## HOUSE BILL 1488

State of Washington 65th Legislature 2017 Regular Session

By Representatives Hansen, Haler, Stokesbary, Ortiz-Self, Gregerson, Tarleton, Slatter, and Hudgins

Read first time 01/20/17. Referred to Committee on Higher Education.

- AN ACT Relating to expanding higher education opportunities for
- 2 certain students; and amending RCW 28B.118.010 and 28B.145.030.
- 3 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:
- 4 **Sec. 1.** RCW 28B.118.010 and 2015 3rd sp.s. c 36 s 8 are each 5 amended to read as follows:
  - The office of student financial assistance shall design the Washington college bound scholarship program in accordance with this section and in alignment with the state need grant program in chapter 28B.92 RCW unless otherwise provided in this section.
    - (1) "Eligible students" are those students who:
- 11 (a) Qualify for free or reduced-price lunches. If a student 12 qualifies in the seventh grade, the student remains eligible even if 13 the student does not receive free or reduced-price lunches
- 14 thereafter; or

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- (b) Are dependent pursuant to chapter 13.34 RCW and:
- 16 (i) In grade seven through twelve; or
- 17 (ii) Are between the ages of eighteen and twenty-one and have not 18 graduated from high school.
- 19 (2) Eligible students shall be notified of their eligibility for 20 the Washington college bound scholarship program beginning in their

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seventh grade year. Students shall also be notified of the requirements for award of the scholarship.

- (3)(a) To be eligible for a Washington college bound scholarship, a student eligible under subsection (1)(a) of this section must sign a pledge during seventh or eighth grade that includes a commitment to graduate from high school with at least a C average and with no felony convictions. The pledge must be witnessed by a parent or guardian and forwarded to the office of student financial assistance by mail or electronically, as indicated on the pledge form.
- (b) A student eligible under subsection (1)(b) of this section shall be automatically enrolled, with no action necessary by the student or the student's family, and the enrollment form must be forwarded by the department of social and health services to the higher education coordinating board or its successor by mail or electronically, as indicated on the form.
- (4)(a) Scholarships shall be awarded to eligible students graduating from public high schools, approved private high schools under chapter 28A.195 RCW, or who received home-based instruction under chapter 28A.200 RCW.
- (b)(i) To receive the Washington college bound scholarship, a student must graduate with at least a "C" average from a public high school or an approved private high school under chapter 28A.195 RCW in Washington or have received home-based instruction under chapter 28A.200 RCW, must have no felony convictions, and must be a resident student as defined in RCW 28B.15.012(2) (a) through  $((\frac{1}{2}))$  (e).
- (ii) For a student who does not meet the "C" average requirement, and who completes fewer than two quarters in the running start program, under chapter 28A.600 RCW, the student's first quarter of running start course grades must be excluded from the student's overall grade point average for purposes of determining their eligibility to receive the scholarship.
- (5) A student's family income will be assessed upon graduation before awarding the scholarship.
- (6) If at graduation from high school the student's family income does not exceed sixty-five percent of the state median family income, scholarship award amounts shall be as provided in this section.
- (a) For students attending two or four-year institutions of higher education as defined in RCW 28B.10.016, the value of the award shall be (i) the difference between the student's tuition and required fees, less the value of any state-funded grant, scholarship,

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or waiver assistance the student receives; (ii) plus five hundred dollars for books and materials.

- (b) For students attending private four-year institutions of higher education in Washington, the award amount shall be the representative average of awards granted to students in public research universities in Washington or the representative average of awards granted to students in public research universities in Washington in the 2014-15 academic year, whichever is greater.
- (c) For students attending private vocational schools in Washington, the award amount shall be the representative average of awards granted to students in public community and technical colleges in Washington or the representative average of awards granted to students in public community and technical colleges in Washington in the 2014-15 academic year, whichever is greater.
- 15 (7) Recipients may receive no more than four full-time years' 16 worth of scholarship awards.
  - (8) Institutions of higher education shall award the student all need-based and merit-based financial aid for which the student would otherwise qualify. The Washington college bound scholarship is intended to replace unmet need, loans, and, at the student's option, work-study award before any other grants or scholarships are reduced.
- 22 (9) The first scholarships shall be awarded to students 23 graduating in 2012.
  - (10) The state of Washington retains legal ownership of tuition units awarded as scholarships under this chapter until the tuition units are redeemed. These tuition units shall remain separately held from any tuition units owned under chapter 28B.95 RCW by a Washington college bound scholarship recipient.
  - (11) The scholarship award must be used within five years of receipt. Any unused scholarship tuition units revert to the Washington college bound scholarship account.
- 32 (12) Should the recipient terminate his or her enrollment for any 33 reason during the academic year, the unused portion of the 34 scholarship tuition units shall revert to the Washington college 35 bound scholarship account.
- **Sec. 2.** RCW 28B.145.030 and 2014 c 208 s 3 are each amended to read as follows:
- 38 (1) The program administrator, under contract with the council, 39 shall staff the board and shall have the duties and responsibilities

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- provided in this chapter, including but not limited to publicizing the program, selecting participants for the opportunity scholarship award, distributing opportunity scholarship awards, and achieving the maximum possible rate of return on investment of the accounts in subsection (2) of this section, while ensuring transparency in the investment decisions and processes. Duties, exercised jointly with the board, include soliciting funds and setting annual fund-raising goals. The program administrator shall be paid an administrative fee as determined by the board.
- 10 (2) With respect to the opportunity scholarship program, the 11 program administrator shall:

- (a) Establish and manage two separate accounts into which to receive grants and contributions from private sources as well as state matching funds, and from which to disburse scholarship funds to participants;
- (b) Solicit and accept grants and contributions from private sources, via direct payment, pledge agreement, or escrow account, of private sources for deposit into one or both of the two accounts created in this subsection (2)(b) in accordance with this subsection (2)(b):
- (i) The "scholarship account," whose principal may be invaded, and from which scholarships must be disbursed beginning no later than December 1, 2011, if, by that date, state matching funds in the amount of five million dollars or more have been received. Thereafter, scholarships shall be disbursed on an annual basis beginning no later than May 1, 2012, and every October 1st thereafter;
- 28 (ii) The "endowment account," from which scholarship moneys may 29 be disbursed from earnings only in years when:
- 30 (A) The state match has been made into both the scholarship and 31 the endowment account;
  - (B) The state appropriations for the state need grant under RCW 28B.92.010 meet or exceed state appropriations for the state need grant made in the 2011-2013 biennium, adjusted for inflation, and eligibility for state need grant recipients is at least seventy percent of state median family income; and
  - (C) The state has demonstrated progress toward the goal of total per-student funding levels, from state appropriations plus tuition and fees, of at least the sixtieth percentile of total per-student funding at similar public institutions of higher education in the

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1 global challenge states, as defined, measured, and reported in RCW 28B.15.068. In any year in which the office of financial management 2 reports that the state has not made progress toward this goal, no new 3 scholarships may be awarded. In any year in which the office of 4 5 financial management reports that the percentile of total per-student 6 funding is less than the sixtieth percentile and at least five 7 percent less than the prior year, pledges of future grants and contributions may, at the request of the donor, be released and 8 grants and contributions already received refunded to the extent that 9 opportunity scholarship awards already made can be fulfilled from the 10 11 funds remaining in the endowment account. In fulfilling the requirements of this subsection, the office of financial management 12 shall use resources that facilitate measurement and comparisons of 13 the most recently completed academic year. These resources may 14 include, but are not limited to, the data provided in a uniform 15 16 dashboard format under RCW 28B.77.090 as the statewide public four-17 year dashboard and academic year reports prepared by the state board 18 for community and technical colleges;

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(iii) An amount equal to at least fifty percent of all grants and contributions must be deposited into the scholarship account until such time as twenty million dollars have been deposited into the account, after which time the private donors may designate whether their contributions must be deposited to the scholarship or the endowment account. The board and the program administrator must work to maximize private sector contributions to both the scholarship account and the endowment account, to maintain a robust scholarship program while simultaneously building the endowment, and to determine the division between the two accounts in the case of undesignated grants and contributions, taking into account the need for a long-term funding mechanism and the short-term needs of families and students in Washington. The first five million dollars in state match, as provided in RCW 28B.145.040, shall be deposited into the scholarship account and thereafter the state match shall be deposited into the two accounts in equal proportion to the private funds deposited in each account; and

(iv) Once moneys in the opportunity scholarship match transfer account are subject to an agreement under RCW 28B.145.050(5) and are deposited in the scholarship account or endowment account under this section, the state acts in a fiduciary rather than ownership capacity with regard to those assets. Assets in the scholarship account and

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endowment account are not considered state money, common cash, or revenue to the state;

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- (c) Provide proof of receipt of grants and contributions from private sources to the council, identifying the amounts received by name of private source and date, and whether the amounts received were deposited into the scholarship or the endowment account;
- (d) In consultation with the council and the state board for community and technical colleges, make an assessment of the reasonable annual eligible expenses associated with eligible education programs identified by the board;
- (e) Determine the dollar difference between tuition fees charged by institutions of higher education in the 2008-09 academic year and the academic year for which an opportunity scholarship is being distributed;
- 15 (f) Develop and implement an application, selection, and 16 notification process for awarding opportunity scholarships;
  - (g) Determine the annual amount of the opportunity scholarship for each selected participant. The annual amount shall be at least one thousand dollars or the amount determined under (e) of this subsection, but may be increased on an income-based, sliding scale basis up to the amount necessary to cover all reasonable annual eligible expenses as assessed pursuant to (d) of this subsection, or to encourage participation in baccalaureate degree programs identified by the board;
  - (h) Distribute scholarship funds to selected participants. Once awarded, and to the extent funds are available for distribution, an opportunity scholarship shall be automatically renewed as long as the participant annually submits documentation of filing both a free application for federal student aid and for available federal education tax credits, including but not limited to the American opportunity tax credit, or if ineligible to apply for federal student aid, the participant annually submits documentation of filing a state financial aid application as approved by the office of student financial assistance; and until the participant withdraws from or is no longer attending the program, completes the program, or has taken the credit or clock hour equivalent of one hundred twenty-five percent of the published length of time of the participant's program, whichever occurs first((, and as long as the participant annually submits documentation of filing both a free application for federal student aid and for available federal education tax credits,

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- including but not limited to the American opportunity tax credit));
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- 3 (i) Notify institutions of scholarship recipients who will attend 4 their institutions and inform them of the terms of the students' 5 eliquibility.
- 6 (3) With respect to the opportunity expansion program, the 7 program administrator shall:
- 8 (a) Assist the board in developing and implementing an 9 application, selection, and notification process for making 10 opportunity expansion awards; and
- 11 (b) Solicit and accept grants and contributions from private 12 sources for opportunity expansion awards.
- 13 **Sec. 3.** RCW 28B.15.012 and 2015 3rd sp.s. c 8 s 1 are each 14 amended to read as follows:
- Whenever used in this chapter:
- 16 (1) The term "institution" shall mean a public university, 17 college, or community or technical college within the state of 18 Washington.
- 19 (2) The term "resident student" shall mean:
- (a) A financially independent student who has had a domicile in the state of Washington for the period of one year immediately prior to the time of commencement of the first day of the semester or quarter for which the student has registered at any institution and has in fact established a bona fide domicile in this state primarily for purposes other than educational;
  - (b) A dependent student, if one or both of the student's parents or legal guardians have maintained a bona fide domicile in the state of Washington for at least one year immediately prior to commencement of the semester or quarter for which the student has registered at any institution;
- 31 (c) A student classified as a resident based upon domicile by an institution on or before May 31, 1982, who was enrolled at a state institution during any term of the 1982-1983 academic year, so long as such student's enrollment (excepting summer sessions) at an institution in this state is continuous;
- 36 (d) Any student who has spent at least seventy-five percent of 37 both his or her junior and senior years in high schools in this 38 state, whose parents or legal guardians have been domiciled in the 39 state for a period of at least one year within the five-year period

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- before the student graduates from high school, and who enrolls in a public institution of higher education within six months of leaving high school, for as long as the student remains continuously enrolled for three quarters or two semesters in any calendar year;
- (e) Any person who has completed the full senior year of high 5 6 school and obtained a high school diploma, both at a Washington public high school or private high school approved under chapter 7 28A.195 RCW, or a person who has received the equivalent of a 8 diploma; who has lived in Washington for at least three years 9 immediately prior to receiving the diploma or its equivalent; who has 10 11 continuously lived in the state of Washington after receiving the diploma or its equivalent and until such time as the individual is 12 admitted to an institution of higher education under subsection (1) 13 of this section; and who provides to the institution an affidavit 14 indicating that the individual will file an application to become a 15 16 permanent resident at the earliest opportunity the individual is 17 eligible to do so and a willingness to engage in any other activities necessary to acquire citizenship, including but not limited to 18 citizenship or civics review courses; 19
  - (f) Any person who has lived in Washington, primarily for purposes other than educational, for at least one year immediately before the date on which the person has enrolled in an institution, and who holds lawful nonimmigrant status pursuant to 8 U.S.C. Sec. (a)(15) (E)(iii), (H)(i), or (L), or who holds lawful nonimmigrant status as the spouse or child of a person having nonimmigrant status under one of those subsections, or who, holding or having previously held such lawful nonimmigrant status as a principal or derivative, has filed an application for adjustment of status pursuant to 8 U.S.C. Sec. 1255(a);

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- 30 (g) A student who is on active military duty stationed in the 31 state or who is a member of the Washington national guard;
  - (h) A student who is on active military duty or a member of the national guard who entered service as a Washington resident and who has maintained Washington as his or her domicile but is not stationed in the state;
    - (i) A student who is the spouse or a dependent of a person who is on active military duty or a member of the national guard who entered service as a Washington resident and who has maintained Washington as his or her domicile but is not stationed in the state. If the person on active military duty is reassigned out-of-state, the student

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maintains the status as a resident student so long as the student is continuously enrolled in a degree program;

- (j) A student who resides in the state of Washington and is the spouse or a dependent of a person who is a member of the Washington national guard;
- (k) A student who has separated from the uniformed services with any period of honorable service after at least ninety days of active duty service; is eligible for benefits under the federal all-volunteer force educational assistance program (38 U.S.C. Sec. 3001 et seq.), the federal post-9/11 veterans educational assistance act of 2008 (38 U.S.C. Sec. 3301 et seq.), or any other federal law authorizing educational assistance benefits for veterans; and enters an institution of higher education in Washington within three years of the date of separation;
- (1) A student who is entitled to veterans administration educational assistance benefits based on the student's relationship as a spouse, former spouse, or child to an individual who has separated from the uniformed services with any period of honorable service after at least ninety days of active duty service, and who enters an institution of higher education in Washington within three years of the service member's date of separation;
- (m) A student who is entitled to veterans administration educational assistance benefits based on the student's relationship with a deceased member of the uniformed services who completed at least ninety days of active duty service and died in the line of duty, and the student enters an institution of higher education in Washington within three years of the service member's death;
- (n) A student of an out-of-state institution of higher education who is attending a Washington state institution of higher education pursuant to a home tuition agreement as described in RCW 28B.15.725;
- (o) A student who meets the requirements of RCW 28B.15.0131 or 28B.15.0139: PROVIDED, That a nonresident student enrolled for more than six hours per semester or quarter shall be considered as attending for primarily educational purposes, and for tuition and fee paying purposes only such period of enrollment shall not be counted toward the establishment of a bona fide domicile of one year in this state unless such student proves that the student has in fact established a bona fide domicile in this state primarily for purposes other than educational;

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(p) A student who resides in Washington and is on active military duty stationed in the Oregon counties of Columbia, Gilliam, Hood River, Multnomah, Clatsop, Clackamas, Morrow, Sherman, Umatilla, Union, Wallowa, Wasco, or Washington; or

- (q) A student who resides in Washington and is the spouse or a dependent of a person who resides in Washington and is on active military duty stationed in the Oregon counties of Columbia, Gilliam, Hood River, Multnomah, Clatsop, Clackamas, Morrow, Sherman, Umatilla, Union, Wallowa, Wasco, or Washington. If the person on active military duty moves from Washington or is reassigned out of the Oregon counties of Columbia, Gilliam, Hood River, Multnomah, Clatsop, Clackamas, Morrow, Sherman, Umatilla, Union, Wallowa, Wasco, or Washington, the student maintains the status as a resident student so long as the student resides in Washington and is continuously enrolled in a degree program.
  - (3)(a) A student who qualifies under subsection (2)(k), (1), or (m) of this section and who remains continuously enrolled at an institution of higher education shall retain resident student status.
  - (b) Nothing in subsection (2)(k), (1), or (m) of this section applies to students who have a dishonorable discharge from the uniformed services, or to students who are the spouse or child of an individual who has had a dishonorable discharge from the uniformed services, unless the student is receiving veterans administration educational assistance benefits.
  - (4) The term "nonresident student" shall mean any student who does not qualify as a "resident student" under the provisions of this section and RCW 28B.15.013. Except for students qualifying under subsection (2)(e) or (n) of this section, a nonresident student shall include:
  - (a) A student attending an institution with the aid of financial assistance provided by another state or governmental unit or agency thereof, such nonresidency continuing for one year after the completion of such semester or quarter. This condition shall not apply to students from Columbia, Multnomah, Clatsop, Clackamas, or Washington county, Oregon participating in the border county pilot project under RCW 28B.76.685, 28B.76.690, and 28B.15.0139.
  - (b) A person who is not a citizen of the United States of America who does not have permanent or temporary resident status or does not hold "Refugee-Parolee" or "Conditional Entrant" status or U or T nonimmigrant status with the United States citizenship immigration

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- services or is not otherwise permanently residing in the United States under color of law, including deferred action status, and who does not also meet and comply with all the applicable requirements in this section and RCW 28B.15.013.
  - (5) The term "domicile" shall denote a person's true, fixed and permanent home and place of habitation. It is the place where the student intends to remain, and to which the student expects to return when the student leaves without intending to establish a new domicile elsewhere. The burden of proof that a student, parent or guardian has established a domicile in the state of Washington primarily for purposes other than educational lies with the student.
- (6) The term "dependent" shall mean a person who is not financially independent. Factors to be considered in determining whether a person is financially independent shall be set forth in rules adopted by the student achievement council and shall include, but not be limited to, the state and federal income tax returns of the person and/or the student's parents or legal guardian filed for the calendar year prior to the year in which application is made and such other evidence as the council may require.
- 20 (7) The term "active military duty" means the person is serving 21 on active duty in:
  - (a) The armed forces of the United States government; or
  - (b) The Washington national guard; or

- (c) The coast guard, merchant mariners, or other nonmilitary organization when such service is recognized by the United States government as equivalent to service in the armed forces.
- (8) The term "active duty service" means full-time duty, other than active duty for training, as a member of the uniformed services of the United States. Active duty service as a national guard member under Title 32 U.S.C. for the purpose of organizing, administering, recruiting, instructing, or training and active service under 32 U.S.C. Sec. 502(f) for the purpose of responding to a national emergency is recognized as active duty service.
- (9) The term "uniformed services" is defined by Title 10 U.S.C.; subsequently structured and organized by Titles 14, 33, and 42 U.S.C.; consisting of the United States army, United States marine corps, United States navy, United States air force, United States coast guard, United States public health service commissioned corps,

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- 1 and the national oceanic and atmospheric administration commissioned
- 2 officer corps.

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