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## Public Safety Committee

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### HB 1729

**Brief Description:** Concerning the administration of a statewide network of community-based domestic violence victim services by the department of social and health services.

**Sponsors:** Representatives Pettigrew, Magendanz, Kagi, Walsh, Van De Wege, DeBolt, Jinkins, Goodman, Dunshee, Hudgins, Wylie, Cody, Sawyer, Senn, Moeller, Tarleton and Santos.

#### Brief Summary of Bill

- Requires the Department of Social and Health Services to establish minimum standards for community-based domestic violence programs and emergency shelter programs.
- Imposes an additional \$15 fee for the issuance of a marriage license for deposit in the Domestic Violence Prevention Account (DV Prevention Account).
- Provides that if the dissolution of marriage fee retained by the county for the purpose of funding services for victims of domestic violence has not been allocated for such services within six months of collection, the funds are to be deposited in the Prevention Account.
- Establishes standards for how funds in the DV Prevention Account may be used.

**Hearing Date:** 2/10/15

**Staff:** Yvonne Walker (786-7841).

#### **Background:**

##### Community-Based Domestic Violence Programs and Emergency Shelters.

A "domestic violence program" is an agency that provides shelter, advocacy, and counseling for domestic violence victims in a supportive environment. A "shelter" is defined as a place of temporary refuge, offered on a 24-hour, seven-day per week basis to victims of domestic violence and their children.

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*This analysis was prepared by non-partisan legislative staff for the use of legislative members in their deliberations. This analysis is not a part of the legislation nor does it constitute a statement of legislative intent.*

### The Department of Social and Health Services.

The Department of Social and Health Services (DSHS) administers state and federal funds for domestic violence programs, which include shelters. The DSHS also establishes minimum standards for shelters receiving funds. The shelters must provide certain services, including food, clothing, housing, client advocacy, and counseling. For nonshelter community-based programs receiving the DSHS funding, the DSHS must establish minimum standards to enhance client safety and security such as by providing client advocacy, client confidentiality, and counseling.

### Marriage License.

County auditors and recording offices are statutorily required to collect a fee of \$8 for issuing a marriage license plus: (1) an additional \$5 fee to support the prevention of child abuse and neglect activities which is to be transmitted monthly to the State Treasurer for deposit in the General Fund; and (2) an additional \$10 fee to be transmitted monthly to the State Treasurer and deposited in the General Fund.

### Dissolution Filing Fees.

Filing fees in Washington for a petition for dissolution, legal separation, or declaration concerning the validity of marriage are established by statute. The statute requires the superior court clerk to collect an initial \$110 fee from the petitioner for the initial filing. The filing fee may be waived upon showing financial hardship.

Superior court clerks must also collect an additional \$30 fee. A total of \$24 out of the \$30 fee must be transmitted to the state for deposit in the Domestic Violence Prevention Account (DV Prevention Account) in the State Treasury. The remaining \$6 is retained by the county collecting the fee for the purpose of funding community-based services for victims of domestic violence within the county. In addition, the court may retain 5 percent of the \$6 (which equals 30 cents) for administrative purposes.

### Domestic Violence Prevention Account.

The DSHS administers the funds in the DV Prevention Account and may establish minimum standards for preventive, nonshelter community-based services receiving the funds. Revenue transferred into the DV Prevention Account must be used to fund nonshelter community-based services for domestic violence victims. Preventive, nonshelter community-based services include services for victims of domestic violence from communities that have been traditionally underserved or unserved and services for children who have witnessed domestic violence.

### Client Records.

Client records maintained by domestic violence programs that provide shelter, advocacy, or counseling are subject to discovery only by court order and are exempt from disclosure under the Public Disclosure Act to the extent that disclosure would violate personal privacy or vital governmental interests.

### **Summary of Bill:**

#### Community-Based Domestic Violence Programs and Emergency Shelters.

A "community-based domestic violence program" is a nonprofit program or organization that provides, as its primary purpose, assistance and advocacy for domestic violence

victims. Domestic violence assistance and advocacy includes: crisis intervention, individual and group support, information and referrals, and safety assessment and planning. Domestic violence assistance and advocacy may also include, but is not limited to: provision of shelter, emergency transportation, self-help services, culturally specific services, legal advocacy, economic advocacy, community education, primary and secondary prevention efforts, and accompaniment and advocacy through medical, legal, immigration, human services, and financial assistance systems.

An "emergency shelter" is a place of supportive services and safe, temporary lodging offered on a 24-hour, seven-day per week basis to victims of domestic violence and their children.

#### The Department of Social and Health Services.

The DSHS, in consultation with relevant state departments, the Domestic Violence Coalition, and individuals having experience in domestic violence issues, including those with experience providing culturally appropriate services to populations that have traditionally been underserved or unserved, must: (1) develop and maintain a plan for delivering domestic violence victim services and access to emergency shelters across the state; (2) establish minimum standards for such programs; (3) receive grant applications; (4) distribute funds; (5) evaluate biennially each program receiving the DSHS funds for compliance; (6) review the minimum standards each biennium to ensure applicability to community and client needs; and (7) administer funds available from the DV Prevention Account.

The DSHS must establish minimum standards that ensure that community-based domestic violence programs provide client-centered advocacy and services designed to enhance immediate and long-term safety, victim autonomy, and security by means such as, but not limited to, safety assessment and planning, information and referral, legal advocacy, culturally and linguistically appropriate services, access to shelter, and client confidentiality.

For emergency shelter programs receiving the DSHS funding, minimum standards by the DSHS must be established to ensure services are provided that meet basic survival needs, such as emergency transportation, child care assistance, and safety assessment and planning. Emergency shelters receiving grants must also provide client-centered advocacy and services designed to enhance client autonomy, client confidentiality, and immediate and long-term safety.

In establishing programs that provide culturally relevant prevention efforts, and age appropriate prevention and intervention services for children who have been exposed to domestic violence, or youth who have been victims of dating violence, priority for state funding must be given to: (1) those programs with a documented history of effective work in providing advocacy and services to victims of domestic violence or dating violence; or (2) those agencies with a demonstrated history of effective work with youth partnered with a domestic violence program.

Community-based domestic violence programs and emergency shelter programs receiving state funds must: (1) provide a location to assist victims of domestic violence who have a need for community advocacy or support services; (2) make available confidential services, advocacy, and prevention programs to victims of domestic violence and to their children within available resources; (3) require that persons employed by or volunteering services for a community-based domestic violence program protect the confidentiality and privacy of domestic violence victims and their families; (4) recruit, to the extent feasible, persons who are former victims of domestic

violence to work as volunteers or staff who can also provide culturally and linguistically appropriate services; (5) ensure that all employees or volunteers have sufficient training in connection with domestic violence; and (6) refrain from engaging in activities that compromise the safety of victims or their children.

#### Marriage License.

For issuing a marriage license, an additional fee of \$15 is imposed which must be collected by the county auditors and recording officers and transmitted monthly to the State Treasury for deposit in the DV Prevention Account.

#### Dissolution Filing Fees.

If the remaining \$6 (from the \$30 surcharge dissolution fee) retained by the county for the purpose of funding community-based services for victims of domestic violence has not been allocated for such services within six months of collection, the county must transmit such funds to the State Treasury for deposit in the DV Prevention Account. Money retained by a county for domestic violence services may be used to supplement, not supplant, other federal state, and local funds for community-based domestic violence services.

#### Domestic Violence Prevention Account.

Funds in the DV Prevention Account may be used only for funding:

- culturally specific prevention efforts and appropriate community-based domestic violence services for victims of domestic violence from populations that have been traditionally underserved or unserved;
- age appropriate prevention and intervention services for children who have been exposed to domestic violence or youth who have been victims of dating violence; and
- outreach and education efforts by community-based domestic violence programs designed to increase public awareness about, and primary and secondary prevention of, domestic and dating violence.

#### Client Records.

A court must order that the parties are prohibited from further dissemination of any parts of the records that are discoverable, and that any portion of any domestic violence program records included in the court file be sealed. Disclosure of domestic violence program records is not a waiver of the victim's rights or privileges under statutes, rules of evidence, or common law. If disclosure of a victim's records is required by court order, the domestic violence program must make reasonable attempts to provide notice to the recipient affected by the disclosure, and must take steps necessary to protect the privacy and safety of the persons affected by the disclosure of the information.

**Appropriation:** None.

**Fiscal Note:** Available.

**Effective Date:** The bill takes effect 90 days after adjournment of the session in which the bill is passed.