$U_{-}$	Λ	5	6	0		2
$\neg$	u		()	u	_	_

## HOUSE BILL 1330

State of Washington 65th Legislature 2017 Regular Session

By Representatives Manweller, Tarleton, Fey, and Young

Read first time 01/17/17. Referred to Committee on Technology & Economic Development.

AN ACT Relating to extending the business and occupation tax exemption for amounts received as credits against contracts with or funds provided by the Bonneville power administration and used for low-income ratepayer assistance; amending RCW 82.04.310; creating a new section; providing an effective date; providing an expiration date; and declaring an emergency.

## 7 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

- NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. This section is the tax preference performance statement for the tax preference contained in section 2 of this act. This performance statement is only intended to be used for subsequent evaluation of the tax preference. It is not intended to create a private right of action by any party or be used to determine eligibility for preferential tax treatment.
  - (1) The legislature categorizes this tax preference as one intended to induce certain designated behavior by taxpayers, as indicated in RCW 82.32.808(2)(a), and also to create low-income ratepayer tax and utility rate relief under RCW 82.32.808(2)(e).
  - (2) It is the legislature's specific public policy objective to increase investment in energy efficiency and conservation programs, and to support efforts by utilities to acquire all cost-effective energy conservation as required under state law. To support this

p. 1 HB 1330

1 objective, it is the legislature's intent to make permanent the exemption from business and occupation tax amounts received by 2 utilities in the form of credits against power contracts or received 3 from the Bonneville power administration for energy conservation 4 purposes, if such funds are used by utilities for low-income 5 б ratepayer assistance programs. This exemption will induce utilities 7 to invest funds in energy conservation and efficiency programs, thereby reducing the amount of electric energy that such utilities 8 must either generate or purchase, thereby reducing energy costs to 9 utilities and customers. Further, state laws mandating utilities to 10 11 acquire energy through both energy conservation and the purchase of 12 eligible renewable resources can increase the cost of energy to Therefore, this exemption from 13 ratepayers. the business and occupation tax applies only to the extent credits or refunds from the 14 Bonneville power administration are used by a utility for low-income 15 16 ratepayer assistance.

## Sec. 2. RCW 82.04.310 and 2014 c 216 s 302 are each amended to read as follows:

17 18

19 20

2122

2324

25

2627

31

32

33

3435

36

3738

39

- (1) This chapter does not apply to any person in respect to a business activity with respect to which tax liability is specifically imposed under the provisions of chapter 82.16 RCW including amounts derived from activities for which a deduction is allowed under RCW 82.16.050. The exemption in this subsection does not apply to sales of natural gas, including compressed natural gas and liquefied natural gas, by a gas distribution business, if such sales are exempt from the tax imposed under chapter 82.16 RCW as provided in RCW 82.16.310.
- 28 (2) This chapter does not apply to amounts received by any person 29 for the sale of electrical energy for resale within or outside the 30 state.
  - (3)(a) This chapter does not apply to amounts received by any person for the sale of natural or manufactured gas in a calendar year if that person sells within the United States a total amount of natural or manufactured gas in that calendar year that is no more than twenty percent of the amount of natural or manufactured gas that it consumes within the United States in the same calendar year.
  - (b) For purposes of determining whether a person has sold within the United States a total amount of natural or manufactured gas in a calendar year that is no more than twenty percent of the amount of

p. 2 HB 1330

natural or manufactured gas that it consumes within the United States in the same calendar year, the following transfers of gas are not considered to be the sale of natural or manufactured gas:

- (i) The transfer of any natural or manufactured gas as a result of the acquisition of another business, through merger or otherwise; or
- (ii) The transfer of any natural or manufactured gas accomplished solely to comply with federal regulatory requirements imposed on the pipeline transportation of such gas when it is shipped by a third-party manager of a person's pipeline transportation.
- 11 (4) This chapter does not apply to amounts received by any person
  12 in the form of credits against power contracts with the Bonneville
  13 power administration, or funds provided by the Bonneville power
  14 administration, for the purpose of implementing energy conservation
  15 programs or demand-side management programs, so long as such amounts
  16 are used for purposes of low-income ratepayer assistance.
  - (5) This section expires January 1, 2028.

1

2

3

4

5

7

8

10

17

NEW SECTION. Sec. 3. This act is necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, or safety, or support of the state government and its existing public institutions, and takes effect July 1, 2017.

--- END ---

p. 3 HB 1330