SENATE BILL 6370

State of Washington 61st Legislature 2010 Regular Session

By Senators Berkey, Benton, Hobbs, and Shin; by request of Department of Financial Institutions

Read first time 01/13/10. Referred to Committee on Financial Institutions, Housing & Insurance.

1 Relating to state-chartered commercial banks, trust AN ACT 2. companies, savings banks, and their holding companies; amending RCW 30.04.010, 30.04.020, 30.04.030, 30.04.050, 30.04.060, 30.04.070, 3 4 30.04.075, 30.04.111, 30.04.127, 30.04.215, 30.04.217, 30.04.450, 30.12.040, 5 30.04.455, 30.04.460, 30.04.470, 30.04.475, 30.12.042, 6 30.12.044, 30.12.047, 30.12.070, 30.12.090, 30.12.100, 30.12.190, 7 30.12.240, 30.44.010, 30.44.020, 30.44.030, 30.44.100, 30.44.110, 30.44.160, 30.44.270, 30.46.010, 8 32.04.020, 32.04.070, 32.04.100, 9 32.04.110, 32.04.211, 32.04.220, 32.04.250, 32.04.260, 32.04.270, 32.04.290, 32.08.153, 32.16.090, 10 32.16.093, 32.16.095, 32.16.097, 11 32.16.140, 32.20.285, 32.24.040, 32.24.050, 32.24.060, 32.24.070, 12 32.24.080, and 32.24.090; adding a new section to chapter 23B.01 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 23B.14 RCW; adding a new section to 13 14 chapter 30.12 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 32.04 RCW; adding a 15 new section to chapter 32.08 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 32.16 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 32.24 RCW; adding a new chapter to 16 17 Title 32 RCW; repealing RCW 30.04.310; prescribing penalties; and 18 declaring an emergency.

19 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

p. 1 SB 6370

NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. A new section is added to chapter 23B.01 RCW to read as follows:

For those corporations that have a certificate of authority, are applying for, or intend to apply for a certificate of authority from the department of financial institutions as a bank, trust company, or the holding company thereof, under Title 30 RCW, or as a savings bank or holding company thereof, under Title 32 RCW, or for any other corporation or other entity which is or purports to be a bank, savings bank, savings and loan association, trust company, industrial loan bank, credit union, bank holding company, financial services holding company, or savings and loan holding company, whenever under this chapter corporate records are required to be filed with the secretary of state, the records shall be filed with the department of financial institutions.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. A new section is added to chapter 23B.14 RCW to read as follows:

For any corporation or other entity that has, is applying for, or intends to apply for a certificate of authority from the department of financial institutions as a bank, trust company, or the holding company thereof, under Title 30 RCW, or as a savings bank or holding company thereof, under Title 32 RCW, or for any other corporation or other entity which is or purports to be a bank, savings bank, savings and loan association, trust company, industrial loan bank, credit union, bank holding company, financial holding company, or savings and loan holding company, whenever under this chapter corporate records are required to be filed with the secretary of state, the records shall be filed with the department of financial institutions.

Sec. 3. RCW 30.04.010 and 1997 c 101 s 3 are each amended to read 29 as follows:

Unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the definitions in this section apply throughout this title.

(1) (("Banking" shall include the soliciting, receiving or accepting of money or its equivalent on deposit as a regular business.)) "Adequately capitalized," "critically undercapitalized," "significantly undercapitalized," "undercapitalized," and "well-capitalized," respectively, have meanings consistent with the

SB 6370 p. 2

definitions these same terms have under the prompt corrective action provisions of the federal deposit insurance act, 12 U.S.C. Sec. 1831o, and applicable enabling rules of the federal deposit insurance corporation.

- (2) "Bank," unless a different meaning appears from the context, means any corporation organized under the laws of this state engaged in banking, other than a trust company, savings association, or a mutual savings bank.
- (3) "Bank holding company" means a bank holding company under authority of the federal bank holding company act.
- (4) "Banking" includes the soliciting, receiving or accepting of money or its equivalent on deposit as a regular business.
- (5) "Branch" means any established office of deposit, domestic or otherwise, maintained by any bank or trust company other than its head office. "Branch" does not mean a machine permitting customers to leave funds in storage or communicate with bank employees who are not located at the site of the machine, unless employees of the bank at the site of the machine take deposits on a regular basis. An office or facility of an entity other than the bank shall not be deemed to be established by the bank, regardless of any affiliation, accommodation arrangement, or other relationship between the other entity and the bank.
- $((\frac{4}{}))$ (6) "Department" means the Washington state department of financial institutions.
 - (7) "Director" means the director of the department.
 - (8) "Financial holding company" means a financial services holding company under authority of the federal bank holding company act.
 - (9) "Foreign bank" and "foreign banker" includes:
- 28 <u>(a) Every corporation not organized under the laws of the territory</u>
 29 <u>or state of Washington doing a banking business, except a national</u>
 30 bank;
 - (b) Every unincorporated company, partnership or association of two or more individuals organized under the laws of another state or country, doing a banking business;
 - (c) Every other unincorporated company, partnership or association of two or more individuals, doing a banking business, if the members thereof owning a majority interest therein or entitled to more than one-half of the net assets thereof are not residents of this state; or

p. 3 SB 6370

1 (d) Every nonresident of this state doing a banking business in his 2 or her own name and right only.

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

13

14

15

16 17

18

19

2021

22

26

27

28

29

30

3132

- (10) "Holding company" means a bank holding company or financial holding company of a bank organized under chapter 30.08 RCW or converted to a state bank under chapter 30.49 RCW, or a holding company of a trust company authorized to do business under this title.
- (11) "Person" includes a firm, association, partnership, or corporation, or the plural thereof, whether resident, nonresident, citizen or not.
- 10 <u>(12)</u> The term "trust business" shall include the business of doing 11 any or all of the things specified in RCW 30.08.150 (2), (3), (4), (5), 12 (6), (7), (8), (9), (10) and (11).
 - (((5))) (13) "Trust company," unless a different meaning appears from the context, means any corporation ((organized under the laws of this state engaged)), other than a bank, savings bank or savings association, organized and chartered as a trust company under this title for the purpose of engaging in trust business.
 - ((6) "Person" unless a different meaning appears from the context, shall include a firm, association, partnership or corporation, or the plural thereof, whether resident, nonresident, citizen or not.
 - (7) "Director" means the director of financial institutions.
 - (8) "Foreign bank" and "foreign banker" shall include:
- 23 (a) Every corporation not organized under the laws of the territory
 24 or state of Washington doing a banking business, except a national
 25 bank;
 - (b) Every unincorporated company, partnership or association of two or more individuals organized under the laws of another state or country, doing a banking business;
 - (c) Every other unincorporated company, partnership or association of two or more individuals, doing a banking business, if the members thereof owning a majority interest therein or entitled to more than one-half of the net assets thereof are not residents of this state;
- 33 (d) Every nonresident of this state doing a banking business in his 34 or her own name and right only.))
- 35 **Sec. 4.** RCW 30.04.020 and 1994 c 256 s 32 are each amended to read as follows:
- 37 (1) The name of every bank shall contain the word "bank" and the

name of every trust company shall contain the word "trust," or the word
"bank." Except as provided in RCW 33.08.030 or as otherwise <u>authorized</u>
by this section or approved by the director, ((no person except:

 $\frac{(a)}{(a)}$) only a national bank(($\dot{\tau}$

 $\frac{(b)}{A}$), federal savings bank, a bank or trust company authorized by ((the laws of this state;

(c) A corporation established under RCW 31.30.010;

- (d) A)) this title, savings bank under Title 32 RCW, bank holding company or financial holding company, a holding company authorized by this title or Title 32 RCW, or a foreign or alien corporation or other legal person authorized by this title ((so)) to do so, shall:
- $((\frac{1}{2}))$ (a) Use as a part of his or its name or other business designation, as a prominent syllable within a word comprising all or a portion of its name or other business designation, or in any manner as if connected with his or its business or place of business any of the following words or the plural thereof, to wit: "bank," "banking," "banker," "bancorporation," "bancorp," or "trust(($\frac{1}{2}$))," or any foreign language designations thereof, including, by way of example, "banco" or "banque."
- (((ii))) (b) Use any sign ((at or about his or its place of business or use or circulate any advertisement,)), logo, or marketing message, in any media, or use any letterhead, billhead, note, receipt, certificate, blank, form, or any written ((or)), printed ((or part written and part printed paper)), electronic or internet-based instrument or ((article)) material representation whatsoever, directly or indirectly indicating that the business of such person is that of a bank or trust company.
- (2) A foreign corporation or other foreign domiciled legal person, whose name contains the words "bank," "banker," "banking," "bancorporation," "bancorp," or "trust," or the foreign language equivalent thereof, or whose articles of incorporation empower it to engage in banking or to engage in a trust business, may not engage in banking or in a trust business in this state unless the corporation or other legal person (a) is expressly authorized to do so under this title, under federal law, or by the director, and (b) complies with all applicable requirements of ((chapter 23B.15 RCW)) Washington state law regarding foreign corporations and other foreign legal persons. If an activity would not constitute "transacting business" within the meaning

p. 5 SB 6370

of RCW 23B.15.010(1) or chapter 23B.18 RCW, then the activity shall not constitute banking or engaging in a trust business. Nothing in this subsection shall prevent operations by an alien bank in compliance with chapter 30.42 RCW.

- (3) This section shall not prevent a lender approved by the United States secretary of housing and urban development for participation in any mortgage insurance program under the National Housing Act from using the words "mortgage banker" or "mortgage banking" in the conduct of its business, but only if both words are used together in either of the forms which appear in quotations in this sentence.
- 11 (4) ((Every)) Any individual or legal person, or director, officer 12 or manager of such legal person, who((, and every director and officer 13 of every corporation which, to the knowledge of such director or 14 officer)) knowingly violates any provision of this section shall be 15 guilty of a gross misdemeanor.
- **Sec. 5.** RCW 30.04.030 and 1994 c 92 s 8 are each amended to read 17 as follows:
 - (1) The director shall have power to adopt uniform rules in accordance with the administrative procedure act, chapter 34.05 RCW, to govern examinations and reports of banks ((and)), trust companies, and holding companies and the form in which they shall report their assets, liabilities, and reserves, charge off bad debts and otherwise keep their records and accounts, and otherwise to govern the administration of this title. The director shall mail a copy of the rules to each bank and trust company at its principal place of business.
 - (2) The director shall have the power, and broad administrative discretion, to administer and interpret the provisions of this title to facilitate the delivery of financial services to the citizens of the state of Washington by the banks ((and)), trust companies and holding companies subject to this title.
- **Sec. 6.** RCW 30.04.050 and 1955 c 33 s 30.04.050 are each amended 32 to read as follows:
- ((Every bank and trust company and their officers, employees, and agents shall comply with the rules and regulations. The violation of any rule or regulation in addition to any other penalty provided in this title, shall subject the offender to a penalty of one hundred

- dollars for each offense, to be recovered by the attorney general in a civil action in the name of the state. Each day's continuance of the violation shall be a separate and distinct offense.)) (1) Each bank and trust company, and their directors, officers, employees, and agents, shall comply with:
- 6 (a) This title and chapter 11.100 RCW as applicable to each of them;
- 8 (b) The rules adopted by the department with respect to banks and trust companies;
 - (c) Any lawful direction or order of the director;

11

22

2324

25

26

27

2829

30

31

32

33

34

3536

- (d) Any lawful supervisory agreement with the director; and
- (e) The applicable statutes, rules and regulations administered by
 the board of governors of the federal reserve system, the federal
 deposit insurance corporation, or their successor agencies, with
 respect to banks or trust companies.
- 16 (2) Each holding company, and its directors, officers, employees, 17 and agents, shall comply with:
- 18 <u>(a) The provisions of this title that are applicable to each of</u> 19 them;
- 20 <u>(b) The rules adopted by the department with respect to holding</u>
 21 <u>companies;</u>
 - (c) Any lawful direction or order of the director;
 - (d) Any lawful supervisory agreement with the director; and
 - (e) The applicable statutes, rules, and regulations administered by the board of governors of the federal reserve system, or its successor agency, with respect to holding companies, the violation of which would result in an unsafe and unsound practice or material violation of law with respect to the subsidiary bank or trust company of the holding company.
 - (3) The violation of any supervisory agreement, direction, order, statute, rule or regulation referenced in this section, in addition to any other penalty provided in this title, shall, at the option of the director, subject the offender to a penalty of up to ten thousand dollars for each offense, payable upon issuance of any order or directive of the director, which may be recovered by the attorney general in a civil action in the name of the department.

p. 7 SB 6370

Sec. 7. RCW 30.04.060 and 1994 c 92 s 9 are each amended to read 2 as follows:

- (1) The director, assistant director, program manager, or an examiner shall visit each bank and each trust company at least once every eighteen months, and oftener if necessary, or as otherwise required by the rules and interpretations of applicable federal banking examination authorities, for the purpose of making a full investigation into the condition of such corporation, and for that purpose they are hereby empowered to administer oaths and to examine under oath any director, officer, employee, or agent of such corporation.
- (2) The director may make such other full or partial examinations as deemed necessary and may examine any bank holding company that owns any portion of a bank or trust company chartered by the state of Washington and obtain reports of condition for any bank holding company that owns any portion of a bank or trust company chartered by the state of Washington.
- (3) The director may visit and examine into the affairs of any nonpublicly held corporation in which the bank, trust company, or bank holding company has an investment or any publicly held corporation the capital stock of which is controlled by the bank, trust company, or bank holding company; may appraise and revalue such corporations' investments and securities; and shall have full access to all the books, records, papers, securities, correspondence, bank accounts, and other papers of such corporations for such purposes.
- (4) The director may, in his or her discretion, accept in lieu of the examinations required in this section the examinations conducted at the direction of the federal reserve board or the <u>federal depositions</u> insurance <u>corporation</u>.
- 29 <u>(5)</u> Any willful false swearing in any examination is perjury in the 30 second degree.
 - $((\frac{(2)}{(2)}))$ (6) The director may enter into cooperative and reciprocal agreements with the bank regulatory authorities of the United States, any state, the District of Columbia, or any trust territory of the United States for the periodic examination of domestic bank holding companies owning banking institutions in other states, the District of Columbia, or trust territories, and subsidiaries of such domestic bank holding companies, or of out-of-state bank holding companies owning a bank or trust company the principal operations of which are conducted

in this state. The director may accept reports of examination and other records from such authorities in lieu of conducting his or her own examinations. The director may enter into joint actions with other regulatory bodies having concurrent jurisdiction or may enter into such actions independently to carry out his or her responsibilities under this title and assure compliance with the laws of this state.

(7) Copies from the records, books, and accounts of a bank, trust company, or holding company shall be competent evidence in all cases, equal with originals thereof, if there is annexed to such copies an affidavit taken before a notary public or clerk of a court under seal, stating that the affiant is the officer of the bank, trust company, or holding company having charge of the original records, and that the copy is true and correct and is full so far as the same relates to the subject matter therein mentioned.

Sec. 8. RCW 30.04.070 and 1994 c 92 s 10 are each amended to read 16 as follows:

The director shall collect from each bank, ((mutual)) savings bank, trust company ((or industrial loan company)), savings association, holding company under Title 30 RCW, holding company under Title 32 RCW, business development company under chapter 31.24 RCW, agricultural lender under chapter 31.35 RCW, and small business lender under chapter 31.40 RCW, for each examination of its condition the estimated actual cost of such examination.

- **Sec. 9.** RCW 30.04.075 and 2005 c 274 s 251 are each amended to 25 read as follows:
 - (1) All examination reports and all information obtained by the director and the director's staff in conducting examinations of banks, trust companies, or alien banks, and information obtained by the director and the director's staff from other state or federal bank regulatory authorities with whom the director has entered into agreements pursuant to RCW 30.04.060(2), and information obtained by the director and the director's staff relating to examination and supervision of bank holding companies owning a bank in this state or subsidiaries of such holding companies, is confidential and privileged information and shall not be made public or otherwise disclosed to any

p. 9 SB 6370

1 person, firm, corporation, agency, association, governmental body, or other entity.

- (2) Subsection (1) of this section notwithstanding, the director may furnish all or any part of examination reports, work papers, supervisory agreements or directives, orders, or other information obtained in the conduct of an examination or investigation prepared by the director's office to:
- (a) Federal agencies empowered to examine state banks, trust companies, or alien banks;
- (b) Bank regulatory authorities with whom the director has entered into agreements pursuant to RCW 30.04.060(2), and other bank regulatory authorities who are the primary regulatory authority or insurer of accounts for a bank holding company owning a bank, trust company, or national banking association the principal operations of which are conducted in this state or a subsidiary of such holding company; provided that the director shall first find that the reports of examination to be furnished shall receive protection from disclosure comparable to that accorded by this section;
- (c) Officials empowered to investigate criminal charges subject to legal process, valid search warrant, or subpoena. If the director furnishes any examination report to officials empowered to investigate criminal charges, the director may only furnish that part of the report which is necessary and pertinent to the investigation, and the director may do this only after notifying the affected bank, trust company, or alien bank and any customer of the bank, trust company, or alien bank who is named in that part of the examination or report ordered to be furnished unless the officials requesting the report first obtain a waiver of the notice requirement from a court of competent jurisdiction for good cause;
- 30 (d) The examined bank, trust company, or alien bank, or holding 31 company thereof;
- 32 (e) The attorney general in his or her role as legal advisor to the 33 director;
- 34 (f) Liquidating agents of a distressed bank, trust company, or 35 alien bank;
- 36 (g) A person or organization officially connected with the bank as 37 officer, director, attorney, auditor, or independent attorney or 38 independent auditor;

1 (h) The Washington public deposit protection commission as provided 2 by RCW 39.58.105;

- (i) Organizations insuring or guaranteeing the shares of, or deposits in, the bank or trust company; or
- (j) Other persons as the director may determine necessary to protect the public interest and confidence.
- (3) All examination reports, work papers, supervisory agreements or directives, orders, and other information obtained in the conduct of an examination or investigation furnished under subsections (2) and (4) of this section shall remain the property of the department of financial institutions, and be confidential and no person, agency, or authority to whom reports are furnished or any officer, director, or employee thereof shall disclose or make public any of the reports or any information contained therein except in published statistical material that does not disclose the affairs of any individual or corporation: PROVIDED, That nothing herein shall prevent the use in a criminal prosecution of reports furnished under subsection (2) of this section.
- (4) The examination report made by the department of financial institutions is designed for use in the supervision of the bank, trust company, or alien bank. The report shall remain the property of the director and will be furnished to the bank, trust company, or alien bank solely for its confidential use. Under no circumstances shall the bank, trust company, or alien bank or any of its directors, officers, or employees disclose or make public in any manner the report or any portion thereof, to any person or organization not connected with the bank as officer, director, employee, attorney, auditor, or candidate for executive office with the bank. The bank may also, after execution of an agreement not to disclose information in the report, disclose the report or relevant portions thereof to a party proposing to acquire or merge with the bank.
- (5) Examination reports and information obtained by the director and the director's staff in conducting examinations, or obtained from other state and federal bank regulatory authorities with whom the director has entered into agreements pursuant to RCW 30.04.060(2), or relating to examination and supervision of bank holding companies owning a bank, trust company, or national banking association the principal operations of which are conducted in this state or a

p. 11 SB 6370

subsidiary of such holding company, or information obtained as a result of applications or investigations pursuant to RCW 30.04.230, shall not be subject to public disclosure under chapter 42.56 RCW.

- (6) In any civil action in which the reports are sought to be discovered or used as evidence, any party may, upon notice to the director, petition the court for an in camera review of the report. The court may permit discovery and introduction of only those portions of the report which are relevant and otherwise unobtainable by the requesting party. This subsection shall not apply to an action brought or defended by the director.
- (7) This section shall not apply to investigation reports prepared by the director and the director's staff concerning an application for a new bank or trust company or an application for a branch of a bank, trust company, or alien bank: PROVIDED, That the director may adopt rules making confidential portions of the reports if in the director's opinion the public disclosure of the portions of the report would impair the ability to obtain the information which the director considers necessary to fully evaluate the application.
- (8) Except to the extent permitted by subsection 2 of this section, any regulatory enforcement action against a bank, trust company, or holding company, including any supervisory agreement, direction, consent order, final order, or other information related to the regulatory enforcement action, is confidential and privileged and not subject to public disclosure under chapter 42.56 RCW.
- (9) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section or other applicable law, a bank, trust company, alien bank, or holding company is not in violation of this section on account of its compliance with required reporting to the federal securities and exchange commission, including the disclosure of any order of the director.
- 30 <u>(10)</u> Every person who violates any provision of this section shall 31 be guilty of a gross misdemeanor.
- **Sec. 10.** RCW 30.04.111 and 1995 c 344 s 1 are each amended to read 33 as follows:
- 34 <u>(1)</u> The total loans and extensions of credit by a bank or trust 35 company to a person outstanding at any one time shall not exceed twenty 36 percent of the capital and surplus of such bank or trust company. The

following loans and extensions of credit shall not be subject to this limitation:

- $((\frac{1}{1}))$ (a) Loans or extensions of credit arising from the discount of commercial or business paper evidencing an obligation to the person negotiating it with recourse;
- $((\frac{2}{2}))$ (b) Loans or extensions of credit secured by bonds, notes, certificates of indebtedness, or treasury bills of the United States or by other such obligations wholly guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
- (((3))) <u>(c)</u> Loans or extensions of credit to or secured by unconditional takeout commitments or guarantees of any department, agency, bureau, board, commission, or establishment of the United States or any corporation wholly owned directly or indirectly by the United States;
- $((\frac{4}{}))$ <u>(d)</u> Loans or extensions of credit fully secured by a segregated deposit account or accounts in the lending bank;
 - (((5))) <u>(e)</u> Loans or extensions of credit secured by collateral having a readily ascertained market value of at least one hundred fifteen percent of the outstanding amount of the loan or extension of credit;
 - (((6))) <u>(f)</u> Loans or extensions of credit secured by bills of lading, warehouse receipts, or similar documents transferring or securing title to readily marketable staples shall be subject to a limitation of thirty-five percent of capital and surplus in addition to the general limitations, if the market value of the staples securing each additional loan or extension of credit at all times equals or exceeds one hundred fifteen percent of the outstanding amount of the loan or extension of credit. The staples shall be fully covered by insurance whenever it is customary to insure the staples;
 - ((+7)) (g) The purchase of bankers' acceptances of the kind described in section 13 of the federal reserve act and issued by other banks shall not be subject to any limitation based on capital and surplus;
- $((\frac{(8)}{(8)}))$ (h) The unpaid purchase price of a sale of bank property, if secured by such property.
- 36 (2) For the purposes of this section, "capital" shall include the 37 amount of common stock outstanding and unimpaired, the amount of

p. 13 SB 6370

preferred stock outstanding and unimpaired, and capital notes or debentures issued pursuant to chapter 30.36 RCW.

1

3

5

6

7

8

9

11

12

13

14

15

16 17

18 19

2021

22

2324

2526

27

30

3132

33

34

35

36

- (3) For the purposes of this section, "surplus" shall include capital surplus, reflecting the amounts paid in excess of the par or stated value of capital stock, or amounts contributed to the bank other than for capital stock, and undivided profits.
- ((The term)) (4) For the purposes of this section, "person" ((shall)) includes an individual, sole proprietor, partnership, joint venture, association, trust, estate, business trust, corporation, sovereign government or agency, instrumentality, or political subdivision thereof, or any similar entity or organization.
- (5) The director may prescribe rules to administer and carry out the purposes of this section, including without limitation rules to define or further define terms used in this section and to establish limits or requirements other than those specified in this section for particular classes or categories of loans or extensions of credit, and to determine when a loan putatively made to a person shall, for purposes of this section, be attributed to another person. In adopting the rules, the director shall be guided by rulings of the comptroller of the currency, or successor federal banking regulator, that govern lending limits applicable to national ((commercial)) banks. In lieu of the adoption by the department of a rule applicable to specific types of transactions, a bank, unless otherwise approved by the director, shall conform to all applicable rulings of the comptroller of the currency, or successor federal banking regulator, which (a) relate to national banks, (b) govern such specific types of transactions, and (c) are consistent with this section and the department's adopted rules.
- 28 **Sec. 11.** RCW 30.04.127 and 1994 c 92 s 15 are each amended to read 29 as follows:
 - (1) A bank or trust company, alone or in conjunction with other entities, may form, incorporate, or invest in corporations or other entities, whether or not such other corporation or entity is related to the bank or trust company's business. The aggregate amount of funds invested, or used in the formation of corporations or other entities under this section shall not exceed ten percent of the assets or fifty percent of the net worth, whichever is less, of the bank or trust

company. For purposes of this subsection, "net worth" means the aggregate of capital, surplus, undivided profits, and all capital notes and debentures which are subordinate to the interest of depositors.

(2) A bank or trust company may engage in an activity permitted under this section only with the prior authorization of the director and subject to such requirements, restrictions, or other conditions as the director may adopt by rule, order, directive, standard, policy, memorandum or other written communication with regard to the activity. In approving or denying a proposed activity, the director shall consider the financial and management strength of the institution, the convenience and needs of the public, and whether the proposed activity should be conducted through a subsidiary or affiliate of the bank. The director may not authorize under this section and no bank or trust company may act as an insurance or travel agent unless otherwise authorized by state statute.

Sec. 12. RCW 30.04.215 and 2003 c 24 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:

- (1) Notwithstanding any other provisions of law, in addition to all powers enumerated by this title, and those necessarily implied therefrom, a bank or trust company may engage in other business activities that have been determined by the board of governors of the federal reserve system or by the United States Congress to be closely related to the business of banking, as of July 27, 2003.
- (2) A bank or trust company that desires to perform an activity that is not expressly authorized by subsection (1) of this section shall first apply to the director for authorization to conduct such activity. Within thirty days of the receipt of this application, the director shall determine whether the activity is closely related to the business of banking, whether the public convenience and advantage will be promoted, whether the activity is apt to create an unsafe ((er)) and unsound practice by the bank or trust company and whether the applicant is capable of performing such an activity. If the director finds the activity to be closely related to the business of banking and the bank or trust company is otherwise qualified, he or she shall immediately inform the applicant that the activity is authorized. If the director determines that such activity is not closely related to the business of banking or that the bank or trust company is not otherwise qualified,

p. 15 SB 6370

- he or she shall promptly inform the applicant in writing. The applicant shall have the right to appeal from an unfavorable determination in accordance with the procedures of the Administrative Procedure Act, chapter 34.05 RCW. In determining whether a particular activity is closely related to the business of banking, the director shall be guided by the rulings of the board of governors of the federal system and the comptroller of the currency in making determinations in connection with the powers exercisable by bank holding companies, and the activities performed by other commercial banks or their holding companies.
 - (3) Notwithstanding any restrictions, limitations, and requirements of law, in addition to all powers, express or implied, that a bank or trust company has under the laws of this state, a bank or trust company shall have ((the powers and authorities)) each and every power and authority conferred as of ((August 31, 1994)) July 28, 1985, or ((a)) as of any subsequent date not later than July 27, 2003, upon ((a)) any federally chartered bank doing business in this state. A bank or trust company may exercise the powers and authorities conferred on a federally chartered bank after July 27, 2003, only if the director finds that the exercise of such powers and authorities:
 - (a) Serves the convenience and advantage of depositors, borrowers, or the general public; and
 - (b) Maintains the fairness of competition and parity between statechartered banks or trust companies and federally chartered banks.
 - $\underline{(4)}$ As used in this section, "powers and authorities" include without limitation powers and authorities in corporate governance and operational matters.
 - (5) The restrictions, limitations, and requirements applicable to specific powers or authorities of federally chartered banks shall apply to banks or trust companies exercising those powers or authorities permitted under this subsection but only insofar as the restrictions, limitations, and requirements relate to exercising the powers or authorities granted banks or trust companies solely under this subsection.
 - ((\(\frac{4}{4}\)\)) (6) The director may require a bank or trust company to provide notice to the director prior to implementation of a plan to develop, improve, or continue holding real estate, including capitalized and operating leases, acquired through any means in full or

SB 6370 p. 16

- partial satisfaction of a debt previously contracted, under 1 2 circumstances which a national bank would be required to provide notice to the comptroller of the currency prior to implementation of such a 3 plan. The director may adopt rules or issue orders, directives, 4 standards, policies, memoranda, or other official communications to 5 specify guidance with regard to the exercise of the powers and 6 authorities to expend such funds as are needed to enable a bank or 7 trust company to recover its total investment to the fullest extent 8 authorized for a national bank under the national bank act, 12 U.S.C. 9 10 Sec. 29.
- 11 (7) Any activity which may be performed by a bank or trust company, 12 except the taking of deposits, may be performed by (a) a corporation or 13 (b) another entity approved by the director, which in either case is 14 owned in whole or in part by the bank or trust company.
- 15 **Sec. 13.** RCW 30.04.217 and 2003 c 24 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

18

19 20

21

22

23

2425

26

27

2829

30

31

32

33

- (1) Notwithstanding any other provisions of law, in addition to all powers, express or implied, that a bank or trust company has under the laws of this state, a bank or trust company shall have the powers and authorities conferred upon a ((mutual)) savings bank under Title 32 RCW, only if:
 - $((\frac{1}{1}))$ (a) The bank or trust company notifies the director at least thirty days prior to the exercise of such power or authority by the bank or trust company, unless the director waives or modifies this requirement for notice as to the exercise of a power, authority, or category of powers or authorities by the bank or trust company;
 - $((\frac{2}{2}))$ (b) The director finds that the exercise of such powers and authorities by the bank or by the trust company serves the convenience and advantage of depositors, borrowers, or the general public; and
- $((\frac{3}{3}))$ (c) The director finds that the exercise of such powers and authorities by the bank or by the trust company maintains the fairness of competition and parity between banks or trust companies and mutual savings banks.
- 34 <u>(2)</u> As used in this section, "powers and authorities" include 35 without limitation powers and authorities in corporate governance and 36 operational matters.

p. 17 SB 6370

- 1 (3) The restrictions, limitations, and requirements applicable to specific powers or authorities of mutual savings banks shall apply to banks or trust companies exercising those powers or authorities permitted under this section but only insofar as the restrictions, limitations, and requirements relate to exercising the powers or authorities granted banks or trust companies solely under this section.
- 7 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 14.** RCW 30.04.310 (Penalty--General) and 1994 8 c 92 s 28, 1988 c 25 s 1, & 1985 c 30 s 137 are each repealed.
- 9 **Sec. 15.** RCW 30.04.450 and 1994 c 92 s 31 are each amended to read 10 as follows:
- 11 (1) The director may issue and serve <u>a notice of charges</u> upon a 12 bank or trust company ((a notice of charges if)) <u>when</u> in the opinion of 13 the director ((any bank or trust company)):
 - (a) ((Is engaging or)) <u>It</u> has engaged in an unsafe ((or)) <u>and</u> unsound practice ((in conducting the)) <u>related to the conduct of</u> business of the bank or trust company;
 - (b) ((Is violating or)) It has violated ((the law, rule, or any condition imposed in writing by the director in connection with the granting of any application or other request by the bank or trust company or any written agreement made with the director)) any provision of RCW 30.04.050; or
 - (c) ((Is about to do the)) <u>It is planning, attempting, or currently conducting any act((s))</u> prohibited in (a) or (b) of this subsection ((when the opinion that the threat exists is based upon reasonable cause)).
- 26 (2) The director may issue and serve a notice of charges upon a holding company when, in the opinion of the director:
- 28 <u>(a) The holding company has committed a violation of RCW</u>
 29 30.04.050(2);
- 30 (b) The conduct of the holding company has resulted in an unsafe 31 and unsound practice at the bank or trust company or a violation of any 32 provision of RCW 30.04.050 by the bank or trust company; or
- 33 (c) The holding company is planning, attempting, or currently conducting any act prohibited in (a) or (b) of this subsection.
- 35 (3) The notice shall contain a statement of the facts constituting 36 the alleged violation or violations or the practice or practices and

SB 6370 p. 18

14

15

16

17

18 19

20

21

22

23

24

25

shall fix a time and place at which a hearing will be held to determine whether an order to cease and desist should issue against the bank ((or)), trust company, or holding company. The hearing shall be set not earlier than ten days ((nor)) or later than thirty days after service of the notice unless a later date is set by the director at the request of the bank ((or)), trust company, or holding company.

(4) Unless the bank ((er)), trust company, or holding company shall appear at the hearing by a duly authorized representative it shall be deemed to have consented to the issuance of the cease and desist order. In the event of this consent or if upon the record made at the hearing the director finds that any violation or practice specified in the notice of charges has been established, the director may issue and serve upon the bank ((er)), trust company, or holding company an order to cease and desist from the violation or practice. The order may require the bank ((er)), trust company, or holding company, and its directors, officers, employees, and agents to cease and desist from the violation or practice and may require the bank, trust company, or holding company to take affirmative action to correct the conditions resulting from the violation or practice.

((+3+)) (5) A cease and desist order shall become effective at the expiration of ten days after the service of the order upon the bank or trust company concerned except that a cease and desist order issued upon consent shall become effective at the time specified in the order and shall remain effective as provided therein unless it is stayed, modified, terminated, or set aside by action of the director or a reviewing court.

Sec. 16. RCW 30.04.455 and 1994 c 92 s 32 are each amended to read as follows:

((Whenever the director determines that the acts specified in RCW 30.04.450 or their continuation is likely to cause insolvency or substantial dissipation of assets or earnings of the bank or trust company or to otherwise seriously prejudice the interests of its depositors, the director may also issue a temporary order requiring the bank or trust company to cease and desist from the violation or practice. The order shall become effective upon service on the bank or trust company and shall remain effective unless set aside, limited, or suspended by a court in proceedings under RCW 30.04.460 pending the

p. 19 SB 6370

- completion of the administrative proceedings under the notice and until 1 2 such time as the director shall dismiss the charges specified in the notice or until the effective date of a cease and desist order issued 3 4 against the bank or trust company under RCW 30.04.450.)) (1) The director may also issue a temporary order requiring a bank or trust 5 6 company, or its holding company, or both, to cease and desist from any action or omission, as specified in RCW 30.04.450, or its continuation, 7 which the director has determined: 8
- 9 <u>(a) Constitutes an unsafe and unsound practice or a material</u>
 10 violation of RCW 30.04.050 affecting the bank or trust company;
- 11 <u>(b) Has resulted in the bank or trust company being less than</u> 12 <u>adequately capitalized; or</u>
 - (c) Is likely to cause insolvency or substantial dissipation of assets or earnings of the bank or trust company, or to otherwise seriously prejudice the interests of its depositors or trust beneficiaries.
- 17 (2) The order is effective upon service on the bank, trust company, or holding company, and remains in effect unless set aside, limited, or 18 suspended by the superior court in proceedings under RCW 30.04.460 19 20 pending the completion of the administrative proceedings under the 21 notice and until such time as the director dismisses the charges specified in the notice or until the effective date of a cease and 22 23 desist order issued against the bank, trust company, or holding company 24 under RCW 30.04.450.
- 25 **Sec. 17.** RCW 30.04.460 and 1977 ex.s. c 178 s 3 are each amended to read as follows:
 - (1) Within ten days after a bank ((er)), trust company, or holding company has been served with a temporary cease and desist order, the bank ((er)), trust company, or holding company may apply to the superior court in the county of its principal place of business for an injunction setting aside, limiting, or suspending the order pending the completion of the administrative proceedings pursuant to the notice served under RCW 30.04.455.
- 34 <u>(2)</u> The superior court shall have jurisdiction to issue the 35 injunction.

SB 6370 p. 20

13

14

15

16

27

2829

3031

32

33

Sec. 18. RCW 30.04.470 and 1994 c 92 s 34 are each amended to read 2 as follows:

- (1) Any administrative hearing provided in RCW 30.04.450 or 30.12.042 ((may)) must be ((held at such place as is designated by the director and shall be)) conducted in accordance with chapter 34.05 RCW and held at the place designated by the director, and may be conducted by the department. The hearing shall be private unless the director determines that a public hearing is necessary to protect the public interest after fully considering the views of the party afforded the hearing.
- (2) Within sixty days after the hearing, the director shall render a decision which shall include findings of fact upon which the decision is based and shall issue and serve upon each party to the proceeding an order or orders consistent with RCW 30.04.450 or 30.12.042, as the case may be.
- (3) Unless a petition for review is timely filed in the superior court of the county of the principal place of business of the affected bank or trust company under subsection $((\frac{2}{2}))$ of this section and until the record in the proceeding has been filed as therein provided, the director may at any time modify, terminate, or set aside any order upon such notice and in such manner as he or she shall deem proper. Upon filing the record, the director may modify, terminate, or set aside any order only with permission of the court.
- (4) The judicial review provided in this section ((for an order shall be)) is exclusive for orders issued under RCW 30.04.450 and 30.12.042.
- ((\(\frac{(2+)}{2}\))) (5) Any party to the proceeding or any person required by an order issued under RCW 30.04.450, 30.04.455, 30.04.465, or 30.12.042 to refrain from any of the violations or practices stated therein may obtain a review of any order served under subsection (1) of this section other than one issued upon consent by filing in the superior court of the county of the principal place of business of the affected bank or trust company within ten days after the date of service of the order a written petition praying that the order of the director be modified, terminated, or set aside. A copy of the petition shall be immediately served upon the director and the director shall then file in the court the record of the proceeding. The court shall have jurisdiction upon the filing of the petition, which jurisdiction shall

p. 21 SB 6370

become exclusive upon the filing of the record to affirm, modify, terminate, or set aside in whole or in part the order of the director except that the director may modify, terminate, or set aside an order with the permission of the court. The judgment and decree of the court shall be final, except that it shall be subject to appellate review under the rules of court.

1

3

4 5

6 7

8

9 10

- $((\frac{3}{2}))$ (6) The commencement of proceedings for judicial review under subsection $((\frac{2}{2}))$ (5) of this section shall not operate as a stay of any order issued by the director unless specifically ordered by the court.
- $((\frac{4}{1}))$ (7) Service of any notice or order required to be served under RCW 30.04.450, 30.04.455, 30.12.040 or 30.12.042 shall be accomplished in the same manner as required for the service of process in civil actions in superior courts of this state.
- 15 **Sec. 19.** RCW 30.04.475 and 1994 c 92 s 35 are each amended to read 16 as follows:
- (1) The director may apply to the superior court of the county of the principal place of business of the bank or trust company affected for the enforcement of any effective and outstanding order issued under RCW 30.04.450, 30.04.455, 30.04.465, or 30.12.042, and the court shall have jurisdiction to order compliance therewith.
- 22 (2) No court shall have jurisdiction to affect by injunction or 23 otherwise the issuance or enforcement of any order or to review, 24 modify, suspend, terminate, or set aside any order except as provided 25 in RCW 30.04.460, 30.04.465, and 30.04.470.
- 26 **Sec. 20.** RCW 30.12.040 and 1994 c 92 s 64 are each amended to read 27 as follows:
- ((The director may serve upon a director, officer, or employee of any bank or trust company a written notice of the director's intention to remove the person from office or to prohibit the person from participation in the conduct of the affairs of the bank or trust company, or both, whenever:
- 33 (1) In the opinion of the director any director, officer, or 34 employee of any bank or trust company has committed or engaged in:
- 35 (a) Any violation of law or rule or of a cease and desist order 36 which has become final;

- (b) Any unsafe or unsound practice in connection with the bank or trust company; or
 - (c) Any act, omission, or practice which constitutes a breach of his or her fiduciary duty as director, officer, or employee; and
 - (2) The director determines that:

- (a) The bank or trust company has suffered or may suffer substantial financial loss or other damage; or
 - (b) The interests of its depositors could be seriously prejudiced by reason of the violation or practice or breach of fiduciary duty; and
- (c) The violation or practice or breach of fiduciary duty is one involving personal dishonesty, recklessness, or incompetence on the part of the director, officer, or employee.)) (1) The director may issue and serve a board director, officer, or employee of a bank or trust company with written notice of intent to remove the person from office or employment or to prohibit the person from participating in the conduct of the affairs of the bank or trust company or any other depository institution, trust company, bank holding company, thrift holding company, or financial holding company doing business in this state whenever, in the opinion of the director:
- (a) Reasonable cause exists to believe the person has committed a material violation of law, an unsafe and unsound practice, or a violation or practice involving a breach of fiduciary duty, personal dishonesty, recklessness, or incompetence; and
- (b) The bank, trust company, or holding company has suffered or is likely to suffer substantial financial loss or other damage; or
- (c) The interests of depositors or trust beneficiaries could be seriously prejudiced by reason of the violation or practice.
- (2) The director may issue and serve a board director, officer, or employee of a holding company with written notice of intent to remove the person from office or employment or to prohibit the person from participating in the conduct of the affairs of the holding company, its subsidiary bank or trust company, or any other depository institution, trust company, bank holding company, thrift holding company, or financial holding company doing business in this state whenever, in the opinion of the director:
- (a) Reasonable cause exists to believe the person has committed a material violation of law, an unsafe and unsound practice, or a

p. 23 SB 6370

- violation or practice involving a breach of fiduciary duty, personal dishonesty, recklessness, or incompetence; and
- 3 (b) The subsidiary bank or trust company has suffered or is likely
 4 to suffer substantial financial loss or other damage; or
- 5 (c) The interests of depositors or trust beneficiaries of the 6 subsidiary bank or trust company could be seriously prejudiced by 7 reason of the violation or practice.
- 8 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 21.** A new section is added to chapter 30.12 RCW 9 to read as follows:
- 10 The director may serve written notice of charges under RCW 11 30.12.040 to suspend a person from further participation in any manner 12 in the conduct of the affairs of a bank, trust company, or holding company, if the director determines that such an action is necessary 13 for the protection of the bank or trust company, or the interests of 14 the depositors or trust beneficiaries of the bank or trust company. 15 16 Any suspension notice issued by the director is effective upon service, 17 and unless the superior court of the county of its principal place of business issues a stay of the order, remains in effect and enforceable 18
- 20 (1) The director dismisses the charges contained in the notice 21 served to the person; or
- 22 (2) The effective date of a final order for removal of the person under RCW 30.12.040.
- 24 Sec. 22. RCW 30.12.042 and 1994 c 92 s 65 are each amended to read 25 as follows:
- 26 (1) A notice of an intention to remove a director, officer, or 27 employee from office or to prohibit his or her participation in the 28 conduct of the affairs of a bank ((or)), trust company, or holding company shall contain a statement of the facts which constitute grounds 29 30 therefor and shall fix a time and place at which a hearing will be The hearing shall be set not earlier than ten days ((nor)) or 31 later than thirty days after the date of service of the notice unless 32 an earlier or later date is set by the director at the request of the 33 34 director, officer, or employee for good cause shown or of the attorney 35 general of the state.

SB 6370 p. 24

until:

19

(2) Unless the director, officer, or employee appears at the hearing personally or by a duly authorized representative, the person shall be deemed to have consented to the issuance of an order of removal or prohibition or both. In the event of such consent or if upon the record made at the hearing the director finds that any of the grounds specified in the notice have been established, the director may issue such orders of removal from office or prohibition from participation in the conduct of the affairs of the bank ((or)), trust company, or holding company as the director may consider appropriate.

- (3) Any order shall become effective at the expiration of ten days after service upon the bank, trust company, or holding company and the director, officer, or employee concerned except that an order issued upon consent shall become effective at the time specified in the order.
- 14 <u>(4)</u> An order shall remain effective except to the extent it is stayed, modified, terminated, or set aside by the director or a reviewing court.
 - Sec. 23. RCW 30.12.044 and 1994 c 92 s 66 are each amended to read as follows:
 - If at any time because of the removal of one or more directors under this chapter there shall be on the board of directors of a bank ((er)), trust company, or holding company less than a quorum of directors, all powers and functions vested in or exercisable by the board shall vest in and be exercisable by the director or directors remaining until such time as there is a quorum on the board of directors. If all of the directors of a bank ((er)), trust company, or holding company are removed under this chapter, the director shall appoint persons to serve temporarily as directors until such time as their respective successors take office.
- **Sec. 24.** RCW 30.12.047 and 1994 c 92 s 67 are each amended to read 30 as follows:
 - Any present or former director, officer, or employee of a bank $((\frac{\partial r}{\partial r}))_{,}$ trust company, or holding company, or any other person against whom there is outstanding an effective final order served upon the person and who participates in any manner in the conduct of the affairs of the bank $((\frac{\partial r}{\partial r}))_{,}$ trust company, or holding company involved; or who directly or indirectly solicits or procures, transfers or attempts to

p. 25 SB 6370

- transfer, or votes or attempts to vote any proxies, consents, or 1 2 authorizations with respect to any voting rights in the bank ((or)), trust company, or holding company; or who, without the prior approval 3 of the director, votes for a director or serves or acts as a director, 4 5 officer, employee, or agent of any bank ((or)), trust company, or holding company shall upon conviction for a violation of any order, be 6 7 quilty of a gross misdemeanor punishable as prescribed under chapter 8 9A.20 RCW, as now or hereafter amended.
- 9 **Sec. 25.** RCW 30.12.070 and 1994 c 92 s 70 are each amended to read 10 as follows:

The director may at any time, if in his or her judgment excessive, unsafe, or improvident loans are being made or are likely to be made by a bank or trust company to any of its directors or officers or the directors or officers of its holding company, or to any corporation, copartnership or association of which such director is a stockholder, member, co-owner, or in which such director is financially interested, or like discounts of the notes or obligations of any such director, corporation, copartnership or association are being made or are likely to be made, require such bank or trust company to submit to him or her for approval all proposed loans to, or discounts of the note or obligation of, any such director, officer, corporation, copartnership or association, and thereafter such proposed loans and discounts shall be reported upon such forms and with such information concerning the desirability and safety of such loans or discounts and of the responsibility and financial condition of the person, corporation, copartnership or association to whom such loan is to be made or whose note or obligation is to be discounted and of the amount and value of any collateral that may be offered as security therefor, as the director may require, and no such loan or discount shall be made without his or her written approval thereon.

Sec. 26. RCW 30.12.090 and 2003 c 53 s 186 are each amended to read as follows:

Every person who shall knowingly subscribe to or make or cause to be made any false statement or false entry in the books of any bank $((or))_{,}$ trust company, or holding company, or shall knowingly subscribe to or exhibit any false or fictitious paper or security, instrument or

SB 6370 p. 26

11

12

13

14

15 16

17

18

19 20

21

22

23

2425

26

27

2829

30

31

3233

34

35

36

- paper, with the intent to deceive any person authorized to examine into 1 the affairs of any bank ((or)) trust company, or holding company, or 2 shall make, state, or publish any false statement of the amount of the 3 4 assets or liabilities of any bank ((or)), trust company, or holding 5 company, is guilty of a class B felony punishable according to chapter 9A.20 RCW. 6
- 7 Sec. 27. RCW 30.12.100 and 2003 c 53 s 187 are each amended to 8 read as follows:
- 9 Every officer, director, or employee or agent of any bank ((or)), trust company, or holding company who, for the purpose of concealing 10 11 any fact or suppressing any evidence against himself or herself, or 12 against any other person, abstracts, removes, mutilates, destroys or 13 secretes any paper, book or record of any bank ((or)), trust company, or holding company, or of the director, or of anyone connected with his 14 15 or her office, is guilty of a class B felony punishable according to 16 chapter 9A.20 RCW.
- Sec. 28. RCW 30.12.190 and 1989 c 220 s 2 are each amended to read 17 18 as follows:
- 19 (1) Every person who shall knowingly violate, or knowingly aid or 20 abet the violation of any provision of RCW 30.04.010, 30.04.030, 30.04.050, 30.04.060, 30.04.070, 30.04.075, 21 30.04.111, 30.04.120, 22 30.04.130, 30.04.180, 30.04.210, 30.04.220, 30.04.280, ((30.04.290,))30.04.300, 30.08.010, 30.08.020, 30.08.030, 30.08.040, 30.08.050, 23 24 30.08.060, 30.08.080, 30.08.090, 30.08.095, ((30.08.110, 30.08.120,))25 30.08.140, 30.08.150, 30.08.160, 30.08.180, 30.08.190, 30.12.010, 26 30.12.020, 30.12.030, 30.12.060, 30.12.070, 30.12.130, 30.12.180, 30.12.190, 30.16.010, 30.20.060, ((30.40.010)) 30.44.010, 30.44.020, 27 30.44.030, 30.44.040, 30.44.050, 30.44.060, 30.44.070, 30.44.080, 28 29 30.44.090, 30.44.100, 30.44.130, 30.44.140, 30.44.150, 30.44.160, 30 30.44.170, 30.44.240, 30.44.250, ((43.19.020, 43.19.030, 43.19.050, and 43.19.090)) 43.320.060, 43.320.070, 43.320.080, and 43.320.100, and 31 ((every person)) any director, officer, or employee of a bank, trust 32 company, or holding company who fails to perform any act which it is 33 34 therein made his or her duty to perform, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor. ((No person))

p. 27 SB 6370

(2) A director, officer, or employee of a bank, trust company, or holding company who has been convicted for the violation of the banking laws of this or any other state or of the United States shall not be permitted to engage in or become ((an officer or official)) or remain a board director, officer, or employee of any bank ((or)), trust company, or holding company organized and existing under the laws of this state, or of any other depository institution, trust company, bank holding company, thrift holding company, or financial holding company doing business in this state.

Sec. 29. RCW 30.12.240 and 1994 c 92 s 73 are each amended to read as follows:

If the directors of any bank, trust company, or holding company shall knowingly violate, or knowingly permit any of the officers, agents, or ((servants)) employees of the bank or trust company to violate any of the provisions of this title or any lawful regulation or directive of the director, and if the directors are aware that such facts and circumstances constitute such violations, then each director who participated in or assented to the violation is personally and individually liable for all damages which the state or any insurer of the deposits of the bank or trust company, or any trust beneficiary of the trust company, sustains due to the violation.

Sec. 30. RCW 30.44.010 and 1994 c 92 s 107 are each amended to 23 read as follows:

((Whenever it shall in any manner appear to the director that any bank or trust company has violated any provision of law or is conducting its business in an unsafe manner or that it refuses to submit its books, papers, or concerns to lawful inspection or that any director or officer thereof refuses to submit to examination on oath touching its concerns, or that it has failed to carry out any authorized order or direction of an examiner)) (1) Under the circumstances set forth in subsection (2) of this section, the director may give to a bank or trust company a notice to correct an unsafe condition of the bank or trust company ((so offending or delinquent or whose director or officer is thus offending or delinquent to correct such offense or delinquency)); and if such bank or trust company fails to comply with the terms of such notice within thirty days from the

date of its issuance or within such further time as the director may allow, then the director may take possession of such bank or trust company as in the case of insolvency.

- (2) The director is authorized to give notice and take possession of a bank or trust company, as described in subsection (1) of this section, under the following circumstances:
- (a) The obligations to its creditors, depositors, members, trust beneficiaries, if applicable, and others exceed its assets;
- (b) It has willfully violated a supervisory directive, cease and desist order, or other authorized directive or order of the director;
- 11 (c) It has concealed its books, papers, records, or assets, or
 12 refused to submit its books, records, or affairs to any examiner of the
 13 department or the federal deposit insurance corporation;
- 14 <u>(d) It is likely to be unable to pay its obligations or meet its</u>
 15 <u>depositors' demands in the normal course of business;</u>
 - (e) It ceases to have deposit insurance acceptable to the director;
- (f) It fails to submit a capital restoration plan acceptable to the
 department within a time previously called for or materially fails to
 implement a capital restoration plan that was previously submitted and
- 20 <u>accepted by the department; or</u>

- 21 (g) It is critically undercapitalized or otherwise has 22 substantially insufficient capital.
- **Sec. 31.** RCW 30.44.020 and 1994 c 92 s 108 are each amended to 24 read as follows:
 - (1) Whenever it shall in any manner appear to the director that any offense or delinquency referred to in RCW 30.44.010 ((renders)) has resulted in a bank or trust company ((in an unsound or unsafe condition to continue its business or that its capital or surplus is reduced or impaired below the amount required by its articles of incorporation or by this title)) being critically undercapitalized with no reasonably foreseeable prospect of recovery, or that it has suspended payment of its obligations or is insolvent, the director may notify such bank or trust company to levy an assessment on its stock or otherwise to make good such impairment or offense or other delinquency within such time and in such manner as ((he or she)) the director may specify, or if ((he or she)) the director deems necessary ((he or she)), the director may take possession thereof without notice.

p. 29 SB 6370

(2) The board of directors of any such bank or trust company, with the consent of the holders of record of two-thirds of the capital stock expressed either in writing or by vote at a stockholders' meeting called for that purpose, shall have power and authority to levy such assessment upon the stockholders pro rata and to forfeit the stock upon which any such assessment is not paid, in the manner prescribed in RCW 30.12.180.

Sec. 32. RCW 30.44.030 and 1994 c 92 s 109 are each amended to 9 read as follows:

Within ten days after the director takes possession thereof, a bank or trust company may serve a notice upon the director to appear before the superior court of the county wherein such corporation is located and at a time to be fixed by ((said)) the court, which shall not be less than five nor more than fifteen days from the date of the service of such notice, to show cause why ((such corporation)) the director's action taking possession of the bank or trust company should not be ((restored to the possession of its assets)) affirmed. Upon the return day of such notice, or such further day as the matter may be continued to, the court shall summarily hear said cause and shall dismiss the same, if it be found that possession was taken by the director in good faith and for cause, but if it find that no cause existed for the taking possession of such ((corporation)) bank or trust company, it shall require the director to restore such bank or trust company to possession of its assets and enjoin ((him or her)) the director from further interference therewith without cause.

Sec. 33. RCW 30.44.100 and 1994 c 92 s 116 are each amended to read as follows:

No receiver shall be appointed by any court for any bank or trust company, nor shall any assignment of any bank or trust company for the benefit of creditors be valid, excepting only that a court otherwise having jurisdiction may in case of imminent necessity appoint a temporary receiver to take possession of and preserve the assets of such corporation. Immediately upon any such appointment, the clerk of such court shall notify the director ((by telegraph and mail)) in writing of such appointment and the director shall forthwith take possession of such bank or, trust company, as in case of insolvency,

- and ((such)) the temporary receiver shall upon demand of the director surrender up to him or her such possession and all assets which shall have come into the ((hands)) possession of such receiver. The director shall in due course pay such receiver out of the assets of such corporation such amount as the court shall allow.
- **Sec. 34.** RCW 30.44.110 and 2003 c 53 s 190 are each amended to read as follows:

- (1) Every transfer of its property or assets by any bank or trust company (($\frac{1}{1}$ this state)), made (a) in contemplation of insolvency(($\frac{1}{1}$)) or after it shall have become insolvent, (b) within ninety days before the date the director takes possession of such bank or trust company under RCW 30.44.010, 30.44.020, 30.44.100 or 30.44.160, or the federal deposit insurance corporation is appointed as receiver or liquidator of such bank under RCW 30.44.270, and (c) with a view to the preference of one creditor over another(($\frac{1}{1}$)) or to prevent the equal distribution of its property and assets among its creditors, shall be void.
- 17 <u>(2)</u> Every director, officer, or employee <u>of a bank or trust company</u>
 18 making any such transfer <u>of assets</u> is guilty of a class B felony
 19 punishable according to chapter 9A.20 RCW.
- **Sec. 35.** RCW 30.44.160 and 1994 c 92 s 120 are each amended to 21 read as follows:
 - ((Any)) (1) Subject to the consent of the director, a bank or trust company may voluntarily stipulate and consent to an order taking possession and thereby place itself under the control of the director to be liquidated ((as herein provided by posting)) and be made subject to receivership as provided in this chapter.
 - (2) Upon issuance of such order taking possession, the bank or trust company shall post a notice on its door as follows: "This bank (trust company) is in the ((hands)) possession of the ((State)) Director of the Washington State Department of Financial Institutions."
 - ((Immediately upon the posting of such notice, the officers of such corporation shall notify the director thereof by telegraph and mail.))
 - (3) The posting of such notice or the taking possession of any bank or trust company by the director shall be sufficient to place all of its assets and property of every nature in his or her possession and bar all attachment proceedings.

p. 31 SB 6370

1 **Sec. 36.** RCW 30.44.270 and 1994 c 92 s 131 are each amended to read as follows:

3

5

6 7

8

12

13 14

15

16 17

18

21

22

23

24

2526

27

- (1) The federal deposit insurance corporation is hereby authorized and empowered to be and act without bond as receiver or liquidator of any bank or trust company the deposits in which are to any extent insured by that corporation and of which the director shall have ((been closed on account of inability to meet the demands of its depositors)) taken possession pursuant to RCW 30.44.010, 30.44.020, or 30.44.160.
- 9 (2) In the event of such closing, the director may appoint the 10 federal deposit insurance corporation as receiver or liquidator of such 11 bank or trust company.
 - (3) If the corporation accepts such appointment, it shall have and possess all the powers and privileges provided by the laws of this state with respect to a liquidator of a bank or trust company, its depositors and other creditors, and be subject to all the duties of such liquidator, except insofar as such powers, privileges, or duties are in conflict with the provisions of the federal deposit insurance act, as now or hereafter amended.
- 19 **Sec. 37.** RCW 30.46.010 and 1994 c 92 s 133 are each amended to 20 read as follows:
 - ((For the purposes of this chapter the following terms shall be defined as follows:)) The definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter unless the context clearly requires otherwise.
 - (1) "Unsafe condition" shall mean and include, but not be limited to, any one or more of the following circumstances:
 - (a) If a ((bank's capital is impaired or impairment of capital is threatened)) bank or trust company is less than well capitalized;
- 28 (b) If a bank <u>or trust company</u> violates the <u>applicable</u> provisions 29 of Title 30 RCW or any other law or regulation applicable to banks <u>or</u> 30 <u>trust companies</u>;
- 31 (c) If a bank <u>or trust company</u> conducts a fraudulent or 32 questionable practice in the conduct of its business that endangers 33 ((the)) <u>a</u> bank's <u>or trust company's</u> reputation or threatens its 34 solvency;
- 35 (d) If a bank <u>or trust company</u> conducts its business in an unsafe 36 or unauthorized manner;

- 1 (e) If a bank <u>or trust company</u> violates any conditions of its 2 charter or any agreement entered with the director; or
- 3 (f) If a bank <u>or trust company</u> fails to carry out any authorized 4 order or direction of the examiner or the director.

- (2) "Exceeded its powers" shall mean and include, but not be limited to the following circumstances:
- (a) If a bank <u>or trust company</u> has refused to permit examination of its books, papers, accounts, records, or affairs by the director, assistant director, or duly commissioned examiners; or
- (b) If a bank <u>or trust company</u> has neglected or refused to observe an order of the director to make good, within the time prescribed, any impairment of its capital.
- 13 (3) "Consent" includes and means a written agreement by the bank <u>or</u>
 14 <u>trust company</u> to either supervisory direction or conservatorship under
 15 this chapter.
- **Sec. 38.** RCW 32.04.020 and 1999 c 14 s 13 are each amended to read 17 as follows:
 - Unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the definitions in this section apply throughout this title.
 - (1) ((The use of the term "savings bank" or "mutual savings bank" refers to savings banks organized under chapter 32.08 or 32.35 RCW or converted under chapter 32.32 or 33.44 RCW.
 - (2) The use of the words "mutual savings" as part of a name under which business of any kind is or may be transacted by any person, firm, or corporation, except such as were organized and in actual operation on June 9, 1915, or as may be thereafter operated under the requirements of this title is hereby prohibited.
 - (3) The use of the term "director" refers to the director of financial institutions.
 - (4) The use of the word "branch" refers to an established office or facility other than the principal office, at which employees of the savings bank take deposits. The term "branch" does not refer to a machine permitting customers to leave funds in storage or communicate with savings bank employees who are not located at the site of that machine, unless employees of the savings bank at the site of that machine take deposits on a regular basis. An office of an entity other than the savings bank is not established by the savings bank,

p. 33 SB 6370

- 1 regardless of any affiliation, accommodation arrangement, or other
- 2 relationship between the other entity and the savings bank.))
- 3 <u>"Adequately capitalized," "critically undercapitalized," "significantly</u>
- 4 undercapitalized, " "undercapitalized, " and "well-capitalized, "
- 5 respectively, have meanings consistent with the definitions these same
- 6 terms have under the prompt corrective action provisions of the federal
- 7 deposit insurance act, 12 U.S.C. Sec. 1831o, or any successor federal
- 8 statute, and applicable enabling rules of the federal deposit insurance
- 9 <u>corporation</u>.

25

26

27

28

2930

31

32

3334

35

- 10 (2) "Bank holding company" means a bank holding company under
 11 authority of the federal bank holding company act.
- 12 (3) "Branch" means an established office or facility other than the
- principal office, at which employees of the savings bank take deposits.
- 14 <u>"Branch" does not mean a machine permitting customers to leave funds in</u>
- storage or communicate with savings bank employees who are not located at the site of that machine, unless employees of the savings bank at
- at the site of that machine, unless employees of the savings bank at the site of that machine take deposits on a regular basis. An office
- 18 of an entity other than the savings bank is not established by the
- 19 savings bank, regardless of any affiliation, accommodation arrangement,
- or other relationship between the other entity and the savings bank.
- 21 <u>(4) "Department" means the Washington state department of financial</u> 22 institutions.
- 23 <u>(5)"Director" means the director of the department.</u>
 - (6) "Financial holding company" means a financial services holding company under the authority of the federal bank holding company act.
 - (7) "Holding company" means a bank holding company, financial holding company, or thrift holding company of a savings bank organized under chapter 32.08 RCW, converted from a mutual savings bank to a stock savings bank under chapter 32.32 RCW, or converted to a state savings bank under chapter 32.34 RCW.
 - (8) "Mutual savings" when used as part of a name under which business of any kind is or may be transacted by any person, firm, or corporation, except such as were organized and in actual operation on June 9, 1915, or as may be thereafter operated under the requirements of this title is hereby prohibited.
- 36 (9) "Savings bank" or "mutual savings bank" means savings banks
 37 organized under chapter 32.08 or 32.35 RCW or converted under chapter
 38 32.32 or 33.44 RCW.

- 1 (10) "Thrift holding company" means a thrift institution holding
 2 company under authority of laws and rules administered by the federal
 3 office of thrift supervision, or its successor agency.
- 4 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 39.** A new section is added to chapter 32.04 RCW to read as follows:
 - (1) Each savings bank and its directors, officers, employees, and agents, shall comply with:
- 8 (a) This title and chapter 11.100 RCW as applicable to each of them;
- 10 (b) The rules adopted by the department with respect to savings 11 banks;
 - (c) Any lawful direction or order of the director;

7

12

13

14

15

16 17

22

23

2425

2627

2829

3031

32

3334

35

36

- (d) Any lawful supervisory agreement with the director; and
- (e) The applicable statutes, rules, and regulations administered by the board of governors of the federal reserve system, the federal office of thrift supervision, and the federal deposit insurance corporation with respect to savings banks and holding companies.
- 18 (2) Each holding company, and its directors, officers, employees, 19 and agents, shall comply with:
- 20 (a) The provisions of this title that are applicable to each of them;
 - (b) The rules of the department that are applicable with respect to holding companies;
 - (c) Any lawful direction or order of the director;
 - (d) Any lawful supervisory agreement with the director; and
 - (e) The applicable statutes, rules, and regulations administered by the board of governors of the federal reserve system or the federal office of thrift supervision, or applicable successor agency, with respect to holding companies, the violation of which would result in an unsafe and unsound practice or material violation of law with respect to the subsidiary savings bank of the holding company.
 - (3) The violation of any supervisory agreement, directive, order, statute, rule, or regulation referenced in this section, in addition to any other penalty provided in this title, shall, at the option of the director, subject the offender to a penalty of up to ten thousand dollars for each offense, payable upon issuance of any order or

p. 35 SB 6370

- directive of the director, which may be recovered by the attorney general in a civil action in the name of the department.
- **Sec. 40.** RCW 32.04.070 and 1955 c 13 s 32.04.070 are each amended 4 to read as follows:

Copies from the records, books, and accounts of a savings bank and its holding company shall be competent evidence in all cases, equal with originals thereof, if there is annexed to such copies an affidavit taken before a notary public or clerk of a court under seal, stating that the affiant is the officer of the savings bank or holding company having charge of the original records, and that the copy is true and correct and is full so far as the same relates to the subject matter therein mentioned.

- **Sec. 41.** RCW 32.04.100 and 2003 c 53 s 194 are each amended to 14 read as follows:
 - Every person who knowingly subscribes to or makes or causes to be made any false statement or false entry in the books of any savings bank or its holding company, or knowingly subscribes to or exhibits any false or fictitious security, document or paper, with the intent to deceive any person authorized to examine into the affairs of any savings bank or its holding company, or makes or publishes any false statement of the amount of the assets or liabilities of any such savings bank or its holding company is guilty of a class B felony punishable according to chapter 9A.20 RCW.
- **Sec. 42.** RCW 32.04.110 and 2003 c 53 s 195 are each amended to 25 read as follows:

Every <u>board</u> trustee <u>or director</u>, officer, employee, or agent of any savings bank <u>or its holding company</u> who for the purpose of concealing any fact suppresses any evidence against himself or herself, or against any other person, or who abstracts, removes, mutilates, destroys, or secretes any paper, book, or record of any savings bank <u>or its holding company</u>, or of the director, or anyone connected with his or her office is guilty of a class B felony punishable according to chapter 9A.20 RCW.

SB 6370 p. 36

Sec. 43. RCW 32.04.211 and 1994 c 92 s 300 are each amended to 2 read as follows:

- (1) The director, assistant director, or an examiner shall visit each savings bank at least once every eighteen months, and oftener if necessary, or as otherwise required by the rules and interpretations of applicable federal banking examination authorities, for the purpose of making a full investigation into the condition of such corporation, and for that purpose they are hereby empowered to administer oaths and to examine under oath any director, officer, employee, or agent of such corporation.
- (2) The director may make such other full or partial examinations as deemed necessary and may examine any holding company that owns any portion of a savings bank chartered by the state of Washington and obtain reports of condition for any holding company that owns any portion of a savings bank chartered by the state of Washington.
- (3) The director may visit and examine into the affairs of any nonpublicly held corporation in which the savings bank or <u>its</u> holding company has an investment or any publicly held corporation the capital stock of which is controlled by the savings bank or <u>its</u> holding company; may appraise and revalue such corporations' investments and securities; and shall have full access to all the books, records, papers, securities, correspondence, bank accounts, and other papers of such corporations for such purposes. ((The director may, in his or her discretion, accept in lieu of the examinations required in this section the examinations conducted at the direction of the federal reserve board or the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.))
- (4) Any willful false swearing in any examination is perjury in the second degree.
- $((\frac{2}{2}))$ (5) The director may enter into cooperative and reciprocal agreements with the bank regulatory authorities of the United States, any state, the District of Columbia, or any trust territory of the United States for the periodic examination of domestic savings banks or holding companies owning banking institutions in other states, the District of Columbia, or trust territories, and subsidiaries of such domestic savings banks and holding companies, or of out-of-state holding companies owning a savings bank the principal operations of which are conducted in this state. ((The director may accept reports

p. 37 SB 6370

of examination and other records from such authorities in lieu of conducting his or her own examinations.))

- (6) The director may, in his or her discretion, accept in lieu of the examinations required in this section the examinations and reports conducted, as applicable, at the direction of the board of governors of the federal reserve system, the federal office of thrift supervision, the federal deposit insurance corporation, any successor federal thrift regulator or thrift holding company regulator, or other authorities, domestic, foreign, or alien.
- 10 <u>(7)</u> The director may enter into joint actions with other 11 regulatory bodies having concurrent jurisdiction or may enter into such 12 actions independently to carry out his or her responsibilities under 13 this title and assure compliance with the laws of this state.
- **Sec. 44.** RCW 32.04.220 and 2005 c 274 s 258 are each amended to read as follows:
 - (1) All examination reports and all information obtained by the director and the director's staff in conducting examinations of ((mutual)) savings banks, and information obtained by the director and the director's staff from other state or federal bank regulatory authorities with whom the director has entered into agreements pursuant to RCW 32.04.211, and information obtained by the director and the director's staff relating to examination and supervision of holding companies owning a savings bank in this state or subsidiaries of such holding companies, is confidential and privileged information and shall not be made public or otherwise disclosed to any person, firm, corporation, agency, association, governmental body, or other entity.
 - (2) Subsection (1) of this section notwithstanding, the director may furnish all or any part of examination reports, work papers, final orders, or other information obtained in the conduct of an examination or investigation prepared by the director's office to:
 - (a) Federal agencies empowered to examine ((mutual)) savings banks;
 - (b) Bank regulatory authorities with whom the director has entered into agreements pursuant to RCW 32.04.211, and other bank regulatory authorities who are the primary regulatory authority or insurer of accounts for a holding company owning a savings bank the principal operations of which are conducted in this state or a subsidiary of such

holding company; provided that the director shall first find that the reports of examination to be furnished shall receive protection from disclosure comparable to that accorded by this section;

- (c) Officials empowered to investigate criminal charges subject to legal process, valid search warrant, or subpoena. If the director furnishes any examination report to officials empowered to investigate criminal charges, the director may only furnish that part of the report which is necessary and pertinent to the investigation, and the director may do this only after notifying the affected ((mutual)) savings bank and any customer of the ((mutual)) savings bank who is named in that part of the report of the order to furnish the part of the examination report unless the officials requesting the report first obtain a waiver of the notice requirement from a court of competent jurisdiction for good cause;
 - (d) The examined savings bank or holding company thereof;
- 16 (e) The attorney general in his or her role as legal advisor to the director;
 - (f) Liquidating agents of a distressed savings bank;
 - (g) A person or organization officially connected with the savings bank as officer, director, attorney, auditor, or independent attorney or independent auditor;
 - (h) The Washington public deposit protection commission as provided by RCW 39.58.105:
 - (i) Organizations insuring or guaranteeing the shares of, or deposits in, the savings bank; or
 - (j) Other persons as the director may determine necessary to protect the public interest and confidence.
 - (3) All examination reports, work papers, final orders, and other information obtained in the conduct of an examination or investigation furnished under subsections (2) and (4) of this section shall remain the property of the department of financial institutions, and be confidential, and no person, agency, or authority to whom reports are furnished or any officer, director, or employee thereof shall disclose or make public any of the reports or any information contained therein except in published statistical material that does not disclose the affairs of any individual or corporation: PROVIDED, That nothing herein shall prevent the use in a criminal prosecution of reports furnished under subsection (2) of this section.

p. 39 SB 6370

(4) The examination report made by the department of financial institutions is designed for use in the supervision of the ((mutual)) savings bank, and the director may furnish a copy of the report to the ((mutual)) savings bank examined. The report shall remain the property of the director and will be furnished to the ((mutual)) savings bank solely for its confidential use. Under no circumstances shall the ((mutual)) savings bank or any of its trustees, officers, or employees disclose or make public in any manner the report or any portion thereof, to any person or organization not connected with the savings bank as officer, director, employee, attorney, auditor, or candidate for executive office with the bank. The savings bank may also, after execution of an agreement not to disclose information in the report, disclose the report or relevant portions thereof to a party proposing to acquire or merge with the savings bank.

- (5) Examination reports and information obtained by the director and the director's staff in conducting examinations, or from other state and federal bank regulatory authorities with whom the director has entered into agreements pursuant to RCW 32.04.211, or relating to examination and supervision of holding companies owning a savings bank the principal operations of which are conducted in this state or a subsidiary of such holding company, shall not be subject to public disclosure under chapter 42.56 RCW.
- (6) In any civil action in which the reports are sought to be discovered or used as evidence, any party may, upon notice to the director, petition the court for an in camera review of the report. The court may permit discovery and introduction of only those portions of the report which are relevant and otherwise unobtainable by the requesting party. This subsection shall not apply to an action brought or defended by the director.
- (7) This section shall not apply to investigation reports prepared by the director and the director's staff concerning an application for a new ((mutual)) savings bank or an application for a branch of a ((mutual)) savings bank: PROVIDED, That the director may adopt rules making confidential portions of the reports if in the director's opinion the public disclosure of the portions of the report would impair the ability to obtain the information which the director considers necessary to fully evaluate the application.

(8) Except to the extent permitted by subsection (2) of this section, any regulatory enforcement action against a savings bank or holding company, including any supervisory agreement, direction, consent order, final order, or other information related to the regulatory enforcement action is confidential and privileged and not subject to public disclosure under chapter 42.56 RCW.

- (9) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section or other applicable law, a savings bank or holding company shall not be in violation of any provision of this section on account of its compliance with required reporting to the federal securities and exchange commission, including the disclosure of any order of the director.
- (10) Every person who violates any provision of this section shall ((forfeit the person's office or employment and)) be guilty of a gross misdemeanor.
- **Sec. 45.** RCW 32.04.250 and 1994 c 92 s 302 are each amended to 16 read as follows:
 - (1) The director may issue and serve <u>a notice of charges</u> upon a ((mutual)) savings bank ((a notice of charges if)) when, in the opinion of the director ((any mutual savings bank)):
 - (a) ((Is engaging or)) <u>It</u> has engaged in an unsafe ((or)) <u>and</u>
 unsound practice in conducting <u>or in relation to</u> ((the)) <u>its</u> business
 ((of the mutual savings bank));
 - (b) ((Is violating or)) It has violated ((the law, rule, or any condition imposed in writing by the director in connection with the granting of any application or other request by the mutual savings bank or any written agreement made with the director)) any provision of section 39 of this act; or
 - (c) ((Is about to do the)) <u>It is planning, attempting, or currently conducting any act((s))</u> prohibited in (a) or (b) of this subsection ((when the opinion that the threat exists is based upon reasonable cause)).
- 32 (2) The director may issue and serve a notice of charges upon a holding company when, in the opinion of the director:
- 34 <u>(a) The holding company has committed a violation of section 39(2)</u> 35 <u>of this act;</u>
 - (b) The conduct of the holding company has resulted in an unsafe

p. 41 SB 6370

and unsound practice at the savings bank or a violation of any provision of section 39 of this act by the savings bank; or

- (c) The holding company is planning, attempting, or currently conducting any act prohibited in (a) or (b) of this subsection.
- (3) The notice shall contain a statement of the facts constituting the alleged violation or violations or the practice or practices and shall fix a time and place at which a hearing will be held to determine whether an order to cease and desist should issue against the ((mutual)) savings bank or holding company. The hearing shall be set not earlier than ten days ((nor)) or later than thirty days after service of the notice, unless a later date is set by the director at the request of the ((mutual)) savings bank or holding company.
- (4) Unless the ((mutual)) savings bank or holding company shall appear at the hearing by a duly authorized representative, it shall be deemed to have consented to the issuance of the cease and desist order. In the event of this consent or if upon the record made at the hearing the director finds that any violation or practice specified in the notice of charges has been established, the director may issue and serve upon the ((mutual)) savings bank or holding company an order to cease and desist from the violation or practice. The order may require the ((mutual)) savings bank or holding company, and its trustees, officers, employees, and agents, to cease and desist from the violation or practice and may require the ((mutual)) savings bank or holding company to take affirmative action to correct the conditions resulting from the violation or practice.
- $((\frac{3}{3}))$ (5) A cease and desist order shall become effective at the expiration of ten days after the service of the order upon the $((\frac{\text{mutual}}{\text{mutual}}))$ savings bank or holding company concerned, except that a cease and desist order issued upon consent shall become effective at the time specified in the order and shall remain effective as provided therein, unless it is stayed, modified, terminated, or set aside by action of the director or a reviewing court.
- **Sec. 46.** RCW 32.04.260 and 1994 c 92 s 303 are each amended to read as follows:
- ((Whenever the director determines that the acts specified in RCW 32.04.250 or their continuation is likely to cause insolvency or substantial dissipation of assets or earnings of the mutual savings

bank or to otherwise seriously prejudice the interest of its 1 2 depositors, the director may also issue a temporary order requiring the mutual savings bank to cease and desist from the violation or practice. 3 4 The order shall become effective upon service on the mutual savings bank and, unless set aside, limited, or suspended by a court in 5 6 proceedings under RCW 32.04.270, shall remain effective pending the 7 completion of the administrative proceedings under the notice and until such time as the director shall dismiss the charges specified in the 8 9 notice or until the effective date of a cease and desist order issued against the mutual savings bank under RCW 32.04.250.)) (1) The director 10 11 may also issue a temporary order requiring a savings bank or its holding company, or both, to cease and desist from any action or 12 omission, as specified in RCW 32.04.250, or its continuation, which the 13 director has determined: 14

- (a) Constitutes an unsafe and unsound practice, or a material violation of section 39 of this act affecting the savings bank;
- 17 <u>(b) Has resulted in the savings bank being less than adequately</u> 18 <u>capitalized; or</u>

15

16

19 20

21

22

2324

25

2627

2829

32

3334

35

36

- (c) Is likely to cause insolvency or substantial dissipation of assets or earnings of the savings bank, or to otherwise seriously prejudice the interests of the savings bank's depositors.
- (2) The order is effective upon service on the savings bank or holding company, and remains effective unless set aside, limited, or suspended by the superior court in proceedings under RCW 32.04.270 pending the completion of the administrative proceedings under the notice and until such time as the director dismisses the charges specified in the notice or until the effective date of a cease and desist order issued against the savings bank or holding company under RCW 32.04.250.
- 30 **Sec. 47.** RCW 32.04.270 and 1979 c 46 s 3 are each amended to read 31 as follows:
 - (1) Within ten days after a ((mutual)) savings bank or holding company has been served with a temporary cease and desist order, the ((mutual)) savings bank or holding company may apply to the superior court in the county of its principal place of business for an injunction setting aside, limiting, or suspending the order pending the

p. 43 SB 6370

- completion of the administrative proceedings pursuant to the notice served under RCW 32.04.250.
- 3 <u>(2)</u> The superior court shall have jurisdiction to issue the injunction.
- **Sec. 48.** RCW 32.04.290 and 1994 c 92 s 305 are each amended to 6 read as follows:

- (1) Any administrative hearing provided in RCW 32.04.250 or 32.16.093 ((may be held at such place as is designated by the director and shall be conducted in accordance with chapter 34.05 RCW)) must be conducted in accordance with chapter 34.05 RCW and held at the place designated by the director, and may be conducted by the department. The hearing shall be private unless the director determines that a public hearing is necessary to protect the public interest after fully considering the views of the party afforded the hearing.
- (2) Within sixty days after the hearing, the director shall render a decision which shall include findings of fact upon which the decision is based and shall issue and serve upon each party to the proceeding an order or orders consistent with RCW 32.04.250 or 32.16.093, as the case may be.
- (3) Unless a petition for review is timely filed in the superior court of the county of the principal place of business of the affected mutual savings bank under subsection ((+2)) (5) of this section, and until the record in the proceeding has been filed as provided therein, the director may at any time modify, terminate, or set aside any order upon such notice and in such manner as he or she shall deem proper. Upon filing the record, the director may modify, terminate, or set aside any order only with permission of the court.
- 28 (4) The judicial review provided in this section shall be exclusive 29 for orders issued under RCW 32.04.250 and 32.16.093.
 - $((\frac{(2)}{(2)}))$ (5) Any party to the proceeding or any person required by an order, temporary order, or injunction issued under RCW 32.04.250, 32.04.260, 32.04.280, or 32.16.093 to refrain from any of the violations or practices stated therein may obtain a review of any order served under subsection (1) of this section other than one issued upon consent by filing in the superior court of the county of the principal place of business of the affected mutual savings bank within ten days after the date of service of the order a written petition praying that

the order of the director be modified, terminated, or set aside. A copy of the petition shall be immediately served upon the director and the director shall then file in the court the record of the proceeding. The court shall have jurisdiction upon the filing of the petition, which jurisdiction shall become exclusive upon the filing of the record, to affirm, modify, terminate, or set aside in whole or in part the order of the director except that the director may modify, terminate, or set aside an order with the permission of the court. The judgment and decree of the court shall be final, except that it shall be subject to appellate review under the rules of court.

 $((\frac{3}{2}))$ (6) The commencement of proceedings for judicial review under subsection $((\frac{2}{2}))$ (5) of this section shall not operate as a stay of any order issued by the director unless specifically ordered by the court.

 $((\frac{4}{1}))$ <u>(7)</u> Service of any notice or order required to be served under RCW 32.04.250, 32.04.260, or 32.16.093, or under RCW 32.16.090, as now or hereafter amended, shall be accomplished in the same manner as required for the service of process in civil actions in superior courts of this state.

Sec. 49. RCW 32.08.153 and 2003 c 24 s 4 are each amended to read 21 as follows:

(1) Notwithstanding any restrictions, limitations, and requirements of law, in addition to all powers, express or implied, that a mutual savings bank has under the laws of this state, a mutual savings bank shall have ((the powers and authorities that national banks had on July 27, 2003)) each and every power and authority that any national bank had on July 28, 1985, or on any subsequent date not later than July 27, 2003.

(2) The restrictions, limitations, and requirements applicable to specific powers or authorities of national banks apply to mutual savings banks exercising those powers or authorities permitted under this section but only insofar as the restrictions, limitations, and requirements relate to exercising the powers or authorities granted mutual savings banks solely under this section. The director may require such a savings bank to provide notice prior to implementation of a plan to develop, improve, or continue holding an individual parcel of real estate, including capitalized and operating leases, acquired

p. 45 SB 6370

- 1 through any means in full or partial satisfaction of a debt previously
- 2 <u>contracted</u>, <u>under circumstances in which a national bank would be</u>
- 3 required to provide notice to the comptroller of the currency prior to
- 4 <u>implementation of such a plan</u>. The director may adopt rules, orders,
- 5 <u>directives</u>, standards, policies, memoranda or other communications to
- 6 specify guidance with regard to the exercise of the powers and
- 7 authorities to expend such funds as are needed to enable such a savings
- 8 bank to recover its total investment, to the fullest extent authorized
- 9 for a national bank under the national bank act, 12 U.S.C. Sec. 29.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 50. A new section is added to chapter 32.08 RCW to read as follows:
- A mutual savings bank may exercise the powers and authorities granted, after July 27, 2003, to national banks or their successors under federal law, only if the director finds that the exercise of such powers and authorities:
- 16 (a) Serves the convenience and advantage of depositors and 17 borrowers; and
 - (b) Maintains the fairness of competition and parity between statechartered mutual savings banks and national banks or their successors under federal law.
 - (2) The restrictions, limitations, and requirements applicable to specific powers or authorities of national banks or their successors under federal law shall apply to mutual savings banks exercising those powers or authorities permitted under this section but only insofar as the restrictions, limitations, and requirements relate to exercising the powers or authorities granted mutual savings banks solely under this section.
- 28 (3) As used in this section, "powers and authorities" include 29 without limitation powers and authorities in corporate governance 30 matters.
- 31 **Sec. 51.** RCW 32.16.090 and 1994 c 92 s 331 are each amended to read as follows:
- 33 ((Whenever the director finds that:

19 20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

34 (1) Any trustee, officer, or employee of any mutual savings bank 35 has committed or engaged in:

- (a) A violation of any law, rule, or cease and desist order which has become final;
 - (b) Any unsafe or unsound practice in connection with the mutual savings bank; or
 - (c) Any act, omission, or practice which constitutes a breach of his or her fiduciary duty as trustee, officer, or employee; and
 - (2) The director determines that:

- (a) The mutual savings bank has suffered or may suffer substantial financial loss or other damage; or
- (b) The interests of its depositors could be seriously prejudiced by reason of the violation, practice, or breach of fiduciary duty; and
- (3) The director determines that the violation, practice, or breach of fiduciary duty is one involving personal dishonesty, recklessness, or incompetence on the part of the trustee, officer, or employee;

Then the director may serve upon the trustee, officer, or employee of any mutual savings bank a written notice of the director's intention to remove the person from office or to prohibit the person from participation in the conduct of the affairs of the mutual savings bank.)) The director may issue and serve a board director, officer, or employee of a savings bank with written notice of intent to remove the person from office or employment or to prohibit the person from participating in the conduct of the affairs of the savings bank or any other depository institution, trust company, bank holding company, thrift holding company, or financial holding company doing business in this state whenever, in the opinion of the director:

- (1)(a) Reasonable cause exists to believe the person has committed a material violation of law, an unsafe and unsound practice, or a violation or practice involving a breach of fiduciary duty, personal dishonesty, recklessness, or incompetence; and
- (b) The bank, trust company, or holding company has suffered or is likely to suffer substantial financial loss or other damage; or
- (c) The interests of depositors or trust beneficiaries could be seriously prejudiced by reason of the violation or practice.
- (2) The director may issue and serve a board director, officer, or employee of a holding company of a savings bank with written notice of intent to remove the person from office or employment or to prohibit the person from participating in the conduct of the affairs of the holding company, its subsidiary bank, or any other depository

p. 47 SB 6370

institution, trust company, bank holding company, thrift holding
company, or financial holding company doing business in this state
whenever, in the opinion of the director:

4

5

6 7

15 16

17

18

19 20

21

2223

24

25

- (a) Reasonable cause exists to believe the person has committed a material violation of law, an unsafe and unsound practice, or a violation or practice involving a breach of fiduciary duty, personal dishonesty, recklessness, or incompetence; and
- 8 <u>(b) The subsidiary savings bank has suffered or is likely to suffer</u>
 9 substantial financial loss or other damage; or
- 10 <u>(c) The interests of depositors or trust beneficiaries of the</u> 11 <u>subsidiary savings bank could be seriously prejudiced by reason of the</u> 12 violation or practice.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 52. A new section is added to chapter 32.16 RCW to read as follows:
 - The director may serve written notice of charges under RCW 32.16.090 to suspend a person from further participation in any manner in the conduct of the affairs of a savings bank or holding company, if the director determines that such an action is necessary for the protection of the savings bank or holding company, or the interests of the depositors. Any suspension notice issued by the director is effective upon service, and unless the superior court of the county of its principal place of business issues a stay of the order, remains in effect and enforceable until:
 - (1) The director dismisses the charges contained in the notice served to the person; or
- 26 (2) The effective date of a final order for removal of the person under RCW 32.16.093.
- 28 **Sec. 53.** RCW 32.16.093 and 1994 c 92 s 332 are each amended to 29 read as follows:
- (1) A notice of an intention to remove a <u>board</u> trustee <u>or director</u>, officer, or employee from office or to prohibit his or her participation in the conduct of the affairs of a ((<u>mutual</u>)) savings bank <u>or holding company</u> shall contain a statement of the facts which constitute grounds therefor and shall fix a time and place at which a hearing will be held. The hearing shall be set not earlier than ten days ((<u>nor</u>)) <u>or</u> later than thirty days after the date of service of the

notice unless an earlier or later date is set by the director at the request of the <u>board</u> trustee <u>or director</u>, officer, or employee for good cause shown or at the request of the attorney general of the state.

(2) Unless the <u>board</u> trustee <u>or director</u>, officer, or employee appears at the hearing personally or by a duly authorized representative, the person shall be deemed to have consented to the issuance of an order of removal or prohibition or both. In the event of such consent or if upon the record made at the hearing the director finds that any of the grounds specified in the notice have been established, the director may issue such orders of removal from office or prohibition from participation in the conduct of the affairs of the ((<u>mutual</u>)) savings bank <u>or holding company</u> as the director may consider appropriate.

(3) Any order under this section shall become effective at the expiration of ten days after service upon the ((mutual)) savings bank or holding company and the trustee, director, officer, or employee concerned except that an order issued upon consent shall become effective at the time specified in the order.

An order shall remain effective except to the extent it is stayed, modified, terminated, or set aside by the director or a reviewing court.

Sec. 54. RCW 32.16.095 and 1994 c 92 s 333 are each amended to 23 read as follows:

If at any time because of the removal of one or more trustees or directors under this chapter there shall be on the board of trustees or board of directors of a ((mutual)) savings bank less than a quorum of trustees or directors, all powers and functions vested in, or exercisable by the board shall vest in, and be exercisable by the trustee or trustees or director or directors remaining, until such time as there is a quorum on the board of trustees or board of directors. If all of the trustees or directors of a ((mutual)) savings bank are removed under this chapter, the director shall appoint persons to serve temporarily as trustees or directors until such time as their respective successors take office.

Sec. 55. RCW 32.16.097 and 1994 c 92 s 334 are each amended to read as follows:

p. 49 SB 6370

Any present or former trustee, board director, officer, or employee of a ((mutual)) savings bank or holding company or any other person against whom there is outstanding an effective final order issued under RCW 32.16.093, which order has been served upon the person, and who, in violation of the order, (1) participates in any manner in the conduct of the affairs of the ((mutual)) savings bank or holding company involved; or (2) directly or indirectly solicits or procures, transfers or attempts to transfer, or votes or attempts to vote any proxies, consents, or authorizations with respect to any voting rights in the ((mutual)) savings bank or holding company; or (3) without the prior approval of the director, votes for a board trustee or director or serves or acts as a trustee, <u>director</u>, officer, employee, or agent of any ((mutual)) savings bank or holding company, shall be guilty of a gross misdemeanor, and, upon conviction, shall be punishable as prescribed under chapter 9A.20 RCW.

Sec. 56. RCW 32.16.140 and 1994 c 92 s 335 are each amended to read as follows:

If the <u>trustees or directors</u> of any <u>savings</u> bank <u>or holding company</u> shall knowingly violate, or knowingly permit any of the officers, agents, or ((<u>servants</u>)) <u>employees</u> of the <u>savings</u> bank <u>or holding company</u> to violate any of the provisions of this title or any lawful regulation or directive of the director, and if the <u>trustees or directors</u> are aware that such facts and circumstances constitute such violations, then each <u>trustee or director</u> who participated in or assented to the violation is personally and individually liable for all damages which the state or any insurer of the deposits <u>of the savings bank</u> sustains due to the violation.

Sec. 57. RCW 32.20.285 and 1981 c 86 s 5 are each amended to read 29 as follows:

((A mutual)) Subject to such requirements, restrictions, or other conditions as the director may adopt by rule, order, directive, standard, policy, memorandum or other communication with regard to the investment, a savings bank may invest its funds in such real estate, improved or unimproved, and its fixtures and equipment, as the savings bank shall purchase either alone or with others or through ownership of interests in entities holding such real estate. The savings bank may

SB 6370 p. 50

improve property which it owns, and rent, lease, sell, and otherwise deal in such property, the same as any other owner thereof. amount a ((mutual)) savings bank may invest pursuant to this section shall not exceed twenty percent of its funds. No officer or board trustee or director of the savings bank shall own or hold any interest in any property in which the savings bank owns an interest, and in the event the bank owns an interest in property hereunder with or as a part of another entity, no officer or board trustee or director of the savings bank shall own more than two and one-half percent of the equity or stock of any entity involved, and all of the officers and board trustees or directors of the savings bank shall not own more than five percent of the equity or stock of any entity involved.

Sec. 58. RCW 32.24.040 and 1994 c 92 s 342 are each amended to 14 read as follows:

((Whenever it appears to the director that any mutual savings bank is conducting its business in an unsafe manner or that it refuses to submit its books, papers, or concerns to lawful inspection, or that any trustee or officer thereof refuses to submit to examination on oath touching its concerns, or that it has failed to carry out any authorized order or direction of the director, such)) (1) Under the circumstances set forth in subsection (2) of this section, the director may give to a savings bank notice ((to the mutual)) of unsafe condition of the savings bank ((so offending or delinquent or whose trustee or officer is thus offending or delinquent to correct such offense or delinquency,)); and if the ((mutual)) savings bank fails to comply with the terms of such notice within thirty days from the date of its issuance, or within such further time as the director may allow, then the director may take possession of such ((mutual)) savings bank as in the case of insolvency.

- (2) The director is authorized to give notice and take possession of a savings bank, as described in subsection (1) of this section, under the following circumstances:
- (a) The obligations to its creditors, depositors, members, trust beneficiaries, if applicable, and others exceed its assets;
- (b) It has willfully violated a supervisory directive, cease and desist order, or other authorized directive or order of the director;

p. 51 SB 6370

- 1 (c) It has concealed its books, papers, records, or assets, or refused to submit its books, records, or affairs to any examiner of the department;
- 4 (d) It is likely to be unable to pay its immediate obligations or 5 meet its depositors' immediate demands in the normal course of 6 business;
 - (e) It ceases to have deposit insurance acceptable to the director;
- 8 (f) It fails to submit a capital restoration plan acceptable to the
 9 department within a time previously called for or materially fails to
- 10 <u>implement a capital restoration plan that was previously submitted and</u>
- 11 <u>accepted by the department; or</u>

16

17

18

19 20

21

22

23

2425

26

27

2829

3031

- 12 <u>(g) It is critically undercapitalized or otherwise has</u> 13 substantially insufficient capital.
- 14 **Sec. 59.** RCW 32.24.050 and 1994 c 92 s 343 are each amended to 15 read as follows:
 - (1) Whenever it appears to the director that any offense or delinquency referred to in RCW 32.24.040 ((renders a mutual)) has resulted in a savings bank ((in an unsound or unsafe condition to continue its business)) being critically undercapitalized with no reasonably foreseeable prospect of recovery, or that it has suspended payment of its obligations, or is insolvent, ((such)) the director may notify such savings bank to levy an assessment on its stock, if any, or otherwise to make good such impairment or offense or other delinquency within such time and in such manner as the director may specify, or if the director deems necessary, the director may take possession thereof without notice.
 - (2) Upon taking possession of any ((mutual)) savings bank, the director shall forthwith proceed to liquidate the business, affairs, and assets thereof and such liquidation shall be had in accordance with the provisions of law governing the liquidation of insolvent banks and ((trust companies)) savings banks.
- 32 **Sec. 60.** RCW 32.24.060 and 1994 c 92 s 344 are each amended to 33 read as follows:
- Within ten days after the director takes possession thereof, a mutual savings bank may serve notice upon such director to appear before the superior court in the county wherein such corporation is

located, at a time to be fixed by ((said)) the court, which shall not be less than five nor more than fifteen days from the date of the service of such notice, to show cause why ((such corporation)) the director's action taking possession of the savings bank should not be ((restored to the possession of its assets)) affirmed. Upon the return day of such notice, or such further day as the matter may be continued to, the court shall summarily hear ((said)) the cause and shall dismiss the same, if it finds that possession was taken by the director in good faith and for cause, but if it finds that no cause existed for ((the)) taking possession of ((such corporation)) the savings bank, it shall require the director to restore the savings bank to the possession of its assets and enjoin ((him or her)) the director from further interference therewith without cause.

Sec. 61. RCW 32.24.070 and 1994 c 92 s 345 are each amended to 15 read as follows:

No receiver shall be appointed by any court for any ((mutual)) savings bank, nor shall any assignment of any such bank for the benefit of creditors be valid, excepting only that a court otherwise having jurisdiction may in case of imminent necessity appoint a temporary receiver to take possession of and preserve the assets of the ((mutual)) savings bank. Immediately upon any such appointment, the clerk of the court shall notify the director ((by telegram and mail)) in writing of such appointment and the director shall ((forthwith)) immediately take possession of the ((mutual)) savings bank, as in case of insolvency, and the temporary receiver shall upon demand of the director surrender up to him or her such possession and all assets which have come into his or her ((hands)) possession. The director shall in due course pay such receiver out of the assets of the ((mutual)) savings bank such amount as the court shall allow.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 62. A new section is added to chapter 32.24 RCW to read as follows:

(1) Subject to the consent of the director, a savings bank may voluntarily stipulate and consent to an order taking possession and thereby place itself under the control of the director to be liquidated and be made subject to receivership as provided in this chapter.

p. 53 SB 6370

- 1 (2) Upon issuance of such order taking possession, the savings bank 2 shall post a notice on its door as follows: "This savings bank is in 3 the possession of the Director of the Washington State Department of 4 Financial Institutions."
- 5 (3) The posting of such notice or the taking possession of any 6 savings bank by the director shall be sufficient to place all of its 7 assets and property of every nature in the director's possession and 8 bar all attachment proceedings.
- 9 **Sec. 63.** RCW 32.24.080 and 2003 c 53 s 196 are each amended to read as follows:
 - (1) Every transfer of its property or assets by any ((mutual)) savings bank ((in this state)), made (a) after it has become insolvent, (b) within ninety days before the date the director takes possession of such savings bank under RCW 32.24.040, 32.24.050, or section 62 of this act, or the federal deposit insurance corporation is appointed as receiver or liquidator of such savings bank under RCW 32.24.090, and (c) with the view to the preference of one creditor over another or to prevent equal distribution of its property and assets among its creditors, shall be void.
- (2) Every trustee <u>or board director</u>, officer, or employee <u>knowingly</u>
 making any <u>such</u> transfer ((described in subsection (1) of this

 section)) <u>of assets</u> is guilty of a class B felony punishable according
 to chapter 9A.20 RCW.
- 24 **Sec. 64.** RCW 32.24.090 and 1994 c 92 s 347 are each amended to 25 read as follows:
 - (1) The federal deposit insurance corporation is hereby authorized and empowered to be and act without bond as receiver or liquidator of any ((mutual)) savings bank the deposits in which are to any extent insured by that corporation and which the director shall have ((been closed on account of inability to meet the demands of its depositors)) taken possession pursuant to RCW 32.24.040, 32.24.050, or section 62 of this act.
- 33 (2) In the event of such closing, the director may appoint the 34 federal deposit insurance corporation as receiver or liquidator of such 35 ((mutual)) savings bank.

SB 6370 p. 54

11

1213

1415

16

17

18

19

26

27

28

2930

3132

- (3) If the corporation accepts such appointment, it shall have and possess all the powers and privileges provided by the laws of this state with respect to a liquidator of a mutual savings bank, its depositors and other creditors, and be subject to all the duties of such liquidator, except insofar as such powers, privileges, or duties are in conflict with the provisions of the federal deposit insurance act, as now or hereafter amended.
- 8 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 65.** The definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter unless the context clearly requires otherwise.
- 10 (1) "Unsafe condition" means and includes, but is not limited to, 11 any one or more of the following circumstances:
 - (a) If a savings bank is less than well capitalized;

3

4 5

6 7

12

- 13 (b) If a savings bank or holding company violates the provisions of 14 Title 32 RCW or any other law or regulation applicable to savings 15 banks;
- 16 (c) If a savings bank conducts a fraudulent or questionable 17 practice in the conduct of its business that endangers the savings 18 bank's reputation or threatens its solvency;
- 19 (d) If a savings bank conducts its business in an unsafe or 20 unauthorized manner;
- 21 (e) If a savings bank violates any conditions of its charter or any 22 agreement entered with the director; or
- 23 (f) If a savings bank fails to carry out any authorized order or 24 direction of the examiner or the director.
- 25 (2) "Exceeded its powers" means and includes, but is not limited to 26 the following circumstances:
- 27 (a) If a savings bank has refused to permit examination of its 28 books, papers, accounts, records, or affairs by the director, assistant 29 director, or duly commissioned examiners; or
- 30 (b) If a savings bank has neglected or refused to observe an order 31 of the director to make good, within the time prescribed, any 32 impairment of its capital.
- 33 (3) "Consent" means and includes a written agreement by the savings 34 bank to either supervisory direction or conservatorship under this 35 chapter.

p. 55 SB 6370

1 NEW SECTION. Sec. 66. If upon examination or at any other time it 2 appears to the director that any savings bank is in an unsafe condition 3 and its condition is such as to render the continuance thereof hazardous to the public or to its depositors or trust beneficiaries and 4 5 creditors, or if such savings bank appears to have exceeded its powers or has failed to comply with the law, or if such savings bank gives its 6 7 consent, then the director shall upon his or her determination (1) 8 notify the savings bank of his or her determination, (2) furnish to the savings bank a written list of the director's requirements to abate his 9 10 her determination, and (3) if the director makes further determination to directly supervise, he or she shall notify the savings 11 12 bank that it is under the supervisory direction of the director and 13 that the director is invoking the provisions of this chapter. 14 placed under supervisory direction the savings bank shall comply with the lawful requirements of the director within such time as provided in 15 the notice of the director, subject however, to the provisions of this 16 17 chapter. If the savings bank fails to comply within such time the 18 director may appoint a conservator as hereafter provided.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 67. During the period of supervisory direction the director may appoint a representative to supervise such savings bank and may provide that the savings bank may not do any of the following during the period of supervisory direction, without the prior approval of the director or the appointed representative:

- (1) Dispose of, convey, or encumber any of the assets;
- (2) Withdraw any of its bank accounts;
- 26 (3) Lend any of its funds;

24

25

- 27 (4) Invest any of its funds;
- 28 (5) Transfer any of its property; or
- 29 (6) Incur any debt, obligation, or liability.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 68. After the period of supervisory direction specified by the director for compliance, if he or she determines that such savings bank has failed to comply with the lawful requirements imposed, upon due notice and hearing by the department or by consent of the savings bank, the director may appoint a conservator, who shall immediately take charge of such savings bank and all of its property, books, records, and effects. The conservator shall conduct the

business of the savings bank and take such steps toward the removal of 1 2 the causes and conditions which have necessitated such order, as the director may direct. During the pendency of the conservatorship the 3 4 conservator shall make such reports to the director from time to time as may be required by the director, and shall be empowered to take all 5 6 necessary measures to preserve, protect, and recover any assets or 7 property of such savings bank, including claims or causes of actions 8 belonging to or which may be asserted by such bank, and to deal with 9 the same in his or her own name as conservator, and shall be empowered 10 to file, prosecute, and defend any suit and suits which have been filed 11 or which may thereafter be filed by or against such savings bank which 12 are deemed by the conservator to be necessary to protect all of the 13 interested parties for a property affected thereby. The director, or 14 newly appointed assistant, may be appointed to conservator. If the director, however, is satisfied that such savings 15 bank is not in condition to continue business in the interest of its 16 depositors or creditors under the conservator under this section, the 17 director may proceed with appropriate remedies provided by other 18 19 provisions of this title.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 69. All costs incident to supervisory direction and the conservatorship shall be fixed and determined by the director and shall be a charge against the assets of the savings bank to be allowed and paid as the director may determine.

24

25

26

27

28

29

30

31

3233

34

35

NEW SECTION. Sec. 70. During the period of the supervisory direction and during the period of conservatorship, the savings bank may request the director to review an action taken or proposed to be taken by the representative or conservator; specifying wherein the action complained of is believed not to be in the best interest of the savings bank, and such request shall stay the action specified pending review of such action by the director. Any order entered by the director appointing a representative and providing that the savings bank shall not do certain acts as provided in sections 67 and 68 of this act, any order entered by the director appointing a conservator, and any order by the director following the review of an action of the representative or conservator under this section shall be subject to

p. 57 SB 6370

- review in accordance with the administrative procedure act of the state of Washington.
- 3 NEW SECTION. Sec. 71. Any suit filed against a savings bank, or its conservator, after the entrance of an order by the director placing 4 such savings bank in conservatorship and while such order is in effect, 5 6 shall be brought in the superior court of the county of its principal 7 place of business and not elsewhere. The conservator appointed for such savings bank may file suit in the superior court of the county of 8 9 principal place of business or other court of 10 jurisdiction against any person for the purpose of preserving, 11 protecting, or recovering any asset or property of such savings bank, 12 including claims or causes of action belonging to or which may be 13 asserted by such savings bank.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 72. The conservator shall serve for such time as is necessary to accomplish the purposes of the conservatorship as intended by this chapter. If rehabilitated, the rehabilitated savings bank shall be returned to management or new managements under such conditions as are reasonable and necessary to prevent recurrence of the condition which occasioned the conservatorship.
 - NEW SECTION. Sec. 73. If the director determines to act under authority of this chapter, the sequence of his or her acts and proceedings shall be as set forth in this chapter. However, it is the purpose and substance of this chapter to authorize administrative discretion, to allow the director administrative discretion in the event of unsound banking operations, and in furtherance of that purpose the director is hereby authorized to proceed with regulation either under this chapter or under any other applicable provisions of law or under this chapter in connection with other law, either as such law is now existing or is hereinafter enacted, and it is so provided.
- 30 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 74.** Sections 65 through 73 of this act 31 constitute a new chapter in Title 32 RCW.
- 32 NEW SECTION. Sec. 75. If any provision of this act or its

SB 6370 p. 58

20

21

22

23

24

2526

27

2829

application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the remainder of the act or the application of the provision to other persons or circumstances is not affected.

4 5

6 7 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 76.** This act is necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, or safety, or support of the state government and its existing public institutions, and takes effect immediately.

--- END ---

p. 59 SB 6370