## <u>SSB 5131</u> - S AMD **95** By Senator Rivers

## ADOPTED 03/07/2017

1 Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the 2 following:

- 3 "Sec. 1. RCW 69.50.325 and 2016 c 170 s 1 are each amended to 4 read as follows:
- (1) There shall be a marijuana producer's license regulated by 5 the state liquor and cannabis board and subject to annual renewal. 6 The licensee is authorized to produce: (a) Marijuana for sale at 7 wholesale to marijuana processors and other marijuana producers ((and 8 to produce marijuana)); (b) immature plants or clones and seeds for 9 sale to cooperatives as described under RCW 69.51A.250((, regulated 10 by the state liquor and cannabis board and subject to annual 11 12 renewal)); and (c) immature plants or clones and seeds for sale to qualifying patients and designated providers as described under 13 section 11 of this act. The production, possession, delivery, 14 distribution, and sale of marijuana in accordance with the provisions 15 of this chapter and the rules adopted to implement and enforce it, by 16 17 a validly licensed marijuana producer, shall not be a criminal or civil offense under Washington state law. Every marijuana producer's 18 license shall be issued in the name of the applicant, shall specify 19 20 the location at which the marijuana producer intends to operate, 21 which must be within the state of Washington, and the holder thereof 22 shall not allow any other person to use the license. The application fee for a marijuana producer's license shall be two hundred fifty 23 dollars. The annual fee for issuance and renewal of a marijuana 24 producer's license shall be one thousand dollars. A separate license 25 26 shall be required for each location at which a marijuana producer 27 intends to produce marijuana.
  - (2) There shall be a marijuana processor's license to process, package, and label marijuana concentrates, useable marijuana, and marijuana-infused products for sale at wholesale to marijuana processors and marijuana retailers, regulated by the state liquor and cannabis board and subject to annual renewal. The processing,

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1 packaging, possession, delivery, distribution, and sale of marijuana, useable marijuana, marijuana-infused products, and 2 concentrates in accordance with the provisions of this chapter and 3 chapter 69.51A RCW and the rules adopted to implement and enforce 4 these chapters, by a validly licensed marijuana processor, shall not 5 6 be a criminal or civil offense under Washington state law. Every marijuana processor's license shall be issued in the name of the 7 applicant, shall specify the location at which the licensee intends 8 to operate, which must be within the state of Washington, and the 9 holder thereof shall not allow any other person to use the license. 10 The application fee for a marijuana processor's license shall be two 11 12 hundred fifty dollars. The annual fee for issuance and renewal of a marijuana processor's license shall be one thousand dollars. A 13 separate license shall be required for each location at which a 14 marijuana processor intends to process marijuana. 15

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There shall be a marijuana retailer's license to sell marijuana concentrates, useable marijuana, and marijuana-infused products at retail in retail outlets, regulated by the state liquor and cannabis board and subject to annual renewal. The possession, delivery, distribution, and sale of marijuana concentrates, useable marijuana, and marijuana-infused products in accordance with the provisions of this chapter and the rules adopted to implement and enforce it, by a validly licensed marijuana retailer, shall not be a criminal or civil offense under Washington state law. Every marijuana retailer's license shall be issued in the name of the applicant, shall specify the location of the retail outlet the licensee intends to operate, which must be within the state of Washington, and the holder thereof shall not allow any other person to use the license. The application fee for a marijuana retailer's license shall be two hundred fifty dollars. The annual fee for issuance and renewal of a marijuana retailer's license shall be one thousand dollars. A separate license shall be required for each location at which a marijuana retailer intends to sell marijuana concentrates, useable marijuana, and marijuana-infused products.

- 35 **Sec. 2.** RCW 69.50.331 and 2015 2nd sp.s. c 4 s 301 are each 36 amended to read as follows:
- (1) For the purpose of considering any application for a license to produce, process, research, transport, or deliver marijuana, useable marijuana, marijuana concentrates, or marijuana-infused Code Rev/AI:akl

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- 1 products subject to the regulations established under RCW 69.50.385,
- 2 or sell marijuana, or for the renewal of a license to produce,
- 3 process, research, transport, or deliver marijuana, useable
- 4 marijuana, marijuana concentrates, or marijuana-infused products
- 5 subject to the regulations established under RCW 69.50.385, or sell
- 6 marijuana, the state liquor and cannabis board must conduct a
- 7 comprehensive, fair, and impartial evaluation of the applications
- 8 timely received.
- 9 (a) ((The state liquor and cannabis board must develop a
- 10 competitive, merit-based application process that includes, at a 11 minimum, the opportunity for an applicant to demonstrate experience
- 12 and qualifications in the marijuana industry. The state liquor and
- 13 cannabis board must give preference between competing applications in
- 14 the licensing process to applicants that have the following
- 15 experience and qualifications, in the following order of priority:
- 16 (i) First priority is given to applicants who:
- 17 (A) Applied to the state liquor and cannabis board for a
  18 marijuana retailer license prior to July 1, 2014;
- 19 (B) Operated or were employed by a collective garden before 20 January 1, 2013;
- 21 (C) Have maintained a state business license and a municipal 22 business license, as applicable in the relevant jurisdiction; and
- 23 (D) Have had a history of paying all applicable state taxes and 24 fees;
- 25 (ii) Second priority must be given to applicants who:
- 26 (A) Operated or were employed by a collective garden before 27 January 1, 2013;
- 28 (B) Have maintained a state business license and a municipal business license, as applicable in the relevant jurisdiction; and
- 30 (C) Have had a history of paying all applicable state taxes and 31 fees; and
- 32 (iii) Third priority must be given to all other applicants who do 33 not have the experience and qualifications identified in (a)(i) and 34 (ii) of this subsection.
- 35 (b))) The state liquor and cannabis board may cause an inspection 36 of the premises to be made, and may inquire into all matters in 37 connection with the construction and operation of the premises. For
- 38 the purpose of reviewing any application for a license and for
- 39 considering the denial, suspension, revocation, or renewal or denial
- 40 thereof, of any license, the state liquor and cannabis board may

1 consider any prior criminal conduct of the applicant including an administrative violation history record with the state liquor and 2 cannabis board and a criminal history record information check. The 3 state liquor and cannabis board may submit the criminal history 4 record information check to the Washington state patrol and to the 5 6 identification division of the federal bureau of investigation in order that these agencies may search their records for prior arrests 7 and convictions of the individual or individuals who filled out the 8 cannabis 9 state liquor and board must fingerprinting of any applicant whose criminal history record 10 11 information check is submitted to the federal bureau investigation. The provisions of RCW 9.95.240 and of chapter 9.96A 12 RCW do not apply to these cases. Subject to the provisions of this 13 section, the state liquor and cannabis board may, in its discretion, 14 grant or deny the renewal or license applied for. Denial may be based 15 16 on, without limitation, the existence of chronic illegal activity 17 documented in objections submitted pursuant to subsections (7)(c) and (10) of this section. Authority to approve an uncontested or 18 unopposed license may be granted by the state liquor and cannabis 19 board to any staff member the board designates in writing. Conditions 20 21 for granting this authority must be adopted by rule.

- (((c))) No license of any kind may be issued to:
- 23 (i) A person under the age of twenty-one years;
  - (ii) A person doing business as a sole proprietor who has not lawfully resided in the state for at least six months prior to applying to receive a license;
  - (iii) A partnership, employee cooperative, association, nonprofit corporation, or corporation unless formed under the laws of this state, and unless all of the members thereof are qualified to obtain a license as provided in this section; or
- (iv) A person whose place of business is conducted by a manager or agent, unless the manager or agent possesses the same qualifications required of the licensee.
- The state liquor and cannabis board may, 34 (2)(a) in discretion, subject to the provisions of RCW 69.50.334, suspend or 35 cancel any license; and all protections of the licensee from criminal 36 civil sanctions under state law for producing, processing, 37 researching, or selling marijuana, marijuana concentrates, useable 38 39 marijuana, or marijuana-infused products thereunder must be suspended 40 or terminated, as the case may be.

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(b) The state liquor and cannabis board must immediately suspend the license of a person who has been certified pursuant to RCW 74.20A.320 by the department of social and health services as a person who is not in compliance with a support order. If the person has continued to meet all other requirements for reinstatement during the suspension, reissuance of the license is automatic upon the state liquor and cannabis board's receipt of a release issued by the department of social and health services stating that the licensee is in compliance with the order.

- (c) The state liquor and cannabis board may request the appointment of administrative law judges under chapter 34.12 RCW who shall have power to administer oaths, issue subpoenas for the attendance of witnesses and the production of papers, books, accounts, documents, and testimony, examine witnesses, and to receive testimony in any inquiry, investigation, hearing, or proceeding in any part of the state, under rules and regulations the state liquor and cannabis board may adopt.
- (d) Witnesses must be allowed fees and mileage each way to and from any inquiry, investigation, hearing, or proceeding at the rate authorized by RCW 34.05.446. Fees need not be paid in advance of appearance of witnesses to testify or to produce books, records, or other legal evidence.
- (e) In case of disobedience of any person to comply with the order of the state liquor and cannabis board or a subpoena issued by the state liquor and cannabis board, or any of its members, or administrative law judges, or on the refusal of a witness to testify to any matter regarding which he or she may be lawfully interrogated, the judge of the superior court of the county in which the person resides, on application of any member of the board or administrative law judge, compels obedience by contempt proceedings, as in the case of disobedience of the requirements of a subpoena issued from said court or a refusal to testify therein.
- (3) Upon receipt of notice of the suspension or cancellation of a license, the licensee must forthwith deliver up the license to the state liquor and cannabis board. Where the license has been suspended only, the state liquor and cannabis board must return the license to the licensee at the expiration or termination of the period of suspension. The state liquor and cannabis board must notify all other licensees in the county where the subject licensee has its premises of the suspension or cancellation of the license; and no other

licensee or employee of another licensee may allow or cause any marijuana, marijuana concentrates, useable marijuana, or marijuana-infused products to be delivered to or for any person at the premises of the subject licensee.

- (4) Every license issued under this chapter is subject to all conditions and restrictions imposed by this chapter or by rules adopted by the state liquor and cannabis board to implement and enforce this chapter. All conditions and restrictions imposed by the state liquor and cannabis board in the issuance of an individual license must be listed on the face of the individual license along with the trade name, address, and expiration date.
- (5) Every licensee must post and keep posted its license, or licenses, in a conspicuous place on the premises.
- 14 (6) No licensee may employ any person under the age of twenty-one 15 years.
  - (7)(a) Before the state liquor and cannabis board issues a new or renewed license to an applicant it must give notice of the application to the chief executive officer of the incorporated city or town, if the application is for a license within an incorporated city or town, or to the county legislative authority, if the application is for a license outside the boundaries of incorporated cities or towns, or to the tribal government if the application is for a license within Indian country under the jurisdiction of a federally recognized Indian tribe, or to the port authority if the application for a license is located on property owned by a port authority.
  - (b) The incorporated city or town through the official or employee selected by it, ((ex)) the county legislative authority or the official or employee selected by it, the tribal government, or port authority has the right to file with the state liquor and cannabis board within twenty days after the date of transmittal of the notice for applications, or at least thirty days prior to the expiration date for renewals, written objections against the applicant or against the premises for which the new or renewed license is asked. The state liquor and cannabis board may extend the time period for submitting written objections upon request from the authority notified by the state liquor and cannabis board.
- 38 (c) The written objections must include a statement of all facts 39 upon which the objections are based, and in case written objections 40 are filed, the city or town or county legislative authority may Code Rev/AI:akl 6 S-1867.1/17

- request, and the state liquor and cannabis board may in its discretion hold, a hearing subject to the applicable provisions of Title 34 RCW. If the state liquor and cannabis board makes an initial decision to deny a license or renewal based on the written objections of an incorporated city or town or county legislative authority, the applicant may request a hearing subject to the applicable provisions Title 34 RCW. If a hearing is held at the request of the applicant, state liquor and cannabis board representatives must present and defend the state liquor and cannabis board's initial decision to deny a license or renewal.
  - (d) Upon the granting of a license under this title the state liquor and cannabis board must send written notification to the chief executive officer of the incorporated city or town in which the license is granted, or to the county legislative authority if the license is granted outside the boundaries of incorporated cities or towns.

- (8)(a) Except as provided in (b) through (d) of this subsection, the state liquor and cannabis board may not issue a license for any premises within one thousand feet of the perimeter of the grounds of any elementary or secondary school, playground, recreation center or facility, child care center, public park, public transit center, or library, or any game arcade admission to which is not restricted to persons aged twenty-one years or older.
- (b) A city, county, or town may permit the licensing of premises within one thousand feet but not less than one hundred feet of the facilities described in (a) of this subsection, except elementary schools, secondary schools, and playgrounds, by enacting an ordinance authorizing such distance reduction, provided that such distance reduction will not negatively impact the jurisdiction's civil regulatory enforcement, criminal law enforcement interests, public safety, or public health.
- (c) A city, county, or town may permit the licensing of research premises allowed under RCW 69.50.372 within one thousand feet but not less than one hundred feet of the facilities described in (a) of this subsection by enacting an ordinance authorizing such distance reduction, provided that the ordinance will not negatively impact the jurisdiction's civil regulatory enforcement, criminal law enforcement, public safety, or public health.
- 39 (d) The state liquor and cannabis board may license premises 40 located in compliance with the distance requirements set in an Code Rev/AI:akl 7 S-1867.1/17

- 1 ordinance adopted under (b) or (c) of this subsection. Before issuing or renewing a research license for premises within one thousand feet 2 but not less than one hundred feet of an elementary school, secondary 3 school, or playground in compliance with an ordinance passed pursuant 4 to (c) of this subsection, the board must ensure that the facility:
- 6 (i) Meets a security standard exceeding that which applies to 7 marijuana producer, processor, or retailer licensees;

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- (ii) Is inaccessible to the public and no part of the operation 8 of the facility is in view of the general public; and 9
- (iii) Bears no advertising or signage indicating that it is a 10 11 marijuana research facility.
  - (9) ((Subject to section 1601 of this act,))  $\underline{A}$  city, town, or county may adopt an ordinance prohibiting a marijuana producer or marijuana processor from operating or locating a business within areas zoned primarily for residential use or rural use with a minimum lot size of five acres or smaller.
  - (10) In determining whether to grant or deny a license or renewal of any license, the state liquor and cannabis board must give substantial weight to objections from an incorporated city or town or county legislative authority based upon chronic illegal activity associated with the applicant's operations of the premises proposed to be licensed or the applicant's operation of any other licensed premises, or the conduct of the applicant's patrons inside or outside licensed premises. "Chronic illegal activity" means pervasive pattern of activity that threatens the public health, safety, and welfare of the city, town, or county including, but not limited to, open container violations, assaults, disturbances, disorderly conduct, or other criminal law violations, documented in crime statistics, police reports, emergency medical response data, calls for service, field data, or similar records of a law enforcement agency for the city, town, county, or any other municipal corporation or any state agency; or (b) an unreasonably high number of citations for violations of RCW 46.61.502 associated with the applicant's or licensee's operation of any licensed premises as indicated by the reported statements given to law enforcement upon arrest.
- 37 **Sec. 3.** RCW 69.50.372 and 2016 sp.s. c 9 s 1 are each amended to 38 read as follows:

- 1 (1) A marijuana research license is established that permits a 2 licensee to produce, process, and possess marijuana for the following 3 limited research purposes:
  - (a) To test chemical potency and composition levels;

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- 5 (b) To conduct clinical investigations of marijuana-derived drug 6 products;
  - (c) To conduct research on the efficacy and safety of administering marijuana as part of medical treatment; and
    - (d) To conduct genomic or agricultural research.
  - (2) As part of the application process for a marijuana research license, an applicant must submit to the liquor and cannabis board's designated scientific reviewer a description of the research that is intended to be conducted. The liquor and cannabis board must select a scientific reviewer to review an applicant's research project and determine that it meets the requirements of subsection (1) of this section, as well as assess the following:
    - (a) Project quality, study design, value, or impact;
  - (b) Whether applicants have the appropriate personnel, expertise, facilities/infrastructure, funding, and human/animal/other federal approvals in place to successfully conduct the project; and
  - (c) Whether the amount of marijuana to be grown by the applicant is consistent with the project's scope and goals.
    - If the scientific reviewer determines that the research project does not meet the requirements of subsection (1) of this section, the application must be denied.
    - (3) A marijuana research licensee may only sell marijuana grown or within its operation to other marijuana research licensees. The liquor and cannabis board may revoke a marijuana research license for violations of this subsection.
    - (4) A marijuana research licensee may contract with the University of Washington or Washington State University to perform research in conjunction with the university. All research projects, not including those projects conducted pursuant to a contract entered into under RCW 28B.20.502(3), must be approved by the scientific reviewer and meet the requirements of subsection (1) of this section.
- 36 (5) In establishing a marijuana research license, the liquor and cannabis board may adopt rules on the following:
  - (a) Application requirements;
- 39 (b) Marijuana research license renewal requirements, including 40 whether additional research projects may be added or considered;

(c) Conditions for license revocation;

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- (d) Security measures to ensure marijuana is not diverted to 2 purposes other than research; 3
  - (e) Amount of plants, useable marijuana, marijuana concentrates, or marijuana-infused products a licensee may have on its premises;
    - (f) Licensee reporting requirements;
  - (q) Conditions under which marijuana grown by licensed marijuana producers and other product types from licensed marijuana processors may be donated to marijuana research licensees; and
  - (h) Additional requirements deemed necessary by the liquor and cannabis board.
  - (6) The production, processing, possession, delivery, donation, and sale of marijuana, including immature plants or clones and seeds, in accordance with this section, RCW 69.50.366(3), and the rules adopted to implement and enforce ((it)) this section and RCW 69.50.366(3), by a validly licensed marijuana researcher, shall not be a criminal or civil offense under Washington state law. Every marijuana research license must be issued in the name of applicant, must specify the location at which the marijuana researcher intends to operate, which must be within the state of Washington, and the holder thereof may not allow any other person to use the license.
  - (7) The application fee for a marijuana research license is two hundred fifty dollars. The annual fee for issuance and renewal of a marijuana research license is one thousand dollars. The applicant must pay the cost of the review process directly to the scientific reviewer as designated by the liquor and cannabis board.
  - (8) The scientific reviewer shall review any reports made by marijuana research licensees under liquor and cannabis board rule and provide the liquor and cannabis board with its determination on the research project continues to meet research qualifications under this section.
- (9) For the purposes of this section, "scientific reviewer" means 33 an organization that convenes or contracts with persons who have the 34 training and experience in research practice and research methodology 35 36 to determine whether a project meets the criteria for a marijuana research license under this section and to review any reports 37 submitted by marijuana research licensees under liquor and cannabis 38 39 board rule. "Scientific reviewers" include, but are not limited to, educational institutions, research institutions, peer review bodies,

- 1 or such other organizations that are focused on science or research
- 2 in its day-to-day activities.

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- 3 **Sec. 4.** RCW 66.08.100 and 2012 c 117 s 269 are each amended to 4 read as follows:
- 5 No court of the state of Washington other than the superior court of Thurston county shall have jurisdiction over any action or 6 proceeding against the board or any member thereof for anything done 7 or omitted to be done in or arising out of the performance of his or 8 her or their duties under this title. Neither the board nor any 9 10 member or members thereof shall be personally liable in any action at law for damages sustained by any person because of any acts performed 11 or done or omitted to be done by the board or any employee of the 12 board in the performance of his or her duties and in 13
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 5. A new section is added to chapter 69.50 RCW to read as follows:

administration of this title or chapter 69.50 or 69.51A RCW.

- 17 (1) A licensed marijuana business may enter into a licensing 18 agreement, or consulting contract, with any individual, partnership, 19 employee cooperative, association, nonprofit corporation, or 20 corporation, for:
- 21 (a) Any goods or services that are registered as a trademark 22 under federal law or under chapter 19.77 RCW;
  - (b) Any unregistered trademark, trade name, or trade dress; or
- (c) Any trade secret, technology, or proprietary information used to manufacture a cannabis product or used to provide a service related to a marijuana business.
- 27 (2) All agreements or contracts entered into by a licensed 28 marijuana business, as authorized under this section, must be 29 disclosed to the state liquor and cannabis board.
- 30 **Sec. 6.** RCW 42.56.270 and 2016 sp.s. c 9 s 3, 2016 sp.s. c 8 s 1, and 2016 c 178 s 1 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:
- The following financial, commercial, and proprietary information is exempt from disclosure under this chapter:
- 35 (1) Valuable formulae, designs, drawings, computer source code or 36 object code, and research data obtained by any agency within five

1 years of the request for disclosure when disclosure would produce 2 private gain and public loss;

- (2) Financial information supplied by or on behalf of a person, firm, or corporation for the purpose of qualifying to submit a bid or proposal for (a) a ferry system construction or repair contract as required by RCW 47.60.680 through 47.60.750 or (b) highway construction or improvement as required by RCW 47.28.070;
- (3) Financial and commercial information and records supplied by private persons pertaining to export services provided under chapters 43.163 and 53.31 RCW, and by persons pertaining to export projects under RCW 43.23.035;
  - (4) Financial and commercial information and records supplied by businesses or individuals during application for loans or program services provided by chapters 43.325, 43.163, 43.160, 43.330, and 43.168 RCW, or during application for economic development loans or program services provided by any local agency;
  - (5) Financial information, business plans, examination reports, and any information produced or obtained in evaluating or examining a business and industrial development corporation organized or seeking certification under chapter 31.24 RCW;
  - (6) Financial and commercial information supplied to the state investment board by any person when the information relates to the investment of public trust or retirement funds and when disclosure would result in loss to such funds or in private loss to the providers of this information;
    - (7) Financial and valuable trade information under RCW 51.36.120;
  - (8) Financial, commercial, operations, and technical and research information and data submitted to or obtained by the clean Washington center in applications for, or delivery of, program services under chapter 70.95H RCW;
  - (9) Financial and commercial information requested by the public stadium authority from any person or organization that leases or uses the stadium and exhibition center as defined in RCW 36.102.010;
- (10)(a) Financial information, including but not limited to account numbers and values, and other identification numbers supplied by or on behalf of a person, firm, corporation, limited liability company, partnership, or other entity related to an application for a horse racing license submitted pursuant to RCW 67.16.260(1)(b), marijuana producer, processor, or retailer license, liquor license, gambling license, or lottery retail license;

(b) Internal control documents, independent auditors' reports and financial statements, and supporting documents: (i) Of house-banked social card game licensees required by the gambling commission pursuant to rules adopted under chapter 9.46 RCW; or (ii) submitted by tribes with an approved tribal/state compact for class III gaming;

- (11) Proprietary data, trade secrets, or other information that relates to: (a) A vendor's unique methods of conducting business; (b) data unique to the product or services of the vendor; or (c) determining prices or rates to be charged for services, submitted by any vendor to the department of social and health services for purposes of the development, acquisition, or implementation of state purchased health care as defined in RCW 41.05.011;
- 13 (12)(a) When supplied to and in the records of the department of commerce:
- 15 (i) Financial and proprietary information collected from any 16 person and provided to the department of commerce pursuant to RCW 17 43.330.050(8); and
  - (ii) Financial or proprietary information collected from any person and provided to the department of commerce or the office of the governor in connection with the siting, recruitment, expansion, retention, or relocation of that person's business and until a siting decision is made, identifying information of any person supplying information under this subsection and the locations being considered for siting, relocation, or expansion of a business;
  - (b) When developed by the department of commerce based on information as described in (a)(i) of this subsection, any work product is not exempt from disclosure;
  - (c) For the purposes of this subsection, "siting decision" means the decision to acquire or not to acquire a site;
  - (d) If there is no written contact for a period of sixty days to the department of commerce from a person connected with siting, recruitment, expansion, retention, or relocation of that person's business, information described in (a)(ii) of this subsection will be available to the public under this chapter;
  - (13) Financial and proprietary information submitted to or obtained by the department of ecology or the authority created under chapter 70.95N RCW to implement chapter 70.95N RCW;
- 38 (14) Financial, commercial, operations, and technical and 39 research information and data submitted to or obtained by the life 40 sciences discovery fund authority in applications for, or delivery Code Rev/AI:akl 13 S-1867.1/17

- of, grants under chapter 43.350 RCW, to the extent that such information, if revealed, would reasonably be expected to result in private loss to the providers of this information;
- 4 (15) Financial and commercial information provided as evidence to 5 the department of licensing as required by RCW 19.112.110 or 6 19.112.120, except information disclosed in aggregate form that does 7 not permit the identification of information related to individual 8 fuel licensees;
- 9 (16) Any production records, mineral assessments, and trade 10 secrets submitted by a permit holder, mine operator, or landowner to 11 the department of natural resources under RCW 78.44.085;

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- (17)(a) Farm plans developed by conservation districts, unless permission to release the farm plan is granted by the landowner or operator who requested the plan, or the farm plan is used for the application or issuance of a permit;
- 16 (b) Farm plans developed under chapter 90.48 RCW and not under 17 the federal clean water act, 33 U.S.C. Sec. 1251 et seq., are subject 18 to RCW 42.56.610 and 90.64.190;
  - (18) Financial, commercial, operations, and technical and research information and data submitted to or obtained by a health sciences and services authority in applications for, or delivery of, grants under RCW 35.104.010 through 35.104.060, to the extent that such information, if revealed, would reasonably be expected to result in private loss to providers of this information;
- 25 (19) Information gathered under chapter 19.85 RCW or RCW 26 34.05.328 that can be identified to a particular business;
  - (20) Financial and commercial information submitted to or obtained by the University of Washington, other than information the university is required to disclose under RCW 28B.20.150, when the information relates to investments in private funds, to the extent that such information, if revealed, would reasonably be expected to result in loss to the University of Washington consolidated endowment fund or to result in private loss to the providers of this information;
- 35 (21) Market share data submitted by a manufacturer under RCW 36 70.95N.190(4);
- 37 (22) Financial information supplied to the department of 38 financial institutions or to a portal under RCW 21.20.883, when filed 39 by or on behalf of an issuer of securities for the purpose of 40 obtaining the exemption from state securities registration for small Code Rev/AI:akl 14 S-1867.1/17

- securities offerings provided under RCW 21.20.880 or when filed by or on behalf of an investor for the purpose of purchasing such securities;
- 4 (23) Unaggregated or individual notices of a transfer of crude 5 oil that is financial, proprietary, or commercial information, 6 submitted to the department of ecology pursuant to RCW 7 90.56.565(1)(a), and that is in the possession of the department of 8 ecology or any entity with which the department of ecology has shared 9 the notice pursuant to RCW 90.56.565;
- (24) Financial institution and retirement account information, and building security plan information, supplied to the liquor and cannabis board pursuant to RCW 69.50.325, 69.50.331, 69.50.342, and 69.50.345, when filed by or on behalf of a licensee or prospective licensee for the purpose of obtaining, maintaining, or renewing a license to produce, process, transport, or sell marijuana as allowed under chapter 69.50 RCW; ((and))

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- (25) Marijuana transport information, vehicle and driver identification data, and account numbers or unique access identifiers issued to private entities for traceability system access, submitted by an individual or business to the liquor and cannabis board under the requirements of RCW 69.50.325, 69.50.331, 69.50.342, and 69.50.345 for the purpose of marijuana product traceability. Disclosure to local, state, and federal officials is not considered public disclosure for purposes of this section; ((and))
- (26) Financial and commercial information submitted to or obtained by the retirement board of any city that is responsible for the management of an employees' retirement system pursuant to the authority of chapter 35.39 RCW, when the information relates to investments in private funds, to the extent that such information, if revealed, would reasonably be expected to result in loss to the retirement fund or to result in private loss to the providers of this information except that (a) the names and commitment amounts of the private funds in which retirement funds are invested and (b) the aggregate quarterly performance results for a retirement fund's portfolio of investments in such funds are subject to disclosure; ((and))
- 37 (27) Proprietary financial, commercial, operations, and technical 38 and research information and data submitted to or obtained by the 39 liquor and cannabis board in applications for marijuana research 40 licenses under RCW 69.50.372, or in reports submitted by marijuana Code Rev/AI:akl 15 S-1867.1/17

- 1 research licensees in accordance with rules adopted by the liquor and 2 cannabis board under RCW 69.50.372; and
- (28) Trade secrets, technology, proprietary information, and 3
- financial considerations contained in any agreements or contracts, 4
- entered into by a licensed marijuana business under section 5 of this 5
- 6 act, which may be submitted to or obtained by the state liquor and
- 7 cannabis board.

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- Sec. 7. RCW 69.50.101 and 2015 2nd sp.s. c 4 s 901 are each 8 reenacted and amended to read as follows: 9
- 10 The definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter unless the context clearly requires otherwise. 11
- (a) "Administer" means to apply a controlled substance, whether 12 by injection, inhalation, ingestion, or any other means, directly to 13 the body of a patient or research subject by: 14
- 15 (1) a practitioner authorized to prescribe (or, bу the 16 practitioner's authorized agent); or
- 17 (2) the patient or research subject at the direction and in the presence of the practitioner. 18
- (b) "Agent" means an authorized person who acts on behalf of or 19 20 at the direction of a manufacturer, distributor, or dispenser. 21 include a common or contract carrier, warehouseperson, or employee of the carrier or warehouseperson. 22
- 23 (c) "CBD concentration" has the meaning provided in RCW 24 69.51A.010.
  - (d) "Commission" means the pharmacy quality assurance commission.
- (e) "Controlled substance" means a drug, substance, or immediate 27 precursor included in Schedules I through V as set forth in federal or state laws, or federal or commission rules.
- (f)(1) "Controlled substance analog" means a substance the 29 chemical structure of which is substantially similar to the chemical 30 31 structure of a controlled substance in Schedule I or II and:
- (i) that has a stimulant, depressant, or hallucinogenic effect on 32 the central nervous system substantially similar to the stimulant, 33 depressant, or hallucinogenic effect on the central nervous system of 34 35 a controlled substance included in Schedule I or II; or
- (ii) with respect to a particular individual, that the individual 36 or intends to have a stimulant, depressant, 37 hallucinogenic effect on the central nervous system substantially 38 similar to the stimulant, depressant, or hallucinogenic effect on the 39 Code Rev/AI:akl 16 S-1867.1/17

- central nervous system of a controlled substance included in Schedule I or II.
  - (2) The term does not include:

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- (i) a controlled substance;
- 5 (ii) a substance for which there is an approved new drug 6 application;
- 7 (iii) a substance with respect to which an exemption is in effect 8 for investigational use by a particular person under Section 505 of 9 the federal Food, Drug and Cosmetic Act, 21 U.S.C. Sec. 355, to the 10 extent conduct with respect to the substance is pursuant to the 11 exemption; or
- 12 (iv) any substance to the extent not intended for human 13 consumption before an exemption takes effect with respect to the 14 substance.
- 15 (g) "Deliver" or "delivery( $(\tau)$ )" means the actual or constructive 16 transfer from one person to another of a substance, whether or not 17 there is an agency relationship.
  - (h) "Department" means the department of health.
- 19 (i) "Designated provider" has the meaning provided in RCW 20 69.51A.010.
  - (j) "Dispense" means the interpretation of a prescription or order for a controlled substance and, pursuant to that prescription or order, the proper selection, measuring, compounding, labeling, or packaging necessary to prepare that prescription or order for delivery.
    - (k) "Dispenser" means a practitioner who dispenses.
- 27 (1) "Distribute" means to deliver other than by administering or 28 dispensing a controlled substance.
- 29 (m) "Distributor" means a person who distributes.

components, parts, or accessories.

(n) "Drug" means (1) a controlled substance recognized as a drug 30 31 in the official United States pharmacopoeia/national formulary or the official homeopathic pharmacopoeia of the United States, or any 32 supplement to them; (2) controlled substances intended for use in the 33 diagnosis, cure, mitigation, treatment, or prevention of disease in 34 individuals or animals; (3) controlled substances (other than food) 35 36 intended to affect the structure or any function of the body of individuals or animals; and (4) controlled substances intended for 37 use as a component of any article specified in (1), (2), or (3) of 38 39 this subsection. The term does not include devices or their

- 1 (o) "Drug enforcement administration" means the drug enforcement 2 administration in the United States Department of Justice, or its 3 successor agency.
  - (p) "Electronic communication of prescription information" means the transmission of a prescription or refill authorization for a drug of a practitioner using computer systems. The term does not include a prescription or refill authorization verbally transmitted by telephone nor a facsimile manually signed by the practitioner.
- 9 (q) "Immature plant or clone" means a plant or clone that has no 10 flowers, is less than twelve inches in height, and is less than 11 twelve inches in diameter.
  - (r) "Immediate precursor" means a substance:

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- (1) that the commission has found to be and by rule designates as being the principal compound commonly used, or produced primarily for use, in the manufacture of a controlled substance;
- 16 (2) that is an immediate chemical intermediary used or likely to 17 be used in the manufacture of a controlled substance; and
  - (3) the control of which is necessary to prevent, curtail, or limit the manufacture of the controlled substance.
- $((\frac{r}{r}))$  (s) "Isomer" means an optical isomer, but in subsection  $((\frac{r}{r}))$  (ee)(5) of this section, RCW 69.50.204(a) (12) and (34), and 69.50.206(b)(4), the term includes any geometrical isomer; in RCW 69.50.204(a) (8) and (42), and 69.50.210(c) the term includes any positional isomer; and in RCW 69.50.204(a)(35), 69.50.204(c), and 69.50.208(a) the term includes any positional or geometric isomer.
  - $((\frac{(s)}{(s)}))$  <u>(t)</u> "Lot" means a definite quantity of marijuana, marijuana concentrates, useable marijuana, or marijuana-infused product identified by a lot number, every portion or package of which is uniform within recognized tolerances for the factors that appear in the labeling.
- $((\frac{t}{t}))$  (u) "Lot number" must identify the licensee by business or trade name and Washington state unified business identifier number, and the date of harvest or processing for each lot of marijuana, marijuana concentrates, useable marijuana, or marijuana-infused product.
- ((\(\frac{\text{tu}}{\text{tu}}\))) (v) "Manufacture" means the production, preparation, propagation, compounding, conversion, or processing of a controlled substance, either directly or indirectly or by extraction from substances of natural origin, or independently by means of chemical synthesis, or by a combination of extraction and chemical synthesis, Code Rev/AI:akl

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and includes any packaging or repackaging of the substance or labeling or relabeling of its container. The term does not include the preparation, compounding, packaging, repackaging, labeling, or relabeling of a controlled substance:

- (1) by a practitioner as an incident to the practitioner's administering or dispensing of a controlled substance in the course of the practitioner's professional practice; or
- (2) by a practitioner, or by the practitioner's authorized agent under the practitioner's supervision, for the purpose of, or as an incident to, research, teaching, or chemical analysis and not for sale.
- ((<del>(v)</del>)) <u>(w)</u> "Marijuana" or "marihuana" means all parts of the plant *Cannabis*, whether growing or not, with a THC concentration greater than 0.3 percent on a dry weight basis; the seeds thereof; the resin extracted from any part of the plant; and every compound, manufacture, salt, derivative, mixture, or preparation of the plant, its seeds or resin. The term does not include the mature stalks of the plant, fiber produced from the stalks, oil or cake made from the seeds of the plant, any other compound, manufacture, salt, derivative, mixture, or preparation of the mature stalks (except the resin extracted therefrom), fiber, oil, or cake, or the sterilized seed of the plant which is incapable of germination.
- $((\frac{w}{w}))$  <u>(x)</u> "Marijuana concentrates" means products consisting wholly or in part of the resin extracted from any part of the plant *Cannabis* and having a THC concentration greater than ten percent.
- $((\frac{\langle \mathbf{x} \rangle}))$  <u>(y)</u> "Marijuana processor" means a person licensed by the state liquor and cannabis board to process marijuana into marijuana concentrates, useable marijuana, and marijuana-infused products, package and label marijuana concentrates, useable marijuana, and marijuana-infused products for sale in retail outlets, and sell marijuana concentrates, useable marijuana, and marijuana-infused products at wholesale to marijuana retailers.
- $((\frac{y}{y}))$  <u>(z)</u> "Marijuana producer" means a person licensed by the state liquor and cannabis board to produce and sell marijuana at wholesale to marijuana processors and other marijuana producers.
- $((\frac{2}{2}))$  (aa) "Marijuana products" means useable marijuana, 37 marijuana concentrates, and marijuana-infused products as defined in this section.
- ((\(\frac{(aa}{)}\)) (\(\frac{(bb)}{}\) "Marijuana researcher" means a person licensed by the state liquor and cannabis board to produce, process, and possess Code Rev/AI:akl

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- marijuana for the purposes of conducting research on marijuana and marijuana-derived drug products.
  - ((\(\frac{\text{tb}}{\text{cc}}\)) (cc) "Marijuana retailer" means a person licensed by the state liquor and cannabis board to sell marijuana concentrates, useable marijuana, and marijuana-infused products in a retail outlet.
  - $((\frac{\langle ee \rangle}{}))$  (dd) "Marijuana-infused products" means products that contain marijuana or marijuana extracts, are intended for human use, are derived from marijuana as defined in subsection  $((\frac{\langle v \rangle}{}))$  (w) of this section, and have a THC concentration no greater than ten percent. The term "marijuana-infused products" does not include either useable marijuana or marijuana concentrates.
  - ((\(\frac{(dd)}{)}\)) (ee) "Narcotic drug" means any of the following, whether produced directly or indirectly by extraction from substances of vegetable origin, or independently by means of chemical synthesis, or by a combination of extraction and chemical synthesis:
  - (1) Opium, opium derivative, and any derivative of opium or opium derivative, including their salts, isomers, and salts of isomers, whenever the existence of the salts, isomers, and salts of isomers is possible within the specific chemical designation. The term does not include the isoquinoline alkaloids of opium.
  - (2) Synthetic opiate and any derivative of synthetic opiate, including their isomers, esters, ethers, salts, and salts of isomers, esters, and ethers, whenever the existence of the isomers, esters, ethers, and salts is possible within the specific chemical designation.
    - (3) Poppy straw and concentrate of poppy straw.
- (4) Coca leaves, except coca leaves and extracts of coca leaves from which cocaine, ecgonine, and derivatives or ecgonine or their salts have been removed.
  - (5) Cocaine, or any salt, isomer, or salt of isomer thereof.
  - (6) Cocaine base.

- 32 (7) Ecgonine, or any derivative, salt, isomer, or salt of isomer 33 thereof.
  - (8) Any compound, mixture, or preparation containing any quantity of any substance referred to in subparagraphs (1) through (7).
- ((\(\frac{\(\text{ee}\)}\)) (ff) "Opiate" means any substance having an addictionforming or addiction-sustaining liability similar to morphine or
  being capable of conversion into a drug having addiction-forming or
  addiction-sustaining liability. The term includes opium, substances
  derived from opium (opium derivatives), and synthetic opiates. The
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- term does not include, unless specifically designated as controlled under RCW 69.50.201, the dextrorotatory isomer of 3-methoxy-nmethylmorphinan and its salts (dextromethorphan). The term includes the racemic and levorotatory forms of dextromethorphan.
  - $((\frac{ff}))$  (gg) "Opium poppy" means the plant of the species Papaver somniferum L., except its seeds.
  - ((<del>gg)</del>)) (<u>hh)</u> "Person" means individual, corporation, business trust, estate, trust, partnership, association, joint venture, government, governmental subdivision or agency, or any other legal or commercial entity.
- 11  $((\frac{hh}{h}))$  (ii) "Plant" has the meaning provided in RCW 69.51A.010.
- 12  $((\frac{(ii)}{(ji)}))$  "Poppy straw" means all parts, except the seeds, of the opium poppy, after mowing.
  - $((\frac{(jj)}{j}))$  (kk) "Practitioner" means:

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- (1) A physician under chapter 18.71 RCW; a physician assistant under chapter 18.71A RCW; an osteopathic physician and surgeon under chapter 18.57 RCW; an osteopathic physician assistant under chapter 18.57A RCW who is licensed under RCW 18.57A.020 subject to any limitations in RCW 18.57A.040; an optometrist licensed under chapter 18.53 RCW who is certified by the optometry board under RCW 18.53.010 subject to any limitations in RCW 18.53.010; a dentist under chapter 18.32 RCW; a podiatric physician and surgeon under chapter 18.22 RCW; a veterinarian under chapter 18.92 RCW; a registered nurse, advanced registered nurse practitioner, or licensed practical nurse under chapter 18.79 RCW; a naturopathic physician under chapter 18.36A RCW who is licensed under RCW 18.36A.030 subject to any limitations in RCW 18.36A.040; a pharmacist under chapter 18.64 RCW or a scientific investigator under this chapter, licensed, registered or otherwise permitted insofar as is consistent with those licensing laws to distribute, dispense, conduct research with respect to or administer a controlled substance in the course of their professional practice or research in this state.
- (2) A pharmacy, hospital or other institution licensed, registered, or otherwise permitted to distribute, dispense, conduct research with respect to or to administer a controlled substance in the course of professional practice or research in this state.
- (3) A physician licensed to practice medicine and surgery, a physician licensed to practice osteopathic medicine and surgery, a dentist licensed to practice dentistry, a podiatric physician and surgeon licensed to practice podiatric medicine and surgery, a

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- licensed physician assistant or a licensed osteopathic physician assistant specifically approved to prescribe controlled substances by his or her state's medical quality assurance commission or equivalent and his or her supervising physician, an advanced registered nurse practitioner licensed to prescribe controlled substances, or a veterinarian licensed to practice veterinary medicine in any state of the United States.
  - ((<del>kk</del>))) (<u>11</u>) "Prescription" means an order for controlled substances issued by a practitioner duly authorized by law or rule in the state of Washington to prescribe controlled substances within the scope of his or her professional practice for a legitimate medical purpose.

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- 13 ((<del>(11)</del>)) <u>(mm)</u> "Production" includes the manufacturing, planting, 14 cultivating, growing, or harvesting of a controlled substance.
- 15  $((\frac{mm}{m}))$  (nn) "Qualifying patient" has the meaning provided in 16 RCW 69.51A.010.
- 17  $((\frac{nn}{n}))$  (oo) "Recognition card" has the meaning provided in RCW 18 69.51A.010.
- 19 ((<del>(oo)</del>)) <u>(pp)</u> "Retail outlet" means a location licensed by the 20 state liquor and cannabis board for the retail sale of marijuana 21 concentrates, useable marijuana, and marijuana-infused products.
- 22  $((\frac{pp}{p}))$  (qq) "Secretary" means the secretary of health or the 23 secretary's designee.
  - ((\(\frac{(qq)}{)}\)) (rr) "State," unless the context otherwise requires, means a state of the United States, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, or a territory or insular possession subject to the jurisdiction of the United States.
  - ((<del>(rr)</del>)) <u>(ss)</u> "THC concentration" means percent of delta-9 tetrahydrocannabinol content per dry weight of any part of the plant *Cannabis*, or per volume or weight of marijuana product, or the combined percent of delta-9 tetrahydrocannabinol and tetrahydrocannabinolic acid in any part of the plant *Cannabis* regardless of moisture content.
- ((<del>(ss)</del>)) (tt) "Ultimate user" means an individual who lawfully possesses a controlled substance for the individual's own use or for the use of a member of the individual's household or for administering to an animal owned by the individual or by a member of the individual's household.

- 1 ((<del>(tt)</del>)) <u>(uu)</u> "Useable marijuana" means dried marijuana flowers.
- 2 The term "useable marijuana" does not include either marijuana-
- 3 infused products or marijuana concentrates.
- 4 **Sec. 8.** RCW 69.50.366 and 2015 c 207 s 8 are each amended to read as follows:
- The following acts, when performed by a validly licensed marijuana producer or employee of a validly licensed marijuana producer in compliance with rules adopted by the state liquor ((control)) and cannabis board to implement and enforce this chapter ((3, Laws of 2013)), do not constitute criminal or civil offenses
- 11 under Washington state law:
- (1) Production or possession of quantities of marijuana that do not exceed the maximum amounts established by the state liquor ((control)) and cannabis board under RCW 69.50.345(3);
- 15 (2) Delivery, distribution, and sale of marijuana to a marijuana 16 processor or another marijuana producer validly licensed under <u>this</u> 17 chapter ((<del>3, Laws of 2013</del>)); ((<del>and</del>))
- 18 (3) <u>Delivery</u>, <u>distribution</u>, <u>and sale of immature plants or clones</u>
  19 <u>and marijuana seeds to a licensed marijuana researcher</u>, <u>and to</u>
  20 <u>receive or purchase immature plants or clones and seeds from a</u>
  21 licensed marijuana researcher; and
- 22 <u>(4)</u> Delivery, distribution, and sale of marijuana or useable 23 marijuana to a federally recognized Indian tribe as permitted under 24 an agreement between the state and the tribe entered into under RCW 25 43.06.490.
- 26 **Sec. 9.** RCW 69.50.382 and 2015 2nd sp.s. c 4 s 501 are each 27 amended to read as follows:
- (1) A licensed marijuana producer, marijuana processor, marijuana 28 29 researcher, or marijuana retailer, or their employees, in accordance 30 with the requirements of this chapter and the administrative rules adopted thereunder, may use the services of a common carrier subject 31 to regulation under chapters 81.28 and 81.29 RCW and licensed in 32 compliance with the regulations established under RCW 69.50.385, to 33 physically transport or deliver, as authorized under this chapter, 34 marijuana, useable marijuana, marijuana concentrates, <u>immature plants</u> 35 or clones, marijuana seeds, and marijuana-infused products between 36

37 licensed marijuana businesses located within the state.

(2) An employee of a common carrier engaged in marijuana-related transportation or delivery services authorized under subsection (1) of this section is prohibited from carrying or using a firearm during the course of providing such services, unless:

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- (a) Pursuant to RCW 69.50.385, the state liquor and cannabis board explicitly authorizes the carrying or use of firearms by such employee while engaged in the transportation or delivery services;
- (b) The employee has an armed private security guard license issued pursuant to RCW 18.170.040; and
- 10 (c) The employee is in full compliance with the regulations 11 established by the state liquor and cannabis board under RCW 12 69.50.385.
  - (3) A common carrier licensed under RCW 69.50.385 may, for the purpose of transporting and delivering marijuana, useable marijuana, marijuana concentrates, and marijuana-infused products, utilize Washington state ferry routes for such transportation and delivery.
  - (4) The possession of marijuana, useable marijuana, marijuana concentrates, and marijuana-infused products being physically transported or delivered within the state, in amounts not exceeding those that may be established under RCW 69.50.385(3), by a licensed employee of a common carrier when performing the duties authorized under, and in accordance with, this section and RCW 69.50.385, is not a violation of this section, this chapter, or any other provision of Washington state law.
  - Sec. 10. RCW 69.51A.250 and 2016 c 170 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:
- 27 (1) Qualifying patients or designated providers may form a cooperative and share responsibility for acquiring and supplying the 28 resources needed to produce and process marijuana only for the 29 medical use of members of the cooperative. 30 No more than four qualifying patients or designated providers may become members of a 31 cooperative under this section and all members must hold valid 32 recognition cards. All members of the cooperative must be at least 33 twenty-one years old. The designated provider of a qualifying patient 34 35 who is under twenty-one years old may be a member of a cooperative on the qualifying patient's behalf. All plants grown in the cooperative 36 must be ((purchased or cloned)) from an immature plant or clone 37 38 purchased from a licensed marijuana producer as defined in RCW

- 1 69.50.101. <u>Cooperatives may also purchase marijuana seeds from a</u> 2 licensed marijuana producer.
  - (2) Qualifying patients and designated providers who wish to form a cooperative must register the location with the state liquor and cannabis board and this is the only location where cooperative members may grow or process marijuana. This registration must include the names of all participating members and copies of each participant's recognition card. Only qualifying patients or designated providers registered with the state liquor and cannabis board in association with the location may participate in growing or receive useable marijuana or marijuana-infused products grown at that location.
    - (3) No cooperative may be located in any of the following areas:
    - (a) Within one mile of a marijuana retailer;
      - (b) Within the smaller of either:

- (i) One thousand feet of the perimeter of the grounds of any elementary or secondary school, playground, recreation center or facility, child care center, public park, public transit center, library, or any game arcade that admission to which is not restricted to persons aged twenty-one years or older; or
- (ii) The area restricted by ordinance, if the cooperative is located in a city, county, or town that has passed an ordinance pursuant to RCW 69.50.331(8); or
  - (c) Where prohibited by a city, town, or county zoning provision.
  - (4) The state liquor and cannabis board must deny the registration of any cooperative if the location does not comply with the requirements set forth in subsection (3) of this section.
- (5) If a qualifying patient or designated provider no longer participates in growing at the location, he or she must notify the state liquor and cannabis board within fifteen days of the date the qualifying patient or designated provider ceases participation. The state liquor and cannabis board must remove his or her name from connection to the cooperative. Additional qualifying patients or designated providers may not join the cooperative until sixty days have passed since the date on which the last qualifying patient or designated provider notifies the state liquor and cannabis board that he or she no longer participates in that cooperative.
- 38 (6) Qualifying patients or designated providers who participate 39 in a cooperative under this section:

- (a) May grow up to the total amount of plants for which each participating member is authorized on their recognition cards, up to a maximum of sixty plants. At the location, the qualifying patients or designated providers may possess the amount of useable marijuana that can be produced with the number of plants permitted under this subsection, but no more than seventy-two ounces;
  - (b) May only participate in one cooperative;

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- (c) May only grow plants in the cooperative and if he or she grows plants in the cooperative may not grow plants elsewhere;
  - Must provide assistance in growing plants. A monetary contribution or donation is not to be considered assistance under this section. Participants must provide nonmonetary resources and labor in order to participate; and
- (e) May not sell, donate, or otherwise provide marijuana, marijuana concentrates, useable marijuana, or marijuana-infused products to a person who is not participating under this section.
- 17 (7) The location of the cooperative must be the domicile of one of the participants. Only one cooperative may be located per property 18 tax parcel. A copy of each participant's recognition card must be kept at the location at all times.
- 21 (8) The state liquor and cannabis board may adopt rules to implement this section including: 22
  - (a) Any security requirements necessary to ensure the safety of the cooperative and to reduce the risk of diversion from the cooperative;
    - (b) A seed to sale traceability model that is similar to the seed to sale traceability model used by licensees that will allow the state liquor and cannabis board to track all marijuana grown in a cooperative.
- (9) The state liquor and cannabis board or law enforcement may 30 31 inspect a cooperative registered under this section to ensure members are in compliance with this section. The state liquor and cannabis 32 board must adopt rules on reasonable inspection hours and reasons for 33 34 inspections.
- 35 NEW SECTION. Sec. 11. A new section is added to chapter 69.51A RCW to read as follows: 36
- 37 Qualifying patients and designated providers, who recognition card and have been entered into the medical marijuana 38 authorization database, may purchase immature plants or clones from a 39 Code Rev/AI:akl 26 S-1867.1/17

- 1 licensed marijuana producer as defined in RCW 69.50.101. Qualifying
- 2 patients and designated providers may also purchase marijuana seeds
- 3 from a licensed marijuana producer.
- 4 Sec. 12. RCW 15.120.020 and 2016 sp.s. c 11 s 3 are each amended to read as follows:
- Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, industrial hemp is an agricultural product that may be grown, produced, possessed,
- 8 processed, and exchanged in the state solely and exclusively as part
- 9 of an industrial hemp research program supervised by the department.
- 10 Processing any part of industrial hemp, except seed, as food,
- 11 extract, oil, cake, concentrate, resin, or other preparation for
- 12 topical use, oral consumption, or inhalation by humans is prohibited,
- 13 unless authorized by the department under section 13 of this act.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 13. A new section is added to chapter 15.120 RCW to read as follows:
- 16 (1) The department may authorize an industrial hemp research 17 program to dispose of the industrial hemp by-product and waste 18 material, after the research has been conducted, by selling these 19 materials to a marijuana processor licensed under RCW 69.50.325. The 20 moneys collected under this section must be deposited within the
- 21 agricultural local fund as provided in RCW 15.120.050(5).
- 22 (2) The department may adopt rules, in consultation with the 23 state liquor and cannabis board, to implement this section.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 14. This act applies prospectively only and not retroactively. It applies only to causes of action that arise (if change is substantive) or that are commenced (if change is
- 27 procedural) on or after the effective date of this section."

## <u>SSB 5131</u> - S AMD **95** By Senator Rivers

## ADOPTED 03/07/2017

On page 1, line 1 of the title, after "Relating to" strike the remainder of the title and insert "marijuana with respect to privileges for research licenses, local authority notifications, the retail licensing merit-based application process, certain transfers

- of plants and seeds, licensing agreements and contracts, and jurisdictional requirements; amending RCW 69.50.325, 69.50.331,
- 3 69.50.372, 66.08.100, 69.50.366, 69.50.382, 69.51A.250, and
- 4 15.120.020; reenacting and amending RCW 42.56.270 and 69.50.101;
- 5 adding a new section to chapter 69.50 RCW; adding a new section to
- 6 chapter 69.51A RCW; adding a new section to chapter 15.120 RCW; and
- 7 creating a new section."

EFFECT: Restores the current law allowing a marijuana processor to process, package, and label marijuana products for sale at wholesale to other marijuana processors. Strikes the new provisions regarding out-of-state ownership. Authorizes an industrial hemp research program to dispose of the industrial hemp by-product and waste material, after the research has been conducted, by selling these materials to a licensed marijuana processor.

--- END ---