
Technology & Economic Development Committee

SB 5442

Brief Description: Concerning eligibility criteria for the community economic revitalization board programs.

Sponsors: Senators Warnick and Hatfield; by request of Washington State Department of Commerce.

<p>Brief Summary of Bill</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Changes median hourly wage application requirements for Community Economic Revitalization Board project funding.
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Hearing Date: 3/18/15

Staff: Kirsten Lee (786-7133).

Background:

Community Economic Revitalization Board.

The Community Economic Revitalization Board (CERB) is a 20-member statutory state board charged with funding public infrastructure improvements that encourage new business development and expansion in areas seeking economic growth. The CERB receives administrative support from the Department of Commerce.

Through the CERB, local governments may apply for and obtain low-interest loans and grants to help finance public facility projects. Counties, cities, towns, port districts, federally-recognized Indian tribes, special purpose districts, municipal corporations, and quasi-municipal corporations with economic development purposes are eligible to apply. Public facilities eligible for CERB financing include the following: bridges, roads, domestic and industrial water, earth stabilization, sanitary sewer, storm sewer, railroad, telecommunications, electricity, transportation, natural gas, buildings or structures, and port facilities.

This analysis was prepared by non-partisan legislative staff for the use of legislative members in their deliberations. This analysis is not a part of the legislation nor does it constitute a statement of legislative intent.

The traditional CERB program offers three financing programs: (1) Committed Private Partner Construction, which requires evidence that a private development or expansion is ready to occur, contingent on approval of CERB funds; (2) Prospective Development Construction, which requires evidence that a private development or expansion is likely to occur as a result of the public improvements; and (3) planning projects, which evaluate high-priority economic development projects.

One of the threshold application requirements for CERB funding is demonstrating with convincing evidence that the median hourly wage of the private sector jobs created after the project is completed will exceed the countywide median hourly wage. All projects approved must meet this requirement.

Funding for CERB projects is appropriated in the capital budget primarily from the Public Facilities Construction Loan Revolving Account. The CERB must make at least 75 percent of the first \$20 million of funds available and at least 50 percent of additional funds available to financial assistance for projects in rural counties.

Summary of Bill:

The CERB must award at least 75 percent of moneys appropriated from the capital budget to projects that can demonstrate by convincing evidence that the median hourly wage of the private sector jobs created after the project is completed will exceed the countywide median hourly wage for private sector jobs. Up to 25 percent of the moneys appropriated from the capital budget may be awarded by the CERB to projects that cannot demonstrate with convincing evidence that they will meet the median hourly wage requirement.

Priority must be given to eligible projects applying under the Committed Private Partner Construction Program.

Appropriation: None.

Fiscal Note: Available.

Effective Date: The bill contains an emergency clause and takes effect immediately.