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SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 1439

State of Washington 65th Legislature 2017 Regular Session

By House Higher Education (originally sponsored by Representatives Pollet, Haler, Tarleton, Fey, Sells, Orwall, Ryu, Stanford, and Dolan)

READ FIRST TIME 02/17/17.

AN ACT Relating to regulating the institutions of higher education, including for-profit institutions and private vocational schools, to protect students from unfair business practices; amending RCW 28B.85.020, 28B.85.090, 28B.85.100, 28C.10.050, 28C.10.110, and 28C.10.130; adding new sections to chapter 28B.85 RCW; adding new sections to chapter 28C.10 RCW; creating new sections; and prescribing penalties.

8 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

9 NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. The legislature finds that there are many private for-profit and nonprofit career colleges and degree-granting 10 11 institutions providing Washington state residents with important 12 postsecondary and career opportunities that contribute to 13 economic security of Washington residents and aid in meeting the 14 needs of our state's growing economy. The legislature also recognizes that there have been high profile closures of, or federal and other 15 16 state determinations regarding, some for-profit or formerly for-17 profit institutions that have damaged the reputation of the sector impacted the expectations and financial stability of 18 students. It is the legislature's intent to provide a framework to 19 20 ensure a level playing field exists for the many institutions that 21 provide disclosures to prospective students based on verifiable

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metrics, which allow prospective students to be able to make the best decisions on school and career choices and on financial aid and loans to finance their educational goals. The legislature also intends to ensure that students are provided the information they need to make the best decisions for their educational future and careers in event of closure or potential closure of an institution. In addition, the legislature intends to protect the state's interest in the integrity of its grant and aid programs, from private decisions to close schools or programs under circumstances that may prevent students from obtaining the degree or certificate and career services that the students expected upon enrollment.

- NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. (1) Subject to the availability of amounts appropriated for this specific purpose, the student achievement council must continue administering the two-part study of for-profit degree-granting institutions and private vocational schools that was authorized under section 609, chapter 36, Laws of 2016 sp. sess..
 - (2) As part of the second part of the process, the study must contain findings and recommendations regarding the creation of an ombuds to serve students of degree-granting institutions and private vocational schools, including a recommendation on which state agency should house the position, and if there are other ombuds positions created by the legislature that can serve these students.
- 23 (3) The student achievement council and the workforce training 24 and education coordinating board must provide a report on the study 25 to the legislature by December 31, 2017.
- **Sec. 3.** RCW 28B.85.020 and 2013 c 218 s 3 are each amended to 27 read as follows:
- 28 (1) The council:

- 29 (a) Shall adopt by rule, in accordance with chapter 34.05 RCW,
 30 minimum standards for degree-granting institutions concerning
 31 granting of degrees, quality of education, unfair business practices,
 32 financial stability, and other necessary measures to protect citizens
 33 of this state against substandard, fraudulent, or deceptive
 34 practices. The rules shall require that an institution operating in
 35 Washington:
- 36 (i) Be accredited;
- 37 (ii) Have applied for accreditation and such application is 38 pending before the accrediting agency;

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1 (iii) Have been granted a waiver by the council waiving the 2 requirement of accreditation; or

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- (iv) Have been granted an exemption by the council from the requirements of this subsection (1)(a);
- (b) Shall require that a degree-granting institution authorized to operate under this chapter and any agent of the institution, shall not engage in any practice regarding the sale of, or inducing of students to obtain, specific consumer student loan products to fund education that financially benefits any person or entity that has an ownership interest in the institution, unless the institution can demonstrate to the council that the student has exhausted all federal aid options and has been denied noninstitutional private commercial loan products. The prohibition in this subsection (1)(b) applies to any degree-granting institution authorized to operate under this chapter, and any agent of the institution, that has at least one hundred fifty students or more enrolled in the state in any given year or that has been operating in the state for less than two consecutive years. A financial benefit for purposes of this subsection (1)(b) does not include merely having an interest in students with loans enrolling in the institution or assisting students with financial aid matters. For purposes of this subsection (1)(b), "agent" means any employee, officer, or contractor working on behalf of the institution.
 - (c) May investigate any entity the council reasonably believes to be subject to the jurisdiction of this chapter. In connection with the investigation, the council may administer oaths and affirmations, issue subpoenas and compel attendance, take evidence, and require the production of any books, papers, correspondence, memorandums, or other records which the council deems relevant or material to the investigation. The council, including its staff and any other authorized persons, may conduct site inspections, the cost of which shall be borne by the institution, and examine records of all institutions subject to this chapter;
 - $((\frac{c}{c}))$ (d) May negotiate and enter into interstate reciprocity agreements with other state or multistate entities if the agreements are consistent with the purposes in this chapter as determined by the council;
- $((\frac{d}{d}))$ <u>(e)</u> May enter into agreements with degree-granting institutions of higher education based in this state, that are otherwise exempt under the provisions of <u>(a) of this</u> subsection

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1 (((1)(a) of this section)), for the purpose of ensuring consistent
2 consumer protection in interstate distance delivery of higher
3 education;

- (((e))) <u>(f)</u> Shall develop an interagency agreement with the workforce training and education coordinating board to regulate degree-granting private vocational schools with respect to degree and nondegree programs; and
- ((f)) (g) Shall develop and disseminate information to the public about entities that sell or award degrees without requiring appropriate academic achievement at the postsecondary level, including but not limited to, a description of the substandard and potentially fraudulent practices of these entities, and advice about how the public can recognize and avoid the entities. To the extent feasible, the information shall include links to additional resources that may assist the public in identifying specific institutions offering substandard or fraudulent degree programs.
- 17 (2) Financial disclosures provided to the council by degree-18 granting private vocational schools are not subject to public 19 disclosure under chapter 42.56 RCW.
- **Sec. 4.** RCW 28B.85.090 and 2012 c 229 s 550 are each amended to 21 read as follows:
 - (1) Complaints may be filed with the council under this chapter by a person claiming loss of tuition or fees as a result of an unfair business practice ((may file a complaint with the council)). The complaint shall set forth the alleged violation and shall contain information required by the council. A complaint may also be filed with the council by an authorized staff member of the council or by the attorney general.
 - (2) The council shall investigate any complaint under this section and may attempt to bring about a settlement. The council may hold a hearing pursuant to the Administrative Procedure Act, chapter 34.05 RCW, in order to determine whether a violation has occurred. If the council prevails, the degree-granting institution shall pay the costs of the administrative hearing.
 - (3) If, after the hearing, the council finds that the institution or its agent engaged in or is engaging in any unfair business practice, the council shall issue and cause to be served upon the violator an order requiring the violator to cease and desist from the act or practice and may impose the penalties under RCW 28B.85.100 and

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- 1 <u>section 6 of this act</u>. If the council finds that the complainant has
- 2 suffered loss as a result of the act or practice, the council may
- 3 order full or partial restitution for the loss. The complainant is
- 4 not bound by the council's determination of restitution and may
- 5 pursue any other legal remedy, including an action pursuant to RCW
- 6 19.86.020 of the consumer protection act.

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- 7 **Sec. 5.** RCW 28B.85.100 and 2012 c 229 s 551 are each amended to 8 read as follows:
- 9 (1) Any person, group, or entity or any owner, officer, agent, or 10 employee of such entity who willfully violates any provision of this 11 chapter or the rules adopted under this chapter shall be subject to a civil penalty of not more than one hundred dollars for each 12 violation. Each day on which a violation occurs, and each student 13 injured by an unfair business practice, constitutes a separate 14 15 violation. The fine may be imposed by the council or by any court of 16 competent jurisdiction.
- (2) In addition to the penalties authorized under subsection (1)
 of this section, any violation of any provision of this chapter under
 RCW 28B.85.180 is also a violation of RCW 19.86.020 of the consumer
 protection act. The penalties authorized pursuant to subsection (1)
 of this section do not preclude remedies available under the
 provisions of the consumer protection act.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 6. A new section is added to chapter 28B.85 RCW to read as follows:
 - (1) The council may deny, revoke, or suspend the authorization of any degree-granting institution authorized to operate under this chapter that is found to be in violation of this chapter including, but not limited to, having engaged in a significant number of unfair business practices.
- 30 (2) It is a violation of this chapter for a degree-granting 31 institution authorized to operate under this chapter or an agent 32 employed by such a degree-granting institution to:
- 33 (a) Provide prospective students with any testimonial, 34 endorsement, or other information that a reasonable person would find 35 was likely to mislead or deceive prospective students or the public 36 regarding current practices of the school, current conditions for 37 employment opportunities, postgraduation employment by industry, or 38 probable earnings in the occupation for which the education was

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- designed, the likelihood of obtaining financial aid or low-interest loans for tuition, or the ability of graduates to repay loans;
- 3 (b) Fail to continue job placement services promised to enrollees 4 or graduates in the event the institution is sold or reduces any 5 programs or services;
- 6 (c) Place a current student or exiter of a program in a 7 short-term job:
- 8 (i) That is not relevant to the student's training, in order to 9 meet reporting requirements under state law; or
- (ii) Where the placement is done for the purpose of reporting the current student or an exiter of a program as employed, in order to meet reporting requirements under state law;
- 13 (d) Use any official United States military logo in advertising 14 or promotional materials; or
- 15 (e) Violate the provision of RCW 28B.85.020(1)(b) regarding the 16 sale of, or inducing of students to obtain, specific consumer student 17 loan products.
- 18 (3) For the purposes of implementing this section, the council
 19 shall establish in rule definitions for the terms "short-term job,"
 20 "part-time employment," "self-employment," and "underreported
 21 earnings." The definitions established must be consistent with how
 22 those terms are defined by the workforce training and education
 23 coordinating board pursuant to section 10 of this act.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 7. A new section is added to chapter 28B.85 RCW to read as follows:
- If a degree-granting institution authorized to operate under this 26 27 chapter presents data about its completion rates, employment rates, loan or indebtedness metrics, or its graduates' median hourly and 28 annual earnings, the presentation of that data must be consistent 29 30 with the methodology and procedures used by schools presenting data on the workforce training and education coordinating board's career 31 bridge web site or the United States department of education, or 32 33 other means to assure consistent and accurate reporting as determined 34 by the council.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 8. A new section is added to chapter 28B.85 RCW to read as follows:
- 37 (1) A degree-granting institution authorized to operate under 38 this chapter must provide notice regarding student's rights under

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this chapter, any applicable federal law, and the complaint procedures in RCW 28B.85.090:

- (a) In writing to current students and exiters of a program;
- (b) On the web site of the institution; and

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- 5 (c) In all communications regarding the sale or the closing of a 6 program, facility, or site, and those communications must be mailed, 7 posted on the institution's web site, and distributed in any meeting 8 between students and the institution.
 - (2) The council must provide the form and content of the notice required in this section. The notice must inform students that claims may be pursued by filing a complaint with the council or by filing a complaint pursuant to the consumer protection act and of the availability of any ombuds that may be established by the council to assist students in resolving concerns.
- 15 (3) The council may direct institutions to post the notice in a 16 conspicuous location within the institution and on any web site 17 maintained by the institution and to send the notices by mail to 18 students.
- 19 **Sec. 9.** RCW 28C.10.050 and 2014 c 11 s 2 are each amended to 20 read as follows:
 - (1) The agency shall adopt by rule minimum standards for entities operating private vocational schools. The minimum standards shall include, but not be limited to, requirements to assess whether a private vocational school is eligible to obtain and maintain a license in this state.
- 26 (2) The requirements adopted by the agency shall, at a minimum, 27 require a private vocational school to:
 - (a) Disclose to the agency information about its ownership and financial position and ((to)) demonstrate to the agency that the school is financially viable and responsible and that it has sufficient financial resources to fulfill its commitments to students. Financial disclosures provided to the agency shall not be subject to public disclosure under chapter 42.56 RCW;
- 34 (b) Follow a uniform statewide cancellation and refund policy as specified by the agency;
 - (c) Disclose through use of a school catalog, <u>web site</u>, brochure, or other written material, necessary information to students so that students may make informed enrollment decisions. The agency shall specify what <u>data and</u> information ((is)) <u>are</u> required. To the extent

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- that these web sites or materials present any data on the completion rates, employment rates, loan or indebtedness metrics, and its graduates' median hourly and annual earnings for any of the private vocational schools or its programs, the presentation of that data must be consistent with the methodology and procedures used by schools presenting data on the agency's career bridge web site or the United States department of education or other means to assure consistent and accurate reporting as determined by the agency. In those cases where the agency does not have information calculated for the career bridge web site on a school or program, the agency shall establish procedures and methodology and required accompanying descriptive material for any alternative data posted;
 - (d) Use an enrollment contract or agreement that includes: (i) The school's cancellation and refund policy, (ii) a brief statement that the school is licensed under this chapter and that inquiries, concerns, or complaints may be made to the agency, and (iii) other necessary information as determined by the agency;
 - (e) Describe accurately and completely in writing to students before their enrollment prerequisites and requirements for (i) completing successfully the programs of study in which they are interested and (ii) qualifying for the fields of employment for which their education is designed;
 - (f) Comply with the requirements of RCW 28C.10.084;

- (g) Assess the basic skills and relevant aptitudes of each potential student to determine that a potential student has the basic skills and relevant aptitudes necessary to complete and benefit from the program in which the student plans to enroll, including but not limited to administering a United States department of education-approved English as a second language exam before enrolling students for whom English is a second language unless the students provide proof of graduation from a United States high school or proof of completion of a high school equivalency certificate as provided in RCW 28B.50.536 in English or results of another academic assessment determined appropriate by the agency. Guidelines for such assessments shall be developed by the agency, in consultation with the schools;
- (h) Discuss with each potential student the potential student's obligations in signing any enrollment contract and/or incurring any debt for educational purposes. The discussion shall include the inadvisability of acquiring an excessive educational debt burden that

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will be difficult to repay given employment opportunities and average starting salaries in the potential student's chosen occupation;

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- (i) Ensure that any enrollment contract between the private vocational school and its students has an attachment in a format provided by the agency. The attachment shall be signed by both the school and the student. The attachment shall stipulate that the school has complied with (h) of this subsection and that the student understands and accepts his or her responsibilities in signing any enrollment contract or debt application. The attachment shall also stipulate that the enrollment contract shall not be binding for at least five days, excluding Sundays and holidays, following signature of the enrollment contract by both parties; ((and))
- 13 (j) Comply with the requirements related to qualifications of administrators and instructors.
 - (3) A private vocational school that has at least one hundred fifty students or more in the state during any given year, or that has been operating in the state for less than two consecutive years, or that has not had at least one of its programs recognized by the agency as an eligible training provider for at least two consecutive years, may not engage in any practice regarding the sale of, or inducing of students to obtain, specific consumer student loan products to fund education that financially benefits any person or entity that has an ownership interest in the institution, unless the institution can demonstrate to the agency that the student has exhausted all federal aid options and has been denied noninstitutional private commercial loan products. A financial benefit for purposes of this subsection (3) does not include merely having an interest in students with loans enrolling in the institution or assisting students with financial aid matters. For purposes of this subsection (3), "agent" means any employee, officer, or contractor working on behalf of the institution.
- 32 <u>(4)</u> The agency may deny a private vocational school's application 33 for licensure if the school fails to meet the requirements in this 34 section.
 - $((\frac{4}{1}))$ (5) The agency may determine that a licensed private vocational school or a particular program of a private vocational school is at risk of closure or termination if:
- 38 (a) There is a pattern or history of substantiated student 39 complaints filed with the agency pursuant to RCW 28C.10.120; or

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- 1 (b) The private vocational school fails to meet minimum licensing 2 requirements and has a pattern or history of failing to meet the 3 minimum requirements.
- 4 (((5))) <u>(6)</u> If the agency determines that a private vocational 5 school or a particular program is at risk of closure or termination, 6 the agency shall require the school to take corrective action.
- 7 **Sec. 10.** RCW 28C.10.110 and 2014 c 11 s 6 are each amended to 8 read as follows:
- 9 (1) It is a violation of this chapter for an entity operating a 10 private vocational school to engage in an unfair business practice. 11 The agency may deny, revoke, or suspend the license of any entity 12 that is found to have engaged in a substantial number of unfair 13 business practices or that has engaged in significant unfair business 14 practices.
- 15 (2) It is an unfair business practice for an entity operating a 16 private vocational school or an agent employed by a private 17 vocational school to:

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- (a) Fail to comply with the terms of a student enrollment contract or agreement;
- (b) Use an enrollment contract form, catalog, brochure, or similar written material affecting the terms and conditions of student enrollment other than that previously submitted to the agency and authorized for use;
 - (c) Advertise in the help wanted section of a newspaper or otherwise represent falsely, directly or by implication, that the school is an employment agency, is making an offer of employment or otherwise is attempting to conceal the fact that what is being represented are course offerings of a school;
 - (d) Represent falsely, directly or by implication, that an educational program is approved by a particular industry or that successful completion of the program qualifies a student for admission to a labor union or similar organization or for the receipt of a state license in any business, occupation, or profession;
- (e) Represent falsely, directly or by implication, that a student who successfully completes a course or program of instruction may transfer credit for the course or program to any institution of higher education;
- (f) Represent falsely, directly or by implication, in advertising or in any other manner, the school's size, location, facilities,

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equipment, faculty qualifications, number of faculty, or the extent or nature of any approval received from an accrediting association;

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- (g) Represent that the school is approved, recommended, or endorsed by the state of Washington or by the agency, except the fact that the school is authorized to operate under this chapter may be stated;
- Provide prospective students (h) with: Any testimonial, endorsement, or other information ((which has the tendency)) that a reasonable person would find likely to mislead or deceive prospective students or the public, including those regarding current practices of the school((__)); information regarding rates of completion or postgraduation employment by industry, or its graduates' median hourly or annual earnings, that is not consistent with the methodology and procedures for presenting such information as established under RCW 28C.10.050(2)(c); current conditions for employment opportunities ((-)); postgraduation employment by industry or probable earnings in the occupation for which the education was designed; total cost to obtain a degree or certificate; the acceptance of a degree or certificate by employers as a qualification for employment; the acceptance of courses, a degree, or certificate by higher education institutions; the likelihood of obtaining financial aid or low-interest loans for tuition; and the ability of graduates to repay loans;
 - (i) Designate or refer to sales representatives as "counselors," "advisors," or similar terms which have the tendency to mislead or deceive prospective students or the public regarding the authority or qualifications of the sales representatives;
 - (j) Make or cause to be made any statement or representation in connection with the offering of education if the school or agent knows or reasonably should have known the statement or representation to be false, substantially inaccurate, or misleading;
- (k) Engage in methods of advertising, sales, collection, credit, or other business practices which are false, deceptive, misleading, or unfair, as determined by the agency by rule; ((or))
- (1) Attempt to recruit students in or within forty feet of a building that contains a welfare or unemployment office. Recruiting includes, but is not limited to canvassing and surveying. Recruiting does not include leaving materials at or near an office for a person to pick up of his or her own accord, or handing a brochure or leaflet to a person provided that no attempt is made to obtain a name,

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- address, telephone number, or other data, or to otherwise actively pursue the enrollment of the individual:
- 3 (m) Violate RCW 28C.10.050(3) regarding the sale of, or inducing 4 of students to obtain, specific consumer student loan products;
- 5 <u>(n) Place a current student or exiter of a program in a</u> 6 short-term job:
- 7 (i) That is not relevant to the student's training in order to 8 meet reporting requirements under state or federal law; or
- 9 <u>(ii) Where the placement is done for the purpose of reporting the</u>
 10 <u>current student or an exiter of a program as employed, in order to</u>
 11 meet reporting requirements under state or federal law; or
- 12 <u>(o) Use any official United States military logos in advertising</u> 13 or promotional materials.
- (3) For the purposes of implementing this section, the agency shall establish in rule definitions for the terms "short-term job,"

 "part-time employment," "self-employment," and "underreported earnings." The definitions established must be consistent with how those terms are defined by the student achievement council pursuant to section 6 of this act.
- 20 **Sec. 11.** RCW 28C.10.130 and 1986 c 299 s 13 are each amended to 21 read as follows:

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- (1) Any private vocational school or agent violating RCW 28C.10.060, 28C.10.090, or 28C.10.110 or the applicable agency rules is subject to a civil penalty of not more than one hundred dollars for each separate violation. Each day on which a violation occurs, and each student injured by an unfair business practice, constitutes a separate violation. Multiple violations on a single day may be considered separate violations. The fine may be imposed by the agency under RCW 28C.10.120, or in any court of competent jurisdiction.
- 30 (2) In addition to the penalties authorized pursuant to subsection (1) of this section, any violation of any provision of this chapter is also a violation of RCW 19.86.020 of the consumer protection act, pursuant to RCW 28C.10.210. The penalties authorized under subsection (1) of this section do not preclude remedies available under the provisions of the consumer protection act.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 12. A new section is added to chapter 28C.10 RCW to read as follows:

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- 1 (1) Private vocational schools shall provide notices regarding 2 students' rights under this chapter, any applicable federal law, and 3 the complaint procedures in RCW 28C.10.120:
 - (a) In writing to current students and exiters of a program;
 - (b) On the web site of the institution; and

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- 6 (c) In all communications regarding the sale or the closing of a 7 program, facility, or site, and those communications must be mailed, 8 posted on the institution's web site, and distributed in any meeting 9 between students and the institution.
 - (2) The agency must provide the form and content of the notice required in this section. The notice must inform students how to contact the office of the ombuds for advice and mediation regarding concerns, and inform students that claims may be pursued by filing a complaint with the agency or by filing a complaint pursuant to RCW 19.86.020.
- 16 (3) The agency may direct institutions to post the notices in a 17 conspicuous location within the institution and on its web sites and 18 to send the notices by mail to students.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 13. A new section is added to chapter 28B.85 20 RCW to read as follows:
- 21 (1) The definitions in this subsection apply throughout this 22 section unless the context clearly requires otherwise.
- 23 (a) "Educational institution" means a degree-granting institution 24 authorized to operate under this chapter.
- 25 (b) "Student education loan" means any loan solely for personal 26 use to finance postsecondary education and costs of attendance at an 27 educational institution.
 - (2) An educational institution must provide to an enrolled student who has applied for student financial aid a notification including the following information about the student education loans the educational institution has certified:
- 32 (a) An estimate, based on information available at the time the 33 notification is provided, of the:
- 34 (i) Total amount of student education loans taken out by the 35 student;
- (ii) Potential total payoff amount of the student education loans incurred or a range of the total payoff amount, including principal and interest;

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(iii) The monthly repayment amount that the student may incur for the amount of student education loans the student has taken out, based on the federal loan repayment plan borrowers are automatically enrolled in if they do not select an alternative repayment plan; and

- (iv) Percentage of the aggregate federal direct loan borrowing limit applicable to the student's program of study the student has reached at the time the information is sent to the student; and
- (b) Consumer information about the differences between private student loans and federal student loans, including the availability of income-based repayment plans and loan forgiveness programs for federal loans.
- (3) The notification provided under subsection (2) of this section must include a statement that the estimates and ranges provided are general in nature and not meant as a guarantee or promise of the actual projected amount. It must also include a statement that a variety of repayment plans are available for federal student loans that may limit the monthly repayment amount based on income.
- (4) The notification must include information about how to access resources for student education loan borrowers provided by federal or state agencies, such as a student education loan debt hotline and web site or student education loan ombuds, federal student loan repayment calculator, or other available resources.
- (5) An educational institution must provide the notification required in subsection (2) of this section via email. In addition, the educational institution may provide the notification in writing, in an electronic format, or in person.
- (6) An educational institution does not incur liability, including for actions under chapter 19.86 RCW by the attorney general, for any good faith representations made under subsection (2) of this section.
- (7) Educational institutions must begin providing the notification required under subsection (2) of this section by July 1, 2018, each time a financial aid package that includes a new or revised student education loan is offered to the student.
- 36 (8) The council must develop a form for the educational 37 institutions to use to report compliance by July 1, 2018. Educational 38 institutions must report compliance with the student achievement 39 council at least annually beginning January 1, 2019.

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- 1 (9) Beginning December 1, 2019, and biannually thereafter until December 25, 2025, the council must submit a report in compliance 2 with RCW 43.01.036 to the legislature that details how 3 educational institutions are in compliance with this section. 4
- 5 NEW SECTION. Sec. 14. A new section is added to chapter 28C.10 RCW to read as follows: б
- (1) The definitions in this subsection apply throughout this 7 section unless the context clearly requires otherwise. 8
- (a) "Educational institution" means a private vocational school 9 10 operating under this chapter.
- (b) "Student education loan" means any loan solely for personal 11 12 use to finance postsecondary education and costs of attendance at an educational institution. 13
- (2) An educational institution must provide to an enrolled 14 student who has applied for student financial aid a notification 15 including the following information about the student education loans 16 the educational institution has certified: 17
- (a) An estimate, based on information available at the time the 18 notification is provided, of the: 19
- 20 (i) Total amount of student education loans taken out by the 21 student;
- (ii) Potential total payoff amount of the student education loans 22 23 incurred or a range of the total payoff amount, including principal 24 and interest;

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- (iii) The monthly repayment amount that the student may incur for the amount of student education loans the student has taken out, based on the federal loan repayment plan borrowers are automatically enrolled in if they do not select an alternative repayment plan; and
- (iv) Percentage of the aggregate federal direct loan borrowing 29 30 limit applicable to the student's program of study the student has reached at the time the information is sent to the student; and 31
- (b) Consumer information about the differences between private student loans and federal student loans, including the availability 33 34 of income-based repayment plans and loan forgiveness programs for federal loans.
- The notification provided under subsection (2) of this 36 (3) section must include a statement that the estimates and ranges 37 provided are general in nature and not meant as a guarantee or 38 promise of the actual projected amount. It must also include a 39

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- (4) The notification must include information about how to access resources for student education loan borrowers provided by federal or state agencies, such as a student education loan debt hotline and web site or student education loan ombuds, federal student loan repayment calculator, or other available resources.
- 9 (5) An educational institution must provide the notification 10 required in subsection (2) of this section via email. In addition, 11 the educational institution may provide the notification in writing, 12 in an electronic format, or in person.
- 13 (6) An educational institution does not incur liability, 14 including for actions under chapter 19.86 RCW by the attorney 15 general, for any good faith representations made under subsection (2) 16 of this section.
- 17 (7) Educational institutions must begin providing the 18 notification required under subsection (2) of this section by July 1, 19 2018, each time a financial aid package that includes a new or 20 revised student education loan is offered to the student.
- 21 (8) The agency must develop a form for the educational 22 institutions to use to report compliance by July 1, 2018. Educational 23 institutions must report compliance with the agency at least annually 24 beginning January 1, 2019.
- 25 (9) Beginning December 1, 2019, and biannually thereafter until 26 December 25, 2025, the agency must submit a report in compliance with 27 RCW 43.01.036 to the legislature that details how the educational 28 institutions are in compliance with this section.

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