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HOUSE BILL 1210

State of Washington 65th Legislature 2017 Regular Session

By Representatives Farrell, Fitzgibbon, Frame, McBride, Macri, Doglio, Ormsby, Hudgins, and Pollet; by request of Department of Ecology

Read first time 01/13/17. Referred to Committee on Finance.

- AN ACT Relating to strengthening funding for oil spill programs in Washington by increasing revenue to the oil spill prevention account; amending RCW 82.23B.020 and 90.56.510; creating a new section; providing an effective date; and declaring an emergency.
- 5 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:
- 6 NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. (1) The legislature finds that changes in 7 oil transport throughout the state and its transboundary environments poses new and evolving spill risks that require state agencies to 8 9 perform essential ongoing activities, including those activities directed by the oil transportation safety act (chapter 274, Laws of 10 11 2015), in order to prevent oil spills and prepare for a rapid, 12 aggressive, and well-coordinated response when spills occur.
 - (2) The legislature further finds that existing funding sources for oil spill prevention and preparedness-related activities, including the barrel tax as described in RCW 82.23B.020, are not currently adequate to carry out these essential ongoing activities.
 - (3) It is the intent of the legislature that the state's essential ongoing oil spill prevention and preparedness activities have an adequate funding source to protect public health and safety and the environment from the risks posed by the changing oil transport picture.

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Sec. 2. RCW 82.23B.020 and 2015 c 274 s 14 are each amended to 2 read as follows:

- (1) An oil spill response tax is imposed on the privilege of receiving: (a) Crude oil or petroleum products at a marine terminal within this state from a waterborne vessel or barge operating on the navigable waters of this state; or (b) crude oil or petroleum products at a bulk oil terminal within this state from a tank car. The tax imposed in this section is levied upon the owner of the crude oil or petroleum products immediately after receipt of the same into the storage tanks of a marine or bulk oil terminal from a tank car or waterborne vessel or barge at the rate of one cent per barrel of crude oil or petroleum product received.
- (2) In addition to the tax imposed in subsection (1) of this section, an oil spill administration tax is imposed on the privilege of receiving: (a) Crude oil or petroleum products at a marine terminal within this state from a waterborne vessel or barge operating on the navigable waters of this state; or (b) crude oil or petroleum products at a bulk oil terminal within this state from a tank car. The tax imposed in this section is levied upon the owner of the crude oil or petroleum products immediately after receipt of the same into the storage tanks of a marine or bulk oil terminal from a tank car or waterborne vessel or barge at the rate of ((four)) six and one-half cents per barrel of crude oil or petroleum product.
- (3) The taxes imposed by this chapter must be collected by the marine or bulk oil terminal operator from the taxpayer. If any person charged with collecting the taxes fails to bill the taxpayer for the taxes, or in the alternative has not notified the taxpayer in writing of the taxes imposed, or having collected the taxes, fails to pay them to the department in the manner prescribed by this chapter, whether such failure is the result of the person's own acts or the result of acts or conditions beyond the person's control, he or she, nevertheless, is personally liable to the state for the amount of the taxes. Payment of the taxes by the owner to a marine or bulk oil terminal operator relieves the owner from further liability for the taxes.
- (4) Taxes collected under this chapter must be held in trust until paid to the department. Any person collecting the taxes who appropriates or converts the taxes collected is guilty of a gross misdemeanor if the money required to be collected is not available for payment on the date payment is due. The taxes required by this

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chapter to be collected must be stated separately from other charges made by the marine or bulk oil terminal operator in any invoice or other statement of account provided to the taxpayer.

- (5) If a taxpayer fails to pay the taxes imposed by this chapter to the person charged with collection of the taxes and the person charged with collection fails to pay the taxes to the department, the department may, in its discretion, proceed directly against the taxpayer for collection of the taxes.
- (6) The taxes are due from the marine or bulk oil terminal operator, along with reports and returns on forms prescribed by the department, within twenty-five days after the end of the month in which the taxable activity occurs.
- (7) The amount of taxes, until paid by the taxpayer to the marine or bulk oil terminal operator or to the department, constitutes a debt from the taxpayer to the marine or bulk oil terminal operator. Any person required to collect the taxes under this chapter who, with intent to violate the provisions of this chapter, fails or refuses to do so as required and any taxpayer who refuses to pay any taxes due under this chapter, is guilty of a misdemeanor as provided in chapter 9A.20 RCW.
- (8) Upon prior approval of the department, the taxpayer may pay the taxes imposed by this chapter directly to the department. The department must give its approval for direct payment under this section whenever it appears, in the department's judgment, that direct payment will enhance the administration of the taxes imposed under this chapter. The department must provide by rule for the issuance of a direct payment certificate to any taxpayer qualifying for direct payment of the taxes. Good faith acceptance of a direct payment certificate by a terminal operator relieves the marine or bulk oil terminal operator from any liability for the collection or payment of the taxes imposed under this chapter.
- (9) All receipts from the tax imposed in subsection (1) of this section must be deposited into the state oil spill response account. All receipts from the tax imposed in subsection (2) of this section shall be deposited into the oil spill prevention account.
- (10) Within forty-five days after the end of each calendar quarter, the office of financial management must determine the balance of the oil spill response account as of the last day of that calendar quarter. Balance determinations by the office of financial management under this section are final and may not be used to

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1 challenge the validity of any tax imposed under this chapter. The office of financial management must promptly notify the departments of revenue and ecology of the account balance once a determination is 3 made. For each subsequent calendar quarter, the tax imposed by 4 subsection (1) of this section shall be imposed during the entire 6 calendar quarter unless:

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- (a) Tax was imposed under subsection (1) of this section during the immediately preceding calendar quarter, and the most recent quarterly balance is more than nine million dollars; or
- (b) Tax was not imposed under subsection (1) of this section 10 11 during the immediately preceding calendar quarter, and the most 12 recent quarterly balance is more than eight million dollars.
- 13 Sec. 3. RCW 90.56.510 and 2015 c 274 s 7 are each amended to read as follows: 14
 - (1) The oil spill prevention account is created in the state treasury. All receipts from RCW 82.23B.020(2) shall be deposited in the account. Moneys from the account may be spent only after appropriation. The account is subject to allotment procedures under chapter 43.88 RCW. ((If, on the first day of any calendar month, the balance of the oil spill response account is greater than nine million dollars and the balance of the oil spill prevention account exceeds the unexpended appropriation for the current biennium, then the tax under RCW 82.23B.020(2) shall be suspended on the first day of the next calendar month until the beginning of the following biennium, provided that the tax shall not be suspended during the last six months of the biennium. If the tax imposed under RCW 82.23B.020(2) is suspended during two consecutive biennia, the department shall by November 1st after the end of the second biennium, recommend to the appropriate standing committees an adjustment in the tax rate. For the biennium ending June 30, 1999, and the biennium ending June 30, 2001, the state treasurer may transfer a total of up to one million dollars from the oil spill response account to the oil spill prevention account to support appropriations made from the oil spill prevention account in the omnibus appropriations act adopted not later than June 30, 1999.))
 - (2) Expenditures from the oil spill prevention account ((shall)) must be used exclusively for the administrative costs related to the purposes of this chapter, and chapters 90.48, 88.40, and 88.46 RCW. In addition, until June 30, 2019, expenditures from the oil spill

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- 1 prevention account may be used, subject to amounts appropriated
- 2 specifically for this purpose, for the development and annual review
- 3 of local emergency planning committee emergency response plans in RCW
- 4 38.52.040(3). Starting with the 1995-1997 biennium, the legislature
- 5 shall give activities of state agencies related to prevention of oil
- 6 spills priority in funding from the oil spill prevention account.
- 7 Costs of prevention include the costs of:

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- 8 (a) Routine responses not covered under RCW 90.56.500;
 - (b) Management and staff development activities;
- 10 (c) Development of rules and policies and the statewide plan provided for in RCW 90.56.060;
- 12 (d) Facility and vessel plan review and approval, drills, 13 inspections, investigations, enforcement, and litigation;
 - (e) Interagency coordination and public outreach and education;
- 15 (f) Collection and administration of the tax provided for in 16 chapter 82.23B RCW; and
- 17 (g) Appropriate travel, goods and services, contracts, and 18 equipment.
- 19 (3) Before expending moneys from the account for a response under 20 subsection (2)(a) of this section, but without delaying response 21 activities, the director ((shall)) must make reasonable efforts to 22 obtain funding for response costs under this section from the person 23 responsible for the spill and from other sources, including the 24 federal government.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 4. This act is necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, or safety, or support of the state government and its existing public institutions, and takes effect July 1, 2017.

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