Washington State House of Representatives Office of Program Research

BILL ANALYSIS

Technology & Economic Development Committee

HB 1584

Brief Description: Concerning the sale of software used in the unauthorized interference of ticket sales over the internet.

Sponsors: Representatives Young, Shea, Taylor and Condotta.

Brief Summary of Bill

• Provides that a seller of ticket bot software violates the Consumer Protection Act only if he or she knows or markets that the purpose of the software is to circumvent, thwart, interfere with, or evade a security measure, access control system, or other control or measure on a ticket seller's Internet website.

Hearing Date: 2/7/17

Staff: Lily Smith (786-7175).

Background:

<u>Ticket Web Robots</u>.

Ticket bots, or web robots, are software programs used to interfere with or disrupt the operation of ticket sales over the Internet, or to buy up a substantial portion of the available tickets for later private resale. Interference by ticket bots includes gaining unauthorized priority access to ticket sales and reducing access of the general public to online ticket sales at the intended, original price. Commonly affected ticket sales include those for concerts, sporting events, and other entertainment events.

House Bill Analysis - 1 - HB 1584

This analysis was prepared by non-partisan legislative staff for the use of legislative members in their deliberations. This analysis is not a part of the legislation nor does it constitute a statement of legislative intent.

Consumer Protection Act.

The Washington Consumer Protection Act (CPA) declares that unfair and deceptive practices in trade or commerce are illegal. The CPA allows a person injured by an unfair or deceptive practice to bring a private cause of action for damages. The Office of the Attorney General may investigate and prosecute claims under the CPA on behalf of the state or individuals in the state.

Summary of Bill:

The exception that the sale of ticket bot software is only a violation of the CPA if the seller should know the purpose of the software is removed. Instead, a seller of ticket bot software violates the CPA only if he or she knows or markets that the purpose of the software is to circumvent, thwart, interfere with, or evade a security measure, access control system, or other control or measure on a ticket seller's Internet website.

Appropriation: None.

Fiscal Note: Available.

Effective Date: The bill takes effect 90 days after adjournment of the session in which the bill is passed.