## HOUSE BILL 1621

State of Washington 65th Legislature 2017 Regular Session

By Representatives Senn, Pettigrew, Stonier, Clibborn, Lytton, Farrell, Hudgins, Bergquist, Riccelli, Ortiz-Self, Fey, Doglio, Slatter, and Kagi

Read first time 01/25/17. Referred to Committee on Appropriations.

- AN ACT Relating to providing funding allocations to promote children's health and social-emotional learning; amending RCW 28A.150.260; reenacting and amending RCW 28A.150.260; adding a new section to chapter 28A.150 RCW; creating a new section; providing effective dates; and providing a contingent expiration date.
- 6 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:
- 7 The legislature intends to promote social-NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. emotional learning in schools. To support the work of classroom 8 9 staff, the legislature intends to enhance school funding by providing allocations equivalent to one additional certificated 10 11 instructional staff unit at each level of the prototypical school. 12 School districts may use this funding for additional staff dedicated 13 to supporting children's health and social-emotional learning, such 14 as school nurses, social workers, psychologists, guidance counselors, 15 and parent involvement coordinators. The legislature intends these 16 increased allocations to remain in place until full implementation of 17 the increased staffing allocations required under Initiative Measure 18 No. 1351.
- 19 **Sec. 2.** RCW 28A.150.260 and 2014 c 217 s 206 are each amended to 20 read as follows:

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The purpose of this section is to provide for the allocation of state funding that the legislature deems necessary to support school districts in offering the minimum instructional program of basic education under RCW 28A.150.220. The allocation shall be determined as follows:

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- (1) The governor shall and the superintendent of public instruction may recommend to the legislature a formula for the distribution of a basic education instructional allocation for each common school district.
- (2) The distribution formula under this section shall be for allocation purposes only. Except as may be required under chapter 28A.155, 28A.165, 28A.180, ((ex)) 28A.185 RCW, or section 4 of this act, or federal laws and regulations, nothing in this section requires school districts to use basic education instructional funds to implement a particular instructional approach or service. Nothing in this section requires school districts to maintain a particular classroom teacher-to-student ratio or other staff-to-student ratio or to use allocated funds to pay for particular types or classifications of staff. Nothing in this section entitles an individual teacher to a particular teacher planning period.
- (3)(a) To the extent the technical details of the formula have been adopted by the legislature and except when specifically provided as a school district allocation, the distribution formula for the basic education instructional allocation shall be based on minimum staffing and nonstaff costs the legislature deems necessary to support instruction and operations in prototypical schools serving high, middle, and elementary school students as provided in this section. The use of prototypical schools for the distribution formula does not constitute legislative intent that schools should be operated or structured in a similar fashion as the prototypes. Prototypical schools illustrate the level of resources needed to operate a school of a particular size with particular types and grade levels of students using commonly understood terms and inputs, such as class size, hours of instruction, and various categories of school staff. It is the intent that the funding allocations to school districts be adjusted from the school prototypes based on the actual number of annual average full-time equivalent students in each grade level at each school in the district and not based on the grade-level configuration of the school to the extent that data is available. The allocations shall be further adjusted from the school prototypes with

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minimum allocations for small schools and to reflect other factors identified in the omnibus appropriations act.

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- (b) For the purposes of this section, prototypical schools are defined as follows:
- (i) A prototypical high school has six hundred average annual full-time equivalent students in grades nine through twelve;
  - (ii) A prototypical middle school has four hundred thirty-two average annual full-time equivalent students in grades seven and eight; and
- 10 (iii) A prototypical elementary school has four hundred average 11 annual full-time equivalent students in grades kindergarten through 12 six.
- (4)(a)(i) The minimum allocation for each level of prototypical school shall be based on the number of full-time equivalent classroom teachers needed to provide instruction over the minimum required annual instructional hours under RCW 28A.150.220 and provide at least one teacher planning period per school day, and based on the following general education average class size of full-time equivalent students per teacher:

20	General edu	cation
21	average clas	
	-	
	Grades K-3	
23	Grade 4	27.00
24	Grades 5-6	27.00
25	Grades 7-8	28.53
26	Grades 9-12	28.74

(ii) The minimum class size allocation for each prototypical high school shall also provide for enhanced funding for class size reduction for two laboratory science classes within grades nine through twelve per full-time equivalent high school student multiplied by a laboratory science course factor of 0.0833, based on the number of full-time equivalent classroom teachers needed to provide instruction over the minimum required annual instructional hours in RCW 28A.150.220, and providing at least one teacher planning period per school day:

36										Laboratory science
37										average class size
38	Grades 9-12.									19.98

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(b) During the 2011-2013 biennium and beginning with schools with the highest percentage of students eligible for free and reduced-price meals in the prior school year, the general education average class size for grades K-3 shall be reduced until the average class size funded under this subsection (4) is no more than 17.0 full-time equivalent students per teacher beginning in the 2017-18 school year.

(c) The minimum allocation for each prototypical middle and high school shall also provide for full-time equivalent classroom teachers based on the following number of full-time equivalent students per teacher in career and technical education:

Career and technical education average class size Approved career and technical education offered at Skill center programs meeting the standards established by the office of the superintendent of public 

- 19 (d) In addition, the omnibus appropriations act shall at a 20 minimum specify:
  - (i) A high-poverty average class size in schools where more than fifty percent of the students are eligible for free and reduced-price meals; and
  - (ii) A specialty average class size for advanced placement and international baccalaureate courses.
  - (5) The minimum allocation for each level of prototypical school shall include allocations for the following types of staff in addition to classroom teachers:

29		Elementary	Middle	High
30		School	School	School
31	Principals, assistant principals, and other certificated building-level			
32	administrators	1.253	1.353	1.880
33	Teacher librarians, a function that includes information literacy, technology,			
34	and media to support school library media programs	0.663	0.519	0.523
35	Health and social services:			
36	School nurses.	0.076	0.060	0.096
37	Social workers	0.042	0.006	0.015

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1	Psychologists
2	Guidance counselors, a function that includes parent outreach and graduation
3	advising
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5	Teaching assistance, including any aspect of educational instructional services  provided by classified employees
6	Office support and other noninstructional aides
7	Custodians. 1.657 1.942 2.965
8	Classified staff providing student and staff safety
9	Parent involvement coordinators
10	(6)(a) The minimum staffing allocation for each school district
11	to provide district-wide support services shall be allocated per one
12	thousand annual average full-time equivalent students in grades K-12
13	as follows:
14	Staff per 1,000
15	K-12 students
16	Technology
17	Facilities, maintenance, and grounds
18	Warehouse, laborers, and mechanics 0.332
19	(b) The minimum allocation of staff units for each school
20	district to support certificated and classified staffing of central
21	administration shall be 5.30 percent of the staff units generated
22	
	under subsections (4)(a) and (b) and (5) of this section and (a) of
23	under subsections $(4)(a)$ and $(b)$ and $(5)$ of this section and $(a)$ of this subsection.
23	this subsection.
23 24	this subsection.  (7) The distribution formula shall include staffing allocations
23 24 25	this subsection.  (7) The distribution formula shall include staffing allocations to school districts for career and technical education and skill
23 24 25 26 27 28	this subsection.  (7) The distribution formula shall include staffing allocations to school districts for career and technical education and skill center administrative and other school-level certificated staff, as specified in the omnibus appropriations act.  (8)(a) Except as provided in (b) and (c) of this subsection, the
<ul><li>23</li><li>24</li><li>25</li><li>26</li><li>27</li><li>28</li><li>29</li></ul>	this subsection.  (7) The distribution formula shall include staffing allocations to school districts for career and technical education and skill center administrative and other school-level certificated staff, as specified in the omnibus appropriations act.  (8)(a) Except as provided in (b) and (c) of this subsection, the minimum allocation for each school district shall include allocations
23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30	this subsection.  (7) The distribution formula shall include staffing allocations to school districts for career and technical education and skill center administrative and other school-level certificated staff, as specified in the omnibus appropriations act.  (8)(a) Except as provided in (b) and (c) of this subsection, the minimum allocation for each school district shall include allocations per annual average full-time equivalent student for the following
23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31	this subsection.  (7) The distribution formula shall include staffing allocations to school districts for career and technical education and skill center administrative and other school-level certificated staff, as specified in the omnibus appropriations act.  (8)(a) Except as provided in (b) and (c) of this subsection, the minimum allocation for each school district shall include allocations per annual average full-time equivalent student for the following materials, supplies, and operating costs, to be adjusted for
23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30	this subsection.  (7) The distribution formula shall include staffing allocations to school districts for career and technical education and skill center administrative and other school-level certificated staff, as specified in the omnibus appropriations act.  (8)(a) Except as provided in (b) and (c) of this subsection, the minimum allocation for each school district shall include allocations per annual average full-time equivalent student for the following
23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31	this subsection.  (7) The distribution formula shall include staffing allocations to school districts for career and technical education and skill center administrative and other school-level certificated staff, as specified in the omnibus appropriations act.  (8)(a) Except as provided in (b) and (c) of this subsection, the minimum allocation for each school district shall include allocations per annual average full-time equivalent student for the following materials, supplies, and operating costs, to be adjusted for

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Technology. . . . . .

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in grades K-12

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1 2 3 4	Utilities and insurance
5 6 7	classified staff
8 9 10 11 12 13	(b) During the 2011-2013 biennium, the minimum allocation for maintenance, supplies, and operating costs shall be increased as specified in the omnibus appropriations act. The following allocations, adjusted for inflation from the 2007-08 school year, are provided in the 2015-16 school year, after which the allocations shall be adjusted annually for inflation as specified in the omnibus appropriations act:
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30	Per annual average full-time equivalent student in grades K-12  Technology
31	costs, to be adjusted annually for inflation:
32 33 34 35 36 37 38	Per annual average full-time equivalent student in grades 9-12  Technology

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- (9) In addition to the amounts provided in subsection (8) of this section, the omnibus appropriations act shall provide an amount based on full-time equivalent student enrollment in each of the following:
- (a) Exploratory career and technical education courses for students in grades seven through twelve;
- (b) Preparatory career and technical education courses for students in grades nine through twelve offered in a high school; and
- (c) Preparatory career and technical education courses for students in grades eleven and twelve offered through a skill center.
- (10) In addition to the allocations otherwise provided under this section, amounts shall be provided to support the following programs and services:
- (a) To provide supplemental instruction and services for underachieving students through the learning assistance program under RCW 28A.165.005 through 28A.165.065, allocations shall be based on the district percentage of students in grades K-12 who were eligible for free or reduced-price meals in the prior school year. The minimum allocation for the program shall provide for each level of prototypical school resources to provide, on a statewide average, 1.5156 hours per week in extra instruction with a class size of fifteen learning assistance program students per teacher.
- (b) To provide supplemental instruction and services for students whose primary language is other than English, allocations shall be based on the head count number of students in each school who are eligible for and enrolled in the transitional bilingual instruction program under RCW 28A.180.010 through 28A.180.080. The minimum allocation for each level of prototypical school shall provide resources to provide, on a statewide average, 4.7780 hours per week in extra instruction with fifteen transitional bilingual instruction program students per teacher. Notwithstanding other provisions of this subsection (10), the actual per-student allocation may be scaled to provide a larger allocation for students needing more intensive intervention and a commensurate reduced allocation for students needing less intensive intervention, as detailed in the omnibus appropriations act.
- (c) To provide additional allocations to support programs for highly capable students under RCW 28A.185.010 through 28A.185.030, allocations shall be based on two and three hundred fourteen one-

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- thousandths percent of each school district's full-time equivalent basic education enrollment. The minimum allocation for the programs shall provide resources to provide, on a statewide average, 2.1590 hours per week in extra instruction with fifteen highly capable program students per teacher.
- (11) The allocations under subsections (4)(a) and (b), (5), (6), and (8) of this section shall be enhanced as provided under RCW 28A.150.390 on an excess cost basis to provide supplemental instructional resources for students with disabilities.

- (12)(a) For the purposes of allocations for prototypical high schools and middle schools under subsections (4) and (10) of this section that are based on the percent of students in the school who are eligible for free and reduced-price meals, the actual percent of such students in a school shall be adjusted by a factor identified in the omnibus appropriations act to reflect underreporting of free and reduced-price meal eligibility among middle and high school students.
- (b) Allocations or enhancements provided under subsections (4), (7), and (9) of this section for exploratory and preparatory career and technical education courses shall be provided only for courses approved by the office of the superintendent of public instruction under chapter 28A.700 RCW.
- (13)(a) This formula for distribution of basic education funds shall be reviewed biennially by the superintendent and governor. The recommended formula shall be subject to approval, amendment or rejection by the legislature.
- (b) In the event the legislature rejects the distribution formula recommended by the governor, without adopting a new distribution formula, the distribution formula for the previous school year shall remain in effect.
- (c) The enrollment of any district shall be the annual average number of full-time equivalent students and part-time students as provided in RCW 28A.150.350, enrolled on the first school day of each month, including students who are in attendance pursuant to RCW 28A.335.160 and 28A.225.250 who do not reside within the servicing school district. The definition of full-time equivalent student shall be determined by rules of the superintendent of public instruction and shall be included as part of the superintendent's biennial budget request. The definition shall be based on the minimum instructional hour offerings required under RCW 28A.150.220. Any revision of the

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- present definition shall not take effect until approved by the house ways and means committee and the senate ways and means committee.
- 3 (d) The office of financial management shall make a monthly 4 review of the superintendent's reported full-time equivalent students 5 in the common schools in conjunction with RCW 43.62.050.
- **Sec. 3.** RCW 28A.150.260 and 2015 c 2 s 2 and 2014 c 217 s 206 7 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

The purpose of this section is to provide for the allocation of state funding that the legislature deems necessary to support school districts in offering the minimum instructional program of basic education under RCW 28A.150.220. The allocation shall be determined as follows:

- (1) The governor shall and the superintendent of public instruction may recommend to the legislature a formula for the distribution of a basic education instructional allocation for each common school district.
- (2) The distribution formula under this section shall be for allocation purposes only. Except as required for class size reduction funding provided under subsection (4)(f) of this section and as may be required under chapter 28A.155, 28A.165, 28A.180, ((ex)) 28A.185 RCW, or section 4 of this act, or federal laws and regulations, nothing in this section requires school districts to use basic education instructional funds to implement a particular instructional approach or service. Nothing in this section requires school districts to maintain a particular classroom teacher-to-student ratio or other staff-to-student ratio or to use allocated funds to pay for particular types or classifications of staff. Nothing in this section entitles an individual teacher to a particular teacher planning period.
- (3)(a) To the extent the technical details of the formula have been adopted by the legislature and except when specifically provided as a school district allocation, the distribution formula for the basic education instructional allocation shall be based on minimum staffing and nonstaff costs the legislature deems necessary to support instruction and operations in prototypical schools serving high, middle, and elementary school students as provided in this section. The use of prototypical schools for the distribution formula does not constitute legislative intent that schools should be operated or structured in a similar fashion as the prototypes.

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1 Prototypical schools illustrate the level of resources needed to operate a school of a particular size with particular types and grade 2 levels of students using commonly understood terms and inputs, such 3 as class size, hours of instruction, and various categories of school 4 staff. It is the intent that the funding allocations to school 5 6 districts be adjusted from the school prototypes based on the actual 7 number of annual average full-time equivalent students in each grade level at each school in the district and not based on the grade-level 8 configuration of the school to the extent that data is available. The 9 allocations shall be further adjusted from the school prototypes with 10 11 minimum allocations for small schools and to reflect other factors identified in the omnibus appropriations act. 12

- (b) For the purposes of this section, prototypical schools are defined as follows:
- 15 (i) A prototypical high school has six hundred average annual 16 full-time equivalent students in grades nine through twelve;

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- (ii) A prototypical middle school has four hundred thirty-two average annual full-time equivalent students in grades seven and eight; and
- (iii) A prototypical elementary school has four hundred average annual full-time equivalent students in grades kindergarten through six.
  - (4)(a)(i) The minimum allocation for each level of prototypical school shall be based on the number of full-time equivalent classroom teachers needed to provide instruction over the minimum required annual instructional hours under RCW 28A.150.220 and provide at least one teacher planning period per school day, and based on the following general education average class size of full-time equivalent students per teacher:

30	General edu	cation
31	a	verage
32	clas	s size
33	Grades K-3	17.00
34	Grade 4	25.00
35	Grades 5-6	25.00
36	Grades 7-8	25.00
37	Grades 9-12	25.00

(ii) The minimum class size allocation for each prototypical high school shall also provide for enhanced funding for class size

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1	reduction for two laboratory science classes within grades nine
2	through twelve per full-time equivalent high school student
3	multiplied by a laboratory science course factor of 0.0833, based on
4	the number of full-time equivalent classroom teachers needed to
5	provide instruction over the minimum required annual instructional
6	hours in RCW 28A.150.220, and providing at least one teacher planning
7	period per school day:
8	Laboratory science
9	average class size
10	Grades 9-12
11	(b) During the 2011-2013 biennium and beginning with schools with
12	the highest percentage of students eligible for free and reduced-
13	price meals in the prior school year, the general education average
14	class size for grades K-3 shall be reduced until the average class
15	size funded under this subsection (4) is no more than 17.0 full-time
16	equivalent students per teacher beginning in the 2017-18 school year.
17	(c) The minimum allocation for each prototypical middle and high
18	school shall also provide for full-time equivalent classroom teachers
19	based on the following number of full-time equivalent students per
20	teacher in career and technical education:
21	Career and technical
22	education average
23	class size
24	Approved career and technical education offered at
25	the middle school and high school level
26	Skill center programs meeting the standards established
27	by the office of the superintendent of public
28	instruction
29	(d) In addition, the omnibus appropriations act shall at a
30	minimum specify a specialty average class size for advanced placement
31	and international baccalaureate courses.
32	(e) For each level of prototypical school at which more than
33	fifty percent of the students were eligible for free and reduced-
34	price meals in the prior school year, the superintendent shall
35	allocate funding based on the following average class size of full-
36	time equivalent students per teacher:
37	General education average
38	class size in

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1			high	poverty
2	Grades K-3			
3	Grade 4			
4	Grades 5-6			
5	Grades 7-8			. 23.0
6	Grades 9-12			. 23.0
7	(f)(i) Funding for average class sizes	in this	subsect	tion (4)
8	shall be provided only to the extent of, a	nd propor	tionate	to, the
9	school district's demonstrated actual average	ge class	size, up	to the
10	funded class sizes.			
11	(ii) Districts that demonstrate capit	al facil	ity nee	ds that
12	prevent them from reducing actual class siz	es to fur	nded leve	els, may
13	use funding in this subsection (4) for sc	hool-base	d person	nnel who
14	provide direct services to students. Distric	ts that u	use this	funding
15	for purposes other than reducing actual cl	lass size	s must	annually
16	report the number and dollar value for each	type of ]	personne	l funded
17	by school and grade level.			
18	(iii) The office of the superintenden	t of pub	olic ins	truction
19	shall develop rules to implement this subsect	ion $(4)$ .		
20	(5) The minimum allocation for each leve	el of pro	totypica	l school
21	shall include allocations necessary for			ffective
22	operation of a school, to meet individual			and to
23	ensure all required school functions		-	-
24	appropriately trained personnel, for the fol	lowing ty	rpes of s	staff in
25	addition to classroom teachers:			
26		Elementary	Middle	High
27		School	School	School
28	Principals, assistant principals, and other certificated building-level			
29	administrators	1.3	1.4	1.9
30	Teacher librarians, a function that includes information literacy, technology,			
31	and media to support school library media programs	1.0	1.0	1.0
32	Health and social services:			
33	School nurses.	0.585	0.888	0.824
34	Social workers	0.311	0.088	0.127

Psychologists....

Guidance counselors, a function that includes parent outreach and graduation

advising.....

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0.024

1.116

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0.493

1	Teaching assistance, including any aspect of educational instructional services
2	provided by classified employees 2.0 1.0 1.0
3	Office support and other noninstructional aides
4	Custodians. 1.7 2.0 3.0
5	Classified staff providing student and staff safety
6	Parent involvement coordinators. 1.0 1.0 1.0
7	(6)(a) The minimum staffing allocation for each school district
8	to provide district-wide support services shall be allocated per one
9	thousand annual average full-time equivalent students in grades K-12
10	as follows:
11	Staff per 1,000
12	K-12 students
13	Technology
14	Facilities, maintenance, and grounds 4.0
15	Warehouse, laborers, and mechanics 1.9
16	(b) The minimum allocation of staff units for each school
17	district to support certificated and classified staffing of central
18	administration shall be 5.30 percent of the staff units generated
19	under subsections (4)(a) and (b) and (5) of this section and (a) of
20	this subsection.
21	(7) The distribution formula shall include staffing allocations
22	to school districts for career and technical education and skill
23	center administrative and other school-level certificated staff, as
24	specified in the omnibus appropriations act.
25	(8)(a) Except as provided in (b) and (c) of this subsection, the
26	minimum allocation for each school district shall include allocations
27 28	per annual average full-time equivalent student for the following materials, supplies, and operating costs, to be adjusted for
29	inflation from the 2008-09 school year:
30	Per annual average
31	full-time equivalent student
32	in grades K-12
33 34	Technology.
35	Curriculum and textbooks
36	Other supplies and library materials
37	Instructional professional development for certified and
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1 2 3	classified staff
4 5 6 7 8 9	(b) During the 2011-2013 biennium, the minimum allocation for maintenance, supplies, and operating costs shall be increased as specified in the omnibus appropriations act. The following allocations, adjusted for inflation from the 2007-08 school year, are provided in the 2015-16 school year, after which the allocations shall be adjusted annually for inflation as specified in the omnibus appropriations act:
11 12 13	Per annual average full-time equivalent student in grades K-12
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	Technology
<ul><li>22</li><li>23</li><li>24</li><li>25</li><li>26</li><li>27</li></ul>	(c) In addition to the amounts provided in (a) and (b) of this subsection, beginning in the 2014-15 school year, the omnibus appropriations act shall provide the following minimum allocation for each annual average full-time equivalent student in grades nine through twelve for the following materials, supplies, and operating costs, to be adjusted annually for inflation:
28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35	Per annual average full-time equivalent student in grades 9-12  Technology
36 37 38	(9) In addition to the amounts provided in subsection (8) of this section, the omnibus appropriations act shall provide an amount based on full-time equivalent student enrollment in each of the following:

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1 (a) Exploratory career and technical education courses for 2 students in grades seven through twelve;

- (b) Preparatory career and technical education courses for students in grades nine through twelve offered in a high school; and
- (c) Preparatory career and technical education courses for students in grades eleven and twelve offered through a skill center.
- (10) In addition to the allocations otherwise provided under this section, amounts shall be provided to support the following programs and services:
- (a) To provide supplemental instruction and services for underachieving students through the learning assistance program under RCW 28A.165.005 through 28A.165.065, allocations shall be based on the district percentage of students in grades K-12 who were eligible for free or reduced-price meals in the prior school year. The minimum allocation for the program shall provide for each level of prototypical school resources to provide, on a statewide average, 1.5156 hours per week in extra instruction with a class size of fifteen learning assistance program students per teacher.
- (b) To provide supplemental instruction and services for students whose primary language is other than English, allocations shall be based on the head count number of students in each school who are eligible for and enrolled in the transitional bilingual instruction program under RCW 28A.180.010 through 28A.180.080. The minimum allocation for each level of prototypical school shall provide resources to provide, on a statewide average, 4.7780 hours per week in extra instruction with fifteen transitional bilingual instruction program students per teacher. Notwithstanding other provisions of this subsection (10), the actual per-student allocation may be scaled to provide a larger allocation for students needing more intensive intervention and a commensurate reduced allocation for students needing less intensive intervention, as detailed in the omnibus appropriations act.
- (c) To provide additional allocations to support programs for highly capable students under RCW 28A.185.010 through 28A.185.030, allocations shall be based on two and three hundred fourteen one-thousandths percent of each school district's full-time equivalent basic education enrollment. The minimum allocation for the programs shall provide resources to provide, on a statewide average, 2.1590 hours per week in extra instruction with fifteen highly capable program students per teacher.

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1 (11) The allocations under subsections (4)(a) and (b), (5), (6), 2 and (8) of this section shall be enhanced as provided under RCW 3 28A.150.390 on an excess cost basis to provide supplemental 4 instructional resources for students with disabilities.

- (12)(a) For the purposes of allocations for prototypical high schools and middle schools under subsections (4) and (10) of this section that are based on the percent of students in the school who are eligible for free and reduced-price meals, the actual percent of such students in a school shall be adjusted by a factor identified in the omnibus appropriations act to reflect underreporting of free and reduced-price meal eligibility among middle and high school students.
- (b) Allocations or enhancements provided under subsections (4), (7), and (9) of this section for exploratory and preparatory career and technical education courses shall be provided only for courses approved by the office of the superintendent of public instruction under chapter 28A.700 RCW.
- (13)(a) This formula for distribution of basic education funds shall be reviewed biennially by the superintendent and governor. The recommended formula shall be subject to approval, amendment or rejection by the legislature.
- (b) In the event the legislature rejects the distribution formula recommended by the governor, without adopting a new distribution formula, the distribution formula for the previous school year shall remain in effect.
- (c) The enrollment of any district shall be the annual average number of full-time equivalent students and part-time students as provided in RCW 28A.150.350, enrolled on the first school day of each month, including students who are in attendance pursuant to RCW 28A.335.160 and 28A.225.250 who do not reside within the servicing school district. The definition of full-time equivalent student shall be determined by rules of the superintendent of public instruction and shall be included as part of the superintendent's biennial budget request. The definition shall be based on the minimum instructional hour offerings required under RCW 28A.150.220. Any revision of the present definition shall not take effect until approved by the house ways and means committee and the senate ways and means committee.
- (d) The office of financial management shall make a monthly review of the superintendent's reported full-time equivalent students in the common schools in conjunction with RCW 43.62.050.

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NEW SECTION. Sec. 4. A new section is added to chapter 28A.150 RCW to read as follows:

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- (1) The purpose of this section is to promote children's health and social-emotional learning by providing funding to school districts to employ additional staff who are dedicated to supporting children's health and social-emotional learning.
- (2) In addition to the allocation levels established for each prototypical school level in RCW 28A.150.260(5), beginning with school year 2017-18 the minimum allocation for each level of prototypical school must include allocations for 1.0 full-time equivalent certificated instructional staff unit.
- 12 (3) School districts may use funding allocated for children's
  13 health and social-emotional learning only for staff who support
  14 children's health and social-emotional learning. For the purposes of
  15 this section, "staff that support children's health and social16 emotional learning" means school nurses, social workers,
  17 psychologists, guidance counselors, and parent involvement
  18 coordinators.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 5. Section 4 of this act expires on the 19 earlier of August 31, 2023, or the date that the staffing values in 20 section 2(5), chapter 2, Laws of 2015 are fully funded. The 21 superintendent of public instruction must provide notice of the 22 expiration date of section 4 of this act to affected parties, the 23 24 chief clerk of the house of representatives, the secretary of the senate, the office of the code reviser, and others as deemed 25 appropriate by the superintendent. 26
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 6. Section 2 of this act takes effect September 1, 2017.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 7. Section 3 of this act takes effect September 1, 2022.

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