) Moneys received for any extension must be credited to the same fund in the state treasury as was credited the original purchase price of the valuable material sold.

14 (7) The department may, in addition to any other securities, 15 require a performance security to guarantee compliance with all 16 contract requirements. The security is limited to those types listed 17 in subsection (4) of this section. The value of the performance 18 security will, at all times, equal or exceed the value of work 19 performed or to be performed by the purchaser.

(8) The department does not need to comply with the provisions of this chapter for forest biomass except as described in the provisions of chapter 79.-- RCW (the new chapter created in section 14 of this act). Forest biomass may not be included in any sales contract authorized under this chapter unless the department has complied with the provisions of chapter 79.-- RCW (the new chapter created in section 14 of this act).

27 (9) The provisions of this section apply unless otherwise provided 28 by statute.

29 Sec. 10. RCW 79.15.220 and 2001 c 250 s 14 are each amended to 30 read as follows:

When the department finds valuable materials on state land that are damaged by fire, wind, flood, or from any other cause, it shall determine if the salvage of the damaged valuable materials is in the best interest of the trust for which the land is held, which may include the salvage of forest biomass under chapter 79.-- RCW (the new chapter created in section 14 of this act). If salvaging the valuable materials is in the best interest of the trust, the department shall 1 proceed to offer the valuable materials for sale. The valuable 2 materials, when offered for sale, must be sold in the most expeditious 3 and efficient manner as determined by the department. In determining 4 if the sale is in the best interest of the trust the department shall 5 consider the net value of the valuable materials and relevant elements 6 of the physical and social environment.

7 **Sec. 11.** RCW 79.15.510 and 2009 c 418 s 2 are each amended to read 8 as follows:

9 (1) The department may establish a contract harvesting program for 10 directly contracting for the removal of timber and other valuable 11 materials from state lands and for conducting silvicultural treatments 12 consistent with RCW 79.15.540.

(2) The contract requirements must be compatible with the office offinancial management's guide to public service contracts.

15 (3) The department may not use contract harvesting for more than 16 twenty percent of the total annual volume of timber offered for sale. 17 However, volume removed primarily to address an identified forest health issue under RCW 79.15.540 may not be included in calculating the 18 ((ten [twenty] percent)) annual limit of contract harvesting sales. 19 20 Forest biomass resulting from harvesting to address an identified 21 forest health issue under RCW 79.15.540 may be utilized in accordance 22 with chapter 79.-- RCW (the new chapter created in section 14 of this 23 act).

24 **Sec. 12.** RCW 79.15.510 and 2004 c 218 s 6 are each amended to read 25 as follows:

(1) The department may establish a contract harvesting program for
 directly contracting for the removal of timber and other valuable
 materials from state lands and for conducting silvicultural treatments
 consistent with RCW 79.15.540.

30 (2) The contract requirements must be compatible with the office of31 financial management's guide to public service contracts.

32 (3) The department may not use contract harvesting for more than 33 ten percent of the total annual volume of timber offered for sale. 34 However, volume removed primarily to address an identified forest 35 health issue under RCW 79.15.540 may not be included in calculating the 36 ((ten percent)) annual limit of contract harvesting sales. <u>Forest</u>

biomass resulting from harvesting to address an identified forest health issue under RCW 79.15.540 may be utilized in accordance with

3 chapter 79.-- RCW (the new chapter created in section 14 of this act).

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 13. The department of natural resources must conduct a survey of scientific literature regarding the carbon neutrality of forest biomass. The department must submit the survey results with any findings and recommendations to the appropriate committees of the legislature by December 15, 2010.

9 This section expires January 1, 2011.

10 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 14. Sections 1 through 5 of this act constitute 11 a new chapter in Title 79 RCW.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 15. Section 11 of this act expires January 1,
2014.

14 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 16. Section 12 of this act takes effect January 15 1, 2014.

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