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HOUSE BILL 2589

State of Washington 65th Legislature 2018 Regular Session

By Representatives Caldier, Appleton, Jinkins, and Cody

Read first time 01/10/18. Referred to Committee on Health Care & Wellness.

- 1 AN ACT Relating to certificates of need; and amending RCW
- 2 70.38.105, 70.38.115, and 70.38.125.
- 3 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:
- 4 **Sec. 1.** RCW 70.38.105 and 2012 c 10 s 47 are each amended to 5 read as follows:
- 6 (1) The department is authorized and directed to implement the 7 certificate of need program in this state pursuant to the provisions 8 of this chapter.
 - (2) There shall be a state certificate of need program which is administered consistent with the requirements of federal law as necessary to the receipt of federal funds by the state.
- 12 (3) No person shall engage in any undertaking which is subject to 13 certificate of need review under subsection (4) of this section 14 without first having received from the department either a 15 certificate of need or an exception granted in accordance with this 16 chapter.
- 17 (4) The following shall be subject to certificate of need review 18 under this chapter:
- 19 (a) The construction, development, or other establishment of a 20 new health care facility including, but not limited to, a hospital 21 constructed, developed, or established by a health maintenance

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- organization or by a combination of health maintenance organizations except as provided in subsection (7)(a) of this section;
- (b) The sale, purchase, or lease of part or all of any existing hospital as defined in RCW 70.38.025 including, but not limited to, a hospital sold, purchased, or leased by a health maintenance organization or by a combination of health maintenance organizations except as provided in subsection (7)(b) of this section;
- (c) Any capital expenditure for the construction, renovation, or alteration of a nursing home which substantially changes the services of the facility after January 1, 1981, provided that the substantial changes in services are specified by the department in rule;
- (d) Any capital expenditure for the construction, renovation, or alteration of a nursing home which exceeds the expenditure minimum as defined by RCW 70.38.025. However, a capital expenditure which is not subject to certificate of need review under (a), (b), (c), or (e) of this subsection and which is solely for any one or more of the following is not subject to certificate of need review:
 - (i) Communications and parking facilities;
- 19 (ii) Mechanical, electrical, ventilation, heating, and air 20 conditioning systems;
 - (iii) Energy conservation systems;

- (iv) Repairs to, or the correction of, deficiencies in existing physical plant facilities which are necessary to maintain state licensure, however, other additional repairs, remodeling, or replacement projects that are not related to one or more deficiency citations and are not necessary to maintain state licensure are not exempt from certificate of need review except as otherwise permitted by (d)(vi) of this subsection or RCW 70.38.115(13);
- (v) Acquisition of equipment, including data processing equipment, which is not or will not be used in the direct provision of health services;
- (vi) Construction or renovation at an existing nursing home which involves physical plant facilities, including administrative, dining areas, kitchen, laundry, therapy areas, and support facilities, by an existing licensee who has operated the beds for at least one year;
 - (vii) Acquisition of land; and
- 37 (viii) Refinancing of existing debt;
- (e) A change in bed capacity of a health care facility which increases the total number of licensed beds or redistributes beds among acute care, nursing home care, and assisted living facility

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care if the bed redistribution is to be effective for a period in excess of six months, or a change in bed capacity of a rural health care facility licensed under RCW 70.175.100 that increases the total number of nursing home beds or redistributes beds from acute care or assisted living facility care to nursing home care if the bed б redistribution is to be effective for a period in excess of six months. A health care facility certified as a critical access hospital under 42 U.S.C. 1395i-4 may increase its total number of licensed beds to the total number of beds permitted under 42 U.S.C. 1395i-4 for acute care and may redistribute beds permitted under 42 U.S.C. 1395i-4 among acute care and nursing home care without being subject to certificate of need review. If there is a nursing home licensed under chapter 18.51 RCW within twenty-seven miles of the critical access hospital, the critical access hospital is subject to certificate of need review except for:

- (i) Critical access hospitals which had designated beds to provide nursing home care, in excess of five swing beds, prior to December 31, 2003;
- (ii) Up to five swing beds; or

(iii) Up to twenty-five swing beds for critical access hospitals which do not have a nursing home licensed under chapter 18.51 RCW within the same city or town limits. Up to one-half of the additional beds designated for swing bed services under this subsection (4)(e)(iii) may be so designated before July 1, 2010, with the balance designated on or after July 1, 2010.

Critical access hospital beds not subject to certificate of need review under this subsection (4)(e) will not be counted as either acute care or nursing home care for certificate of need review purposes. If a health care facility ceases to be certified as a critical access hospital under 42 U.S.C. 1395i-4, the hospital may revert back to the type and number of licensed hospital beds as it had when it requested critical access hospital designation;

- (f) The relocation of licensed beds to a new or existing health care facility;
- (g) Any new tertiary health services which are offered in or through a health care facility or rural health care facility licensed under RCW 70.175.100, and which were not offered on a regular basis by, in, or through such health care facility or rural health care facility within the twelve-month period prior to the time such services would be offered;

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1 $((\frac{g}{g}))$ (h) Any expenditure for the construction, renovation, or alteration of a nursing home or change in nursing home services in excess of the expenditure minimum made in preparation for any 3 undertaking under this subsection (4) ((of this section)) and any 4 arrangement or commitment made for financing such undertaking. preparation shall include expenditures 6 Expenditures of 7 architectural designs, plans, working drawings, and specifications. may issue certificates of department need predevelopment expenditures, only, without authorizing any subsequent undertaking with respect to which such predevelopment expenditures 11 are made; and

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- 12 $((\frac{h}{h}))$ (i) Any increase in the number of dialysis stations in a 13 kidney disease center.
 - (5) The department is authorized to charge fees for the review of certificate of need applications and requests for exemptions from certificate of need review. The fees shall be sufficient to cover the full cost of review and exemption, which may include the development of standards, criteria, and policies.
- (6) No person may divide a project in order to avoid review 19 requirements under any of the thresholds specified in this section. 20
 - (7)(a) The requirement that a health maintenance organization obtain a certificate of need under subsection (4)(a) of this section for the construction, development, or other establishment of a hospital does not apply to a health maintenance organization operating a group practice that has been continuously licensed as a health maintenance organization since January 1, 2009;
 - (b) The requirement that a health maintenance organization obtain a certificate of need under subsection (4)(b) of this section to sell, purchase, or lease a hospital does not apply to a health maintenance organization operating a group practice that has been continuously licensed as a health maintenance organization since January 1, 2009.
 - **Sec. 2.** RCW 70.38.115 and 1996 c 178 s 22 are each amended to read as follows:
- 35 (1) Certificates of need shall be issued, denied, suspended, or revoked by the designee of the secretary in accord with the 36 provisions of this chapter and rules of the department which 37 38 establish review procedures and criteria for the certificate of need 39 program.

p. 4 HB 2589 (2) Criteria for the review of certificate of need applications, except as provided in subsection (3) of this section for health maintenance organizations, shall include but not be limited to consideration of the following:

- (a) The need that the population served or to be served by such services has for such services;
- (b) The availability of less costly or more effective alternative methods of providing such services;
- (c) The financial feasibility and the probable impact of the proposal on the cost of and charges for providing health services in the community to be served;
- (d) In the case of health services to be provided, (i) the availability of alternative uses of project resources for the provision of other health services, (ii) the extent to which such proposed services will be accessible to all residents of the area to be served, and (iii) the need for and the availability in the community of services and facilities for osteopathic physicians and surgeons and allopathic physicians and their patients. The department shall consider the application in terms of its impact on existing and proposed institutional training programs for doctors of osteopathic medicine and surgery and medicine at the student, internship, and residency training levels;
- (e) In the case of a construction project, the costs and methods of the proposed construction, including the cost and methods of energy provision, and the probable impact of the construction project reviewed (i) on the cost of providing health services by the person proposing such construction project and (ii) on the cost and charges to the public of providing health services by other persons;
- (f) The special needs and circumstances of osteopathic hospitals, nonallopathic services and children's hospitals;
- 31 (g) Improvements or innovations in the financing and delivery of 32 health services which foster cost containment and serve to promote 33 quality assurance and cost-effectiveness;
 - (h) In the case of health services proposed to be provided, the efficiency and appropriateness of the use of existing services and facilities similar to those proposed;
- 37 (i) In the case of existing services or facilities, the quality 38 of care provided by such services or facilities in the past;

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- (j) In the case of hospital certificate of need applications,
 whether the hospital meets or exceeds the regional average level of
 charity care, as determined by the secretary; ((and))
 - (k) In the case of nursing home applications:

- 5 (i) The availability of other nursing home beds in the planning 6 area to be served; and
 - (ii) The availability of other services in the community to be served. Data used to determine the availability of other services will include but not be limited to data provided by the department of social and health services; and
 - (1) In the case of relocating beds to a new or existing health care facility, the effect on the ability of the population presently served to reasonably access health care services. This includes consideration of the ability of low-income persons, minorities, handicapped persons, other underserved groups, and the elderly to reasonably access health care services based on proximity and available transportation.
 - (3) A certificate of need application of a health maintenance organization or a health care facility which is controlled, directly or indirectly, by a health maintenance organization, shall be approved by the department if the department finds:
 - (a) Approval of such application is required to meet the needs of the members of the health maintenance organization and of the new members which such organization can reasonably be expected to enroll; and
 - (b) The health maintenance organization is unable to provide, through services or facilities which can reasonably be expected to be available to the organization, its health services in a reasonable and cost-effective manner which is consistent with the basic method of operation of the organization and which makes such services available on a long-term basis through physicians and other health professionals associated with it.
 - A health care facility, or any part thereof, with respect to which a certificate of need was issued under this subsection may not be sold or leased and a controlling interest in such facility or in a lease of such facility may not be acquired unless the department issues a certificate of need approving the sale, acquisition, or lease.
- 39 (4) Until the final expiration of the state health plan as 40 provided under RCW 70.38.919, the decision of the department on a

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- certificate of need application shall be consistent with the state health plan in effect, except in emergency circumstances which pose a threat to the public health. The department in making its final decision may issue a conditional certificate of need if it finds that the project is justified only under specific circumstances. conditions shall directly relate to the project being reviewed. The conditions may be released if it can be substantiated that the conditions are no longer valid and the release of such conditions would be consistent with the purposes of this chapter.
 - (5) Criteria adopted for review in accordance with subsection (2) of this section may vary according to the purpose for which the particular review is being conducted or the type of health service reviewed.

- (6) The department shall specify information to be required for certificate of need applications. Within fifteen days of receipt of the application, the department shall request additional information considered necessary to the application or start the review process. Applicants may decline to submit requested information through written notice to the department, in which case review starts on the date of receipt of the notice. Applications may be denied or limited because of failure to submit required and necessary information.
- (7) Concurrent review is for the purpose of comparative analysis and evaluation of competing or similar projects in order to determine which of the projects may best meet identified needs. Categories of projects subject to concurrent review include at least new health care facilities, new services, and expansion of existing health care facilities. The department shall specify time periods for the submission of applications for certificates of need subject to concurrent review, which shall not exceed ninety days. Review of concurrent applications shall start fifteen days after the conclusion of the time period for submission of applications subject to concurrent review. Concurrent review periods shall be limited to one hundred fifty days, except as provided for in rules adopted by the department authorizing and limiting amendment during the course of the review, or for an unresolved pivotal issue declared by the department.
- (8) Review periods for certificate of need applications other than those subject to concurrent review shall be limited to ninety days. Review periods may be extended up to thirty days if needed by a review agency, and for unresolved pivotal issues the department may

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extend up to an additional thirty days. A review may be extended in any case if the applicant agrees to the extension.

- (9) The department or its designee, shall conduct a public hearing on a certificate of need application if requested unless the review is expedited or subject to emergency review. The department by rule shall specify the period of time within which a public hearing must be requested and requirements related to public notice of the hearing, procedures, recordkeeping and related matters.
- 9 (10)(a) Any applicant denied a certificate of need or whose 10 certificate of need has been suspended or revoked has the right to an 11 adjudicative proceeding. The proceeding is governed by chapter 34.05 12 RCW, the Administrative Procedure Act.
 - (b) Any health care facility or health maintenance organization that: (i) Provides services similar to the services provided by the applicant and under review pursuant to this subsection; (ii) is located within the applicant's health service area; and (iii) testified or submitted evidence at a public hearing held pursuant to subsection (9) of this section, shall be provided an opportunity to present oral or written testimony and argument in a proceeding under this subsection: PROVIDED, That the health care facility or health maintenance organization had, in writing, requested to be informed of the department's decisions.
 - (c) If the department desires to settle with the applicant prior to the conclusion of the adjudicative proceeding, the department shall so inform the health care facility or health maintenance organization and afford them an opportunity to comment, in advance, on the proposed settlement.
 - (11) An amended certificate of need shall be required for the following modifications of an approved project:
 - (a) A new service requiring review under this chapter;
- 31 (b) An expansion of a service subject to review beyond that 32 originally approved;
 - (c) An increase in bed capacity;
 - (d) A significant reduction in the scope of a nursing home project without a commensurate reduction in the cost of the nursing home project, or a cost increase (as represented in bids on a nursing home construction project or final cost estimates acceptable to the person to whom the certificate of need was issued) if the total of such increases exceeds twelve percent or fifty thousand dollars, whichever is greater, over the maximum capital expenditure approved.

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The review of reductions or cost increases shall be restricted to the continued conformance of the nursing home project with the review criteria pertaining to financial feasibility and cost containment.

- (12) An application for a certificate of need for a nursing home capital expenditure which is determined by the department to be required to eliminate or prevent imminent safety hazards or correct violations of applicable licensure and accreditation standards shall be approved.
- (13)(a) Replacement of existing nursing home beds in the same planning area by an existing licensee who has operated the beds for at least one year shall not require a certificate of need under this chapter. The licensee shall give written notice of its intent to replace the existing nursing home beds to the department and shall provide the department with information as may be required pursuant to rule. Replacement of the beds by a party other than the licensee is subject to certificate of need review under this chapter, except as otherwise permitted by subsection (14) of this section.
- (b) When an entire nursing home ceases operation, the licensee or any other party who has secured an interest in the beds may reserve his or her interest in the beds for eight years or until a certificate of need to replace them is issued, whichever occurs first. However, the nursing home, licensee, or any other party who has secured an interest in the beds must give notice of its intent to retain the beds to the department of health no later than thirty days after the effective date of the facility's closure. Certificate of need review shall be required for any party who has reserved the nursing home beds except that the need criteria shall be deemed met when the applicant is the licensee who had operated the beds for at least one year immediately preceding the reservation of the beds, and who is replacing the beds in the same planning area.
- (14) In the event that a licensee, who has provided the department with notice of his or her intent to replace nursing home beds under subsection (13)(a) of this section, engages in unprofessional conduct or becomes unable to practice with reasonable skill and safety by reason of mental or physical condition, pursuant to chapter 18.130 RCW, or dies, the building owner shall be permitted to complete the nursing home bed replacement project, provided the building owner has secured an interest in the beds.

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Sec. 3. RCW 70.38.125 and 1989 1st ex.s. c 9 s 606 are each 2 amended to read as follows:

- (1) A certificate of need shall be valid for two years. One sixmonth extension may be made if it can be substantiated that substantial and continuing progress toward commencement of the project has been made as defined by regulations to be adopted pursuant to this chapter.
- (a) Upon completion of the construction of the project, if the number of beds is less than the number allowed by the certificate of need, the remaining beds are forfeited and the bed capacity meeting the licensing requirements at the time shall be the facility's final certificate of need authorized bed count.
- 13 (b) If the project is approved in phases by the department, the
 14 department may require all phases to be commenced or completed within
 15 a specified time period.
 - (2) A project for which a certificate of need has been issued shall be commenced during the validity period for the certificate of need.
 - (3) The department shall monitor the approved projects to assure conformance with certificates of need that have been issued. Rules and regulations adopted shall specify when changes in the project require reevaluation of the project. The department may require applicants to submit periodic progress reports on approved projects or other information as may be necessary to effectuate its monitoring responsibilities.
 - (4) The secretary, in the case of a new health facility, shall not issue any license unless and until a prior certificate of need shall have been issued by the department for the offering or development of such new health facility.
 - (5) Any person who engages in any undertaking which requires certificate of need review without first having received from the department either a certificate of need or an exception granted in accordance with this chapter shall be liable to the state in an amount not to exceed one hundred dollars a day for each day of such unauthorized offering or development. Such amounts of money shall be recoverable in an action brought by the attorney general on behalf of the state in the superior court of any county in which the unauthorized undertaking occurred. Any amounts of money so recovered by the attorney general shall be deposited in the state general fund.

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(6) The department may bring any action to enjoin a violation or the threatened violation of the provisions of this chapter or any rules and regulations adopted pursuant to this chapter, or may bring any legal proceeding authorized by law, including but not limited to the special proceedings authorized in Title 7 RCW, in the superior court in the county in which such violation occurs or is about to occur, or in the superior court of Thurston county.

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