## <u>SHB 1501</u> - S COMM AMD By Committee on Ways & Means

## NOT ADOPTED 04/20/2017

- 1 Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the 2 following:
- 3 "NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. A new section is added to chapter 9.41 4 RCW to read as follows:
- (1) A dealer shall report to the Washington association of 5 sheriffs and police chiefs information on each instance where the 6 7 dealer denies an application for the purchase or transfer of a firearm, whether under RCW 9.41.090 or 9.41.113, or the requirements 8 9 of federal law, as the result of a background check or completed and submitted firearm purchase or transfer application that indicates the 10 applicant is ineligible to possess a firearm under state or federal 11 12 law. The dealer shall report the denied application information to 13 the Washington association of sheriffs and police chiefs within five days of the denial in a format as prescribed by the Washington 14 association of sheriffs and police chiefs. The reported information 15 must include the identifying information of the applicant, the date 16 17 the application and denial of the application, and information or documents as prescribed by the Washington association 18 of sheriffs and police chiefs. In any case where the purchase or 19 20 transfer of a firearm is initially denied by the dealer as the result of a background check that indicates the applicant is ineligible to 21 22 possess a firearm, but the purchase or transfer is subsequently approved, the dealer shall report the subsequent approval to the 23 24 Washington association of sheriffs and police chiefs within one day 25 of the approval.
  - (2) Upon denying an application for the purchase or transfer of a firearm as a result of a background check or completed and submitted firearm purchase or transfer application that indicates the applicant is ineligible to possess a firearm under state or federal law, the dealer shall:
- 31 (a) Provide the applicant with a copy of a notice form generated 32 and distributed by the Washington state patrol under section 3(5) of

26

27

28

29

- 1 this act, informing denied applicants of their right to appeal the
- 2 denial; and

8

9

10

11

12

13

14 15

16

17

18

19 20

21

22

2324

25

2627

28

- 3 (b) Retain the original records of the attempted purchase or 4 transfer of a firearm for a period not less than six years.
- 5 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 2.** A new section is added to chapter 36.28A 6 RCW to read as follows:
  - (1) Subject to the availability of amounts appropriated for this specific purpose, the Washington association of sheriffs and police chiefs must create and maintain an electronic portal for a dealer, as defined in RCW 9.41.010, to report the information as required pursuant to section 1 of this act pertaining to persons who have applied for the purchase or transfer of a firearm and were denied as the result of a background check or completed and submitted firearm purchase or transfer application that indicates the applicant is ineligible to possess a firearm under state or federal law.
  - (2) Upon receipt of information from a dealer pursuant to section 1 of this act that a person originally denied the purchase or transfer of a firearm as the result of a background check that indicates the applicant is ineligible to possess a firearm has subsequently been approved for the purchase or transfer, the Washington association of sheriffs and police chiefs must purge any record of the person's denial in its possession and inform the Washington state patrol and any local law enforcement agency participating in the grant program created in section 6 of this act of the subsequent approval of the purchase or transfer.
  - (3) Information and records prepared, owned, used, or retained by the Washington state patrol or the Washington association of sheriffs and police chiefs pursuant to this act are exempt from public inspection and copying under chapter 42.56 RCW.
- 30 (4) The Washington association of sheriffs and police chiefs must 31 destroy the information and data reported by a dealer pursuant to 32 this act upon its satisfaction that the information and data is no 33 longer necessary to carry out its duties pursuant to this act.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 3. A new section is added to chapter 43.43 RCW to read as follows:
- 36 (1) Upon receipt of the information from the Washington 37 association of sheriffs and police chiefs pursuant to section 2 of 38 this act, the Washington state patrol must incorporate the Code Rev/AI:amh 2 S-2554.1/17

information into its electronic database accessible to law enforcement agencies and officers, including federally recognized Indian tribes, that have a connection to the Washington state patrol electronic database.

- (2) Upon receipt of documentation that a person has appealed a background check denial, the Washington state patrol immediately remove the record of the person initially reported pursuant to section 2 of this act from its electronic database accessible to law enforcement agencies and officers. The Washington state patrol must keep a separate record of the person's information for a period of one year or until such time as the appeal has been resolved. Every twelve months, the Washington state patrol shall notify the person that the person must provide documentation that his or her appeal is still pending or the record of the person's background check denial will be put back in its electronic database accessible to law enforcement agencies and officers. At any time, upon receipt of documentation that a person's appeal has been granted, the Washington state patrol shall remove any record of the person's denied firearms purchase or transfer application from its electronic database accessible to law enforcement agencies and officers.
  - (3) Upon receipt of satisfactory proof that a person who was reported to the Washington state patrol pursuant to section 2 of this act is no longer ineligible to possess a firearm under state or federal law, the Washington state patrol must remove any record of the person's denied firearms purchase or transfer application from its electronic database accessible to law enforcement agencies and officers.
  - (4) Upon receipt of notification from the Washington association of sheriffs and police chiefs that a person originally denied the purchase or transfer of a firearm as the result of a background check or completed and submitted firearm purchase or transfer application that indicates the applicant is ineligible to possess a firearm under state or federal law has subsequently been approved for the purchase or transfer, the Washington state patrol must remove any record of the person's denied firearms purchase or transfer application from its electronic database accessible to law enforcement agencies and officers within five business days.
  - (5) The Washington state patrol shall generate and distribute a notice form to all firearm dealers, to be provided by the dealers to Code Rev/AI:amh

    3 S-2554.1/17

- 1 applicants denied the purchase or transfer of a firearm as a result
- 2 of a background check that indicates the applicant is ineligible to
- 3 possess a firearm. The notice form must contain the following
- 4 statements:

- 5 State law requires that I transmit the following information
- 6 to the Washington association of sheriffs and police chiefs
- 7 as a result of your firearm purchase or transfer denial
- 8 within two days of the denial:
  - (a) Identifying information of the applicant;
- 10 (b) The date of the application and denial of the
- 11 application;
- 12 (c) Other information as prescribed by the Washington
- 13 association of sheriffs and police chiefs.
- 14 If you believe this denial is in error, and you do not
- exercise your right to appeal, you may be subject to criminal
- investigation by the Washington state patrol and/or a local
- 17 law enforcement agency.
- 18 The notice form shall also contain information directing the
- 19 applicant to a web site describing the process of appealing a
- 20 national instant criminal background check system denial through the
- 21 federal bureau of investigation and refer the applicant to local law
- 22 enforcement for information on a denial based on a state background
- 23 check. The notice form shall also contain a phone number for a
- 24 contact at the Washington state patrol to direct the person to
- 25 resources regarding an individual's right to appeal a background
- 26 check denial.
- 27 (6) The Washington state patrol may adopt rules as are necessary
- 28 to carry out the purposes of this section.
- 29 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 4.** A new section is added to chapter 36.28A
- 30 RCW to read as follows:
- 31 Subject to the availability of amounts appropriated for this
- 32 specific purpose, the Washington association of sheriffs and police
- 33 chiefs shall prepare an annual report on the number of denied
- 34 firearms sales or transfers reported pursuant to this act. The report
- 35 shall indicate the number of cases in which a person was denied a
- 36 firearms sale or transfer, the number of cases where the denied sale
- 37 or transfer was investigated for potential criminal prosecution, and
- 38 the number of cases where an arrest was made, the case was referred

- 1 for prosecution, and a conviction was obtained. The Washington state
- 2 patrol shall submit the report to the appropriate committees of the
- 3 legislature on or before December 31st of each year.

22

2324

25

2627

28

2930

31

- 4 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 5.** A new section is added to chapter 36.28A 5 RCW to read as follows:
- (1)(a) Subject to the availability of amounts appropriated for 6 7 this specific purpose, the Washington association of sheriffs and police chiefs shall create and operate a statewide automated 8 protected person notification system to automatically notify a 9 10 registered person via the registered person's choice of telephone or email when a respondent subject to a court order specified in (b) of 11 this subsection has attempted to purchase or acquire a firearm and 12 been denied based on a background check or completed and submitted 13 firearm purchase or transfer application that indicates the 14 15 respondent is ineligible to possess a firearm under state or federal 16 law. The system must permit a person to register for notification, or 17 a registered person to update the person's registration information, for the statewide automated protected person notification system by 18 19 calling a toll-free telephone number or by accessing a public web 20 site.
  - (b) The notification requirements of this section apply to any court order issued under chapter 7.92 RCW and RCW 7.90.090, 9A.46.080, 10.14.080, 10.99.040, 10.99.045, 26.09.050, 26.09.060, 26.10.040, 26.10.115, 26.26.130, 26.26.590, 26.50.060, or 26.50.070, and any foreign protection order filed with a Washington court pursuant to chapter 26.52 RCW, where the order prohibits the respondent from possessing firearms or where by operation of law the respondent is ineligible to possess firearms during the term of the order. The notification requirements of this section apply even if the respondent has notified the Washington state patrol that he or she has appealed a background check denial under section 3 of this act.
- 33 (2) An appointed or elected official, public employee, or public agency as defined in RCW 4.24.470, or combination of units of government and its employees, as provided in RCW 36.28A.010, are immune from civil liability for damages for any release of information or the failure to release information related to the statewide automated protected person notification system in this section, so long as the release or failure to release was without

- gross negligence. The immunity provided under this subsection applies to the release of relevant and necessary information to other public officials, public employees, or public agencies, and to the general public.
- 5 (3) Information and records prepared, owned, used, or retained by 6 the Washington association of sheriffs and police chiefs pursuant to 7 this act, including information a person submits to register and 8 participate in the statewide automated protected person notification 9 system, are exempt from public inspection and copying under chapter 10 42.56 RCW.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 6. A new section is added to chapter 36.28A RCW to read as follows:

14

15

16 17

18

19 20

21

22

2324

- (1) Subject to the availability of amounts appropriated for this specific purpose, the Washington association of sheriffs and police chiefs shall establish a grant program for local law enforcement agencies to conduct criminal investigations regarding persons who illegally attempted to purchase or transfer a firearm within their jurisdiction.
- (2) Each grant applicant must be required to submit reports to the Washington association of sheriffs and police chiefs that indicate the number of cases in which a person was denied a firearms sale or transfer, the number of cases where the denied sale or transfer was investigated for potential criminal prosecution, and the number of cases where an arrest was made, the case was referred for prosecution, and a conviction was obtained.
- 26 (3) Information and records prepared, owned, used, or retained by 27 the Washington association of sheriffs and police chiefs pursuant to 28 this act are exempt from public inspection and copying under chapter 29 42.56 RCW.
- 30 **Sec. 7.** RCW 42.56.240 and 2016 c 173 s 8 and 2016 c 163 s 2 are 31 each reenacted and amended to read as follows:
- The following investigative, law enforcement, and crime victim information is exempt from public inspection and copying under this chapter:
- 35 (1) Specific intelligence information and specific investigative 36 records compiled by investigative, law enforcement, and penology 37 agencies, and state agencies vested with the responsibility to 38 discipline members of any profession, the nondisclosure of which is Code Rev/AI:amh 6 S-2554.1/17

essential to effective law enforcement or for the protection of any person's right to privacy;

- (2) Information revealing the identity of persons who are witnesses to or victims of crime or who file complaints with investigative, law enforcement, or penology agencies, other than the commission, if disclosure would endanger any person's life, physical safety, or property. If at the time a complaint is filed the complainant, victim, or witness indicates a desire for disclosure or nondisclosure, such desire shall govern. However, all complaints filed with the commission about any elected official or candidate for public office must be made in writing and signed by the complainant under oath;
- (3) Any records of investigative reports prepared by any state, county, municipal, or other law enforcement agency pertaining to sex offenses contained in chapter 9A.44 RCW or sexually violent offenses as defined in RCW 71.09.020, which have been transferred to the Washington association of sheriffs and police chiefs for permanent electronic retention and retrieval pursuant to RCW 40.14.070(2)(b);
- (4) License applications under RCW 9.41.070; copies of license applications or information on the applications may be released to law enforcement or corrections agencies;
- (5) Information revealing the identity of child victims of sexual assault who are under age eighteen. Identifying information means the child victim's name, address, location, photograph, and in cases in which the child victim is a relative or stepchild of the alleged perpetrator, identification of the relationship between the child and the alleged perpetrator;
- (6) Information contained in a local or regionally maintained gang database as well as the statewide gang database referenced in RCW 43.43.762;
- 31 (7) Data from the electronic sales tracking system established in 32 RCW 69.43.165;
  - (8) Information submitted to the statewide unified sex offender notification and registration program under RCW 36.28A.040(6) by a person for the purpose of receiving notification regarding a registered sex offender, including the person's name, residential address, and email address;
- 38 (9) Personally identifying information collected by law 39 enforcement agencies pursuant to local security alarm system programs 40 and vacation crime watch programs. Nothing in this subsection shall Code Rev/AI:amh
  7 S-2554.1/17

- be interpreted so as to prohibit the legal owner of a residence or 1
- business from accessing information regarding his or her residence or 2
- business; 3
- (10) The felony firearm offense conviction database of felony 4 firearm offenders established in RCW 43.43.822; 5
- 6 (11) The identity of a state employee or officer who has in good 7 faith filed a complaint with an ethics board, as provided in RCW 42.52.410, or who has in good faith reported improper governmental 8 action, as defined in RCW 42.40.020, to the auditor or other public 9 10
  - official, as defined in RCW 42.40.020;
- 11 (12) The following security threat group information collected and maintained by the department of corrections pursuant to RCW 12
- 72.09.745: (a) Information that could lead to the identification of a 13
- person's security threat group status, affiliation, or activities; 14
- (b) information that reveals specific security threats associated 15
- 16 with the operation and activities of security threat groups; and (c)
- 17 information that identifies the number of security threat group
- members, affiliates, or associates; 18
- (13) The global positioning system data that would indicate the 19 location of the residence of an employee or worker of a criminal 20 21 justice agency as defined in RCW 10.97.030; ((and))
- (14) Body worn camera recordings to the extent nondisclosure is 22 essential for the protection of any person's right to privacy as 23 described in RCW 42.56.050, including, but not limited to, the 24 25 circumstances enumerated in (a) of this subsection. A law enforcement 26 or corrections agency shall not disclose a body worn camera recording 27 to the extent the recording is exempt under this subsection.
- (a) Disclosure of a body worn camera recording is presumed to be 28 29 highly offensive to a reasonable person under RCW 42.56.050 to the 30 extent it depicts:
- 31 (i)(A) Any areas of a medical facility, counseling, or therapeutic program office where: 32
- (I) A patient is registered to receive treatment, receiving 33 34 treatment, waiting for treatment, or being transported in the course 35 of treatment; or
- 36 (II) Health care information is shared with patients, their 37 families, or among the care team; or
- (B) Information that meets the definition of protected health 38 information for purposes of the health insurance portability and 39

- accountability act of 1996 or health care information for purposes of chapter 70.02 RCW;
- 3 (ii) The interior of a place of residence where a person has a 4 reasonable expectation of privacy;
  - (iii) An intimate image as defined in RCW 9A.86.010;
- 6 (iv) A minor;

7

18

19

2021

22

23

2425

26

27

- (v) The body of a deceased person;
- (vi) The identity of or communications from a victim or witness 8 an incident involving domestic violence as defined in RCW 9 10.99.020 or sexual assault as defined in RCW 70.125.030, 10 11 disclosure of intimate images as defined in RCW 9A.86.010. If at the 12 time of recording the victim or witness indicates a desire for nondisclosure of the 13 disclosure or recorded identity or 14 communications, such desire shall govern; or
- (vii) The identifiable location information of a community-based domestic violence program as defined in RCW 70.123.020, or emergency shelter as defined in RCW 70.123.020.
  - (b) The presumptions set out in (a) of this subsection may be rebutted by specific evidence in individual cases.
  - (c) In a court action seeking the right to inspect or copy a body worn camera recording, a person who prevails against a law enforcement or corrections agency that withholds or discloses all or part of a body worn camera recording pursuant to (a) of this subsection is not entitled to fees, costs, or awards pursuant to RCW 42.56.550 unless it is shown that the law enforcement or corrections agency acted in bad faith or with gross negligence.
    - (d) A request for body worn camera recordings must:
- 28 (i) Specifically identify a name of a person or persons involved 29 in the incident;
  - (ii) Provide the incident or case number;
- 31 (iii) Provide the date, time, and location of the incident or 32 incidents; or
- 33 (iv) Identify a law enforcement or corrections officer involved 34 in the incident or incidents.
- (e)(i) A person directly involved in an incident recorded by the requested body worn camera recording, an attorney representing a person directly involved in an incident recorded by the requested body worn camera recording, a person or his or her attorney who requests a body worn camera recording relevant to a criminal case involving that person, or the executive director from either the Code Rev/AI:amh

  9

  S-2554.1/17

- Washington state commission on African-American affairs, Asian Pacific American affairs, or Hispanic affairs, has the right to obtain the body worn camera recording, subject to any exemption under this chapter or any applicable law. In addition, an attorney who represents a person regarding a potential or existing civil cause of action involving the denial of civil rights under the federal or state Constitution, or a violation of a United States department of justice settlement agreement, has the right to obtain the body worn camera recording if relevant to the cause of action, subject to any exemption under this chapter or any applicable law. The attorney must explain the relevancy of the requested body worn camera recording to the cause of action and specify that he or she is seeking relief from redaction costs under this subsection (14)(e).
  - (ii) A law enforcement or corrections agency responding to requests under this subsection (14)(e) may not require the requesting individual to pay costs of any redacting, altering, distorting, pixelating, suppressing, or otherwise obscuring any portion of a body worn camera recording.

- (iii) A law enforcement or corrections agency may require any person requesting a body worn camera recording pursuant to this subsection (14)(e) to identify himself or herself to ensure he or she is a person entitled to obtain the body worn camera recording under this subsection (14)(e).
- (f)(i) A law enforcement or corrections agency responding to a request to disclose body worn camera recordings may require any requester not listed in (e) of this subsection to pay the reasonable costs of redacting, altering, distorting, pixelating, suppressing, or otherwise obscuring any portion of the body worn camera recording prior to disclosure only to the extent necessary to comply with the exemptions in this chapter or any applicable law.
- (ii) An agency that charges redaction costs under this subsection (14)(f) must use redaction technology that provides the least costly commercially available method of redacting body worn camera recordings, to the extent possible and reasonable.
- (iii) In any case where an agency charges a requestor for the costs of redacting a body worn camera recording under this subsection (14)(f), the time spent on redaction of the recording shall not count towards the agency's allocation of, or limitation on, time or costs spent responding to public records requests under this chapter, as

- established pursuant to local ordinance, policy, procedure, or state law.
  - (g) For purposes of this subsection (14):

4

5

7

8

14

15

16 17

2324

25

26

- (i) "Body worn camera recording" means a video and/or sound recording that is made by a body worn camera attached to the uniform or eyewear of a law enforcement or corrections officer from a covered jurisdiction while in the course of his or her official duties and that is made on or after June 9, 2016, and prior to July 1, 2019; and
- 9 (ii) "Covered jurisdiction" means any jurisdiction that has 10 deployed body worn cameras as of June 9, 2016, regardless of whether 11 or not body worn cameras are being deployed in the jurisdiction on 12 June 9, 2016, including, but not limited to, jurisdictions that have 13 deployed body worn cameras on a pilot basis.
  - (h) Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to restrict access to body worn camera recordings as otherwise permitted by law for official or recognized civilian and accountability bodies or pursuant to any court order.
- (i) Nothing in this section is intended to modify the obligations of prosecuting attorneys and law enforcement under *Brady v. Maryland*, 373 U.S. 83, 83 S. Ct. 1194, 10 L. Ed. 2d 215 (1963), *Kyles v. Whitley*, 541 U.S. 419, 115 S. Ct. 1555, 131 L. Ed.2d 490 (1995), and the relevant Washington court criminal rules and statutes.
  - (j) A law enforcement or corrections agency must retain body worn camera recordings for at least sixty days and thereafter may destroy the records; ((and))
  - (15) Any records and information contained within the statewide sexual assault kit tracking system established in RCW 43.43.545; and
- 28 (16) Information and records prepared, owned, used, or retained 29 by the Washington association of sheriffs and police chiefs and 30 information and records prepared, owned, used, or retained by the 31 Washington state patrol pursuant to this act.
- NEW SECTION. **Sec. 8.** If specific funding for the purposes of this act, referencing this act by bill or chapter number, is not provided by June 30, 2017, in the omnibus appropriations act, this act is null and void.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 9. If any provision of this act or its application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the

- 1 remainder of the act or the application of the provision to other
- 2 persons or circumstances is not affected."

## <u>SHB 1501</u> - S COMM AMD By Committee on Ways & Means

## NOT ADOPTED 04/20/2017

On page 1, line 2 of the title, after "firearms;" strike the remainder of the title and insert "reenacting and amending RCW 42.56.240; adding a new section to chapter 9.41 RCW; adding new sections to chapter 36.28A RCW; adding a new section to chapter 43.43 RCW; and creating a new section."

<u>EFFECT:</u> Makes technical changes to correct internal references. Clarifies that notice to victims is provided even if the appeal is pending. Provides that the dealer must report when the application indicates that the person is prohibited from possessing a firearm. Dealers must report within five days. The Washington state patrol must remove information within five business days. Adds a severability clause.

--- END ---