
ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL 6478

State of Washington

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18 19 63rd Legislature

2014 Regular Session

By Senate Ways & Means (originally sponsored by Senators Hill and Hargrove; by request of Department of Natural Resources and Department of Ecology)

READ FIRST TIME 02/07/14.

- AN ACT Relating to streamlining forest and fish agreement-related programs providing funding with accountability; amending RCW 84.33.081 and 84.33.0775; reenacting and amending RCW 76.09.405 and 76.09.020; and adding new sections to chapter 76.09 RCW.
- 5 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:
- 6 **Sec. 1.** RCW 84.33.081 and 2007 c 69 s 5 are each amended to read 7 as follows:
 - (1) On the last business day of the second month of each calendar quarter, the state treasurer ((shall)) <u>must</u> distribute from the timber tax distribution account:
 - (a) To each county: The amount of tax collected on behalf of each county under RCW 84.33.051, less each county's proportionate share of appropriations for collection and administration activities under RCW 84.33.051((, and shall transfer to the state general fund the amount of tax-collected on behalf-of-the-state under-RCW-84.33.041, less-the amount of the distribution under subsection (7) of this section and the state's-proportionate-share-of-appropriations-for-collection-and administration activities under RCW-84.33.041)). The county treasurer ((shall)) must deposit moneys received under this section in a county

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- timber tax account ((which shall)) that must be established by each county. Following receipt of moneys under this section, the county treasurer ((shall)) must make distributions from any moneys available in the county timber tax account to taxing districts in the county, except the state, under subsections (2) through (4) of this section.
- (b)(i) For fiscal years 2016 through 2040, to the forest and fish 6 7 support account created in RCW 76.09.405: The amount of tax collected on behalf of the state under RCW 84.33.041 up to the limits according 8 to the following schedule, less the amount of the distribution under 9 subsection (7) of this section, and the state's proportionate share of 10 appropriations for collection and administration activities under RCW 11 12 84.33.041. These annual distributions from the timber tax distribution 13 account are based on the May 24, 2012, settlement agreement entered into by the department of natural resources and the department of 14 ecology. The distribution schedule is as follows: 15
- 16 <u>(A) Up to three million six hundred thousand dollars for the 2016</u> 17 <u>fiscal year;</u>
- 18 <u>(B) Up to four million dollars for the 2017 through 2019 fiscal</u>
 19 <u>years;</u>
- 20 (C) Up to three million five hundred thousand dollars for the 2020 21 and 2021 fiscal years;
 - (D) Up to three million dollars for fiscal years 2022 through 2029;
- 23 (E) Up to one million two hundred thousand dollars for fiscal years 24 2030 through 2040.
- (ii) If RCW 76.09.405(3) becomes operative, those distributions to
 the forest and fish support account created in RCW 76.09.405 in
 (b)(i)(A) through (E) of this subsection must be transferred by the
 state treasurer to the forest landowner incentive programs account
 created in section 3 of this act.
 - (c)(i) For fiscal years 2016 through 2040, any tax collections in excess of the numbers provided in the schedule listed in (b)(i) of this subsection must be transferred by the state treasurer to the forest landowner incentive programs account created in section 3 of this act.
- (ii) Beginning in fiscal year 2041, to the forest landowner incentive programs account created in section 3 of this act: The amount of tax collected on behalf of the state under RCW 84.33.041 less the amount of the distribution under subsection (7) of this section,

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and the state's proportionate share of appropriations for collection and administration activities under RCW 84.33.041.

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- (2) From moneys available, there first ((shall)) must be a distribution to each taxing district having debt service payments due during the calendar year, based upon bonds issued under authority of a vote of the people conducted pursuant to RCW 84.52.056 and based upon excess levies for a capital project fund authorized pursuant to RCW 84.52.053, of an amount equal to the timber assessed value of the district multiplied by the tax rate levied for payment of the debt service and capital projects((* PROVIDED, That)). However, in respect to levies for a debt service or capital project fund authorized before July 1, 1984, the amount allocated ((shall)) may not be less than an amount equal to the same percentage of such debt service or capital project fund represented by timber tax allocations to such payments in calendar year 1984. Distribution under this subsection (2) ((shall)) may be used only for debt service and capital projects payments. distribution under this subsection ((shall)) must be made as follows: One-half of such amount ((shall)) must be distributed in the first quarter of the year and one-half ((shall)) must be distributed in the third quarter of the year.
- (3) From the moneys remaining after the distributions under subsection (2) of this section, the county treasurer ((shall)) must distribute to each school district an amount equal to one-half of the timber assessed value of the district or eighty percent of the timber roll of such district in calendar year 1983 as determined under this chapter, whichever is greater, multiplied by the tax rate, if any, levied by the district under RCW 84.52.052 or 84.52.053 for purposes other than debt service payments and capital projects supported under subsection (2) of this section. The distribution under this subsection ((shall)) must be made as follows: One-half of such amount ((shall)) must be distributed in the first quarter of the year and one-half ((shall)) must be distributed in the third quarter of the year.
- (4) After the distributions directed under subsections (2) and (3) of this section, if any, each taxing district ((shall)) must receive an amount equal to the timber assessed value of the district multiplied by the tax rate, if any, levied as a regular levy of the district or as a special levy not included in subsection (2) or (3) of this section.

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(5) If there are insufficient moneys in the county timber tax account to make full distribution under subsection (4) of this section, the county treasurer ((shall)) must multiply the amount to be distributed to each taxing district under that subsection by a fraction. The numerator of the fraction is the county timber tax account balance before making the distribution under that subsection. The denominator of the fraction is the account balance which would be required to make full distribution under that subsection.

- (6) After making the distributions under subsections (2) through (4) of this section in the full amount indicated for the calendar year, the county treasurer ((shall)) must place any excess revenue up to twenty percent of the total distributions made for the year under subsections (2) through (4) of this section in a reserve status until the beginning of the next calendar year. Any moneys remaining in the county timber tax account after this amount is placed in reserve ((shall)) must be distributed to each taxing district in the county in the same proportions as the distributions made under subsection (4) of this section.
- (7) On the last business day of the second month of each calendar quarter, the state treasurer ((shall)) <u>must</u> distribute from the timber tax distribution account to each county an amount of tax collected by the state under RCW 84.33.041 equal to the amount of any tribal tax credited against the county's tax under an agreement entered into under RCW 43.06.480.
- Sec. 2. RCW 76.09.405 and 2007 c 54 s 3 and 2007 c 48 s 1 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:
- (1) The forest and fish support account is hereby created in the state treasury. Receipts from appropriations, the surcharge imposed under RCW 82.04.261, the designated distributions from the timber tax distribution account under RCW 84.33.081, and other sources must be deposited into the account.
- (2)(a) Except for money entering the account through a distribution from the timber tax distribution account, all expenditures from the account ((shall)) must be used for activities pursuant to the state's implementation of the forests and fish report as defined in this chapter and related activities including, but not limited to, adaptive

1 management, monitoring, and participation grants to tribes, state and 2 local agencies, and not-for-profit public interest organizations.

- (b)(i) Except as provided in (b)(ii) of this subsection, until June 30, 2041, all moneys entering the account through distributions from the timber tax distribution account may only be used for conducting and completing the work identified in the cooperative monitoring, evaluation, and research work plan as adopted by the forest practices board. The annual distributions from the timber tax distribution account are based on the May 24, 2012, settlement agreement entered
- (ii) After the close of each fiscal biennium, any moneys received in distributions from the timber tax distribution account which remain unexpended in excess of five hundred thousand dollars must be transferred by the state treasurer no later than September 30th of each year to the forest landowner incentive programs account created in section 3 of this act.

into by the department and the department of ecology.

- (iii) The department must issue a biennial report to the legislature, consistent with RCW 43.01.036, that details the receipts and distributions made under this section, the amounts used on work under the cooperative monitoring, evaluation, and research master schedule, and transfers made under (b)(ii) of this subsection.
 - (3) Distributions from the timber tax distribution account to the forest and fish support account that support endangered species act, incidental take permit, or habitat conservation plan compliance will cease and those distributions will be transferred to the forest landowner incentive programs account created in section 3 of this act six months after any of the following occur:
- (a) The state's incidental take permit identified in RCW 77.85.190(2) is terminated, revoked, or rendered ineffective by federal legislation, rule making, or by a final decision of a court of competent jurisdiction or is substantially altered outside of the adaptive management process created in RCW 76.09.370; or
- (b) The state withdraws from the forest and fish habitat conservation plan or relinquishes its incidental take permit.
- (4) Distributions from the timber tax distribution account to the forest and fish support account that support clean water compliance will cease and those distributions will be transferred to the forest landowner incentive programs account created in section 3 of this act

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- 1 <u>six months after the following occurs: The state, the United States</u>
- 2 environmental protection agency, or a court of competent jurisdiction
- 3 made <u>a final determination that clean water act assurances are</u>
- 4 <u>terminated</u>, <u>revoked</u>, <u>or otherwise rendered ineffective by federal</u>,
- 5 <u>state legislation</u>, or rule making.

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- 6 <u>(5) Distributions must be reinstated in the following</u>
 7 circumstances:
- 8 <u>(a) If the incidental take permit or clean water act assurances</u>
 9 <u>identified in subsections (3) and (4) of this section are reinstated;</u>
 10 or
- 11 (b) The forest practices board, consistent with the adaptive
 12 management process provided in RCW 76.09.370, and after consultation
 13 with appropriate federal and state agencies, tribes, and other
 14 stakeholders, requests distributions to fund specific studies and
 15 activities designed to support reinstatement of clean water assurances
 16 and the incidental take permit. Such distributions must be limited to
 17 the funds identified to complete the studies and specified activities.
 - (6) Expenditures from the account may also be used for reviews conducted by the Washington state institute for public policy described in section 5 of this act.
 - (7) Expenditures from the forest and fish support account may also be used for audits of the adaptive management program conducted by the state auditor's office. Beginning July 1, 2016, and every four years thereafter, the department must contract with the state auditor's office to conduct an audit of the department that includes the following:
- 27 (a) Whether the department adhered to applicable federal or state
 28 laws and regulations and the department's policies and procedures;
- (b) Whether the records audited ensure public funds are accounted
 for and controls are in place to protect public resources from
 misappropriation and misuse; and
- 32 <u>(c) An opinion on whether the statements fairly present the</u> 33 <u>government's financial position and results of operations.</u>
- 34 <u>(8)</u> Expenditures from the account may be made only after appropriation by the legislature.
- 36 (9) Nothing in this section affects the legislature from funding
 37 the forest practices program from other sources.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 3. A new section is added to chapter 76.09 RCW to read as follows:

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- (1) The forest landowner incentive programs account is created in the state treasury. All receipts from transfers made pursuant to RCW 84.33.081 and 76.09.405 must be deposited in the account. The account is also authorized to receive fund transfers and appropriations as well as gifts, grants, and endowments from public or private sources as may be made from time to time.
- 9 (2) Expenditures from the account may only be used for supporting, 10 and must be equally allocated between, the following programs:
- 11 (a) The forestry riparian easement program established in RCW 12 76.13.120;
- 13 (b) The family forest fish passage program created pursuant to RCW 14 76.13.150 that provides public cost assistance to small forest 15 landowners associated with the road maintenance and abandonment 16 processes; and
- 17 (c) The program for riparian open space and critical habitat 18 created pursuant to RCW 76.09.040, beginning in fiscal year 2017.
- 19 (3) Moneys in the account may be spent only after appropriation by 20 the legislature.
- 21 **Sec. 4.** RCW 84.33.0775 and 2010 c 210 s 35 are each amended to 22 read as follows:
 - (1) A taxpayer is allowed a credit against the tax imposed under RCW 84.33.041 for timber harvested on and after January 1, 2000, under a forest practices notification filed or application approved under RCW 76.09.050 ((and subject to enhanced aquatic resources requirements)).
 - (2)(a) For a person other than a small harvester who elects to calculate tax under RCW 84.33.074, the credit is equal to the stumpage value of timber harvested for sale or for commercial or industrial use multiplied by eight-tenths of one percent.
 - (b) For a small harvester who elects to calculate tax under RCW 84.33.074, the credit is equal to sixteen percent of the tax imposed under this chapter.
- 34 (c) The amount of credit claimed by a taxpayer under this section 35 ((shall)) <u>must</u> be reduced by the amount of any compensation received 36 from the federal government for reduced timber harvest due to enhanced 37 aquatic resource requirements. If the amount of compensation from the

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federal government exceeds the amount of credit available to a taxpayer in any reporting period, the excess (($\frac{1}{1}$)) must be carried forward and applied against credits in future reporting periods. This subsection does not apply to small harvesters (($\frac{1}{1}$) must be carried forward and applied against credits in future reporting periods. This subsection does not apply to small harvesters (($\frac{1}{1}$)).

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- (d) Refunds may not be given in place of credits. Credit may not be claimed in excess of tax owed. The department ((of revenue shall)) must disallow any credits, used or unused, upon written notification from the department of natural resources of a final decision that timber for which credit was claimed was not harvested under a forest practices notification filed or application approved under RCW 76.09.050 ((and subject to enhanced aquatic resources requirements.
- (3) As—used—in—this—section, a—forest—practices—notification—or application—is—subject to enhanced aquatic resource requirements if it includes,—in—whole—or—in—part,—riparian—area,—wetland,—or—steep—or unstable—slope—from—which—the—operator—is—limited,—by—rule—adopted under—RCW—76.09.055,—34.05.090,—43.21C.250,—and—76.09.370,—or—any federally approved habitat—conservation plan or—department of natural resources—approved watershed analysis, from harvesting—timber, or—if—a road—is—included—within—or—adjacent—to—the—area—covered—by—such notification—or—application—and—the—road—is—covered—by—a—road maintenance—plan approved by the department of natural resources under rules adopted under chapter 76.09 RCW, the forest practices act, or—a federally approved habitat conservation—plan.
- (4)—For—forest—practices—notification—or—applications—submitted after—January—1,—2000,—the—department—of—natural—resources—shall indicate whether the notification or application is subject to enhanced aquatic—resource—requirements—and,—unless—notified—of—a—contrary determination by the pollution control hearings board, the department of revenue—shall use—such indication—in determining—the credit—to—be allowed against the tax assessed under RCW 84.33.041. The department of natural resources—shall develop revisions to the form of the forest practices—notifications—and—applications—to—provide—a—space—for—the applicant—to—indicate—and—the—department—of—natural—resources—to confirm—or—not—confirm,—whether—the—notification—or—application—is subject—to—enhanced—aquatic—resource—requirements.—For—forest practices—notifications—or—applications—submitted—before—January—1, 2000, the applicant may submit the approved notification or application

to-the-department-of-natural-resources-for-confirmation-that-the notification-or-application-is-subject-to-enhanced-aquatic-resource requirements. Upon-any-such-submission, the-department-of-natural resources will within thirty days confirm or deny that the notification or application is subject to enhanced aquatic resource requirements and will forward separate evidence of each confirmation to the department of-revenue. Unless-notified-of-a-contrary-ruling-by-the-pollution control-hearings-board, the-department-of-revenue-shall-use-the separate confirmations in determining the credit to be allowed against the tax assessed under RCW 84.33.041.

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- (5)—A refusal by the department of natural resources to confirm that—a notification—or—application—is—subject—to—enhanced—aquatic resources—requirements—may—be—appealed—to—the—pollution—control hearings board.
- 15 (6)-A-person-receiving-approval-of-credit-must-keep-records
 16 necessary-for-the-department-of-revenue-to-verify-eligibility-under
 17 this-section)).
 - (3) The legislature finds that the forest and fish agreement adopted by the legislature in chapter 4, Laws of 1999 1st sp. sess. has made the Washington state forest practices act the strongest in the nation, and virtually all timber harvested in Washington state under a forest practices notification or application approved have had some impact in which timber is restricted from harvest or costs to harvest and market timber have increased.
 - (4) The department of natural resources must transmit to the department forest practices notifications or applications approved under RCW 76.09.050 and, unless notified of a contrary determination by the pollution control hearings board, the department must use such indication in determining the credit to be allowed against the tax assessed under RCW 84.33.041.
 - (5) A refusal by the department of natural resources to confirm that a notification or application is a forest practices notification or application approved under RCW 76.09.050 may be appealed to the pollution control hearings board.
 - (6) A person receiving approval of credit must keep records necessary for the department to verify that a notification or application is a forest practices notification or application approved under RCW 76.09.050.

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- (7) The legislature finds that the change in the harvest credit for 1 2 timber provided in this section is a measure to reduce the administrative burden on the taxpayer and the government by removing 3 the paperwork associated with a requirement for the credit that will 4 continue to be met by virtually all timber harvested even after the 5 requirement is removed. This section is a government streamlining 6 7 reform, does not represent a tax preference, and is not an attempt by the legislature to induce a specific performance. As such, this 8 9 section is exempt from the provisions of RCW 82.32.805 and 82.32.808.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 5. A new section is added to chapter 76.09 RCW to read as follows:
 - (1) The Washington state institute for public policy must study and, if appropriate, make recommendations to the legislature related to the management, funding, transparency, efficiency, effectiveness, and overall operations of the adaptive management program at the department of natural resources.
 - (2) The Washington state institute for public policy must consult with interested stakeholders for input on additional issues to be included in the study, however, at a minimum, the study must consider and draw conclusions relating to:
 - (a) The process for prioritization, revision, inclusion, and exclusion of projects relating to cooperative monitoring, evaluation, and research by topical group; including a review of project relevancy and the existence of current research to justify recent revisions;
 - (b) The capacity and ability for the adaptive management program to implement the timelines approved by the forest practices board; including a review funding, the scientific qualifications of the participants, the research methods used, the degree to which lean process recommendations have been implemented, and the other resources available to the program;
 - (c) The anticipated tasks of the adaptive management program that are not related to the master schedule of cooperative monitoring, evaluation, and research work;
- (d) The process by which policy decisions are informed by research and research is directed by policy decisions; including potential science workloads dictated by those policy discussions;

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1 (e) The degree to which related scientific research conforms to 2 modern research principles and degrees of peer review; and

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- (f) The exploration of additional contracting tools for study initiation and implementation.
- (3) The Washington state institute for public policy is authorized to contract with consultants if specialized work is required to conduct the review required in this section. The Washington state institute for public policy is authorized to expend up to two hundred thousand dollars from the forest and fish support account created in RCW 76.09.405 for the purposes of each review under subsection (4) of this section. All funds for the reviews required in subsection (4) of this section must be spent out of the forest and fish support account created in RCW 76.09.405.
- (4) The Washington state institute for public policy must complete 14 the initial implementation of this section by no later than July 31, 15 2017, and must update its review every five years on a schedule 16 17 consistent with the five-year review required in the forest practices habitat conservation plan. Prior to each subsequent five-year review, 18 19 the forest practices board must review and if necessary, modify the issues required in the review. If RCW 76.09.405(3) (a) or (b) takes 20 21 effect, no further reviews by the Washington state institute for public 22 policy are required.
- 23 Sec. 6. RCW 76.09.020 and 2012 1st sp.s. c 1 s 212 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

The definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter unless the context clearly requires otherwise.

- (1) "Adaptive management" means reliance on scientific methods to test the results of actions taken so that the management and related policy can be changed promptly and appropriately.
- 30 (2) "Appeals board" means the pollution control hearings board 31 created by RCW 43.21B.010.
- 32 (3) "Application" means the application required pursuant to RCW 76.09.050.
 - (4) "Aquatic resources" includes water quality, salmon, other species of the vertebrate classes Cephalaspidomorphi and Osteichthyes identified in the forests and fish report, the Columbia torrent salamander (Rhyacotriton kezeri), the Cascade torrent salamander

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- (Rhyacotriton cascadae), the Olympic torrent salamander (Rhyacotriton 1 2 olympian), the Dunn's salamander (Plethodon dunni), the Van Dyke's salamander (Plethodon vandyke), the tailed frog (Ascaphus truei), and 3 4 their respective habitats.
- 5 (5) "Board" means the forest practices board created in RCW 76.09.030. 6
 - (6) "Commissioner" means the commissioner of public lands.
 - (7) "Contiguous" means land adjoining or touching by common corner or otherwise. Land having common ownership divided by a road or other right-of-way ((shall be)) is considered contiguous.
 - (8) "Conversion to a use other than commercial timber operation" means a bona fide conversion to an active use which is incompatible with timber growing and as may be defined by forest practices rules.
- (9) "Date of receipt" has the same meaning as defined in RCW 14 43.21B.001. 15
 - (10) "Department" means the department of natural resources.
- 17 (11) "Ecosystem services" means the benefits that the public enjoys 18 as a result of natural processes and biological diversity.
 - (12) "Ecosystem services market" means a system in which providers of ecosystem services can access financing or market capital to protect, restore, and maintain ecological values, including the full spectrum of regulatory, quasiregulatory, and voluntary markets.
- (13) "Fill" means the placement of earth material or aggregate for 23 24 road or landing construction or other similar activities.
 - (14) "Fish passage barrier" means any artificial instream structure that impedes the free passage of fish.
 - (15) "Forest land" means all land which is capable of supporting a merchantable stand of timber and is not being actively used for a use which is incompatible with timber growing. Forest land does not include agricultural land that is or was enrolled in the conservation reserve enhancement program by contract if such agricultural land was historically used for agricultural purposes and the landowner intends to continue to use the land for agricultural purposes in the future. As it applies to the operation of the road maintenance and abandonment
- 34
- plan element of the forest practices rules on small forest landowners, 35
- the term "forest land" excludes: 36

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37 (a) Residential home sites, which may include up to five acres; and

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- (b) Cropfields, orchards, vineyards, pastures, feedlots, fish pens, 1 2 and the land on which appurtenances necessary to the production, preparation, or sale of crops, fruit, dairy products, fish, and 3 livestock exist. 4
- (16) "Forest landowner" means any person in actual control of 5 forest land, whether such control is based either on legal or equitable 6 7 title, or on any other interest entitling the holder to sell or otherwise dispose of any or all of the timber on such land in any 8 manner. However, any lessee or other person in possession of forest land without legal or equitable title to such land shall be excluded 10 from the definition of "forest landowner" unless such lessee or other 11 person has the right to sell or otherwise dispose of any or all of the 12 13 timber located on such forest land.
- 14 (17)(a) "Forest practice" means any activity conducted on or directly pertaining to forest land and relating to growing, harvesting, 15 16 or processing timber, including but not limited to:
- 17 $((\frac{a}{a}))$ (i) Road and trail construction, including forest practices hydraulic projects that include water crossing structures, and 18 associated activities and maintenance; 19
 - (((b))) <u>(ii)</u> Harvesting, final and intermediate;
- 21 (((c))) (iii) Precommercial thinning;
- 22 (((d))) (iv) Reforestation;

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- 23 $((\frac{(e)}{(v)}))$ <u>(v)</u> Fertilization;
- 24 $((\frac{f}{f}))$ <u>(vi)</u> Prevention and suppression of diseases and insects;
- 25 $((\frac{g}{y}))$ (vii) Salvage of trees; and
- $((\frac{h}{h}))$ <u>(viii)</u> Brush control. 26
 - (b) "Forest practice" ((shall)) does not include preparatory work such as tree marking, surveying and road flagging, and removal or harvesting of incidental vegetation from forest lands such as berries, ferns, greenery, mistletoe, herbs, mushrooms, and other products which cannot normally be expected to result in damage to forest soils, timber, or public resources.
 - (18) "Forest practices hydraulic project" means a hydraulic project, as defined under RCW 77.55.011, that requires a forest practices application or notification under this chapter.
- 36 (19) "Forest practices rules" means any rules adopted pursuant to 37 RCW 76.09.040.

p. 13 ESSB 6478 1 (20) "Forest road," as it applies to the operation of the road 2 maintenance and abandonment plan element of the forest practices rules 3 on small forest landowners, means a road or road segment that crosses 4 land that meets the definition of forest land, but excludes residential 5 access roads.

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- (21) "Forest trees" does not include hardwood trees cultivated by agricultural methods in growing cycles shorter than fifteen years if the trees were planted on land that was not in forest use immediately before the trees were planted and before the land was prepared for planting the trees. "Forest trees" includes Christmas trees, but does not include Christmas trees that are cultivated by agricultural methods, as that term is defined in RCW 84.33.035.
- 13 (22) "Forests and fish report" means the forests and fish report to 14 the board dated April 29, 1999.
- 15 (23) "Operator" means any person engaging in forest practices 16 except an employee with wages as his or her sole compensation.
- 17 (24) "Person" means any individual, partnership, private, public, 18 or municipal corporation, county, the department or other state or 19 local governmental entity, or association of individuals of whatever 20 nature.
- 21 (25) "Public resources" means water, fish and wildlife, and in 22 addition ((shall)) means capital improvements of the state or its 23 political subdivisions.
- 24 (26) "Small forest landowner" has the same meaning as defined in 25 RCW 76.09.450.
 - (27) "Timber" means forest trees, standing or down, of a commercial species, including Christmas trees. However, "timber" does not include Christmas trees that are cultivated by agricultural methods, as that term is defined in RCW 84.33.035.
- 30 (28) "Timber owner" means any person having all or any part of the 31 legal interest in timber. Where such timber is subject to a contract 32 of sale, "timber owner" ((shall)) means the contract purchaser.
- 33 (29) "Unconfined channel migration zone" means the area within 34 which the active channel of an unconfined stream is prone to move and 35 where the movement would result in a potential near-term loss of 36 riparian forest adjacent to the stream. Sizeable islands with 37 productive timber may exist within the zone.

(30) "Unconfined stream" means generally fifth order or larger waters that experience abrupt shifts in channel location, creating a complex floodplain characterized by extensive gravel bars, disturbance species of vegetation of variable age, numerous side channels, wall-based channels, oxbow lakes, and wetland complexes. Many of these streams have dikes and levees that may temporarily or permanently restrict channel movement.

(31) "Forest practices habitat conservation plan" means the habitat conservation plan that the department submitted to the United States fish and wildlife service and the national marine fisheries service in December of 2005 and approved by the services in May of 2006, as amended.

--- END ---

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