## SENATE BILL 5063

State of Washington 63rd Legislature 2013 Regular Session

By Senators Carrell, Benton, Hargrove, Padden, and Shin

Read first time 01/16/13. Referred to Committee on Governmental Operations .

AN ACT Relating to ethics in public service; amending RCW 42.52.050, 42.52.120, 42.52.360, 42.52.410, 42.52.420, and 42.52.460; reenacting and amending RCW 42.52.010; adding new sections to chapter 42.52 RCW; creating a new section; and repealing RCW 42.52.500.

5 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

6 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 1. The legislature finds that ensuring public 7 trust in government is among its paramount duties. The public expects 8 its elected officials and state employees to adhere to the highest 9 ethical standards during their service, and this includes a commitment 10 to full and independent investigations, with proper penalties, in cases 11 where the ethics in public service act is violated.

12 Sec. 2. RCW 42.52.010 and 2011 c 60 s 28 are each reenacted and 13 amended to read as follows:

14 Unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the definitions in 15 this section apply throughout this chapter.

(1) "Agency" means any state board, commission, bureau, committee,
 department, institution, division, or tribunal in the legislative,
 executive, or judicial branch of state government. "Agency" includes

all elective offices, the state legislature, those institutions of
 higher education created and supported by the state government, and
 those courts that are parts of state government.

4 (2) "Assist" means to act, or offer or agree to act, in such a way 5 as to help, aid, advise, furnish information to, or otherwise provide 6 assistance to another person, believing that the action is of help, 7 aid, advice, or assistance to the person and with intent so to assist 8 such person.

9 (3) "Beneficial interest" has the meaning ascribed to it under the 10 Washington case law. However, an ownership interest in a mutual fund 11 or similar investment pooling fund in which the owner has no management 12 powers does not constitute a beneficial interest in the entities in 13 which the fund or pool invests.

14 (4) "Compensation" means anything of economic value, however 15 designated, that is paid, loaned, granted, or transferred, or to be 16 paid, loaned, granted, or transferred for, or in consideration of, 17 personal services to any person.

(5) "Confidential information" means (a) specific information,
rather than generalized knowledge, that is not available to the general
public on request or (b) information made confidential by law.

(6) "Contract" or "grant" means an agreement between two or more persons that creates an obligation to do or not to do a particular thing. "Contract" or "grant" includes, but is not limited to, an employment contract, a lease, a license, a purchase agreement, or a sales agreement.

26 (7) <u>"Ethics" means adherence to the standards as set forth in this</u>
27 <u>chapter.</u>

(8) "Ethics boards" means the commission on judicial conduct, the
 legislative ethics board, and the executive ethics board.

30 ((<del>(8)</del>)) <u>(9)</u> "Family" has the same meaning as "immediate family" in 31 RCW 42.17A.005.

32 (((-9))) (10) "Gift" means anything of economic value for which no 33 consideration is given. "Gift" does not include:

(a) Items from family members or friends where it is clear beyond
a reasonable doubt that the gift was not made as part of any design to
gain or maintain influence in the agency of which the recipient is an
officer or employee;

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(b) Items related to the outside business of the recipient that are
 customary and not related to the recipient's performance of official
 duties;

4 (c) Items exchanged among officials and employees or a social event
5 hosted or sponsored by a state officer or state employee for coworkers;

6 (d) Payments by a governmental or nongovernmental entity of 7 reasonable expenses incurred in connection with a speech, presentation, 8 appearance, or trade mission made in an official capacity. As used in 9 this subsection, "reasonable expenses" are limited to travel, lodging, 10 and subsistence expenses incurred the day before through the day after 11 the event;

12 (e) Items a state officer or state employee is authorized by law to 13 accept;

(f) Payment of enrollment and course fees and reasonable travel expenses attributable to attending seminars and educational programs sponsored by a bona fide governmental or nonprofit professional, educational, trade, or charitable association or institution. As used in this subsection, "reasonable expenses" are limited to travel, lodging, and subsistence expenses incurred the day before through the day after the event;

(g) Items returned by the recipient to the donor within thirty days of receipt or donated to a charitable organization within thirty days of receipt;

24 (h) Campaign contributions reported under chapter 42.17A RCW;

(i) Discounts available to an individual as a member of an employeegroup, occupation, or similar broad-based group; and

(j) Awards, prizes, scholarships, or other items provided inrecognition of academic or scientific achievement.

(((10))) (11) "Head of agency" means the chief executive officer of an agency. In the case of an agency headed by a commission, board, committee, or other body consisting of more than one natural person, agency head means the person or board authorized to appoint agency employees and regulate their conduct.

34 ((<del>(11)</del>)) <u>(12)</u> "Honorarium" means money or thing of value offered to 35 a state officer or state employee for a speech, appearance, article, or 36 similar item or activity in connection with the state officer's or 37 state employee's official role. 1 ((<del>(12)</del>)) <u>(13)</u> "Official duty" means those duties within the 2 specific scope of employment of the state officer or state employee as 3 defined by the officer's or employee's agency or by statute or the 4 state Constitution.

5 ((<del>(13)</del>)) <u>(14)</u> "Participate" means to participate in state action or 6 a proceeding personally and substantially as a state officer or state 7 employee, through approval, disapproval, decision, recommendation, the 8 rendering of advice, investigation, or otherwise but does not include 9 preparation, consideration, or enactment of legislation or the 10 performance of legislative duties.

11 ((<del>(14)</del>)) <u>(15)</u> "Person" means any individual, partnership, 12 association, corporation, firm, institution, or other entity, whether 13 or not operated for profit.

14 (((15))) (16) "Regulatory agency" means any state board, 15 commission, department, or officer, except those in the legislative or 16 judicial branches, authorized by law to conduct adjudicative 17 proceedings, issue permits or licenses, or to control or affect 18 interests of identified persons.

19 ((<del>(16)</del>)) <u>(17)</u> "Responsibility" in connection with a transaction 20 involving the state, means the direct administrative or operating 21 authority, whether intermediate or final, and either exercisable alone 22 or through subordinates, effectively to approve, disapprove, or 23 otherwise direct state action in respect of such transaction.

24 ((<del>(17)</del>)) <u>(18)</u> "State action" means any action on the part of an 25 agency, including, but not limited to:

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(a) A decision, determination, finding, ruling, or order; and

(b) A grant, payment, award, license, contract, transaction,
sanction, or approval, or the denial thereof, or failure to act with
respect to a decision, determination, finding, ruling, or order.

30 ((<del>(18)</del>)) <u>(19)</u> "State employee" means an individual who is employed 31 by an agency in any branch of state government. For purposes of this 32 chapter, employees of the superior courts are not state officers or 33 state employees.

34 ((<del>(19)</del>)) <u>(20)</u> "State officer" means every person holding a position 35 of public trust in or under an executive, legislative, or judicial 36 office of the state. "State officer" includes judges of the superior 37 court, judges of the court of appeals, justices of the supreme court, 38 members of the legislature together with the secretary of the senate

and the chief clerk of the house of representatives, holders of 1 2 elective offices in the executive branch of state government, chief executive officers of state agencies, members of boards, commissions, 3 4 or committees with authority over one or more state agencies or institutions, and employees of the state who are engaged 5 in supervisory, policy-making, or policy-enforcing work. For the purposes б of this chapter, "state officer" also includes any person exercising or 7 8 undertaking to exercise the powers or functions of a state officer.

9 (((<del>(20)</del>)) <u>(21)</u> "Thing of economic value," in addition to its 10 ordinary meaning, includes:

(a) A loan, property interest, interest in a contract or other 11 12 chose in action, and employment or another arrangement involving a 13 right to compensation;

14 (b) An option, irrespective of the conditions to the exercise of 15 the option; and

(c) A promise or undertaking for the present or future delivery or 16 17 procurement.

18  $((\frac{21}{2}))$  (22)(a) "Transaction involving the state" means а 19 proceeding, application, submission, request for a ruling or other determination, contract, claim, case, or other similar matter that the 20 21 state officer, state employee, or former state officer or state 22 employee in question believes, or has reason to believe:

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(i) Is, or will be, the subject of state action; or

24 (ii) Is one to which the state is or will be a party; or

25 (iii) Is one in which the state has a direct and substantial 26 proprietary interest.

27 (b) "Transaction involving the state" does not include the following: Preparation, consideration, or enactment of legislation, 28 29 including appropriation of moneys in a budget, or the performance of 30 legislative duties by an officer or employee; or a claim, case, lawsuit, or similar matter if the officer or employee did not 31 32 participate in the underlying transaction involving the state that is the basis for the claim, case, or lawsuit. 33

((<del>(22)</del>)) (23) "University" includes "state universities" 34 and "regional universities" as defined in RCW 28B.10.016 and also includes 35 36 any research or technology institute affiliated with a university, 37 including ((without limitation, the Spokane Intercollegiate Research 1 and Technology Institute and the Washington Technology Center))
2 innovate Washington.

3 (((23))) (24) "University research employee" means a state officer 4 or state employee employed by a university, but only to the extent the 5 state officer or state employee is engaged in research, technology 6 transfer, approved consulting activities related to research and 7 technology transfer, or other incidental activities.

8 **Sec. 3.** RCW 42.52.050 and 2005 c 274 s 292 are each amended to 9 read as follows:

10 (1) No state officer or state employee may accept employment or 11 engage in any business or professional activity that the officer or 12 employee might reasonably expect would require or induce him or her to 13 make an unauthorized disclosure of confidential information acquired by 14 the official or employee by reason of the official's or employee's 15 official position.

16 (2) No state officer or state employee may make a disclosure of 17 confidential information gained by reason of the officer's or employee's official position or otherwise use the information for his 18 or her personal gain or benefit or the gain or benefit of another, 19 20 unless the disclosure has been authorized by statute or by the terms of 21 a contract involving (a) the state officer's or state employee's agency 22 and (b) the person or persons who have authority to waive the 23 confidentiality of the information.

(3) No state officer or state employee may disclose confidential
 information to any person not entitled or authorized to receive the
 information.

27 (4) No state officer or state employee may intentionally conceal a record if the officer or employee knew the record was required to be 28 29 released under chapter 42.56 RCW, was under a personal obligation to release the record, and failed to do so. This subsection does not 30 31 apply where the decision to withhold the record was made in good faith. As used in this subsection, "intentionally concealing a record" means 32 that the state officer or state employee knew the record was required 33 to be released under chapter 42.56 RCW, knew of the record's existence, 34 35 and intentionally did not provide the record to the requestor within the time frame established by the agency. 36

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<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 4. A new section is added to chapter 42.52 RCW
 to read as follows:

3 Knowing acquiescence by a person exempt under chapter 41.06 or 4 41.56 RCW with authority to direct, control, or influence the actions 5 of the state office or state employee in violation of RCW 42.52.020, 6 42.52.070, 42.52.120, or 42.52.160 constitutes a violation of this 7 chapter.

8 Sec. 5. RCW 42.52.120 and 1997 c 318 s 1 are each amended to read 9 as follows:

10 (1) No state officer or state employee may receive any thing of 11 economic value under any contract or grant outside of his or her 12 official duties. The prohibition in this subsection does not apply 13 where the state officer or state employee has complied with RCW 14  $42.52.030((\frac{2}{10}))$  or each of the following conditions are met:

(a) The contract or grant is bona fide and actually performed;

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(b) The performance or administration of the contract or grant is not within the course of the officer's or employee's official duties, or is not under the officer's or employee's official supervision;

19 (c) The performance of the contract or grant is not prohibited by 20 RCW 42.52.040 or by applicable laws or rules governing outside 21 employment for the officer or employee;

(d) The contract or grant is neither performed for nor compensated
by any person from whom such officer or employee would be prohibited by
RCW 42.52.150(4) from receiving a gift;

25 (e) The contract or grant is not one expressly created or 26 authorized by the officer or employee in his or her official capacity;

(f) The contract or grant would not require unauthorized disclosure
 of confidential information; and

29 (g) The state officer or state employee has attended an ethics 30 training approved by the appropriate ethics board within the past 31 twenty-four months.

32 (2) In addition to satisfying the requirements of subsection (1) of 33 this section, a state officer or state employee may have a beneficial 34 interest in a grant or contract or a series of substantially identical 35 contracts or grants with a state agency only if:

36 (a) The contract or grant is awarded or issued as a result of an

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1 open and competitive bidding process in which more than one bid or 2 grant application was received; or

3 (b) The contract or grant is awarded or issued as a result of an 4 open and competitive bidding or selection process in which the 5 officer's or employee's bid or proposal was the only bid or proposal 6 received and the officer or employee has been advised by the 7 appropriate ethics board, before execution of the contract or grant, 8 that the contract or grant would not be in conflict with the proper 9 discharge of the officer's or employee's official duties; or

10 (c) The process for awarding the contract or issuing the grant is 11 not open and competitive, but the officer or employee has been advised 12 by the appropriate ethics board that the contract or grant would not be 13 in conflict with the proper discharge of the officer's or employee's 14 official duties.

(3) A state officer or state employee awarded a contract or issued a grant in compliance with subsection (2) of this section shall file the contract or grant with the appropriate ethics board within thirty days after the date of execution; however, if proprietary formulae, designs, drawings, or research are included in the contract or grant, the proprietary formulae, designs, drawings, or research may be deleted from the contract or grant filed with the appropriate ethics board.

22 (4) This section does not prevent a state officer or state employee 23 from receiving compensation contributed from the treasury of the United 24 States, another state, county, or municipality if the compensation is 25 received pursuant to arrangements entered into between such state, 26 county, municipality, or the United States and the officer's or 27 employee's agency. This section does not prohibit a state officer or state employee from serving or performing any duties under 28 an 29 employment contract with a governmental entity.

30 (5) As used in this section, "officer" and "employee" do not 31 include officers and employees who, in accordance with the terms of 32 their employment or appointment, are serving without compensation from 33 the state of Washington or are receiving from the state only 34 reimbursement of expenses incurred or a predetermined allowance for 35 such expenses.

36 **Sec. 6.** RCW 42.52.360 and 2005 c 106 s 5 are each amended to read 37 as follows:

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1 (1) The executive ethics board shall enforce this chapter and rules 2 adopted under it with respect to statewide elected officers and all 3 other officers and employees in the executive branch, boards and 4 commissions, and institutions of higher education.

5 (2) The executive ethics board shall enforce this chapter with 6 regard to the activities of university research employees as provided 7 in this subsection.

8 (a) With respect to compliance with RCW 42.52.030, 42.52.110, 9 42.52.130, 42.52.140, and 42.52.150, the administrative process shall 10 be consistent with and adhere to no less than the current standards in 11 regulations of the United States public health service and the office 12 of the secretary of the department of health and human services in 13 Title 42 C.F.R. Part 50, Subpart F relating to promotion of objectivity 14 in research.

(b) With respect to compliance with RCW 42.52.040, 42.52.080, and 42.52.120, the administrative process shall include a comprehensive system for the disclosure, review, and approval of outside work activities by university research employees while assuring that such employees are fulfilling their employment obligations to the university.

21 With respect to compliance with RCW 42.52.160, the (C) 22 administrative process shall include a reasonable determination by the 23 university of acceptable private uses having de minimis costs to the 24 university and a method for establishing fair and reasonable 25 reimbursement charges for private uses the costs of which are in excess 26 of de minimis.

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(3) The executive ethics board shall:

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(a) Develop educational materials and training;

(b) Adopt rules and policies governing the conduct of business by the board, and adopt rules defining working hours for purposes of RCW 42.52.180 and where otherwise authorized under chapter 154, Laws of 1994;

33 (c) Issue advisory opinions;

34 (d) Investigate, hear, and determine complaints by any person or on 35 its own motion;

36 (e) Impose sanctions including reprimands and monetary penalties;

37 (f) Recommend to the appropriate authorities suspension, removal38 from position, prosecution, or other appropriate remedy; and

- (g) Establish criteria regarding the levels of civil penalties
   appropriate for violations of this chapter and rules adopted under it.
  - (4) The board may:

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4 (a) Issue subpoenas for the attendance and testimony of witnesses
5 and the production of documentary evidence relating to any matter under
6 examination by the board or involved in any hearing;

- 7 (b) Administer oaths and affirmations;
- 8 (c) Examine witnesses; ((and))
- 9 (d) Receive evidence; and

10 (e) Delegate its authority to issue complaints to the board's 11 <u>executive director</u>.

(5) Except as provided in RCW 42.52.220, the executive ethics board
may review and approve agency policies as provided for in this chapter.
(6) This section does not apply to state officers and state
employees of the judicial branch.

16 **Sec. 7.** RCW 42.52.410 and 1994 c 154 s 211 are each amended to 17 read as follows:

(1) A person may, personally or by his or her attorney, make, sign, and file with the appropriate ethics board a complaint on a form provided by the appropriate ethics board. The complaint shall state the name of the person alleged to have violated this chapter or rules adopted under it and the particulars thereof, and contain such other information as may be required by the appropriate ethics board.

(2) If it has reason to believe that any person has been engaged or
is engaging in a violation of this chapter or rules adopted under it,
an ethics board, or the executive director under authority delegated
<u>under RCW 42.52.360</u>, may issue a complaint.

28 **Sec. 8.** RCW 42.52.420 and 2000 c 211 s 1 are each amended to read 29 as follows:

30 (1) After the filing of any complaint, except as provided in RCW
31 42.52.450, the staff of the appropriate ethics board shall investigate
32 the complaint <u>as provided in this subsection (1)</u>.

33 (a) The ((investigation)) investigating ethics board shall ((be 34 limited to)) investigate the allegations contained in the complaint but 35 may also, in its discretion, investigate other potential ethics violations discovered during the course of its investigation when the employee is not subject to the civil service laws as set forth in chapter 41.06 or 41.56 RCW.

4 (b) Agency staff may assist ethics board staff in carrying out the investigation, but in all cases ethics board staff must oversee the 5 б investigation. Agency staff with actual or apparent conflicts of 7 interest because of a relationship with the persons under investigation must disclose this relationship. Should the ethics board determine 8 that there is a conflict of interest that may affect the investigation, 9 the agency shall designate an independent employee with no conflict of 10 11 interest to assist the ethics board with its investigation.

12 (c) When the investigation involves an employee exempt under 13 chapter 41.06 or 41.56 RCW, and in the discretion of the ethics board, 14 the ethics board may request the assistance of the office of the 15 attorney general or a contract investigator in conducting its 16 investigation.

17 (2) The results of the investigation shall be reduced to writing 18 and the staff shall either make a determination that the complaint 19 should be dismissed pursuant to RCW 42.52.425, or recommend to the 20 board that there is or that there is not reasonable cause to believe 21 that a violation of this chapter or rules adopted under it has been or 22 is being committed.

(3) The board's determination on reasonable cause shall be providedto the complainant and to the person named in such complaint.

25 **Sec. 9.** RCW 42.52.460 and 1994 c 154 s 216 are each amended to 26 read as follows:

Any person who has notified the appropriate ethics board and the 27 attorney general in writing that there is reason to believe that RCW 28 29 42.52.180 is being or has been violated may, in the name of the state, bring a citizen action for any of the actions authorized under this 30 31 chapter. A citizen action may be brought only if the appropriate 32 ethics board or the attorney general have failed to commence an action under this chapter within forty-five days after notice from the person, 33 34 the person has thereafter notified the appropriate ethics board and the 35 attorney general that the person will commence a citizen's action 36 within ten days upon their failure to commence an action, and the 37 appropriate ethics board and the attorney general have in fact failed to bring an action within ten days of receipt of the second notice. <u>An</u> action is deemed to have been commenced when the appropriate ethics board or the board's executive director accepts a complaint for filing and initiates a preliminary investigation.

5 If the person who brings the citizen's action prevails, the 6 judgment awarded shall escheat to the state, but the person shall be 7 entitled to be reimbursed by the state of Washington for costs and 8 attorneys' fees incurred. If a citizen's action that the court finds 9 was brought without reasonable cause is dismissed, the court may order 10 the person commencing the action to pay all costs of trial and 11 reasonable attorneys' fees incurred by the defendant.

Upon commencement of a citizen action under this section, at the request of a state officer or state employee who is a defendant, the office of the attorney general shall represent the defendant if the attorney general finds that the defendant's conduct complied with this chapter and was within the scope of employment.

17 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 10. A new section is added to chapter 42.52 RCW 18 to read as follows:

(1) Each agency shall designate an ethics advisor or advisors to 19 20 provide informal ethics advice to state officers and employees and to 21 ensure uniformity in the agency's operations with respect to the ethics 22 in public service law. Agencies shall inform the appropriate ethics 23 board of their designated advisors, and the advisors shall receive 24 regular training from the appropriate ethics board on a schedule to be 25 determined by the appropriate ethics board. Ethics advisors may 26 solicit informal and formal advice from the appropriate ethics board and may also serve as a point of contact within an agency to assist 27 with ethics investigations or to coordinate ethics trainings and 28 29 updates.

30 (2) Every state officer and employee shall attend an ethics 31 training approved by the appropriate ethics board within sixty days of 32 taking office or employment. Beginning January 1, 2014, every state 33 officer and state employee shall attend an ethics training approved by 34 the appropriate ethics board in coordination with other agency-provided 35 training, including sexual harassment training, but no less than every 36 three years. Every state officer and state employee subject to RCW 42.52.150(4) must be provided specialized or enhanced ethics trainingapproved by the appropriate ethics board every three years thereafter.

3 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 11. RCW 42.52.500 (Optional hearings by 4 administrative law judge) and 1994 c 154 s 220 are each repealed.

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